## Assignment – 25

1. Define a class Complex to represent a complex number. Declare instance member variables to store real and imaginary part of a complex number, also define instance member functions to set values of complex number and print values of complex number.

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class Complex
    private:
        int real;
        int img;
    public:
        void set(int r,int i)
            real = r;
            img = i;
        void print()
            cout<<real<<" + "<<img<<"i"<<endl;</pre>
int main()
    Complex a,b;
    a.set(2,3);
    b.set(4,5);
    a.print();
    b.print();
    return 0;
```

2. Define a class Time to represent Time (like 3 hr 45 min 20 sec). Declare appropriate number of instance member variables and also define instance member functions to set values for time and display values of time.

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class Time
{
    private:
        int hr;
        int min;
        int sec;
public:
        void set(int a,int b,int c)
        {
            hr = a;
            min = b;
            sec = c;
      }
      void print()
      {
            cout<<hr<<" hr "<<min<</pre>
"int "<<sec<<" sec"<<endl;
```

```
}
};
int main()
{
    Time t1,t2;
    t1.set(2,45,23);
    t2.set(9,25,35);
    t1.print();
    t2.print();
    return 0;
}
```

3. Define a class Factorial and define an instance member function to find the Factorial of a number using class.

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class Factorial
    public:
        int fact(int n)
             if(n<=0)
                 return 1;
             else
                 return n*fact(n-1);
        }
int main()
    Factorial a;
    int n;
    cout<<"Enter Number : ";</pre>
    cout<<"Factoial of "<<n<<" is : "<<a.fact(n);;</pre>
    return 0;
```

4. Define a class LargestNumber and define an instance member function to find the Largest of three Numbers using the class.

```
else
             {
                 if(b>c)
                      max = b;
                 else
                     max = c;
             }
        void print()
             cout<<"Largest Number is : "<<max<<endl;</pre>
};
int main()
    LargeNumber n;
    int a,b,c;
    cout<<"Enter three Numbers : ";</pre>
    cin>>a>>b>>c;
    n.large(a,b,c);
    n.print();
    return 0;
```

5. Define a class ReverseNumber and define an instance member function to find Reverse of a Number using class.

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class Reverse
    private:
        int rem;
        int r=0;
    public:
        void reverse(int n)
             while(n!=0)
             rem = n%10;
             r = r*10 + rem;
             n = n/10;
         }
        void print()
             cout<<"Reverse of Number is : "<<r<<endl;</pre>
};
int main()
    Reverse n;
    int a;
    cout<<"Enter Numbers : ";</pre>
    cin>>a;
    n.reverse(a);
    n.print();
```

```
return 0;
}
```

6. Define a class Square to find the square of a number and write a C++ program to Count number of times a function is called.

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class Square
    private:
        int count = 0;
        int sqr;
    public:
        void power(int n)
             count++;
             sqr = n*n;
         }
        void print()
             cout<<"Square is : "<<sqr;</pre>
int main()
    Square n;
    int a;
    cout<<"Enter Number : ";</pre>
    cin>>a;
    n.power(a);
    n.print();
    return 0;
```

7. Define a class Greatest and define instance member function to find Largest among 3 numbers using classes.

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class Greatest
    private:
        int max;
    public:
        void large(int a,int b,int c)
             if(a>b)
             {
                 if(a>c)
                     max = a;
                 else
                     max = c;
             }
             else
             {
                 if(b>c)
```

8. Define a class Rectangle and define an instance member function to find the area of the rectangle.

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class Rectangle
    private:
        float ar;
    public:
        void area(float 1,float w)
             ar = 1*w;
        void print()
             cout<<"Area is : "<<ar<<endl;</pre>
int main()
    Rectangle n;
    float 1,w;
    cout<<"Enter Length and Width : ";</pre>
    cin>>l>>w;
    n.area(1,w);
    n.print();
    return 0;
```

9. Define a class Circle and define an instance member function to find the area of the circle.

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class Circle
{
    private:
```

```
float ar;
public:
    void area(float r)
    {
        ar = 3.14*r*r;
    }
    void print()
    {
        cout<<"Area is : "<<ar<<endl;
    }
};
int main()
{
    Circle n;
    float r;
    cout<<"Enter Radius : ";
    cin>>r;
    n.area(r);
    n.print();
    return 0;
}
```

10. Define a class Area and define instance member functions to find the area of the different shapes like square, rectangle, circle etc.

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class Area
    private:
        float ar;
    public:
        void carea(float r)
            ar = 3.14*r*r;
        void rarea(float 1,float w)
            ar = 1*w;
        void sarea(int a)
            ar = a*a;
        }
        void print()
             cout<<"Area is : "<<ar<<endl;</pre>
};
int main()
    Area s,r,c;
    float ra,1,w;
    int a;
    cout<<"Enter Radius of Circle : ";</pre>
    cin>>ra;
    c.carea(ra);
```

```
c.print();
cout<<"Enter Length and Width of Rectangle : ";
cin>>l>>w;
r.rarea(l,w);
r.print();
cout<<"Enter Side of Square : ";
cin>>a;
s.sarea(a);
s.print();
return 0;
}
```