

# Lesson 6

## Defining the PO/PM Roles and Responsibilities

1. Applying SAFe in the Lean Enterprise
2. Relating a Lean-Agile Mindset to the PO/PM Roles
3. Collaborating with Lean Portfolio Management
4. Continuously Explore Customer Needs
5. Executing the Program Increment
- 6. Defining the PO/PM Roles and Responsibilities**
7. Creating your PO/PM Action Plan

**SAFe® Course:** Attending this course gives learners access to the SAFe Product Owner/Product Manager exam and related preparation materials.

## Learning objectives

- 6.1 Characterize the roles of the Product Owner and Product Manager
- 6.2 Examine other key program collaboration roles

## 6.1 Characterize the roles of the Product Owner and Product Manager

### Product Owner responsibilities

- ▶ Ensures Stories and Enablers meet the acceptance criteria
  - Stories are aligned to Vision, Features, and PI Objectives
  - Has content authority for the Team Backlog
- ▶ Represents customers and stakeholders
- ▶ Participates in Iteration ceremonies as a team member
- ▶ Helps decompose Features into Stories and prioritizes the Team Backlog
  - Works with the System Architect and the Team to understand and prioritize Enablers
- ▶ Is open to negotiations that will occur
- ▶ Accepts the Stories as done



## Candidates for the Product Owner role

- ▶ Business Analysts (BAs)
- ▶ Subject Matter Experts (SMEs)
- ▶ Project Managers
- ▶ Domain Experts
- ▶ Architects



## Product Owner attributes

Focused on delivering stories and enablers to the train, tasked with helping the team *build the right things at the right time*.

- |                          |                     |
|--------------------------|---------------------|
| ▶ Ability to communicate | ▶ Trust             |
| ▶ Good business sense    | ▶ Courage           |
| ▶ Technical foundation   | ▶ Content authority |



## The Product Owner in the Enterprise

- ▶ Establishes the sequence of backlog items based on program priorities, events, and dependencies with other teams
- ▶ Operates as part of an extended Product Management Team
- ▶ Understands how to operate with Epics, Capabilities, Features, and Stories
- ▶ Uses PI Objectives and Iteration Goals to communicate with management
- ▶ Coordinates with other Product Owners, the System Team, and shared resources in the ART PI Planning meetings
- ▶ Works with other Product Owners and Product Management throughout each Iteration and PI



## Product Manager responsibilities

- ▶ Collaborates and sets expectations with Product Owners, stakeholders, customers, architects
- ▶ Can say 'no' in multiple directions: Stakeholders, Managers, LPM, and Product Owners
- ▶ Prioritizes Features and negotiates Enablers in the Program Backlog using WSJF
- ▶ Sets the Vision and Roadmap for the train
- ▶ Has significant people skills and the innate ability to navigate the political landscape
- ▶ Collaborates with the train to set scope
- ▶ Accepts the Features as done



## Product Manager attributes

Focused on the business aspects and the market at large, tasked with *building the right Features at the right time*.

- ▶ Sense of balance
- ▶ Forward thinking
- ▶ Continuous exploration and understanding the customer's needs
- ▶ Solid understanding of current Solution
- ▶ Trust



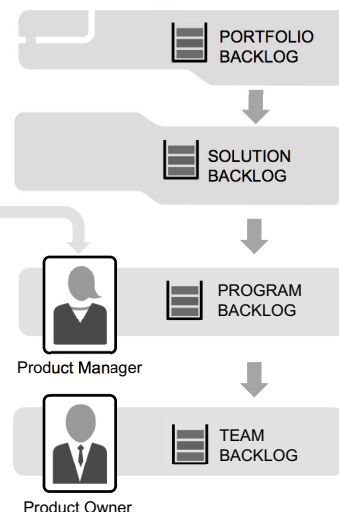
## PO and PM governance: Content authority

### Product Manager – Program Backlog

- ▶ Has Product Backlog content authority. Works with the System Architect and Team to prioritize Enablers.
- ▶ Has content authority for Vision and Roadmap
- ▶ Helps drive PI Objectives
- ▶ Establishes Features and acceptance criteria

### Product Owner – Team Backlog

- ▶ Has Team Backlog content authority. Works with the System Architect to prioritize Enablers.
- ▶ Drives Iteration Goals and content via prioritized Stories
- ▶ Establishes Story acceptance criteria
- ▶ Has authority for accepting Stories and Team increments
- ▶ Helps drive PI Objectives at the Team Level



## Exercise: A day in the life of the PO and PM



- ▶ Half the room will take the role of the PO, then the other half will take the role of the PM
- ▶ In your teams, use your flip chart to brainstorm the typical activities a PM or PO would be involved in. List a minimum of 10 things a PM or PO should do on a daily (or near-daily) basis.
- ▶ Add a time estimate to each item
- ▶ What conclusion can you make about the PM and PO roles?

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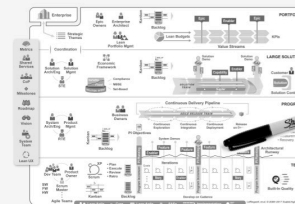
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## Exercise: PO/PM content authority impact



- ▶ Use the Framework image on page 184 in your workbook to draw connections from the Product Owner and Product Manager to other framework elements, based on:
  - Content authority and impact on the enterprise
  - Collaboration
  - Problem-solving
  - Inputs/Outputs
  - Other ideas you have
- ▶ List the impacts and the challenges you may have in performing the content authority aspect of your role
- ▶ Be ready to present



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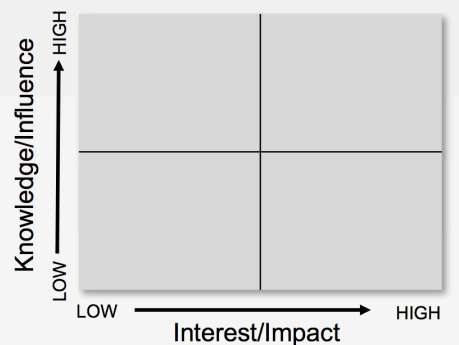
## 6.2 Examine other key program collaboration roles

### Exercise: Who are the stakeholders in your environment?



Using the roles in your workbook, and the roles in your enterprise, create a potential collaboration model for your role in the enterprise.

- ▶ As a table, review the SAFe roles on the top of the workbook page
- ▶ Identify the potential stakeholders for collaboration in your workbook
- ▶ Using the SAFe roles, and current roles within your enterprise, place the role in the appropriate section of the matrix



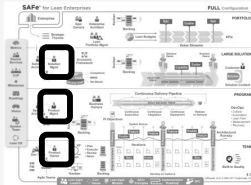
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## Lesson summary

In this lesson, you:

- ▶ Compared and contrasted the commonalities and differences between the Product Owner and Product Manager roles
- ▶ Defined the Product Owner and Product Manager roles



*Suggested Scaled Agile Framework reading:  
“Product Owner” and the “Product and Solution Management”  
articles*

## Exercise: This lesson's key learnings



Summarize key learnings and insights from this lesson in your workbook.

