

# Hunting for Windows “Features” and How to use Them

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Adversary Simulation, IBM X-Force Red

# Once Upon A Time

“I expected you to use a 0day to bypass our EDR product” -Client





A photograph of a man and a woman lying in bed, facing each other but looking away with suspicious or thoughtful expressions. The woman is on the left, propped up on her elbow, looking towards the man. The man is on the right, also propped up, looking away from her. They are both wearing casual clothing. The bed has white pillows and a white blanket.

I bet he's  
thinking of other women

How would I find and  
use a 0day on an adversarial  
simulation engagement?

**WHAT IF WE COULD  
USE A WINDOWS "FEATURE"**



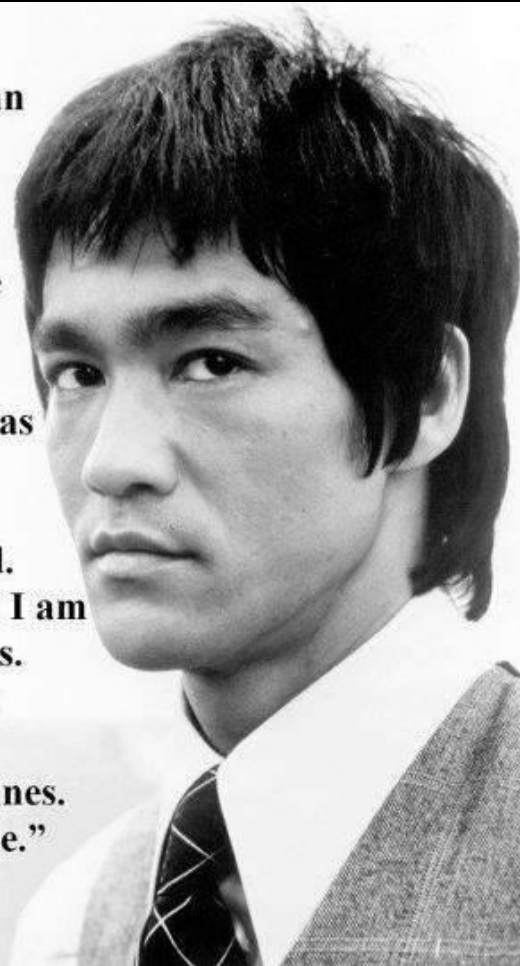


# Who Am I?



**“I am learning to understand rather than  
immediately judge or to be judged.  
I cannot blindly follow the crowd  
and accept their approach.  
I will not allow myself to indulge in the  
usual manipulating  
game of role creation.  
Fortunately for me, my self-knowledge has  
transcended that and I have come to  
understand that life is best  
to be lived and not to be conceptualized.  
I am happy because I am growing daily and I am  
honestly not knowing where the limit lies.  
To be certain, every day there can be a  
revelation or a new discovery.  
I treasure the memory of the past misfortunes.  
It has added more to my bank of fortitude.”**

***Bruce Lee***



# Red Team Love



# LOLBAS

☆ Star 3,361

## Living Off The Land Binaries and Scripts (and also Libraries)



More info on the project? Click logo

Want to contribute? Go here for instructions:

<https://github.com/LOLBAS-Project/LOLBAS/blob/master/CONTRIBUTING.md>

Criteria for a binary before it can be considered a LOLBin/Lib/Script is documented here:

<https://github.com/LOLBAS-Project/LOLBAS#criteria>

If you are looking for UNIX binaries you should visit <https://gtfobins.github.io/>

# Windows Feature Hunter (WFH)

Windows Feature Hunter (WFH) is a proof of concept python script that uses [Frida](#), a dynamic instrumentation toolkit, to assist in potentially identifying common “vulnerabilities” or “features” within Windows executables. WFH currently has the capability to automatically identify potential Dynamic Linked Library (DLL) sideloading and Component Object Model (COM) hijacking opportunities at scale.

DLL sideloading utilizes the Windows side-by-side (WinSXS) assembly to load a malicious DLL from the side-by-side (SXS) listing. COM hijacking allows an adversary to insert malicious code that can be executed in place of legitimate software through hijacking the COM references and relationships. WFH will print the potential vulnerabilities and write a CSV file containing the potential vulnerabilities in the target Windows executables.

## Install

```
pip install -r requirements.txt
```

# Professional Experience

**DISCOVER<sup>®</sup>**





Trustwave®  
SpiderLabs®



*Schnucks*<sup>®</sup>

# MANDIANT



# Windows “Features”

# MITRE T1574.002: DLL Sideloading

*Adversaries may execute their own malicious payloads by side-loading DLLs. Similar to DLL Search Order Hijacking, side-loading involves hijacking which DLL a program loads. But rather than just planting the DLL within the search order of a program then waiting for the victim application to be invoked, adversaries may directly side-load their payloads by planting then invoking a legitimate application that executes their payload(s).*

Reference: <https://attack.mitre.org/techniques/T1574/002/>



# Microsoft: DLL Sideloads

Microsoft also wrote a blog post where they define what is considered a vulnerability, saying that CWD scenarios would be addressed with a security fix, while PATH directory scenarios would not, “since there can’t be a non-admin directory in the PATH, [it] can’t be exploited.”

Reference: <https://msrc-blog.microsoft.com/2018/04/04/triaging-a-dll-planting-vulnerability/>

# Microsoft: DLL Search Order

For example, suppose an application is designed to load a DLL from the user's current directory and fail gracefully if the DLL is not found. The application calls [LoadLibrary](#) with just the name of the DLL, which causes the system to search for the DLL. Assuming safe DLL search mode is enabled and the application is not using an alternate search order, the system searches directories in the following order:

1. The directory from which the application loaded.
2. The system directory.
3. The 16-bit system directory.
4. The Windows directory.
5. The current directory.
6. The directories that are listed in the PATH environment variable.

Reference: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/win32/dlls/dynamic-link-library-security>

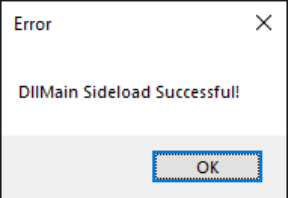
# MITRE T1574.002: DLL Sideloading

```
Developer@COMMANDO C: > WWHF
> g++ -shared -o msftedit.dll .\DllMainSideload.c
Developer@COMMANDO C: > WWHF
> dir

Directory: C:\WWHF

Mode                LastWriteTime         Length Name
----                -
-a-----          5/2/2022   8:23 AM             914 C DllMainSideload.c
-a-----          5/2/2022   8:23 AM          48868 ■ msftedit.dll
-a-----          4/7/2021  12:48 PM        988160 □ mspaint.exe

Developer@COMMANDO C: > WWHF
> .\mspaint.exe
Developer@COMMANDO C: > WWHF
>
```



# Developer Usage



# Manual DLL Sideloading Identification





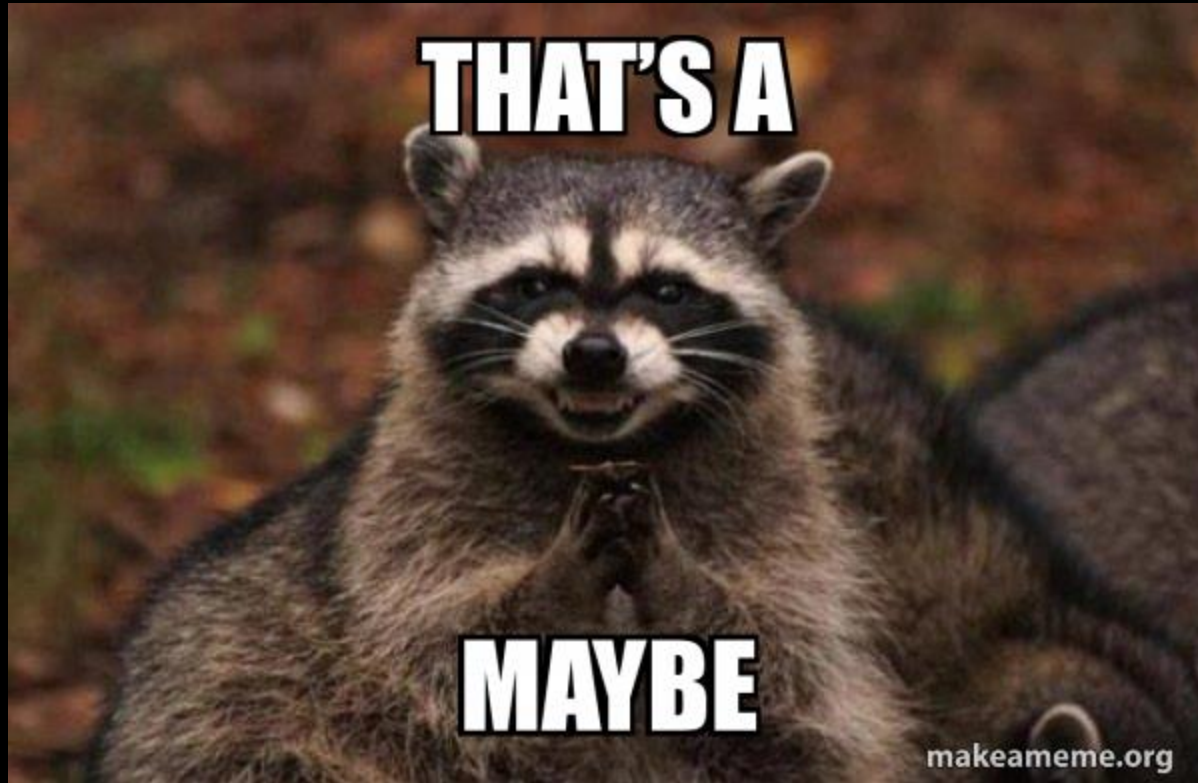
# Automated DLL Sideloading Identification



# Detecting DLL Sideloading



# Finding DLL Sideloading Live



# Real World Example





# Questions?



**Twitter:** @ConsciousHacker



**Discord:** @Lopi#2914

# References

<https://github.com/xforcered/WFH>

<https://github.com/XForceIR/SideLoadHunter/tree/main/PS-SideLoadHunter>

[Hunting for Windows “Features” with Frida: DLL Sideload](#)

[Hunting for Evidence of DLL Side-Loading With PowerShell and Sysmon](#)

