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• RxJava 是什么

- RxJava 是什么
- RxJava 的优势

- RxJava 是什么
- RxJava 的优势
- API 介绍

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- RxJava 是什么
- RxJava 的优势
- API 介绍
- 适用场景

- RxJava 是什么: 异步
- RxJava 的优势
- API 介绍
- 适用场景

• RxJava 是什么: 异步

• RxJava 的优势: 简洁

• API 介绍

• 适用场景





• 概念: 扩展的观察者模式

• 基本实现

• 线程控制: Schedulers

• 变换



- 概念: 扩展的观察者模式
- 基本实现
- 线程控制: Schedulers
- 変換



### **胚念**: 扩展的观察者模式

• 观察者模式



#### 概念:扩展的观察者模式

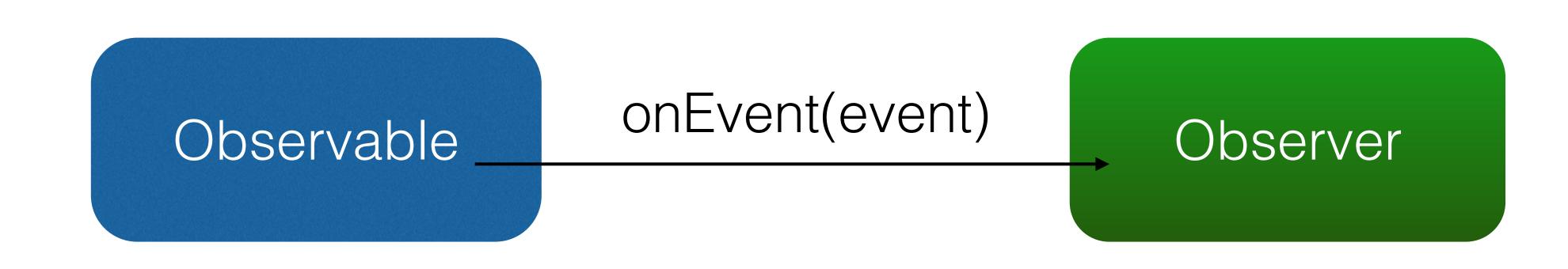
• 观察者模式





### 概念:扩展的观察者模式

• 观察者模式





## 概念:扩展的观察者模式

• 观察者模式

• RxJava 的观察者模式

onNext(event) /
onCompleted() /
onError(error)

Observer

Observable



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- 创建 Observer
- 创建 Observable



- 创建 Observer
- 创建 Observable
- subscribe (订阅)



- 创建 Observer
- 创建 Observable
- subscribe (订阅)





```
Observer<String> observer = new Observer<String>() {
    @Override
   public void onNext(String s) {
        Log.d(TAG, "Item: " + s);
    @Override
    public void onCompleted() {
        Log.d(TAG, "Completed!");
    @Override
    public void onError(Throwable e) {
        Log.d(TAG, "Error!");
```



```
Observer<String> observer = new Observer<String>() {
    @Override
    public void onNext(String s) {
        Log.d(TAG, "Item: " + s);
    @Override
    public void onCompleted() {
        Log.d(TAG, "Completed!");
    @Override
    public void onError(Throwable e) {
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    @Override
    public void onError(Throwable e) {
        Log.d(TAG, "Error!");
```



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Observer<String> observer = new Observer<String>() {
    @Override
   public void onNext(String s) {
        Log.d(TAG, "Item: " + s);
    @Override
    public void onCompleted() {
        Log.d(TAG, "Completed!");
    @Override
    public void onError(Throwable e) {
        Log.d(TAG, "Error!");
```



```
Subscriber<String> observer = new Subscriber<String>() {
    @Override
   public void onNext(String s) {
        Log.d(TAG, "Item: " + s);
    @Override
    public void onCompleted() {
        Log.d(TAG, "Completed!");
    @Override
    public void onError(Throwable e) {
        Log.d(TAG, "Error!");
```



```
Subscriber<String> observer = new Subscriber<String>() {
    @Override
    public void onNext(String s) {
        Log.d(TAG, "Item: " + s);
                                                    onStart()
    @Override
    public void onCompleted() {
        Log.d(TAG, "Completed!");
    @Override
    public void onError(Throwable e) {
        Log.d(TAG, "Error!");
```



```
Subscriber<String> observer = new Subscriber<String>() {
    @Override
    public void onNext(String s) {
        Log.d(TAG, "Item: " + s);
                                                    onStart()
    @Override
    public void onCompleted() {
                                                    unsubscribe()
        Log.d(TAG, "Completed!");
    @Override
    public void onError(Throwable e) {
        Log.d(TAG, "Error!");
```



```
Subscriber<String> observer = new Subscriber<String>() {
    @Override
    public void onNext(String s) {
        Log.d(TAG, "Item: " + s);
                                                    onStart()
    @Override
    public void onCompleted() {
                                                    unsubscribe()
        Log.d(TAG, "Completed!");
                                                    isUnsubscribed()
    @Override
    public void onError(Throwable e) {
        Log.d(TAG, "Error!");
```



- 创建 Observer
- 创建 Observable
- subscribe (订阅)



- 创建 Observer
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- subscribe (订阅)



#### 创建 Observable



```
Observable observable = Observable.create(new OnSubscribe<String>()
{
    @Override
    public void call(Subscriber<? super String> subscriber) {
        subscriber.onNext("Hello");
        subscriber.onNext("Hi");
        subscriber.onNext("Aloha");
        subscriber.onCompleted();
    }
});
```



```
Observable = Observable.create(new OnSubscribe<String>()
{
    @Override
    public void call(Subscriber<? super String> subscriber) {
        subscriber.onNext("Hello");
        subscriber.onNext("Hi");
        subscriber.onNext("Aloha");
        subscriber.onCompleted();
    }
});
```



```
Observable observable = Observable.create(new OnSubscribe<String>()

@Override
   public void call(Subscriber<? super String> subscriber) {
        subscriber.onNext("Hello");
        subscriber.onNext("Hi");
        subscriber.onNext("Aloha");
        subscriber.onCompleted();
   }
});
```



```
Observable observable = Observable.create(new OnSubscribe<String>()
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    @Override
    public void call(Subscriber<? super String> subscriber) {
        subscriber.onNext("Hello");
        subscriber.onNext("Hi");
        subscriber.onNext("Aloha");
        subscriber.onCompleted();
    }
});
```



```
Observable observable = Observable.create(new OnSubscribe<String>()
    @Override
    public void call(Subscriber<? super String> subscriber) {
        subscriber.onNext("Hello");
        subscriber.onNext("Hi");
        subscriber.onNext("Aloha");
        subscriber.onCompleted();
});
Observable observable = Observable just ("Hello", "Hi", "Aloha");
```



```
Observable observable = Observable.create(new OnSubscribe<String>()
    @Override
    public void call(Subscriber<? super String> subscriber) {
        subscriber.onNext("Hello");
        subscriber.onNext("Hi");
        subscriber.onNext("Aloha");
        subscriber.onCompleted();
});
Observable observable = Observable.just("Hello", "Hi", "Aloha");
String[] words = {"Hello", "Hi", "Aloha"};
Observable observable = Observable.from(words);
```



### 基本实现

- 创建 Observer
- 创建 Observable
- subscribe (订阅)



### 基本实现

- 创建 Observer
- 创建 Observable
- subscribe (订阅)





observable.subscribe(observer);

#### F

```
observable.subscribe(observer);
observable.subscribe(subscriber);
```



```
public Subscription subscribe(Subscriber subscriber) {
    subscriber.onStart();
    onSubscribe.call(subscriber);
    return subscriber;
}
```



```
public Subscription subscribe(Subscriber subscriber) {
    subscriber.onStart();
    onSubscribe.call(subscriber);
    return subscriber;
}
```



```
public Subscription subscribe(Subscriber subscriber) {
    subscriber.onStart();
    onSubscribe.call(subscriber);
    return subscriber;
}
```



```
public Subscription subscribe(Subscriber subscriber) {
    subscriber.onStart();
    onSubscribe.call(subscriber);
    return subscriber;
}
```



```
public Subscription subscribe(Subscriber subscriber) {
    subscriber.onStart();
    onSubscribe.call(subscriber);
    return subscriber;
}
```



```
public Subscription subscribe(Subscriber subscriber) {
    subscriber.onStart();
    onSubscribe.call(subscriber);
    return subscriber;
}
```



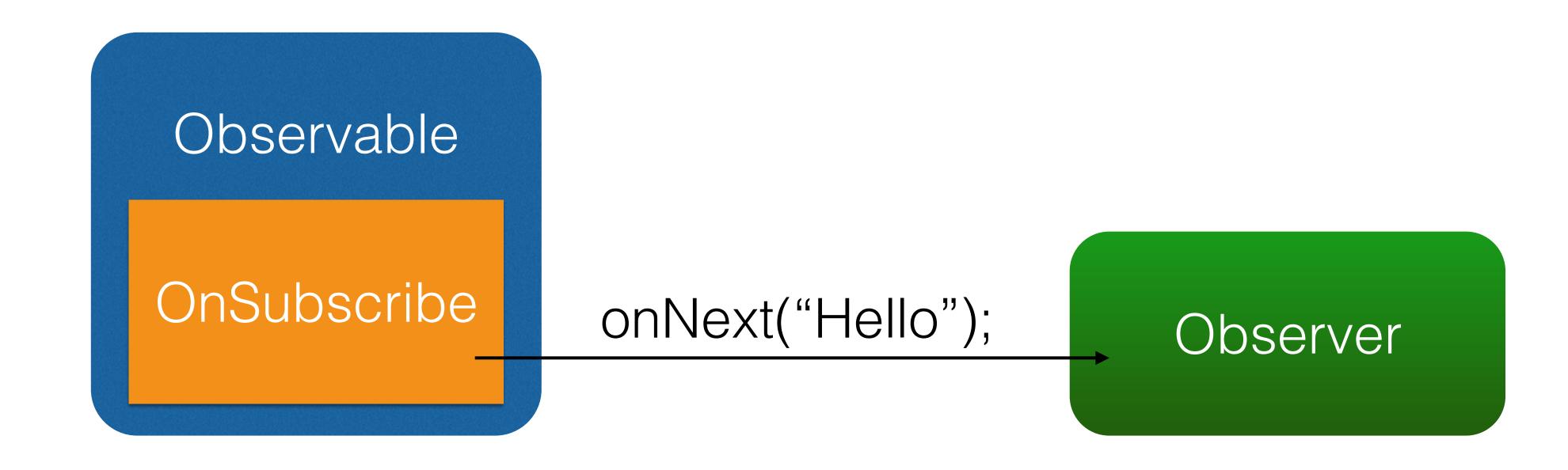
Observable

OnSubscribe











Observable

OnSubscribe

onNext("Hello"); onNext("Hi");



Observable

OnSubscribe

onNext("Hello");
onNext("Hi");
onNext("Aloha");



Observable

OnSubscribe

onNext("Hello");
onNext("Hi");
onNext("Aloha");
onCompleted();



### 基本实现

- 创建 Observer
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#### API介绍

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```
Observable.just(1, 2, 3, 4)
    .subscribe(new Action1<Integer>() {
      @Override
      public void call(Integer number) {
           Log.d(tag, "number:" + number);
      }
    });
```

```
Observable.just(1, 2, 3, 4)
    .subscribe(new Action1<Integer>() {
      @Override
      public void call(Integer number) {
           Log.d(tag, "number:" + number);
      }
    });
```

```
Observable just(1, 2, 3, 4)
```

```
.subscribe(new Action1<Integer>() {
    @Override
    public void call(Integer number) {
        Log.d(tag, "number:" + number);
    }
});
```



```
Observable.just(1, 2, 3, 4)
    .subscribeOn(Schedulers.io())
    .observeOn(AndroidSchedulers.mainThread())
    .subscribe(new Action1<Integer>() {
        @Override
        public void call(Integer number) {
            Log.d(tag, "number:" + number);
        }
    });
```



- Schedulers.io()
- AndroidSchedulers.mainThread()
- Schedulers.newThread()
- Schedulers.calculation()



### API介绍

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```
Observable. just ("images/image1.png", "images.image2.png)
```

```
subscribe(new Action1<String>() {
    @Override
    public void call(String path) {
        Bitmap bitmap = getBitmapFromPath(filePath);
        addBitmapToView(bitmap);
    }
});
```



```
Observable. just ("images/image1.png", "images.image2.png)
    map(new Func1<String, Bitmap>() {
        @Override
        public Bitmap call(String path) {
    subscribe(new Action1<String>() {
        @Override
        public void call(String path) {
            Bitmap bitmap = getBitmapFromPath(filePath);
            addBitmapToView(bitmap);
```



```
Observable.just("images/image1.png", "images.image2.png)
.map(new Func1<String, Bitmap>() {
    @Override
    public Bitmap call(String path) {
        return getBitmapFromPath(filePath);
    }
    .subscribe(new Action1<Bitmap>() {
        @Override
        public void call(Bitmap path) {
            addBitmapToView(bitmap);
        }
    });
```



```
Observable. just ("images/image1.png", "images.image2.png)
    map(new Func1<String, Bitmap>() {
        @Override
        public Bitmap call(String path) {
            return getBitmapFromPath(filePath);
    subscribe(new Action1<Bitmap>() {
        @Override
        public void call(Bitmap path) {
            addBitmapToView(bitmap);
```



```
Observable. just ("images/image1.png", "images.image2.png)
    map(new Func1<String, Bitmap>() {
        @Override
        public Bitmap call(String path) {
            return getBitmapFromPath(filePath);
    subscribeOn(Schedulers.io())
    .observeOn(AndroidSchedulers.mainThread())
    subscribe(new Action1<Bitmap>() {
        @Override
        public void call(Bitmap path) {
            addBitmapToView(bitmap);
```



• map()



- map()
- flatMap()





twitterApi.getTweets(bearerToken, guestToken, country, callback)



twitterApi.getTweets(bearerToken, guestToken, country)



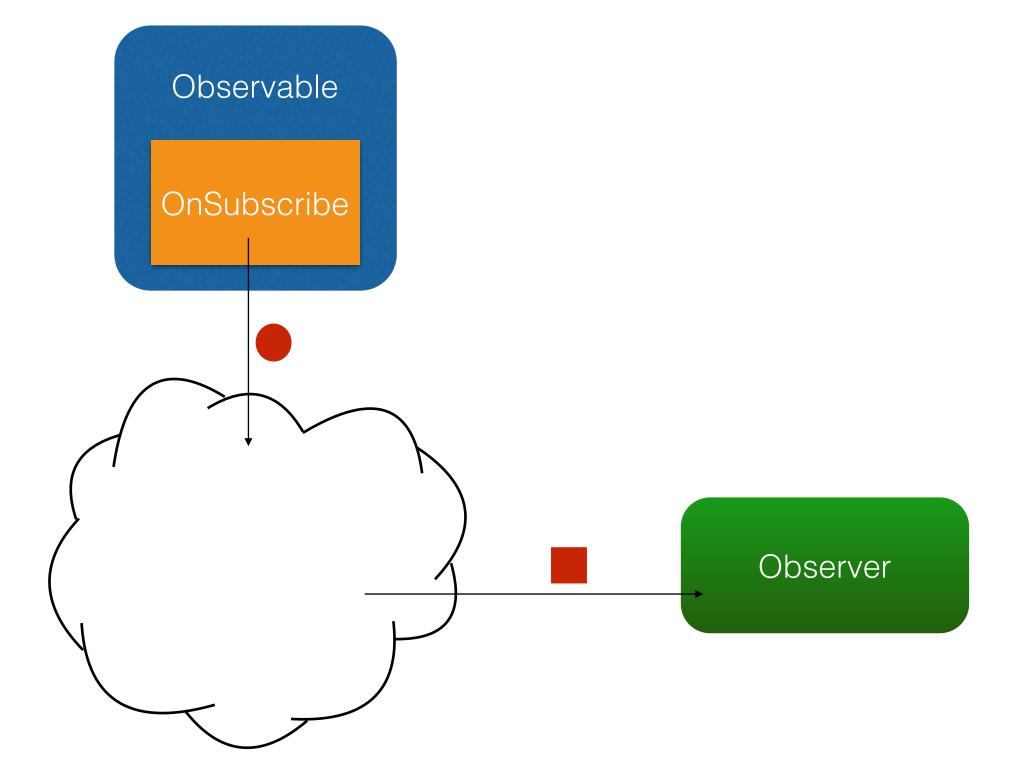


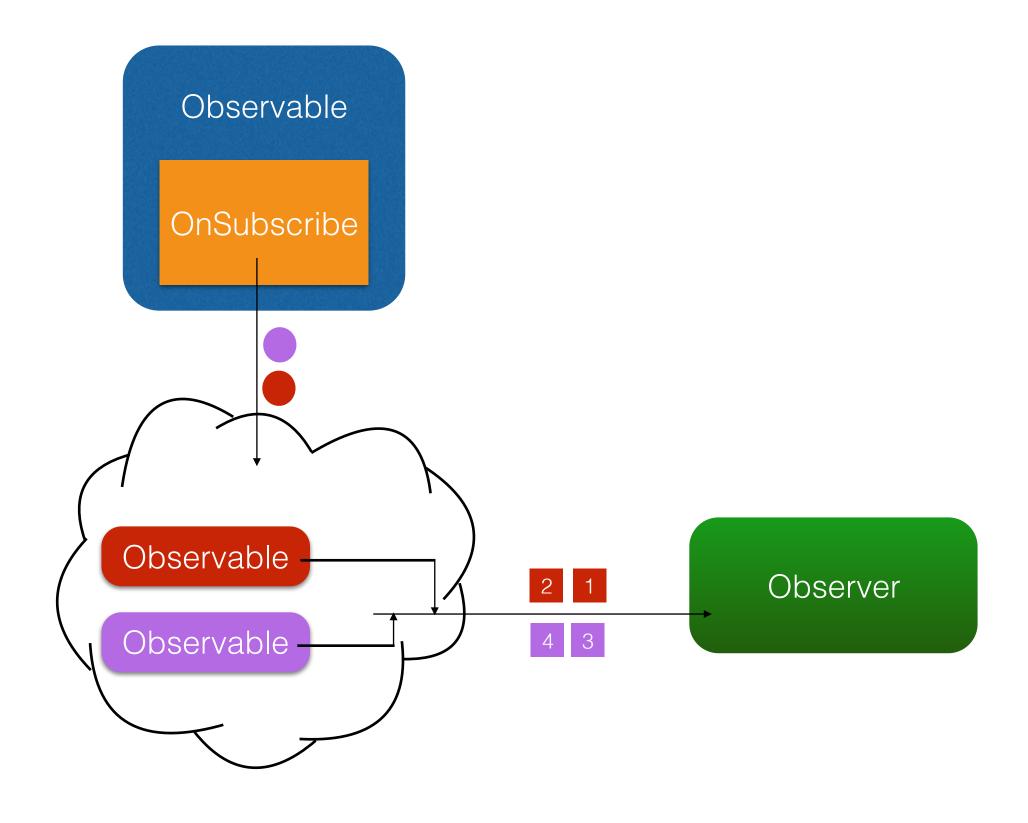


```
twitterApi.getGuestToken(bearerToken, body)
    .flatMap(new Func1<TwitterGuestToken, Observable<Tweets>>() {
        @Override
        public Observable<Tweets> call(GuestToken guestToken) {
            return twitterApi.getTweets(bearerToken, guestToken,
country);
        }
    })
    .observeOn(AndroidSchedulers.mainThread())
    .subscribe(observer);
```



map() flatMap()







- map()
- flatMap()



- map()
- flatMap()
- doOnNext()







twitterApi.getTweets(bearerToken, guestToken, country)

```
• observeOn(AndroidSchedulers * mainThread())
• subscribe(observer);
```



```
twitterApi.getTweets(bearerToken, guestToken, country)
   .doOnNext(new Action1<Tweets>() {
        @Override
        public void call(Tweets tweets) {
            saveTweetsToDb();
        }
    })
    .observeOn(AndroidSchedulers.mainThread())
    .subscribe(observer);
```



- map()
- flatMap()
- doOnNext()



## 变换

- map()
- flatMap()
- doOnNext()
- doOnSubscribe()









```
• observeOn(AndroidSchedulers * mainThread())
• subscribe(observer);
```















## 变换

- map()
- flatMap()
- doOnNext()
- doOnSubscribe()



## 变换

- map()
- flatMap()
- doOnNext()
- doOnSubscribe()
- •



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#### RxJava on Android

• RxJava 是什么: 异步

• RxJava 的优势: 简洁

• API 介绍

• 适用场景



- 与 Retrofit 的结合
- RxBinding
- 各种异步操作
- RxBus



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# 问题?