X-Mem 1.2.13

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Chapter 1

README

X-Mem: Extensible Memory Benchmarking Tool v1.2.13

The flexible open-source research tool for characterizing memory hierarchy throughput, latency, and power.

Originally authored by Mark Gottscho (Email: mgottscho@ucla.edu) as a Summer 2014 intern at Microsoft Research, Redmond, WA.

This project is under active development. Stay tuned for more updates.

PROJECT REVISION DATE: February 4, 2015.

LICENSE

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FEATURES

This tool is provided as open source with the hope of being useful to the broader research and development community. Here are some of X-Mem's features.

Flexibility: Easy reconfiguration for different combinations of tests

- · Working sets in increments of 4KB, allowing cache through main memory-level benchmarking
- NUMA support
- · Multi-threading for bandwidth saturation
- Regular access patterns: forward & reverse sequential as well as strides of 2, 4, 8, and 16 words

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- · Random access patterns
- · Read and write
- · 32, 64, 128, 256-bit width memory instructions

Extensibility: C++ object-oriented principles

- · Supports rapid addition of new benchmark kernel routines by others
- · Example: stream triad algorithm, impact of false sharing, etc. are possible with minor additions

Cross-platform: Currently implemented for Windows and GNU/Linux on x86-64 CPUs

· Designed to allow straightforward porting to other operating systems and ISAs

Memory throughput:

- · Accurate measurement of sustained memory throughput to all levels of cache
- Burst mode benchmark kernels possible (extensible!)

Memory latency:

- · Accurate measurement of round-trip unloaded memory latency to all levels of cache
- · Loaded latency measurements planned

Memory power:

- · Currently collecting DRAM power via custom driver exposed in Windows performance counter API
- Supports custom power instrumentation without much modification
- Thorough Documentation: extensive Doxygen source comments, HTML, PDF docs

For feature requests, please refer to the contact information at the end of this README.

RUNTIME PREREQUISITES

There are a few runtime prerequisites in order for the software to run correctly.

HARDWARE:

• Intel x86-64 CPU. RECOMMENDED: Recent CPU with SSE2 and AVX extended instruction sets for improved throughput benchmarking capabilities.

WINDOWS:

- · Microsoft Windows 64-bit, 8.0 or later, Server 2012 or later.
- · Microsoft Visual C++ 2013 Redistributables (64-bit)

GNU/LINUX:

- GNU utilities with support for C++11. Tested with gcc 4.8.2 on Ubuntu 14.04 LTS.
- (SUPPORT IS CURRENTLY SUSPENDED) If the binary is built with the option USE_LARGE_PAGES, you will need libhugetlbfs. You can obtain it at http://libhugetlbfs.sourceforge.net. On Ubuntu systems, you can install using "sudo apt-get install libhugetlbfs0". Note that you may need to manually ensure that large pages are available from the OS. This can be done by running "hugeadm --pool-list". It is recommended to set minimum pool to 1GB (in order to measure DRAM effectively). If needed, this can be done by running "hugeadm --pool-pages-min 2MB:512".

INSTALLATION

The only file that is needed to run on Windows is xmem-win.exe, and xmem-linux on GNU/Linux. It has no other dependencies aside from the system prerequisites listed above.

USAGE

NOTE: On Windows, make sure you run X-Mem with Administrator privileges. This is needed in order to:

- Allocate "large pages" for improved performance as well as query if USE_LARGE_PAGES compile-time
 option is set
- Read performance counter data from the OS for reporting power (when applicable)
- · Elevate thread priority and pin threads to CPUs for improved performance and benchmarking consistency

USAGE: xmem [options]

Options: -c, -chunk_size A chunk size to use for throughput benchmarks, specified in bits. Allowed values: 32, 64, 128, and 256. If no chunk sizes specified, use 64-bit chunks by default. NOTE: Some chunk sizes may not be supported on your hardware. -f, -output_file Output filename to use. If not specified, no output file generated. -h, -help Print usage and exit. -i, -base_test_index Numerical index of the first benchmark, for tracking unique test IDs. -j, -num_worker_threads Number of worker threads to use in benchmarks. -I, -latency Measure memory latency -n, -iterations Iterations per benchmark test -r, -random_access Use a random access pattern on throughput benchmarks. WARNING: not yet implemented, results are not correct. -s, -sequential_access Use a sequential access pattern on throughput benchmarks -t, -throughput Measure memory throughput -u, -force_uma Test only CPU/memory NUMA node 0 instead of all combinations. -v, -verbose Verbose mode, increase detail in X-Mem console reporting. -w, -working_set_size Working set size per thread in KB. This must be a multiple of 4KB. -R, -reads Use memory reads in throughput benchmarks. -W, -writes Use memory writes in throughput benchmarks.

If a given option is not specified, X-Mem defaults will be used where appropriate.

Examples: xmem -help xmem -h xmem -l -verbose -n5 -chunk_size=32 -s xmem -t -latency -w524288 -f results.-csv -c32 -c256 -i 101 -u -j2

BUILDING FROM SOURCE

Before building the source, enable and disable the relevant compile-time options in src/include/common.h, under the section "User-configurable compilation configuration". Please read the comments by each #define statement to understand the context of each option.

After you have set the desired compile-time options, build the source. On Windows, running build-win.bat should suffice. On GNU/Linux, run build-linux.sh.

If you customize your build, make sure you use the "Release" mode for your OS. Do not include debug capabilities as it can dramatically affect performance of the benchmarks, leading to pessimistic results.

BUILD PREREQUISITES

There are a few software build prerequisites, depending on your platform.

WINDOWS:

- Any version of Visual Studio 2013 64-bit (also known as version 12.0).
- Python 2.7. You can obtain it at http://www.python.org.
- SCons build system. You can obtain it at http://www.scons.org. Build tested with SCons 2.3.4.

GNU/LINUX:

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- gcc with support for the C++11 standard. Tested with gcc version 4.8.2 on Ubuntu 14.04 LTS for x86-64.
- Python 2.7. You can obtain it at http://www.python.org. On Ubuntu systems, you can install using "sudo apt-get install python2.7". You may need some other Python 2.7 packages as well.
- SCons build system. You can obtain it at http://www.scons.org. On Ubuntu systems, you can install using "sudo apt-get install scons". Build tested with SCons 2.3.4.
- (SUPPORT IS CURRENTLY SUSPENDED) If you want large page (huge page) support on GNU/Linux, you
 need kernel support. This can be verified on your installation by running "grep hugetlbfs /proc/filesystems".
 If you do not have huge page support in your kernel, you can build a kernel with the appropriate options
 switched on: "CONFIG HUGETLB PAGE" and "CONFIG HUGETLBFS".
- (SUPPORT IS CURRENTLY SUSPENDED) libhugetlbfs. This is used for allocating "huge pages". You can obtain it at http://libhugetlbfs.sourceforge.net. On Ubuntu systems, you can install using "sudo apt-get install libhugetlbfs-dev".

DOCUMENTATION BUILD PREREQUISITES

The following tools are only needed for automatically regenerating source code documentation with HTML and PDF. WINDOWS:

- doxygen tool. You can obtain it at http://www.stack.nl/~dimitri/doxygen.
- LaTeX distribution. You can get a Windows distribution at http://www.miktex.org.
- make for Windows. You can obtain it at http://gnuwin32.sourceforge.net/packages/make.-htm. You will have to manually add it to your Windows path.

GNU/LINUX:

- doxygen tool. You can obtain it at http://www.stack.nl/~dimitri/doxygen. On Ubuntu systems, you can install with "sudo apt-get install doxygen".
- LaTeX distribution. On Ubuntu systems, LaTeX distributed with doxygen should actually be sufficient. You can install with "sudo apt-get install doxygen-latex".
- make. This should be included on any GNU/Linux system.

SOURCE CODE DOCUMENTATION

The tool comes with built-in Doxygen comments in the source code, which can be used to generate both HTML and LaTeX —> PDF documentation. Documentation is maintained under the doc/ subdirectory. To build documentation after modifying the source, run build-docs-win.bat on Windows, or build-docs-linux.sh on GNU/Linux systems. Note that Doxygen and a LaTeX distribution must be installed on the system.

VERSION CONTROL

This project is under version control using git. Its master repository is hosted at https://github.com/-Microsoft/X-Mem.git. There is also another fork at https://github.com/nanocad-lab/X--Mem.git, which generally mirrors Microsoft's repository.

CONTACT, FEEDBACK, AND BUG REPORTS

For questions, comments, criticism, bug reports, and other feedback for this software, please contact Mark Gottscho via email at mgottscho@ucla.edu or via web at http://www.seas.ucla.edu/~gottscho.

For inquiries about this work while conducted at Microsoft, please contact Dr. Mohammed Shoaib at mohammed. – shoaib@microsoft.com or Dr. Sriram Govindan at srgovin@microsoft.com.

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Chapter 2

Hierarchical Index

2.1 Class Hierarchy

This inheritance list is sorted roughly, but not completely, alphabetically:

xmem::config::third_party::Parser::Action
xmem::config::third_party::Parser::StoreOptionAction
xmem::config::third_party::Stats::CountOptionsAction
xmem::config::third_party::Arg
xmem::config::third_party::ExampleArg
xmem::config::third_party::MyArg
xmem::benchmark::Benchmark
xmem::benchmark::LatencyBenchmark
xmem::benchmark::ThroughputBenchmark
xmem::benchmark::BenchmarkManager
xmem::config::Configurator
xmem::config::third_party::Descriptor
xmem::config::third_party::PrintUsageImplementation::IStringWriter
$xmem:: config:: third_party:: PrintUs ageImplementation:: FunctionWriter < Function > \dots \dots \dots 32000 + \dots $
xmem::config::third_party::PrintUsageImplementation::OStreamWriter< OStream >
xmem::config::third_party::PrintUsageImplementation::StreamWriter< Function, Stream >
xmem::config::third_party::PrintUsageImplementation::SyscallWriter< Syscall >
xmem::config::third_party::PrintUsageImplementation::TemporaryWriter< Temporary >
xmem::config::third_party::PrintUsageImplementation::LinePartIterator
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xmem::thread::Runnable
xmem::benchmark::ThroughputBenchmarkWorker
xmem::power::PowerReader
xmem::config::third party::Stats
xmem::thread::Thread
Amonatimora. Timor

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Class Index

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Flexible abstract class for any memory benchmark	. 15
xmem::benchmark::BenchmarkManager	
Manages running all benchmarks at a high level	. 23
xmem::config::Configurator	
Handles all user input interpretation and generates the necessary flags for running benchmark	
xmem::config::third_party::Stats::CountOptionsAction	. 29
xmem::config::third_party::Descriptor	
Describes an option, its help text (usage) and how it should be parsed	
xmem::config::third_party::ExampleArg	
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xmem::benchmark::LatencyBenchmark	_
A type of benchmark that measures memory latency via random pointer chasing. TODO: loade	
latency tests	
xmem::config::third_party::PrintUsageImplementation::LinePartIterator	
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xmem::config::third_party::Option	
A parsed option from the command line together with its argument if it has one	
xmem::config::third_party::PrintUsageImplementation::OStreamWriter< OStream >	. 43
xmem::config::third_party::Parser	
Checks argument vectors for validity and parses them into data structures that are easier to wor	
with	. 43
xmem::power::PowerReader	
An abstract base class for measuring power from an arbitrary source. This class is runnable	
using a worker thread	
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xmem::thread::Runnable	
A base class for any object that implements a thread-safe run() function for use by Thread obje	cts 53
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xmem::config::third_party::PrintUsageImplementation::TemporaryWriter< Temporary >	58
xmem::thread::Thread	
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xmem::benchmark::ThroughputBenchmark	
A type of benchmark that measures memory throughput either via sequential, strided sequential,	
or random access patterns	61
xmem::benchmark::ThroughputBenchmarkWorker	
Helper multithreading-friendly class to do the core throughput benchmark	64
xmem::timers::Timer	
This class abstracts a simple high resolution stopwatch timer. WARNING: these objects are NOT	
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Chapter 4

File Index

4.1 File List

Here is a list of all documented files with brief descriptions:

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src/include/BenchmarkManager.h	
Header file for the BenchmarkManager class	80
src/include/ build_datetime.h	??
src/include/common.h	
Header file for common preprocessor definitions, macros, functions, and global constants	80
src/include/Configurator.h	
Header file for the Configurator class and some helper data structures	85

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Slightly-modified third-party code related to OptionParser	85
src/include/LatencyBenchmark.h	
Header file for the LatencyBenchmark class	86
src/include/MyArg.h	
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src/include/optionparser.h	
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src/include/PowerReader.h	
Header file for the PowerReader class	90
src/include/Runnable.h	
Header file for the Runnable class	90
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Implementation file for the TSCTimer class as well as some C-style functions for working with	
the TSC timer hardware directly	96

Chapter 5

Class Documentation

5.1 xmem::config::third_party::Parser::Action Struct Reference

Inheritance diagram for xmem::config::third party::Parser::Action:



Public Member Functions

- virtual bool perform (Option &)
 - Called by Parser::workhorse() for each Option that has been successfully parsed (including unknown options if they have a Descriptor whose Descriptor::check_arg does not return ARG_ILLEGAL.
- virtual bool finished (int numargs, const char **args)

Called by Parser::workhorse() after finishing the parse.

5.1.1 Member Function Documentation

5.1.1.1 virtual bool xmem::config::third_party::Parser::Action::finished (int *numargs*, const char ** args) [inline], [virtual]

Called by Parser::workhorse() after finishing the parse.

Parameters

numargs	the number of non-option arguments remaining
args	pointer to the first remaining non-option argument (if numargs $>$ 0).

Returns

false iff a fatal error has occurred.

Reimplemented in xmem::config::third_party::Parser::StoreOptionAction.

5.1.1.2 virtual bool xmem::config::third_party::Parser::Action::perform (Option &) [inline], [virtual]

Called by Parser::workhorse() for each Option that has been successfully parsed (including unknown options if they have a Descriptor whose Descriptor::check_arg does not return ARG_ILLEGAL.

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Returns false iff a fatal error has occured and the parse should be aborted.

Reimplemented in xmem::config::third_party::Parser::StoreOptionAction, and xmem::config::third_party::Stats::-CountOptionsAction.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

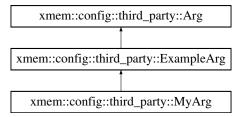
· src/include/optionparser.h

5.2 xmem::config::third_party::Arg Struct Reference

Functions for checking the validity of option arguments.

```
#include <optionparser.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for xmem::config::third_party::Arg:



Static Public Member Functions

- static ArgStatus None (const Option &, bool)
 For options that don't take an argument: Returns ARG_NONE.
- static ArgStatus Optional (const Option & option, bool)

Returns ARG_OK if the argument is attached and ARG_IGNORE otherwise.

5.2.1 Detailed Description

Functions for checking the validity of option arguments.

The following example code can serve as starting place for writing your own more complex CheckArg functions:

```
struct Arg: public option::Arg
{
    static void printError(const char* msg1, const option::Option& opt, const char* msg2)
    {
        fprintf(stderr, "ERROR: %s", msg1);
        fwrite(opt.name, opt.namelen, 1, stderr);
        fprintf(stderr, "%s", msg2);
    }
    static option::ArgStatus Unknown(const option::Option& option, bool msg)
    {
        if (msg) printError("Unknown option '", option, "'\n");
        return option::ArgStatus Required(const option::Option& option, bool msg)
        {
        if (option.arg != 0)
            return option::ArgCoK;
        if (msg) printError("Option '", option, "' requires an argument\n");
        return option::ARG_ILLEGAL;
    }
    static option::ArgStatus NonEmpty(const option::Option& option, bool msg)
    {
        static option::ArgStatus NonEmpty(const option::Option& option, bool msg)
    }
}
```

```
if (option.arg != 0 && option.arg[0] != 0)
    return option::ARG_OK;

if (msg) printError("Option '", option, "' requires a non-empty argument\n");
    return option::ARG_ILLEGAL;
}

static option::ArgStatus Numeric(const option::Option& option, bool msg)
{
    char* endptr = 0;
    if (option.arg != 0 && strtol(option.arg, &endptr, 10)){};
    if (endptr != option.arg && *endptr == 0)
        return option::ARG_OK;

if (msg) printError("Option '", option, "' requires a numeric argument\n");
    return option::ARG_ILLEGAL;
}
};
```

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

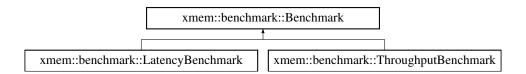
· src/include/optionparser.h

5.3 xmem::benchmark::Benchmark Class Reference

Flexible abstract class for any memory benchmark.

```
#include <Benchmark.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for xmem::benchmark::Benchmark:



Public Member Functions

• Benchmark (void *mem_array, size_t len, uint32_t iterations, xmem::common::chunk_size_t chunk_size, uint32_t cpu_node, uint32_t mem_node, uint32_t num_worker_threads, std::string name, xmem::timers::-Timer *timer, std::vector< xmem::power::PowerReader * > dram power readers)

Constructor.

virtual ∼Benchmark ()

Destructor.

virtual bool run ()=0

Runs the benchmark.

virtual void report_benchmark_info ()=0

Reports benchmark configuration details to the console.

• virtual void report results ()=0

Reports results to the console.

void report_power_results ()

Reports power measurement results to the console.

• bool isValid ()

Checks to see that the object is in a valid state.

• bool hasRun ()

Checks to see if the benchmark has run.

double getMetricOnIter (uint32_t iter)

Extracts the metric of interest for a given iteration. Units are interpreted by the inheriting class.

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• double getAverageMetric ()

Gets the average benchmark metric across all iterations.

• double getAverageDRAMPower (uint32_t socket_id)

Gets the average DRAM power over the benchmark.

double getPeakDRAMPower (uint32_t socket_id)

Gets the peak DRAM power over the benchmark.

• size t getLen ()

Gets the length of the memory region in bytes. This is not necessarily the "working set size" depending on multithreading configuration.

• uint32_t getIterations ()

Gets the number of iterations for this benchmark.

xmem::common::chunk size t getChunkSize ()

Gets the width of memory access used in this benchmark.

uint32_t getCPUNode ()

Gets the CPU NUMA node used in this benchmark.

uint32_t getMemNode ()

Gets the memory NUMA node used in this benchmark.

uint32_t getNumThreads ()

Gets the number of worker threads used in this benchmark.

std::string getName ()

Gets the human-friendly name of this benchmark.

Protected Member Functions

• bool _start_power_threads ()

Starts the DRAM power measurement threads.

• bool _stop_power_threads ()

Stops the DRAM power measurement threads. This is a blocking call.

Protected Attributes

```
void * mem array
```

- size t len
- uint32 t iterations
- xmem::common::chunk_size_t _chunk_size
- size_t * _indices
- uint32_t _cpu_node
- uint32_t _mem_node
- uint32_t _num_worker_threads
- xmem::timers::Timer * _timer
- std::vector
 - < xmem::power::PowerReader * > _dram_power_readers
- · std::vector
 - < xmem::thread::Thread * > _dram_power_threads
- std::vector< double > _average_dram_power_socket
- $\bullet \ \, \text{std::vector} < \text{double} > _\text{peak_dram_power_socket}$
- bool hasRun
- std::vector< double > _metricOnIter
- double _averageMetric
- · std::string name
- · bool _obj_valid
- bool _warning

5.3.1 Detailed Description

Flexible abstract class for any memory benchmark.

This class provides a generic interface for interacting with a benchmark. All benchmarks should be derived from this class.

5.3.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.3.2.1 Benchmark::Benchmark (void * mem_array, size_t len, uint32_t iterations, xmem::common::chunk_size_t chunk_size, uint32_t cpu_node, uint32_t mem_node, uint32_t num_worker_threads, std::string name, xmem::timers::Timer * timer, std::vector < xmem::power::PowerReader * > dram_power_readers)

Constructor.

Parameters

mem_array	a pointer to a contiguous chunk of memory that has been allocated for benchmarking among
	the worker threads. This should be aligned to a 256-bit boundary and should be the working
	set size times number of threads large.
len	Length of the raw_mem_array in bytes. This should be a multiple of 4 KB pages.
iterations	Number of iterations to do of the complete benchmark, to average out results.
passes_per	Number of passes to do in each iteration, to ensure timed section of code is "long enough".
iteration	
chunk_size	encoded size of an individual memory access.
cpu_node	the logical CPU NUMA node to use for the benchmark
mem_node	the logical memory NUMA node used in the benchmark
num_worker	number of worker threads to use in the benchmark
threads	
name	name of the benchmark to use when reporting
timer	pointer to an existing Timer
dram_power	vector of pointers to PowerReader objects for measuring DRAM power
readers	

5.3.3 Member Function Documentation

5.3.3.1 bool Benchmark::_start_power_threads() [protected]

Starts the DRAM power measurement threads.

Returns

true on success

5.3.3.2 bool Benchmark::_stop_power_threads() [protected]

Stops the DRAM power measurement threads. This is a blocking call.

Returns

true on success

5.3.3.3 double Benchmark::getAverageDRAMPower (uint32_t socket_id)

Gets the average DRAM power over the benchmark.

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Returns

The average DRAM power for a given socket in watts, or 0 if the data does not exist (power was unable to be collected or the benchmark has not run).

```
5.3.3.4 double Benchmark::getAverageMetric ( )
```

Gets the average benchmark metric across all iterations.

Returns

The average metric.

```
5.3.3.5 xmem::common::chunk_size_t Benchmark::getChunkSize ( )
```

Gets the width of memory access used in this benchmark.

Returns

The chunk size for this benchmark.

```
5.3.3.6 uint32_t Benchmark::getCPUNode ( )
```

Gets the CPU NUMA node used in this benchmark.

Returns

The NUMA CPU node used in this benchmark.

```
5.3.3.7 uint32_t Benchmark::getIterations ( )
```

Gets the number of iterations for this benchmark.

Returns

The number of iterations for this benchmark.

```
5.3.3.8 size_t Benchmark::getLen()
```

Gets the length of the memory region in bytes. This is not necessarily the "working set size" depending on multi-threading configuration.

Returns

Length of the memory region in bytes.

```
5.3.3.9 uint32_t Benchmark::getMemNode ( )
```

Gets the memory NUMA node used in this benchmark.

Returns

The NUMA memory node used in this benchmark.

5.3.3.10 double Benchmark::getMetricOnlter (uint32_t iter)

Extracts the metric of interest for a given iteration. Units are interpreted by the inheriting class.

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Parameters

iter	Iteration to extract.

Returns

The metric on the iteration specified by the input.

```
5.3.3.11 std::string Benchmark::getName ( )
```

Gets the human-friendly name of this benchmark.

Returns

The benchmark test name.

```
5.3.3.12 uint32_t Benchmark::getNumThreads ( )
```

Gets the number of worker threads used in this benchmark.

Returns

The number of worker threads used in this benchmark.

5.3.3.13 double Benchmark::getPeakDRAMPower (uint32_t socket_id)

Gets the peak DRAM power over the benchmark.

Returns

The peak DRAM power for a given socket in watts, or 0 if the data does not exist (power was unable to be collected or the benchmark has not run).

```
5.3.3.14 bool Benchmark::hasRun ( )
```

Checks to see if the benchmark has run.

Returns

True if run() has already completed successfully.

```
5.3.3.15 bool Benchmark::isValid ( )
```

Checks to see that the object is in a valid state.

Returns

True if the object was constructed correctly and can be used.

5.3.3.16 virtual bool xmem::benchmark::Benchmark::run() [pure virtual]

Runs the benchmark.

Returns

true on benchmark success

Implemented in xmem::benchmark::ThroughputBenchmark, and xmem::benchmark::LatencyBenchmark.

5.3.4 Member Data Documentation

5.3.4.1 std::vector<double> xmem::benchmark::_average_dram_power_socket [protected]

The average DRAM power in this benchmark, per socket.

```
5.3.4.2 double xmem::benchmark::Benchmark::_averageMetric [protected]
```

Average metric over all iterations. Unit-less because any benchmark can set this metric as needed. It is up to the descendant class to interpret units.

```
5.3.4.3 xmem::common::chunk_size_t xmem::benchmark::Benchmark::_chunk_size [protected]
```

Chunk size of memory accesses in this benchmark. TODO: Move this to ThroughputBenchmark.h, as it does not apply in all situations, e.g. in LatencyBenchmark.

```
5.3.4.4 uint32_t xmem::benchmark::_cpu_node [protected]
```

The CPU NUMA node used in this benchmark.

```
5.3.4.5 std::vector<xmem::power::PowerReader*> xmem::benchmark::Benchmark::_dram_power_readers [protected]
```

The power reading objects for measuring DRAM power on a per-socket basis during the benchmark.

```
5.3.4.6 std::vector<xmem::thread*> xmem::benchmark::Benchmark::_dram_power_threads [protected]
```

The power reading threads for measuring DRAM power on a per-socket basis during the benchmark. These work with the DRAM power readers. Although they are worker threads, they are not counted as the "official" benchmarking worker threads.

```
5.3.4.7 bool xmem::benchmark::Benchmark::_hasRun [protected]
```

Indicates whether the benchmark has run.

```
5.3.4.8 size_t* xmem::benchmark::Benchmark::_indices [protected]
```

Pointer to a list of indices. This is for indirect memory addressing. Currently unused. TODO: Remove this entirely?

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```
5.3.4.9 uint32_t xmem::benchmark::Benchmark::_iterations [protected]
```

Number of iterations used in this benchmark.

```
5.3.4.10 size_t xmem::benchmark::Benchmark::_len [protected]
```

Length of the memory region in bytes. This is not the working set size per thread!

```
5.3.4.11 void* xmem::benchmark::_mem_array [protected]
```

Pointer to the memory region to use in this benchmark.

```
5.3.4.12 uint32_t xmem::benchmark::Benchmark::_mem_node [protected]
```

The memory NUMA node used in this benchmark.

```
5.3.4.13 std::vector<double> xmem::benchmark::Benchmark::_metricOnlter [protected]
```

Metrics for each iteration of the benchmark. Unit-less because any benchmark can set this metric as needed. It is up to the descendant class to interpret units.

```
5.3.4.14 std::string xmem::benchmark::Benchmark::_name [protected]
```

Name of this benchmark.

```
5.3.4.15 uint32_t xmem::benchmark::Benchmark::_num_worker_threads [protected]
```

The number of worker threads used in this benchmark.

```
5.3.4.16 bool xmem::benchmark::Benchmark::_obj_valid [protected]
```

Indicates whether this benchmark object is valid.

```
5.3.4.17 std::vector<double> xmem::benchmark:: peak dram power socket [protected]
```

The peak DRAM power in this benchmark, per socket.

```
5.3.4.18 xmem::timers::Timer* xmem::benchmark::Benchmark::_timer [protected]
```

The reference timer for this benchmark. TODO: Remove this. It isn't thread safe anyway, so workers don't use it.

```
5.3.4.19 bool xmem::benchmark::Benchmark::_warning [protected]
```

Indicates whether the benchmarks results might be clearly questionable/inaccurate/incorrect due to a variety of factors.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/include/Benchmark.h
- src/Benchmark.cpp

5.4 xmem::benchmark::BenchmarkManager Class Reference

Manages running all benchmarks at a high level.

#include <BenchmarkManager.h>

Public Member Functions

• BenchmarkManager (config::Configurator &config)

Constructor.

∼BenchmarkManager ()

Destructor.

• bool runAll ()

Runs all possible benchmark configurations.

• bool runThroughputBenchmarks ()

Runs the throughput benchmarks.

• bool runLatencyBenchmarks ()

Runs the latency benchmark.

5.4.1 Detailed Description

Manages running all benchmarks at a high level.

5.4.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.4.2.1 BenchmarkManager::BenchmarkManager (config::Configurator & config)

Constructor.

Parameters

The configuration object containing run-time options for this X-Mem execution instance.

5.4.3 Member Function Documentation

5.4.3.1 bool BenchmarkManager::runAll ()

Runs all possible benchmark configurations.

Returns

True on success.

5.4.3.2 bool BenchmarkManager::runLatencyBenchmarks ()

Runs the latency benchmark.

Returns

True on benchmarking success.

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5.4.3.3 bool BenchmarkManager::runThroughputBenchmarks ()

Runs the throughput benchmarks.

Returns

True on benchmarking success.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/include/BenchmarkManager.h
- src/BenchmarkManager.cpp

5.5 xmem::config::Configurator Class Reference

Handles all user input interpretation and generates the necessary flags for running benchmarks.

```
#include <Configurator.h>
```

Public Member Functions

· Configurator ()

Default constructor. A default configuration is set. You will want to run configureFromInput() most likely.

Configurator (bool runLatency, bool runThroughput, size_t working_set_size_per_thread, uint32_t num_-worker_threads, bool use_chunk_32b, bool use_chunk_64b, bool use_chunk_128b, bool use_chunk_256b, bool numa_enable, uint32_t iterations_per_test, bool use_random_access_pattern, bool use_sequential_access_pattern, uint32_t starting_test_index, std::string filename, bool use_output_file, bool verbose, bool use_reads, bool use_writes)

Specialized constructor for when you don't want to get config from input, and you want to pass it in directly.

int32_t configureFromInput (int argc, char *argv[])

Configures the tool based on user's command-line inputs.

• bool latencyTestSelected () const

Indicates if the latency test has been selected.

bool throughputTestSelected () const

Indicates if the throughput test has been selected.

size_t getWorkingSetSizePerThread () const

Gets the working set size in bytes for each worker thread, if applicable.

bool useChunk32b () const

Determines if chunk size of 32 bits should be used in relevant benchmarks.

bool useChunk64b () const

Determines if chunk size of 64 bits should be used in relevant benchmarks.

bool useChunk128b () const

Determines if chunk size of 128 bits should be used in relevant benchmarks.

bool useChunk256b () const

Determines if chunk size of 256 bits should be used in relevant benchmarks.

bool isNUMAEnabled () const

Determines if the benchmarks should test for all CPU/memory NUMA combinations.

uint32_t getIterationsPerTest () const

Gets the number of iterations that should be run of each benchmark.

· bool useRandomAccessPattern () const

Determines if throughput benchmarks should use a random access pattern.

bool useSequentialAccessPattern () const

Determines if throughput benchmarks should use a sequential access pattern.

uint32_t getNumWorkerThreads () const

Gets the number of worker threads to use.

• uint32_t getStartingTestIndex () const

Gets the numerical index of the first benchmark for CSV output purposes.

• std::string getOutputFilename () const

Gets the output filename to use, if applicable.

bool useOutputFile () const

Determines whether to generate an output CSV file.

void setUseOutputFile (bool use)

Changes whether an output file should be used.

· bool verboseMode () const

Determines whether X-Mem is in verbose mode.

• bool useReads () const

Determines whether reads should be used in throughput benchmarks.

• bool useWrites () const

Determines whether writes should be used in throughput benchmarks.

5.5.1 Detailed Description

Handles all user input interpretation and generates the necessary flags for running benchmarks.

5.5.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.5.2.1 Configurator::Configurator (bool runLatency, bool runThroughput, size_t working_set_size_per_thread, uint32_t num_worker_threads, bool use_chunk_32b, bool use_chunk_64b, bool use_chunk_128b, bool use_chunk_256b, bool numa_enable, uint32_t iterations_per_test, bool use_random_access_pattern, bool use_sequential_access_pattern, uint32_t starting_test_index, std::string filename, bool use_output_file, bool verbose, bool use_reads, bool use_writes)

Specialized constructor for when you don't want to get config from input, and you want to pass it in directly.

Parameters

runLatency	Indicates latency benchmarks should be run.
runThroughput	Indicates throughput benchmarks should be run.
working_set	The total size of memory to test in all benchmarks, in bytes, per thread. This MUST be a
size_per_thread	multiple of 4KB pages.
num_worker	The number of threads to use in throughput benchmarks, loaded latency benchmarks, and
threads	stress tests.
use_chunk_32b	If true, include 32-bit chunks for relevant benchmarks.
use_chunk_64b	If true, include 64-bit chunks for relevant benchmarks.
use_chunk	If true, include 128-bit chunks for relevant benchmarks.
128b	
use_chunk	If true, include 256-bit chunks for relevant benchmarks.
256b	
numa_enable	If true, then test all combinations of CPU/memory NUMA nodes.
iterations_per	For each unique benchmark test, this is the number of times to repeat it.
test	

use_random	If true, use random-access patterns in throughput benchmarks.
access_pattern	
use_sequential-	If true, use sequential-access patterns in throughput benchmarks.
_access_pattern	
starting_test	Numerical index to use for the first test. This is an aid for end-user interpreting and post-
index	processing of result CSV file, if relevant.
filename	Output filename to use.
use_output_file	If true, use the provided output filename.
verbose	If true, then X-Mem should be more verbose in its console reporting.
use_reads	If true, then throughput benchmarks should use reads.
use_writes	If true, then throughput benchmarks should use writes.

5.5.3 Member Function Documentation

5.5.3.1 int32_t Configurator::configureFromInput (int argc, char * argv[])

Configures the tool based on user's command-line inputs.

Parameters

argc	The argc from main().
argv	The argv from main().

Returns

0 on success.

5.5.3.2 uint32_t xmem::config::Configurator::getIterationsPerTest() const [inline]

Gets the number of iterations that should be run of each benchmark.

Returns

The iterations for each test.

5.5.3.3 uint32_t xmem::config::Configurator::getNumWorkerThreads()const [inline]

Gets the number of worker threads to use.

Returns

The number of worker threads.

5.5.3.4 std::string xmem::config::Configurator::getOutputFilename()const [inline]

Gets the output filename to use, if applicable.

Returns

The output filename to use if useOutputFile() returns true. Otherwise return value is "".

5.5.3.5 uint32_t xmem::config::Configurator::getStartingTestIndex () const [inline]

Gets the numerical index of the first benchmark for CSV output purposes.

Returns

The starting benchmark index.

5.5.3.6 size_t xmem::config::Configurator::getWorkingSetSizePerThread()const [inline]

Gets the working set size in bytes for each worker thread, if applicable.

Returns

The working set size in bytes.

5.5.3.7 bool xmem::config::Configurator::isNUMAEnabled () const [inline]

Determines if the benchmarks should test for all CPU/memory NUMA combinations.

Returns

True if all NUMA nodes should be tested.

5.5.3.8 bool xmem::config::Configurator::latencyTestSelected () const [inline]

Indicates if the latency test has been selected.

Returns

True if the latency test has been selected to run.

5.5.3.9 void xmem::config::Configurator::setUseOutputFile (bool use) [inline]

Changes whether an output file should be used.

Parameters

use If true, then use the output file.

5.5.3.10 bool xmem::config::Configurator::throughputTestSelected () const [inline]

Indicates if the throughput test has been selected.

Returns

True if the throughput test has been selected to run.

5.5.3.11 bool xmem::config::Configurator::useChunk128b() const [inline]

Determines if chunk size of 128 bits should be used in relevant benchmarks.

Returns

True if 128-bit chunks should be used.

```
5.5.3.12 bool xmem::config::Configurator::useChunk256b()const [inline]
Determines if chunk size of 256 bits should be used in relevant benchmarks.
Returns
     True if 256-bit chunks should be used.
5.5.3.13 bool xmem::config::Configurator::useChunk32b() const [inline]
Determines if chunk size of 32 bits should be used in relevant benchmarks.
Returns
     True if 32-bit chunks should be used.
5.5.3.14 bool xmem::config::Configurator::useChunk64b()const [inline]
Determines if chunk size of 64 bits should be used in relevant benchmarks.
Returns
     True if 64-bit chunks should be used.
5.5.3.15 bool xmem::config::Configurator::useOutputFile( ) const [inline]
Determines whether to generate an output CSV file.
Returns
     True if an output file should be used.
5.5.3.16 bool xmem::config::Configurator::useRandomAccessPattern( )const [inline]
Determines if throughput benchmarks should use a random access pattern.
Returns
     True if random access should be used.
5.5.3.17 bool xmem::config::Configurator::useReads() const [inline]
Determines whether reads should be used in throughput benchmarks.
Returns
     True if reads should be used.
5.5.3.18 bool xmem::config::Configurator::useSequentialAccessPattern( )const [inline]
Determines if throughput benchmarks should use a sequential access pattern.
```

Returns

True if sequential access should be used.

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5.5.3.19 bool xmem::config::Configurator::useWrites () const [inline]

Determines whether writes should be used in throughput benchmarks.

Returns

True if writes should be used.

5.5.3.20 bool xmem::config::Configurator::verboseMode() const [inline]

Determines whether X-Mem is in verbose mode.

Returns

True if verbose mode is enabled.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/include/Configurator.h
- src/Configurator.cpp

5.6 xmem::config::third_party::Stats::CountOptionsAction Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for xmem::config::third party::Stats::CountOptionsAction:

```
xmem::config::third_party::Parser::Action

| xmem::config::third_party::Stats::CountOptionsAction
```

Public Member Functions

- CountOptionsAction (unsigned *buffer max)
- bool perform (Option &)

Called by Parser::workhorse() for each Option that has been successfully parsed (including unknown options if they have a Descriptor whose Descriptor::check_arg does not return ARG_ILLEGAL.

5.6.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.6.1.1 xmem::config::third_party::Stats::CountOptionsAction::CountOptionsAction (unsigned * buffer_max_) [inline]

Creates a new CountOptionsAction that will increase *buffer_max_ for each parsed Option.

5.6.2 Member Function Documentation

5.6.2.1 bool xmem::config::third_party::Stats::CountOptionsAction::perform (Option &) [inline], [virtual]

Called by Parser::workhorse() for each Option that has been successfully parsed (including unknown options if they have a Descriptor whose Descriptor::check_arg does not return ARG_ILLEGAL.

Returns false iff a fatal error has occured and the parse should be aborted.

Reimplemented from xmem::config::third party::Parser::Action.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· src/include/optionparser.h

5.7 xmem::config::third_party::Descriptor Struct Reference

Describes an option, its help text (usage) and how it should be parsed.

```
#include <optionparser.h>
```

Public Attributes

· const unsigned index

Index of this option's linked list in the array filled in by the parser.

· const int type

Used to distinguish between options with the same index. See index for details.

const char *const shortopt

Each char in this string will be accepted as a short option character.

const char *const longopt

The long option name (without the leading -).

· const CheckArg check_arg

For each option that matches shortopt or longopt this function will be called to check a potential argument to the option.

const char * help

The usage text associated with the options in this Descriptor.

5.7.1 Detailed Description

Describes an option, its help text (usage) and how it should be parsed.

The main input when constructing an option::Parser is an array of Descriptors.

Example:

5.7.2 Member Data Documentation

5.7.2.1 const CheckArg xmem::config::third_party::Descriptor::check_arg

For each option that matches shortopt or longopt this function will be called to check a potential argument to the option.

This function will be called even if there is no potential argument. In that case it will be passed NULL as arg parameter. Do not confuse this with the empty string.

See CheckArg for more information.

5.7.2.2 const char* xmem::config::third_party::Descriptor::help

The usage text associated with the options in this Descriptor.

You can use option::printUsage() to format your usage message based on the help texts. You can use dummy Descriptors where shortopt and longopt are both the empty string to add text to the usage that is not related to a specific option.

See option::printUsage() for special formatting characters you can use in help to get a column layout.

Attention

Must be UTF-8-encoded. If your compiler supports C++11 you can use the "u8" prefix to make sure string literals are properly encoded.

5.7.2.3 const unsigned xmem::config::third_party::Descriptor::index

Index of this option's linked list in the array filled in by the parser.

Command line options whose Descriptors have the same index will end up in the same linked list in the order in which they appear on the command line. If you have multiple long option aliases that refer to the same option, give their descriptors the same index.

If you have options that mean exactly opposite things (e.g. <code>-enable-foo</code> and <code>-disable-foo</code>), you should also give them the same <code>index</code>, but distinguish them through different values for type. That way they end up in the same list and you can just take the last element of the list and use its type. This way you get the usual behaviour where switches later on the command line override earlier ones without having to code it manually.

Tip:

Use an enum rather than plain ints for better readability, as shown in the example at Descriptor.

5.7.2.4 const char* const xmem::config::third_party::Descriptor::longopt

The long option name (without the leading –).

If this Descriptor should not have a long option name, use the empty string "". NULL is not permitted here!

While shortopt allows multiple short option characters, each Descriptor can have only a single long option name. If you have multiple long option names referring to the same option use separate Descriptors that have the same index and type. You may repeat short option characters in such an alias Descriptor but there's no need to.

Dummy Descriptors:

You can use dummy Descriptors with an empty string for both shortopt and longopt to add text to the usage that is not related to a specific option. See help. The first dummy Descriptor will be used for unknown options (see below).

Unknown Option Descriptor:

The first dummy Descriptor in the list of Descriptors, whose shortopt and longopt are both the empty string, will be used as the Descriptor for unknown options. An unknown option is a string in the argument vector that is not a lone minus '-' but starts with a minus character and does not match any Descriptor's shortopt or longopt. Note that the dummy descriptor's check_arg function will be called and its return value will be evaluated as usual. I.e. if it returns ARG_ILLEGAL the parsing will be aborted with Parser::error() ==true.

if check_arg does not return ARG_ILLEGAL the descriptor's index will be used to pick the linked list into which to put the unknown option.

If there is no dummy descriptor, unknown options will be dropped silently.

5.7.2.5 const char* const xmem::config::third_party::Descriptor::shortopt

Each char in this string will be accepted as a short option character.

The string must not include the minus character '-' or you'll get undefined behaviour.

If this Descriptor should not have short option characters, use the empty string "". NULL is not permitted here! See longopt for more information.

5.7.2.6 const int xmem::config::third_party::Descriptor::type

Used to distinguish between options with the same index. See index for details.

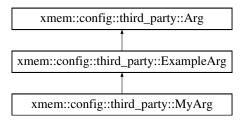
It is recommended that you use an enum rather than a plain int to make your code more readable.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· src/include/optionparser.h

5.8 xmem::config::third_party::ExampleArg Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for xmem::config::third party::ExampleArg:



Static Public Member Functions

- static void printError (const char *msg1, const Option &opt, const char *msg2)
- static ArgStatus **Unknown** (const Option & option, bool msg)
- static ArgStatus Required (const Option & option, bool msg)
- static ArgStatus NonEmpty (const Option & option, bool msg)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

src/include/ExampleArg.h

5.9 xmem::config::third_party::PrintUsageImplementation::FunctionWriter< Function > Struct Template Reference

Inheritance diagram for xmem::config::third_party::PrintUsageImplementation::FunctionWriter< Function >:

```
xmem::config::third_party::PrintUsageImplementation::IStringWriter

xmem::config::third_party::PrintUsageImplementation::FunctionWriter< Function >
```

Public Member Functions

- virtual void operator() (const char *str, int size)
 Writes the given number of chars beginning at the given pointer somewhere.
- FunctionWriter (Function *w)

Public Attributes

· Function * write

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· src/include/optionparser.h

5.10 xmem::config::third_party::PrintUsageImplementation::IStringWriter Struct Reference

Inheritance diagram for xmem::config::third_party::PrintUsageImplementation::IStringWriter:



Public Member Functions

virtual void operator() (const char *, int)
 Writes the given number of chars beginning at the given pointer somewhere.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

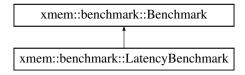
· src/include/optionparser.h

5.11 xmem::benchmark::LatencyBenchmark Class Reference

A type of benchmark that measures memory latency via random pointer chasing. TODO: loaded latency tests.

#include <LatencyBenchmark.h>

Inheritance diagram for xmem::benchmark::LatencyBenchmark:



Public Types

typedef int32_t(* LatencyBenchFunction)(uintptr_t *, uintptr_t **, size_t)

Public Member Functions

LatencyBenchmark (void *mem_array, size_t len, uint32_t iterations, uint32_t cpu_node, uint32_t mem_node, uint32_t num_worker_threads, std::string name, xmem::timers::Timer *timer, std::vector< xmem::power::-PowerReader * > dram_power_readers)

virtual ~LatencyBenchmark ()

Destructor.

• virtual bool run ()

Runs the benchmark.

virtual void report_benchmark_info ()

Outputs the benchmark configuration to the console.

virtual void report_results ()

Outputs a report of the benchmark results to the console if run() returned true.

Additional Inherited Members

5.11.1 Detailed Description

A type of benchmark that measures memory latency via random pointer chasing. TODO: loaded latency tests.

5.11.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.11.2.1 LatencyBenchmark::LatencyBenchmark (void * mem_array, size_t len, uint32_t iterations, uint32_t cpu_node, uint32_t mem_node, uint32_t num_worker_threads, std::string name, xmem::timers::Timer * timer, std::vector < xmem::power::PowerReader * > dram_power_readers)

Constructor.

Parameters

mem_array	a pointer to a contiguous chunk of memory that has been allocated for benchmarking among
	the worker threads. This should be aligned to a 256-bit boundary and should be the working
	set size times number of threads large.
len	Length of the raw_mem_array in bytes. This should be a multiple of 4 KB pages.
iterations	Number of iterations (passes) to do of the complete benchmark.
cpu_node	the logical CPU NUMA node to use in the benchmark
mem_node	the logical memory NUMA node used in the benchmark
num_worker	number of worker threads to use in the benchmark
threads	
name	name of the benchmark to use when reporting
timer	pointer to an existing Timer object
dram_power	vector of pointers to PowerReader objects for measuring DRAM power
readers	

5.11.3 Member Function Documentation

5.11.3.1 bool LatencyBenchmark::run() [virtual]

Runs the benchmark.

Returns

True on success.

Implements xmem::benchmark::Benchmark.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/include/LatencyBenchmark.h
- src/LatencyBenchmark.cpp

5.12 xmem::config::third_party::PrintUsageImplementation::LinePartIterator Class Reference

Public Member Functions

• LinePartIterator (const Descriptor usage[])

Creates an iterator for usage.

• bool nextTable ()

Moves iteration to the next table (if any). Has to be called once on a new LinePartIterator to move to the 1st table.

void restartTable ()

Reset iteration to the beginning of the current table.

bool nextRow ()

Moves iteration to the next row (if any). Has to be called once after each call to nextTable() to move to the 1st row of the table.

· void restartRow ()

Reset iteration to the beginning of the current row.

• bool next ()

Moves iteration to the next part (if any). Has to be called once after each call to nextRow() to move to the 1st part of the row.

• int column ()

Returns the index (counting from 0) of the column in which the part pointed to by data() is located.

• int line ()

Returns the index (counting from 0) of the line within the current column this part belongs to.

• int length ()

Returns the length of the part pointed to by data() in raw chars (not UTF-8 characters).

int screenLength ()

Returns the width in screen columns of the part pointed to by data(). Takes multi-byte UTF-8 sequences and wide characters into account.

const char * data ()

Returns the current part of the iteration.

5.12.1 Member Function Documentation

5.12.1.1 bool xmem::config::third_party::PrintUsageImplementation::LinePartIterator::next() [inline]

Moves iteration to the next part (if any). Has to be called once after each call to nextRow() to move to the 1st part of the row.

Return values

false	if moving to next part failed because no further part exists.

See LinePartIterator for details about the iteration.

5.12.1.2 bool xmem::config::third_party::PrintUsageImplementation::LinePartIterator::nextRow() [inline]

Moves iteration to the next row (if any). Has to be called once after each call to nextTable() to move to the 1st row of the table.

Return values

false if moving to next row failed because no further row exists.

5.12.1.3 bool xmem::config::third_party::PrintUsageImplementation::LinePartIterator::nextTable() [inline]

Moves iteration to the next table (if any). Has to be called once on a new LinePartIterator to move to the 1st table. Return values

false if moving to next table failed because no further table exists.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· src/include/optionparser.h

5.13 xmem::config::third_party::PrintUsageImplementation::LineWrapper Class Reference

Public Member Functions

• void flush (IStringWriter &write)

Writes out all remaining data from the LineWrapper using write. Unlike process() this method indents all lines including the first and will output a \n at the end (but only if something has been written).

• void process (IStringWriter &write, const char *data, int len)

Process, wrap and output the next piece of data.

• LineWrapper (int x1, int x2)

Constructs a LineWrapper that wraps its output to fit into screen columns x1 (incl.) to x2 (excl.).

5.13.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.13.1.1 xmem::config::third_party::PrintUsageImplementation::LineWrapper::LineWrapper(int x1, int x2) [inline]

Constructs a LineWrapper that wraps its output to fit into screen columns x1 (incl.) to x2 (excl.).

x1 gives the indentation LineWrapper uses if it needs to indent.

5.13.2 Member Function Documentation

5.13.2.1 void xmem::config::third_party::PrintUsageImplementation::LineWrapper::process (IStringWriter & write, const char * data, int len) [inline]

Process, wrap and output the next piece of data.

process() will output at least one line of output. This is not necessarily the data passed in. It may be data queued from a prior call to process(). If the internal buffer is full, more than 1 line will be output.

process() assumes that the a proper amount of indentation has already been output. It won't write any further indentation before the 1st line. If more than 1 line is written due to buffer constraints, the lines following the first will be indented by this method, though.

No \n is written by this method after the last line that is written.

Parameters

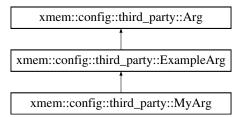
write	where to write the data.
data	the new chunk of data to write.
len	the length of the chunk of data to write.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• src/include/optionparser.h

5.14 xmem::config::third_party::MyArg Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for xmem::config::third party::MyArg:



Static Public Member Functions

- static ArgStatus Integer (const Option & option, bool msg)
 Checks an option that it is an integer.
- static ArgStatus NonnegativeInteger (const Option & option, bool msg)
 Checks an option that it is a nonnegative integer.
- static ArgStatus PositiveInteger (const Option & option, bool msg)
 Checks an option that it is a positive integer.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• src/include/MyArg.h

5.15 xmem::config::third party::Option Class Reference

A parsed option from the command line together with its argument if it has one.

#include <optionparser.h>

Public Member Functions

int type () const

Returns Descriptor::type of this Option's Descriptor, or 0 if this Option is invalid (unused).

• int index () const

Returns Descriptor::index of this Option's Descriptor, or -1 if this Option is invalid (unused).

• int count ()

Returns the number of times this Option (or others with the same Descriptor::index) occurs in the argument vector.

· bool isFirst () const

Returns true iff this is the first element of the linked list.

· bool isLast () const

Returns true iff this is the last element of the linked list.

• Option * first ()

Returns a pointer to the first element of the linked list.

• Option * last ()

Returns a pointer to the last element of the linked list.

• Option * prev ()

Returns a pointer to the previous element of the linked list or NULL if called on first().

Option * prevwrap ()

Returns a pointer to the previous element of the linked list with wrap-around from first() to last().

• Option * next ()

Returns a pointer to the next element of the linked list or NULL if called on last().

• Option * nextwrap ()

Returns a pointer to the next element of the linked list with wrap-around from last() to first().

void append (Option *new_last)

Makes new_last the new last() by chaining it into the list after last().

operator const Option * () const

Casts from Option to const Option* but only if this Option is valid.

operator Option * ()

Casts from Option to Option* but only if this Option is valid.

• Option ()

Creates a new Option that is a one-element linked list and has NULL desc, name, arg and namelen.

Option (const Descriptor *desc_, const char *name_, const char *arg_)

Creates a new Option that is a one-element linked list and has the given values for desc, name and arg.

void operator= (const Option &orig)

Makes *this a copy of orig except for the linked list pointers.

• Option (const Option &orig)

Makes *this a copy of orig except for the linked list pointers.

Public Attributes

• const Descriptor * desc

Pointer to this Option's Descriptor.

• const char * name

The name of the option as used on the command line.

• const char * arg

Pointer to this Option's argument (if any).

· int namelen

The length of the option name.

5.15.1 Detailed Description

A parsed option from the command line together with its argument if it has one.

The Parser chains all parsed options with the same Descriptor::index together to form a linked list. This allows you to easily implement all of the common ways of handling repeated options and enable/disable pairs.

• Test for presence of a switch in the argument vector:

```
if ( options[QUIET] ) ...
```

• Evaluate -enable-foo/-disable-foo pair where the last one used wins:

```
if ( options[FOO].last()->type() == DISABLE ) ...
```

• Cumulative option (-v verbose, -vv more verbose, -vvv even more verbose):

```
int verbosity = options[VERBOSE].count();
```

Iterate over all –file=<fname> arguments:

```
for (Option* opt = options[FILE]; opt; opt = opt->next())
fname = opt->arg; ...
```

5.15.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

```
5.15.2.1 xmem::config::third_party::Option::Option ( const Descriptor * desc_, const char * name_, const char * arg_ ) [inline]
```

Creates a new Option that is a one-element linked list and has the given values for desc, name and arg.

If name_points at a character other than '-' it will be assumed to refer to a short option and namelen will be set to 1. Otherwise the length will extend to the first '=' character or the string's 0-terminator.

```
5.15.2.2 xmem::config::third_party::Option::Option ( const Option & orig ) [inline]
```

Makes *this a copy of orig except for the linked list pointers.

After this operation *this will be a one-element linked list.

5.15.3 Member Function Documentation

```
5.15.3.1 void xmem::config::third_party::Option::append ( Option * new_last ) [inline]
```

Makes new_last the new last() by chaining it into the list after last().

It doesn't matter which element you call append() on. The new element will always be appended to last().

Attention

new_last must not yet be part of a list, or that list will become corrupted, because this method does not unchain new_last from an existing list.

```
5.15.3.2 int xmem::config::third_party::Option::count() [inline]
```

Returns the number of times this Option (or others with the same Descriptor::index) occurs in the argument vector.

This corresponds to the number of elements in the linked list this Option is part of. It doesn't matter on which element you call count(). The return value is always the same.

Use this to implement cumulative options, such as -v, -vv, -vvv for different verbosity levels.

Returns 0 when called for an unused/invalid option.

```
5.15.3.3 Option* xmem::config::third_party::Option::first() [inline]
```

Returns a pointer to the first element of the linked list.

Use this when you want the first occurrence of an option on the command line to take precedence. Note that this is not the way most programs handle options. You should probably be using last() instead.

Note

This method may be called on an unused/invalid option and will return a pointer to the option itself.

```
5.15.3.4 bool xmem::config::third_party::Option::isFirst() const [inline]
```

Returns true iff this is the first element of the linked list.

The first element in the linked list is the first option on the command line that has the respective Descriptor::index value.

Returns true for an unused/invalid option.

```
5.15.3.5 bool xmem::config::third_party::Option::isLast() const [inline]
```

Returns true iff this is the last element of the linked list.

The last element in the linked list is the last option on the command line that has the respective Descriptor::index value

Returns true for an unused/invalid option.

```
5.15.3.6 Option* xmem::config::third_party::Option::last() [inline]
```

Returns a pointer to the last element of the linked list.

Use this when you want the last occurrence of an option on the command line to take precedence. This is the most common way of handling conflicting options.

Note

This method may be called on an unused/invalid option and will return a pointer to the option itself.

Tip:

If you have options with opposite meanings (e.g. -enable-foo and -disable-foo), you can assign them the same Descriptor::index to get them into the same list. Distinguish them by Descriptor::type and all you have to do is check last () ->type () to get the state listed last on the command line.

```
5.15.3.7 Option* xmem::config::third_party::Option::next() [inline]
```

Returns a pointer to the next element of the linked list or NULL if called on last().

If called on last() this method returns NULL. Otherwise it will return the option with the same Descriptor::index that follows this option on the command line.

```
5.15.3.8 Option* xmem::config::third_party::Option::nextwrap() [inline]
```

Returns a pointer to the next element of the linked list with wrap-around from last() to first().

If called on last() this method returns first(). Otherwise it will return the option with the same Descriptor::index that follows this option on the command line.

```
5.15.3.9 xmem::config::third_party::Option::operator const Option * ( ) const [inline]
```

Casts from Option to const Option* but only if this Option is valid.

If this Option is valid (i.e. <code>desc!=NULL</code>), returns this. Otherwise returns NULL. This allows testing an Option directly in an if-clause to see if it is used:

```
if (options[CREATE])
{
    ...
}
```

It also allows you to write loops like this:

```
for (Option* opt = options[FILE]; opt; opt = opt->next())
fname = opt->arg; ...
```

```
5.15.3.10 xmem::config::third_party::Option::operator Option *( ) [inline]
```

Casts from Option to Option* but only if this Option is valid.

If this Option is valid (i.e. desc!=NULL), returns this. Otherwise returns NULL. This allows testing an Option directly in an if-clause to see if it is used:

```
if (options[CREATE])
{
    ...
}
```

It also allows you to write loops like this:

```
for (Option* opt = options[FILE]; opt; opt = opt->next())
fname = opt->arg; ...
```

5.15.3.11 void xmem::config::third_party::Option::operator=(const Option & orig) [inline]

Makes *this a copy of orig except for the linked list pointers.

After this operation *this will be a one-element linked list.

```
5.15.3.12 Option* xmem::config::third_party::Option::prev() [inline]
```

Returns a pointer to the previous element of the linked list or NULL if called on first().

If called on first() this method returns NULL. Otherwise it will return the option with the same Descriptor::index that precedes this option on the command line.

```
5.15.3.13 Option* xmem::config::third_party::Option::prevwrap( ) [inline]
```

Returns a pointer to the previous element of the linked list with wrap-around from first() to last().

If called on first() this method returns last(). Otherwise it will return the option with the same Descriptor::index that precedes this option on the command line.

```
5.15.3.14 int xmem::config::third_party::Option::type( ) const [inline]
```

Returns Descriptor::type of this Option's Descriptor, or 0 if this Option is invalid (unused).

Because this method (and last(), too) can be used even on unused Options with desc==0, you can (provided you arrange your types properly) switch on type() without testing validity first.

```
enum OptionType { UNUSED=0, DISABLED=0, ENABLED=1 };
enum OptionIndex { FOO };
const Descriptor usage[] = {
    { FOO, ENABLED, "", "enable-foo", Arg::None, 0 },
    { FOO, DISABLED, "", "disable-foo", Arg::None, 0 },
    { 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0 } };
...
switch(options[FOO].last()->type()) // no validity check required!
{
    case ENABLED: ...
    case DISABLED: ... // UNUSED==DISABLED !
}
```

5.15.4 Member Data Documentation

5.15.4.1 const char* xmem::config::third_party::Option::arg

Pointer to this Option's argument (if any).

NULL if this option has no argument. Do not confuse this with the empty string which is a valid argument.

5.15.4.2 const Descriptor* xmem::config::third_party::Option::desc

Pointer to this Option's Descriptor.

Remember that the first dummy descriptor (see Descriptor::longopt) is used for unknown options.

Attention

desc==NULL signals that this Option is unused. This is the default state of elements in the result array. You don't need to test desc explicitly. You can simply write something like this:

```
if (options[CREATE])
{
    ...
}
```

This works because of operator const Option*() .

5.15.4.3 const char* xmem::config::third_party::Option::name

The name of the option as used on the command line.

The main purpose of this string is to be presented to the user in messages.

In the case of a long option, this is the actual <code>argv</code> pointer, i.e. the first character is a '-'. In the case of a short option this points to the option character within the <code>argv</code> string.

Note that in the case of a short option group or an attached option argument, this string will contain additional characters following the actual name. Use namelen to filter out the actual option name only.

5.15.4.4 int xmem::config::third_party::Option::namelen

The length of the option name.

Because name points into the actual argv string, the option name may be followed by more characters (e.g. other short options in the same short option group). This value is the number of bytes (not characters!) that are part of the actual name.

For a short option, this length is always 1. For a long option this length is always at least 2 if single minus long options are permitted and at least 3 if they are disabled.

Note

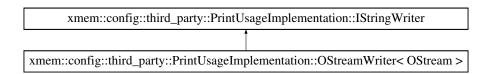
In the pathological case of a minus within a short option group (e.g. -xf-z), this length is incorrect, because this case will be misinterpreted as a long option and the name will therefore extend to the string's 0-terminator or a following '=" character if there is one. This is irrelevant for most uses of name and namelen. If you really need to distinguish the case of a long and a short option, compare name to the argv pointers. A long option's name is always identical to one of them, whereas a short option's is never.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· src/include/optionparser.h

5.16 xmem::config::third_party::PrintUsageImplementation::OStreamWriter< OStream > Struct Template Reference

Inheritance diagram for xmem::config::third_party::PrintUsageImplementation::OStreamWriter< OStream >:



Public Member Functions

- virtual void operator() (const char *str, int size)
 Writes the given number of chars beginning at the given pointer somewhere.
- OStreamWriter (OStream &o)

Public Attributes

OStream & ostream

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

src/include/optionparser.h

5.17 xmem::config::third_party::Parser Class Reference

Checks argument vectors for validity and parses them into data structures that are easier to work with.

```
#include <optionparser.h>
```

Classes

- struct Action
- class StoreOptionAction

Public Member Functions

• Parser ()

Creates a new Parser.

• Parser (bool gnu, const Descriptor usage[], int argc, const char **argv, Option options[], Option buffer[], int min_abbr_len=0, bool single_minus_longopt=false, int bufmax=-1)

Creates a new Parser and immediately parses the given argument vector.

Parser (bool gnu, const Descriptor usage[], int argc, char **argv, Option options[], Option buffer[], int min_abbr_len=0, bool single_minus_longopt=false, int bufmax=-1)

Parser(...) with non-const argv.

Parser (const Descriptor usage[], int argc, const char **argv, Option options[], Option buffer[], int min_abbr_len=0, bool single_minus_longopt=false, int bufmax=-1)

POSIX Parser(...) (gnu==false).

• Parser (const Descriptor usage[], int argc, char **argv, Option options[], Option buffer[], int min_abbr_len=0, bool single_minus_longopt=false, int bufmax=-1)

POSIX Parser(...) (gnu==false) with non-const argv.

void parse (bool gnu, const Descriptor usage[], int argc, const char **argv, Option options[], Option buffer[], int min_abbr_len=0, bool single_minus_longopt=false, int bufmax=-1)

Parses the given argument vector.

• void parse (bool gnu, const Descriptor usage[], int argc, char **argv, Option options[], Option buffer[], int min_abbr_len=0, bool single_minus_longopt=false, int bufmax=-1)

parse() with non-const argv.

void parse (const Descriptor usage[], int argc, const char **argv, Option options[], Option buffer[], int min_-abbr_len=0, bool single_minus_longopt=false, int bufmax=-1)

POSIX parse() (gnu==false).

• void parse (const Descriptor usage[], int argc, char **argv, Option options[], Option buffer[], int min_abbr_-len=0, bool single_minus_longopt=false, int bufmax=-1)

POSIX parse() (gnu==false) with non-const argv.

• int optionsCount ()

Returns the number of valid Option objects in buffer[].

int nonOptionsCount ()

Returns the number of non-option arguments that remained at the end of the most recent parse() that actually encountered non-option arguments.

const char ** nonOptions ()

Returns a pointer to an array of non-option arguments (only valid if nonOptionsCount() > 0).

• const char * nonOption (int i)

Returns nonOptions () [i] (without checking if i is in range!).

• bool error ()

Returns true if an unrecoverable error occurred while parsing options.

Friends

• struct Stats

5.17.1 Detailed Description

Checks argument vectors for validity and parses them into data structures that are easier to work with.

Example:

```
int main(int argc, char* argv[])
{
  argc-=(argc>0); argv+=(argc>0); // skip program name argv[0] if present
  option::Stats stats(usage, argc, argv);
```

```
option::Option options[stats.options_max], buffer[stats.buffer_max];
option::Parser parse(usage, argc, argv, options, buffer);
if (parse.error())
  return 1;
if (options[HELP])
```

5.17.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.17.2.1 xmem::config::third_party::Parser::Parser (bool gnu, const Descriptor usage[], int argc, const char ** argv, Option options[], Option buffer[], int $min_abbr_len = 0$, bool $single_minus_longopt = false$, int bufmax = -1) [inline]

Creates a new Parser and immediately parses the given argument vector.

Parameters

gnu	if true, parse() will not stop at the first non-option argument. Instead it will reorder arguments so that all non-options are at the end. This is the default behaviour of GNU getopt() but is not conforming to POSIX.
	Note, that once the argument vector has been reordered, the gnu flag will have no further
	effect on this argument vector. So it is enough to pass gnu==true when creating Stats.
usage	Array of Descriptor objects that describe the options to support. The last entry of this array
	must have 0 in all fields.
argc	The number of elements from argv that are to be parsed. If you pass -1, the number will be
	determined automatically. In that case the argv list must end with a NULL pointer.
argv	The arguments to be parsed. If you pass -1 as argc the last pointer in the argv list must
	be NULL to mark the end.
options	Each entry is the first element of a linked list of Options. Each new option that is parsed will
	be appended to the list specified by that Option's Descriptor::index. If an entry is not yet used
	(i.e. the Option is invalid), it will be replaced rather than appended to.
	The minimum length of this array is the greatest Descriptor::index value that occurs in usage
	PLUS ONE.
buffer	Each argument that is successfully parsed (including unknown arguments, if they have a De-
	scriptor whose CheckArg does not return ARG_ILLEGAL) will be stored in this array. parse()
	scans the array for the first invalid entry and begins writing at that index. You can pass
min abbr lan	bufmax to limit the number of options stored.
min_abbr_len	Passing a value min_abbr_len > 0 enables abbreviated long options. The parser will match a prefix of a long option as if it was the full long option (e.gfoob=10 will be
	interpreted as if it was -foobar=10), as long as the prefix has at least min_abbr_len
	characters (not counting the –) and is unambiguous.
	Be careful if combining min_abbr_len=1 with single_minus_longopt=true be-
	cause the ambiguity check does not consider short options and abbreviated single minus
	long options will take precedence over short options.
single_minus	Passing true for this option allows long options to begin with a single minus. The double
longopt	minus form will still be recognized. Note that single minus long options take precedence over
	short options and short option groups. E.gfile would be interpreted as -file and not
	as -f -i -l -e (assuming a long option named "file" exists).
bufmax	The greatest index in the buffer[] array that parse() will write to is bufmax-1. If there
	are more options, they will be processed (in particular their CheckArg will be called) but not
	stored.
	If you used Stats::buffer_max to dimension this array, you can pass -1 (or not pass bufmax
	at all) which tells parse() that the buffer is "large enough".

Attention

Remember that options and buffer store Option objects, not pointers. Therefore it is not possible for the same object to be in both arrays. For those options that are found in both buffer[] and options[] the respective objects are independent copies. And only the objects in options[] are properly linked via Option::next() and Option::prev(). You can iterate over buffer[] to process all options in the order they appear in the argument vector, but if you want access to the other Options with the same Descriptor::index, then you must access the linked list via options[]. You can get the linked list in options from a buffer object via something like options[buffer[i].index()].

5.17.3 Member Function Documentation

```
5.17.3.1 bool xmem::config::third_party::Parser::error() [inline]
```

Returns true if an unrecoverable error occurred while parsing options.

An illegal argument to an option (i.e. CheckArg returns ARG_ILLEGAL) is an unrecoverable error that aborts the parse. Unknown options are only an error if their CheckArg function returns ARG_ILLEGAL. Otherwise they are collected. In that case if you want to exit the program if either an illegal argument or an unknown option has been passed, use code like this

```
if (parser.error() || options[UNKNOWN])
  exit(1);
```

```
5.17.3.2 const char** xmem::config::third_party::Parser::nonOptions() [inline]
```

Returns a pointer to an array of non-option arguments (only valid if nonOptionsCount () >0).

Note

- parse() does not copy arguments, so this pointer points into the actual argument vector as passed to parse().
- As explained at nonOptionsCount() this pointer is only changed by parse() calls that actually encounter non-option arguments. A parse() call that encounters only options, will not change nonOptions().

```
5.17.3.3 int xmem::config::third_party::Parser::nonOptionsCount() [inline]
```

Returns the number of non-option arguments that remained at the end of the most recent parse() that actually encountered non-option arguments.

Note

A parse() that does not encounter non-option arguments will leave this value as well as nonOptions() undisturbed. This means you can feed the Parser a default argument vector that contains non-option arguments (e.g. a default filename). Then you feed it the actual arguments from the user. If the user has supplied at least one non-option argument, all of the non-option arguments from the default disappear and are replaced by the user's non-option arguments. However, if the user does not supply any non-option arguments the defaults will still be in effect.

```
5.17.3.4 int xmem::config::third_party::Parser::optionsCount() [inline]
```

Returns the number of valid Option objects in buffer[].

Note

- The returned value always reflects the number of Options in the buffer[] array used for the most recent call to parse().
- The count (and the buffer[]) includes unknown options if they are collected (see Descriptor::longopt).

5.17.3.5 void xmem::config::third_party::Parser::parse (bool gnu, const Descriptor usage[], int argc, const char ** argv,

Option options[], Option buffer[], int min_abbr_len = 0, bool single_minus_longopt = false, int bufmax = -1)

[inline]

Parses the given argument vector.

Parameters

gnu	if true, parse() will not stop at the first non-option argument. Instead it will reorder arguments
	so that all non-options are at the end. This is the default behaviour of GNU getopt() but is not
	conforming to POSIX.
	Note, that once the argument vector has been reordered, the gnu flag will have no further
	effect on this argument vector. So it is enough to pass gnu==true when creating Stats.
usage	Array of Descriptor objects that describe the options to support. The last entry of this array
	must have 0 in all fields.
argc	The number of elements from argv that are to be parsed. If you pass -1, the number will be
	determined automatically. In that case the <code>argv</code> list must end with a NULL pointer.
argv	The arguments to be parsed. If you pass -1 as argc the last pointer in the argv list must
	be NULL to mark the end.
options	Each entry is the first element of a linked list of Options. Each new option that is parsed will
	be appended to the list specified by that Option's Descriptor::index. If an entry is not yet used
	(i.e. the Option is invalid), it will be replaced rather than appended to.
	The minimum length of this array is the greatest Descriptor::index value that occurs in usage
	PLUS ONE.
buffer	Each argument that is successfully parsed (including unknown arguments, if they have a De-
	scriptor whose CheckArg does not return ARG_ILLEGAL) will be stored in this array. parse()
	scans the array for the first invalid entry and begins writing at that index. You can pass
	bufmax to limit the number of options stored.
min_abbr_len	Passing a value min_abbr_len > 0 enables abbreviated long options. The parser
	will match a prefix of a long option as if it was the full long option (e.gfoob=10 will be
	interpreted as if it was -foobar=10), as long as the prefix has at least min_abbr_len
	characters (not counting the –) and is unambiguous.
	Be careful if combining min_abbr_len=1 with single_minus_longopt=true be-
	cause the ambiguity check does not consider short options and abbreviated single minus
ainada minus	long options will take precedence over short options.
single_minus	Passing true for this option allows long options to begin with a single minus. The double
longopt	minus form will still be recognized. Note that single minus long options take precedence over
	short options and short option groups. E.g. $-file$ would be interpreted as $-file$ and not as $-f$ $-i$ $-l$ $-e$ (assuming a long option named "file" exists).
bufmax	The greatest index in the buffer[] array that parse() will write to is bufmax-1. If there
Duilliax	are more options, they will be processed (in particular their CheckArg will be called) but not
	stored.
	If you used Stats::buffer max to dimension this array, you can pass -1 (or not pass bufmax
	at all) which tells parse() that the buffer is "large enough".
	at any which tells parsety that the buller is large enough.

Attention

Remember that options and buffer store Option objects, not pointers. Therefore it is not possible for the same object to be in both arrays. For those options that are found in both buffer[] and options[] the respective objects are independent copies. And only the objects in options[] are properly linked via Option::next() and Option::prev(). You can iterate over buffer[] to process all options in the order they appear in the argument vector, but if you want access to the other Options with the same Descriptor::index, then you must

access the linked list via options[]. You can get the linked list in options from a buffer object via something like options[buffer[i].index()].

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

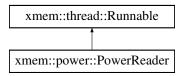
· src/include/optionparser.h

5.18 xmem::power::PowerReader Class Reference

An abstract base class for measuring power from an arbitrary source. This class is runnable using a worker thread.

```
#include <PowerReader.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for xmem::power::PowerReader:



Public Member Functions

PowerReader (double sampling_period, double power_units, std::string name, int32_t cpu_affinity)

Constructor.

∼PowerReader ()

Destructor.

virtual void run ()=0

Starts measuring power at the rate implied by the sampling_period passed in the constructor. Call stop() to indicate to stop measuring.

• bool stop ()

Signals to stop measuring power. This is a non-blocking call and return does not indicate the measurement has actually stopped.

• bool calculateMetrics ()

Calculates the relevant metrics.

· bool clear ()

Clears the stored power data.

• bool clear_and_reset ()

Clears the stored power data and resets state so that a new thread can be used with this object.

• std::vector< double > getPowerTrace ()

Gets the power trace.

• double getAveragePower ()

Gets the average power.

double getPeakPower ()

Gets the peak power.

• double getLastSample ()

Gets the last sample.

double getSamplingPeriod ()

Gets the sampling period.

double getPowerUnits ()

Gets the units of samples in watts.

• size_t getNumSamples ()

Gets the number of samples collected.

• std::string name ()

Gets the name of this object.

Protected Attributes

- · bool _stop_signal
- double _power_units
- std::string _name
- · int32_t _cpu_affinity
- std::vector< double > _power_trace
- double _average_power
- double _peak_power
- size_t _num_samples
- double _sampling_period

Additional Inherited Members

5.18.1 Detailed Description

An abstract base class for measuring power from an arbitrary source. This class is runnable using a worker thread.

5.18.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.18.2.1 PowerReader::PowerReader (double sampling_period, double power_units, std::string name, int32_t cpu_affinity)

Constructor.

Parameters

sampling_period	The time between power samples in seconds.
power_units	The power units for each sample in watts.
name	The human-friendly name of this object.
cpu_affinity	The logical CPU to be used by the thread calling this object's run() method. If negative, any
	CPU is OK (no affinity).

5.18.3 Member Function Documentation

5.18.3.1 bool PowerReader::calculateMetrics ()

Calculates the relevant metrics.

Returns

True on success.

5.18.3.2 bool PowerReader::clear ()

Clears the stored power data.

Returns

True on success.

```
5.18.3.3 bool PowerReader::clear_and_reset ( )
Clears the stored power data and resets state so that a new thread can be used with this object.
Returns
      True on success.
5.18.3.4 double PowerReader::getAveragePower ( )
Gets the average power.
Returns
      The average power from the measurements. If no data was collected, returns 0.
5.18.3.5 double PowerReader::getLastSample ( )
Gets the last sample.
Returns
      The last power sample measured.
5.18.3.6 size_t PowerReader::getNumSamples ( )
Gets the number of samples collected.
Returns
      Number of samples collected.
5.18.3.7 double PowerReader::getPeakPower ( )
Gets the peak power.
Returns
      The peak power sample from the measurements. If no data was collected, returns 0.
5.18.3.8 std::vector < double > PowerReader::getPowerTrace ( )
Gets the power trace.
Returns
      The measured power trace in a vector. If no data was collected, the vector will be empty.
5.18.3.9 double PowerReader::getPowerUnits ( )
Gets the units of samples in watts.
Returns
```

then this returns 1e-3.

The power units for each measurement sample in watts. For example, if each measurement is in milliwatts,

```
5.18.3.10 double PowerReader::getSamplingPeriod ( )
Gets the sampling period.
Returns
     The sampling period of the measurements in seconds.
5.18.3.11 std::string PowerReader::name ( )
Gets the name of this object.
Returns
     The human-friendly name of this PowerReader.
5.18.3.12 bool PowerReader::stop ( )
Signals to stop measuring power. This is a non-blocking call and return does not indicate the measurement has
actually stopped.
Returns
     True if it successfully signaled a stop.
5.18.4 Member Data Documentation
5.18.4.1 double xmem::power::PowerReader::_average_power [protected]
The average power.
5.18.4.2 int32_t xmem::power::PowerReader::_cpu_affinity [protected]
CPU affinity for any thread using this object's run() method. If negative, no affinity preference.
5.18.4.3 std::string xmem::power::PowerReader::_name [protected]
Name of this object.
5.18.4.4 size_t xmem::power::PowerReader::_num_samples [protected]
The number of samples collected.
5.18.4.5 double xmem::power::PowerReader::_peak_power [protected]
The peak power observed.
5.18.4.6 std::vector<double> xmem::power::PowerReader::_power_trace [protected]
```

The time-ordered list of power samples. The first index is the oldest measurement.

5.18.4.7 double xmem::power::PowerReader::_power_units [protected]

Power units in watts.

5.18.4.8 double xmem::power::PowerReader::_sampling_period [protected]

Power sampling period in seconds.

5.18.4.9 bool xmem::power::PowerReader::_stop_signal [protected]

When true, the run() function should finish after the current sample iteration it is working on.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/include/PowerReader.h
- src/PowerReader.cpp

5.19 xmem::config::third_party::PrintUsageImplementation Struct Reference

Classes

- struct FunctionWriter
- struct IStringWriter
- · class LinePartIterator
- · class LineWrapper
- struct OStreamWriter
- struct StreamWriter
- struct SyscallWriter
- struct TemporaryWriter

Static Public Member Functions

- static void upmax (int &i1, int i2)
- static void indent (IStringWriter &write, int &x, int want_x)
- static bool isWideChar (unsigned ch)

Returns true if ch is the unicode code point of a wide character.

• static void **printUsage** (IStringWriter &write, const Descriptor usage[], int width=80, int last_column_min_percent=50, int last_column_own_line_max_percent=75)

5.19.1 Member Function Documentation

5.19.1.1 static bool xmem::config::third_party::PrintUsageImplementation::isWideChar (unsigned *ch*) [inline], [static]

Returns true if ch is the unicode code point of a wide character.

Note

The following character ranges are treated as wide

```
1100..115F

2329..232A (just 2 characters!)

2E80..A4C6 except for 303F

A960..A97C

AC00..D7FB

F900..FAFF

FE10..FE6B

FF01..FF66

FFE0..FF66

1B000.....
```

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

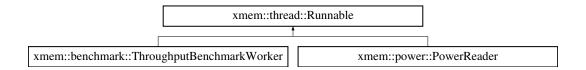
• src/include/optionparser.h

5.20 xmem::thread::Runnable Class Reference

A base class for any object that implements a thread-safe run() function for use by Thread objects.

```
#include <Runnable.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for xmem::thread::Runnable:



Public Member Functions

• Runnable ()

Constructor.

∼Runnable ()

Destructor.

virtual void run ()=0

Does some "work". Pure virtual method that any derived class must implement in a thread-safe manner.

Protected Member Functions

• bool _acquireLock (int32_t timeout)

Acquires the object lock to access all object state in thread-safe manner.

• bool _releaseLock ()

Releases the object lock to access all object state in thread-safe manner.

5.20.1 Detailed Description

A base class for any object that implements a thread-safe run() function for use by Thread objects.

5.20.2 Member Function Documentation

5.20.2.1 bool Runnable::_acquireLock(int32_t timeout) [protected]

Acquires the object lock to access all object state in thread-safe manner.

Parameters

timeout	timeout in milliseconds to acquire the lock. If 0, does not wait at all. If negative, waits indefi-
	nitely.

Returns

true on success. If not successful, the lock was not acquired, possibly due to a timeout, or the lock might already be held.

```
5.20.2.2 bool Runnable::_releaseLock( ) [protected]
```

Releases the object lock to access all object state in thread-safe manner.

Returns

true on success. If not successful, the lock is either still held or the call was illegal (e.g., releasing a lock that was never acquired).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/include/Runnable.h
- src/Runnable.cpp

5.21 xmem::config::third_party::Stats Struct Reference

Determines the minimum lengths of the buffer and options arrays used for Parser.

```
#include <optionparser.h>
```

Classes

· class CountOptionsAction

Public Member Functions

· Stats ()

Creates a Stats object with counts set to 1 (for the sentinel element).

 Stats (bool gnu, const Descriptor usage[], int argc, const char **argv, int min_abbr_len=0, bool single_minus_ longopt=false)

Creates a new Stats object and immediately updates it for the given usage and argument vector. You may pass 0 for argc and/or argv, if you just want to update options_max.

Stats (bool gnu, const Descriptor usage[], int argc, char **argv, int min_abbr_len=0, bool single_minus_longopt=false)

Stats(...) with non-const argv.

• Stats (const Descriptor usage[], int argc, const char **argv, int min_abbr_len=0, bool single_minus_longopt=false)

POSIX Stats(...) (gnu==false).

- Stats (const Descriptor usage[], int argc, char **argv, int min_abbr_len=0, bool single_minus_longopt=false)

 POSIX Stats(...) (gnu==false) with non-const argv.
- void add (bool gnu, const Descriptor usage[], int argc, const char **argv, int min_abbr_len=0, bool single_-minus_longopt=false)

Updates this Stats object for the given usage and argument vector. You may pass 0 for argc and/or argv, if you just want to update options_max.

void add (bool gnu, const Descriptor usage[], int argc, char **argv, int min_abbr_len=0, bool single_minus_longopt=false)

add() with non-const argv.

void add (const Descriptor usage[], int argc, const char **argv, int min_abbr_len=0, bool single_minus_longopt=false)

POSIX add() (gnu==false).

• void add (const Descriptor usage[], int argc, char **argv, int min_abbr_len=0, bool single_minus_longopt=false)

POSIX add() (gnu==false) with non-const argv.

Public Attributes

unsigned buffer max

Number of elements needed for a buffer[] array to be used for parsing the same argument vectors that were fed into this Stats object.

· unsigned options max

Number of elements needed for an options[] array to be used for parsing the same argument vectors that were fed into this Stats object.

5.21.1 Detailed Description

Determines the minimum lengths of the buffer and options arrays used for Parser.

Because Parser doesn't use dynamic memory its output arrays have to be pre-allocated. If you don't want to use fixed size arrays (which may turn out too small, causing command line arguments to be dropped), you can use Stats to determine the correct sizes. Stats work cumulative. You can first pass in your default options and then the real options and afterwards the counts will reflect the union.

5.21.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.21.2.1 xmem::config::third_party::Stats::Stats (bool gnu, const Descriptor usage[], int argc, const char ** argv, int min_abbr_len = 0, bool single minus_longopt = false) [inline]

Creates a new Stats object and immediately updates it for the given usage and argument vector. You may pass 0 for argc and/or argv, if you just want to update options max.

Note

The calls to Stats methods must match the later calls to Parser methods. See Parser::parse() for the meaning of the arguments.

5.21.3 Member Function Documentation

5.21.3.1 void xmem::config::third_party::Stats::add (bool *gnu*, const Descriptor *usage[]*, int *argc*, const char ** *argv*, int *min_abbr_len* = 0, bool *single_minus_longopt* = false) [inline]

Updates this Stats object for the given usage and argument vector. You may pass 0 for argc and/or argv, if you just want to update options max.

Note

The calls to Stats methods must match the later calls to Parser methods. See Parser::parse() for the meaning of the arguments.

5.21.4 Member Data Documentation

5.21.4.1 unsigned xmem::config::third_party::Stats::buffer_max

Number of elements needed for a buffer[] array to be used for parsing the same argument vectors that were fed into this Stats object.

Note

This number is always 1 greater than the actual number needed, to give you a sentinel element.

5.21.4.2 unsigned xmem::config::third_party::Stats::options_max

Number of elements needed for an <code>options[]</code> array to be used for parsing the same argument vectors that were fed into this Stats object.

Note

- This number is always 1 greater than the actual number needed, to give you a sentinel element.
- This number depends only on the usage, not the argument vectors, because the options array needs exactly one slot for each possible Descriptor::index.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· src/include/optionparser.h

5.22 xmem::config::third_party::Parser::StoreOptionAction Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for xmem::config::third_party::Parser::StoreOptionAction:

```
xmem::config::third_party::Parser::Action

tmem::config::third_party::Parser::StoreOptionAction
```

Public Member Functions

- StoreOptionAction (Parser &parser_, Option options_[], Option buffer_[], int bufmax_)

 Number of slots in buffer. -1 means "large enough".
- bool perform (Option &option)

Called by Parser::workhorse() for each Option that has been successfully parsed (including unknown options if they have a Descriptor whose Descriptor::check_arg does not return ARG_ILLEGAL.

• bool finished (int numargs, const char **args)

Called by Parser::workhorse() after finishing the parse.

5.22.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.22.1.1 xmem::config::third_party::Parser::StoreOptionAction::StoreOptionAction (Parser & parser_, Option options_[], Option buffer_[], int bufmax_) [inline]

Number of slots in buffer. -1 means "large enough".

Creates a new StoreOption action.

Parameters

parser_	the parser whose op_count should be updated.
options_	each Option o is chained into the linked list options_[o.desc->index]
buffer_	each Option is appended to this array as long as there's a free slot.
bufmax_	number of slots in buffer1 means "large enough".

5.22.2 Member Function Documentation

5.22.2.1 bool xmem::config::third_party::Parser::StoreOptionAction::finished (int *numargs*, const char ** args) [inline], [virtual]

Called by Parser::workhorse() after finishing the parse.

Parameters

numargs	the number of non-option arguments remaining
args	pointer to the first remaining non-option argument (if numargs $>$ 0).

Returns

false iff a fatal error has occurred.

Reimplemented from xmem::config::third_party::Parser::Action.

5.22.2.2 bool xmem::config::third_party::Parser::StoreOptionAction::perform(Option &) [inline], [virtual]

Called by Parser::workhorse() for each Option that has been successfully parsed (including unknown options if they have a Descriptor whose Descriptor::check_arg does not return ARG_ILLEGAL.

Returns false iff a fatal error has occured and the parse should be aborted.

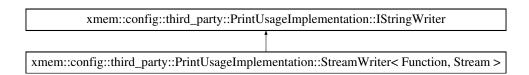
Reimplemented from xmem::config::third_party::Parser::Action.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• src/include/optionparser.h

5.23 xmem::config::third_party::PrintUsageImplementation::StreamWriter< Function, Stream > Struct Template Reference

Inheritance diagram for xmem::config::third_party::PrintUsageImplementation::StreamWriter< Function, Stream >:



Public Member Functions

- virtual void operator() (const char *str, int size)
 Writes the given number of chars beginning at the given pointer somewhere.
- StreamWriter (Function *w, Stream *s)

Public Attributes

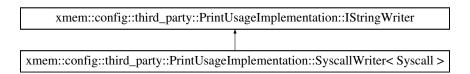
- Function * fwrite
- Stream * stream

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· src/include/optionparser.h

5.24 xmem::config::third_party::PrintUsageImplementation::SyscallWriter< Syscall > Struct Template Reference

Inheritance diagram for xmem::config::third_party::PrintUsageImplementation::SyscallWriter< Syscall >:



Public Member Functions

- virtual void operator() (const char *str, int size)
 Writes the given number of chars beginning at the given pointer somewhere.
- SyscallWriter (Syscall *w, int f)

Public Attributes

- · Syscall * write
- int **fd**

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• src/include/optionparser.h

5.25 xmem::config::third_party::PrintUsageImplementation::TemporaryWriter< Temporary > Struct Template Reference

 $Inheritance\ diagram\ for\ xmem::config::third_party::PrintUsageImplementation::TemporaryWriter< Temporary>:$

```
xmem::config::third_party::PrintUsageImplementation::IStringWriter

| xmem::config::third_party::PrintUsageImplementation::TemporaryWriter< Temporary >
```

Public Member Functions

- virtual void operator() (const char *str, int size)
 Writes the given number of chars beginning at the given pointer somewhere.
- TemporaryWriter (const Temporary &u)

Public Attributes

· const Temporary & userstream

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· src/include/optionparser.h

5.26 xmem::thread::Thread Class Reference

a nice wrapped thread interface independent of particular OS API

```
#include <Thread.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- Thread (Runnable *target)
- ∼Thread ()
- bool create_and_start ()
- bool join ()
- bool cancel ()
- int32_t getExitCode ()
- bool started ()
- bool completed ()
- bool validTarget ()
- · bool created ()
- bool isThreadSuspended ()
- bool isThreadRunning ()
- Runnable * getTarget ()

5.26.1 Detailed Description

a nice wrapped thread interface independent of particular OS API

5.26.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

```
5.26.2.1 Thread::Thread ( Runnable * target )
```

Constructor. Does not actually create the real thread or run it.

Parameters

target The target object to do some work with in a new thread.

5.26.2.2 Thread:: \sim Thread ()

Destructor. Immediately cancels the thread if it exists. This can be unsafe!

5.26.3 Member Function Documentation

```
5.26.3.1 bool Thread::cancel ( )
```

Cancels the worker thread immediately. This should only be done in emergencies, as it is effectively killed and undefined behavior might occur.

Returns

true if the worker thread was successfully killed.

```
5.26.3.2 bool Thread::completed ( )
```

Returns

true if the thread completed, regardless of the manner in which it terminated. Returns false if it has not been started.

```
5.26.3.3 bool Thread::create_and_start()
```

Creates and starts the thread immediately if the target Runnable is valid. This invokes the run() method in the Runnable target that was passed in the constructor.

Returns

true if the thread was successfully created and started.

```
5.26.3.4 bool Thread::created ( )
```

Returns

true if the thread has been created successfully.

```
5.26.3.5 int32_t Thread::getExitCode ( )
```

Returns

the exit code of the worker thread if it completed. If it did not complete or has not started, returns 0.

```
5.26.3.6 Runnable * Thread::getTarget ( )
```

Returns

a pointer to the target Runnable object

5.26.3.7 bool Thread::isThreadRunning ()

Returns

true if the thread is running. Returns false if the thread has not been created.

5.26.3.8 bool Thread::isThreadSuspended ()

Returns

true if the thread is suspended. Returns false if the thread has not been created.

```
5.26.3.9 bool Thread::join ( )
```

Blocks the calling thread until the worker thread managed by this object terminates. For simplicity, this does not support a timeout due to pthreads incompatibility with the Windows threading API. If the worker thread has already terminated, returns immediately. If the worker has not yet started, returns immediately.

Returns

true if the worker thread terminated successfully, false otherwise.

```
5.26.3.10 bool Thread::started ( )
```

Returns

true if the thread has been started, regardless if has completed or not.

```
5.26.3.11 bool Thread::validTarget ( )
```

Returns

true if the Runnable target is valid.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

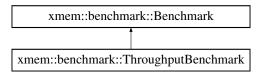
- src/include/Thread.h
- src/Thread.cpp

5.27 xmem::benchmark::ThroughputBenchmark Class Reference

A type of benchmark that measures memory throughput either via sequential, strided sequential, or random access patterns.

```
#include <ThroughputBenchmark.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for xmem::benchmark::ThroughputBenchmark:



Public Types

typedef int32_t(* ThroughputBenchFunction)(void *, void *)

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Public Member Functions

ThroughputBenchmark (void *mem_array, size_t len, uint32_t iterations, xmem::common::chunk_size_t chunk_size, uint32_t cpu_node, uint32_t mem_node, uint32_t num_worker_threads, std::string name, xmem::timers::Timer *timer, std::vector< xmem::power::PowerReader * > dram_power_readers, int64_t stride_size, xmem::common::pattern_mode_t pattern_mode, xmem::common::rw_mode_t rw_mode)

Constructor.

virtual ~ThroughputBenchmark ()

Destructor.

• virtual bool run ()

Runs the benchmark.

virtual void report_benchmark_info ()

Reports benchmark configuration details to the console.

virtual void report_results ()

Reports results to the console.

int64_t getStrideSize ()

Gets the stride size for this benchmark.

• xmem::common::pattern_mode_t getPatternMode ()

Gets the pattern mode for this benchmark.

xmem::common::rw_mode_t getRWMode ()

Gets the read/write mode for this benchmark.

Additional Inherited Members

5.27.1 Detailed Description

A type of benchmark that measures memory throughput either via sequential, strided sequential, or random access patterns.

5.27.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.27.2.1 ThroughputBenchmark::ThroughputBenchmark (void * mem_array, size_t len, uint32_t iterations, xmem::common::chunk_size_t chunk_size, uint32_t cpu_node, uint32_t mem_node, uint32_t num_worker_threads, std::string name, xmem::timers::Timer * timer, std::vector < xmem::power::PowerReader * > dram_power_readers, int64_t stride_size, xmem::common::pattern_mode_t pattern_mode, xmem::common::rw_mode_t rw_mode)

Constructor.

Parameters

mem_array	a pointer to a contiguous chunk of memory that has been allocated for benchmarking among
	the worker threads. This should be aligned to a 256-bit boundary and should be the working
	set size times number of threads large.
len	Length of the raw_mem_array in bytes. This should be a multiple of 4 KB pages.
iterations	Number of iterations (passes) to do of the complete benchmark.
chunk_size	encoded size of an individual memory access.
cpu_node	the logical CPU NUMA node to use in the benchmark
mem_node	the logical memory NUMA node used in the benchmark

num_worker	number of worker threads to use in the benchmark
threads	
name	name of the benchmark to use when reporting
timer	pointer to an existing Timer object
dram_power	vector of pointers to PowerReader objects for measuring DRAM power
readers	
stride_size	For sequential access patterns, the stride counted in chunks. Negative values mean reverse
	access pattern. A stride of 1 is purely sequential.
pattern_mode	Indicates sequential or random access.
rw_mode	Indicates reads or writes. TODO: allow for a mixture

5.27.3 Member Function Documentation

5.27.3.1 pattern_mode_t ThroughputBenchmark::getPatternMode ()

Gets the pattern mode for this benchmark.

Returns

The pattern mode enumerator.

5.27.3.2 rw_mode_t ThroughputBenchmark::getRWMode ()

Gets the read/write mode for this benchmark.

Returns

The read/write mix mode.

5.27.3.3 int64_t ThroughputBenchmark::getStrideSize ()

Gets the stride size for this benchmark.

Returns

The stride size in chunks.

5.27.3.4 bool ThroughputBenchmark::run() [virtual]

Runs the benchmark.

Returns

true on success

Implements xmem::benchmark::Benchmark.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- $\bullet \ src/include/ThroughputBenchmark.h$
- src/ThroughputBenchmark.cpp

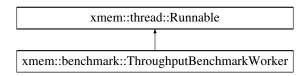
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5.28 xmem::benchmark::ThroughputBenchmarkWorker Class Reference

Helper multithreading-friendly class to do the core throughput benchmark.

#include <ThroughputBenchmarkWorker.h>

Inheritance diagram for xmem::benchmark::ThroughputBenchmarkWorker:



Public Types

typedef int32_t(* BenchFunction)(void *, void *)

Public Member Functions

• ThroughputBenchmarkWorker (void *mem_array, size_t len, BenchFunction bench_fptr, BenchFunction dummy_fptr, uint32_t cpu_affinity)

Constructor.

• virtual ~ThroughputBenchmarkWorker ()

Destructor.

· virtual void run ()

Thread-safe worker method.

• size_t getLen ()

Gets the length of the memory region used by this worker.

• uint64_t getBytesPerPass ()

Gets the number of bytes used in each pass of the benchmark by this worker.

uint64_t getPasses ()

Gets the number of passes for this worker.

uint64_t getElapsedTicks ()

Gets the elapsed ticks for this worker on the core benchmark kernel.

• uint64_t getElapsedDummyTicks ()

Gets the elapsed ticks for this worker on the dummy version of the core benchmark kernel.

• uint64_t getAdjustedTicks ()

Gets the adjusted ticks for this worker. This is elapsed ticks minus elapsed dummy ticks.

• bool hadWarning ()

Indicates whether worker's results may be questionable/inaccurate/invalid.

Additional Inherited Members

5.28.1 Detailed Description

Helper multithreading-friendly class to do the core throughput benchmark.

- 5.28.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation
- 5.28.2.1 ThroughputBenchmarkWorker::ThroughputBenchmarkWorker (void * mem_array, size_t len, BenchFunction bench_fptr, BenchFunction dummy_fptr, uint32_t cpu_affinity)

Constructor.

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Parameters

mem_array	Pointer to the memory region to use by this worker.
len	Length of the memory region to use by this worker.
bench_fptr	Pointer to the core benchmark kernel to use.
dummy_fptr	Pointer to the dummy version of the core benchmark kernel to use.
cpu_affinity	Logical CPU identifier to lock this worker's thread to.

5.28.3 Member Function Documentation

```
5.28.3.1 uint64_t ThroughputBenchmarkWorker::getAdjustedTicks ( )
```

Gets the adjusted ticks for this worker. This is elapsed ticks minus elapsed dummy ticks.

Returns

The adjusted ticks for this worker.

```
5.28.3.2 uint64_t ThroughputBenchmarkWorker::getBytesPerPass ( )
```

Gets the number of bytes used in each pass of the benchmark by this worker.

Returns

Number of bytes in each pass.

5.28.3.3 uint64_t ThroughputBenchmarkWorker::getElapsedDummyTicks ()

Gets the elapsed ticks for this worker on the dummy version of the core benchmark kernel.

Returns

The number of elapsed dummy ticks.

5.28.3.4 uint64_t ThroughputBenchmarkWorker::getElapsedTicks ()

Gets the elapsed ticks for this worker on the core benchmark kernel.

Returns

The number of elapsed ticks.

5.28.3.5 size_t ThroughputBenchmarkWorker::getLen ()

Gets the length of the memory region used by this worker.

Returns

Length of memory region in bytes.

```
5.28.3.6 uint64_t ThroughputBenchmarkWorker::getPasses ( )
```

Gets the number of passes for this worker.

Returns

The number of passes.

```
5.28.3.7 bool ThroughputBenchmarkWorker::hadWarning ( )
```

Indicates whether worker's results may be questionable/inaccurate/invalid.

Returns

True if the worker's results had a warning.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/include/ThroughputBenchmarkWorker.h
- src/ThroughputBenchmarkWorker.cpp

5.29 xmem::timers::Timer Class Reference

This class abstracts a simple high resolution stopwatch timer. WARNING: these objects are NOT thread safe.

```
#include <Timer.h>
```

Public Member Functions

• Timer ()

Constructor. This may take a noticeable amount of time.

• virtual void start ()=0

Starts the timer.

• virtual uint64_t stop ()=0

Stops the timer.

• double stop_in_ns ()

Stops the timer.

• uint64_t get_ticks_per_sec ()

Gets ticks per second for this timer.

double get_ns_per_tick ()

Gets nanoseconds per tick for this timer.

Protected Attributes

- uint64_t _ticks_per_sec
- double ns per tick

5.29.1 Detailed Description

This class abstracts a simple high resolution stopwatch timer. WARNING: these objects are NOT thread safe.

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```
5.29.2 Member Function Documentation
5.29.2.1 double Timer::get_ns_per_tick ( )
Gets nanoseconds per tick for this timer.
Returns
     the number of nanoseconds per tick
5.29.2.2 uint64_t Timer::get_ticks_per_sec ( )
Gets ticks per second for this timer.
Returns
     The reported number of ticks per second.
5.29.2.3 virtual uint64_t xmem::timers::Timer::stop( ) [pure virtual]
Stops the timer.
Returns
     Elapsed time since last start() call in ticks.
5.29.2.4 double Timer::stop_in_ns ( )
Stops the timer.
Returns
     Elapsed time since last start() call in nanoseconds.
5.29.3 Member Data Documentation
5.29.3.1 double xmem::timers::Timer::_ns_per_tick [protected]
Nanoseconds per tick for this timer.
```

5.29.3.2 uint64_t xmem::timers::Timer::_ticks_per_sec [protected]

Ticks per second for this timer.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/include/Timer.h
- src/Timer.cpp

Chapter 6

File Documentation

6.1 src/Benchmark.cpp File Reference

Implementation file for the Benchmark class.

```
#include <Benchmark.h>
#include <common.h>
#include <PowerReader.h>
#include <cstdint>
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
```

6.1.1 Detailed Description

Implementation file for the Benchmark class.

6.2 src/benchmark_kernels.cpp File Reference

Implementation file for benchmark kernel functions for doing the actual work we care about. :)

```
#include <benchmark_kernels.h>
#include <common.h>
```

6.2.1 Detailed Description

Implementation file for benchmark kernel functions for doing the actual work we care about. :) Optimization tricks include:

- UNROLL macros to manual loop unrolling. This reduces the relative branch overhead of the loop. We don't
 want to benchmark loops, we want to benchmark memory! But unrolling too much can hurt code size and
 instruction locality, potentially decreasing I-cache utilization and causing extra overheads. This is why we
 allow multiple unroll lengths at compile-time.
- volatile keyword to prevent compiler from optimizing the code and removing instructions that we need. The compiler is too smart for its own good!

6.3 src/BenchmarkManager.cpp File Reference

Implementation file for the BenchmarkManager class.

```
#include <BenchmarkManager.h>
#include <common.h>
#include <Configurator.h>
#include <cstdint>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <iostream>
#include <sstream>
#include <assert.h>
```

6.3.1 Detailed Description

Implementation file for the BenchmarkManager class.

6.4 src/common.cpp File Reference

Implementation file for common preprocessor definitions, macros, functions, and global constants.

```
#include <common.h>
#include <iostream>
```

Variables

```
• bool xmem::common::g_verbose = false
```

```
• size_t xmem::common::g_page_size
```

- size_t xmem::common::g_large_page_size
- · uint32_t xmem::common::g_num_nodes
- uint32_t xmem::common::g_num_logical_cpus
- uint32_t xmem::common::g_num_physical_cpus
- uint32_t xmem::common::g_num_physical_packages
- uint32_t xmem::common::g_total_l1_caches
- uint32_t xmem::common::g_total_l2_caches
- uint32_t xmem::common::g_total_l3_caches
- uint32_t xmem::common::g_total_l4_caches
- uint32_t xmem::common::g_starting_test_index
- uint32_t xmem::common::g_test_index

6.4.1 Detailed Description

Implementation file for common preprocessor definitions, macros, functions, and global constants.

6.5 src/Configurator.cpp File Reference

Implementation file for the Configurator class and some helper data structures.

```
#include <Configurator.h>
#include <common.h>
#include <optionparser.h>
#include <MyArg.h>
#include <cstdint>
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
```

6.5.1 Detailed Description

Implementation file for the Configurator class and some helper data structures.

6.6 src/include/Benchmark.h File Reference

Header file for the Benchmark class.

```
#include <common.h>
#include <Timer.h>
#include <PowerReader.h>
#include <Thread.h>
#include <Runnable.h>
#include <cstdint>
#include <string>
#include <vector>
```

Classes

• class xmem::benchmark::Benchmark

Flexible abstract class for any memory benchmark.

6.6.1 Detailed Description

Header file for the Benchmark class.

6.7 src/include/benchmark_kernels.h File Reference

Header file for benchmark kernel functions for doing the actual work we care about. :)

```
#include <cstdint>
#include <cstddef>
```

Functions

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::dummy_chasePointers (uintptr_t *, uintptr_t **, size_t len)

Mimics the __chasePointers() method but doesn't do the memory accesses.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::chasePointers (uintptr_t *first_address, uintptr_t **last_touched_address, size_t len)

Walks over the allocated memory in random order by chasing pointers.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::dummy_empty (void *, void *)

Does nothing. Used for measuring the time it takes just to call a benchmark routine via function pointer.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::dummy_forwSequentialLoop_Word32 (void *start_- address, void *end address)

Used for measuring the time spent doing everything in forward sequential Word 32 loops except for the memory access itself

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::dummy_forwSequentialLoop_Word64 (void *start_-address, void *end address)

Used for measuring the time spent doing everything in forward sequential Word 64 loops except for the memory access itself.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::dummy_forwSequentialLoop_Word128 (void *start_-address, void *end_address)

Used for measuring the time spent doing everything in forward sequential Word 128 loops except for the memory access itself.

int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::dummy_forwSequentialLoop_Word256 (void *start_-address, void *end_address)

Used for measuring the time spent doing everything in forward sequential Word 256 loops except for the memory access itself.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::dummy_revSequentialLoop_Word32 (void *start_- address, void *end address)

Used for measuring the time spent doing everything in reverse sequential Word 32 loops except for the memory access itself

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::dummy_revSequentialLoop_Word64 (void *start_-address, void *end address)

Used for measuring the time spent doing everything in reverse sequential Word 64 loops except for the memory access itself.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::dummy_revSequentialLoop_Word128 (void *start_-address, void *end_address)

Used for measuring the time spent doing everything in reverse sequential Word 128 loops except for the memory access itself.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::dummy_revSequentialLoop_Word256 (void *start_-address, void *end_address)

Used for measuring the time spent doing everything in reverse sequential Word 256 loops except for the memory access itself.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::dummy_forwStride2Loop_Word32 (void *start_-address, void *end_address)

Used for measuring the time spent doing everything in forward 2-strided Word 32 loops except for the memory access itself.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::dummy_forwStride2Loop_Word64 (void *start_- address, void *end address)

Used for measuring the time spent doing everything in forward 2-strided Word 64 loops except for the memory access itself.

int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::dummy_forwStride2Loop_Word128 (void *start_-address, void *end address)

Used for measuring the time spent doing everything in forward 2-strided Word 128 loops except for the memory access itself

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::dummy_forwStride2Loop_Word256 (void *start_-address, void *end_address)

Used for measuring the time spent doing everything in forward 2-strided Word 256 loops except for the memory access itself.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::dummy_revStride2Loop_Word32 (void *start_-address, void *end_address)

Used for measuring the time spent doing everything in reverse 2-strided Word 32 loops except for the memory access itself.

int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::dummy_revStride2Loop_Word64 (void *start_-address, void *end address)

Used for measuring the time spent doing everything in reverse 2-strided Word 64 loops except for the memory access itself.

int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::dummy_revStride2Loop_Word128 (void *start_-address, void *end address)

Used for measuring the time spent doing everything in reverse 2-strided Word 128 loops except for the memory access itself.

int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::dummy_revStride2Loop_Word256 (void *start_-address, void *end address)

Used for measuring the time spent doing everything in reverse 2-strided Word 256 loops except for the memory access itself.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::dummy_forwStride4Loop_Word32 (void *start_- address, void *end address)

Used for measuring the time spent doing everything in forward 4-strided Word 32 loops except for the memory access itself.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::dummy_forwStride4Loop_Word64 (void *start_-address, void *end address)

Used for measuring the time spent doing everything in forward 4-strided Word 64 loops except for the memory access itself.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::dummy_forwStride4Loop_Word128 (void *start_-address, void *end_address)

Used for measuring the time spent doing everything in forward 4-strided Word 128 loops except for the memory access itself.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::dummy_forwStride4Loop_Word256 (void *start_-address, void *end address)

Used for measuring the time spent doing everything in forward 4-strided Word 256 loops except for the memory access itself.

int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::dummy_revStride4Loop_Word32 (void *start_-address, void *end address)

Used for measuring the time spent doing everything in reverse 4-strided Word 32 loops except for the memory access itself.

int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::dummy_revStride4Loop_Word64 (void *start_-address, void *end_address)

Used for measuring the time spent doing everything in reverse 4-strided Word 64 loops except for the memory access itself.

int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::dummy_revStride4Loop_Word128 (void *start_-address, void *end_address)

Used for measuring the time spent doing everything in reverse 4-strided Word 128 loops except for the memory access itself.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::dummy_revStride4Loop_Word256 (void *start_- address, void *end address)

Used for measuring the time spent doing everything in reverse 4-strided Word 256 loops except for the memory access itself.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::dummy_forwStride8Loop_Word32 (void *start_- address, void *end address)

Used for measuring the time spent doing everything in forward 8-strided Word 32 loops except for the memory access itself.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::dummy_forwStride8Loop_Word64 (void *start_-address, void *end_address)

Used for measuring the time spent doing everything in forward 8-strided Word 64 loops except for the memory access itself

int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::dummy_forwStride8Loop_Word128 (void *start_-address, void *end_address)

Used for measuring the time spent doing everything in forward 8-strided Word 128 loops except for the memory access itself.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::dummy_forwStride8Loop_Word256 (void *start_-address, void *end address)

Used for measuring the time spent doing everything in forward 8-strided Word 256 loops except for the memory access itself.

int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::dummy_revStride8Loop_Word32 (void *start_-address, void *end_address)

Used for measuring the time spent doing everything in reverse 8-strided Word 32 loops except for the memory access itself

int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::dummy_revStride8Loop_Word64 (void *start_-address, void *end address)

Used for measuring the time spent doing everything in reverse 8-strided Word 64 loops except for the memory access itself

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::dummy_revStride8Loop_Word128 (void *start_- address, void *end address)

Used for measuring the time spent doing everything in reverse 8-strided Word 128 loops except for the memory access itself.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::dummy_revStride8Loop_Word256 (void *start_- address, void *end address)

Used for measuring the time spent doing everything in reverse 8-strided Word 256 loops except for the memory access itself.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::dummy_forwStride16Loop_Word32 (void *start_-address, void *end_address)

Used for measuring the time spent doing everything in forward 16-strided Word 32 loops except for the memory access itself.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::dummy_forwStride16Loop_Word64 (void *start_-address, void *end_address)

Used for measuring the time spent doing everything in forward 16-strided Word 64 loops except for the memory access itself.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::dummy_forwStride16Loop_Word128 (void *start_-address, void *end_address)

Used for measuring the time spent doing everything in forward 16-strided Word 128 loops except for the memory access itself.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::dummy_forwStride16Loop_Word256 (void *start_-address, void *end address)

Used for measuring the time spent doing everything in forward 16-strided Word 256 loops except for the memory access itself.

int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::dummy_revStride16Loop_Word32 (void *start_-address, void *end_address)

Used for measuring the time spent doing everything in reverse 16-strided Word 32 loops except for the memory access itself.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::dummy_revStride16Loop_Word64 (void *start_- address, void *end address)

Used for measuring the time spent doing everything in reverse 16-strided Word 64 loops except for the memory access itself.

int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::dummy_revStride16Loop_Word128 (void *start_-address, void *end_address)

Used for measuring the time spent doing everything in reverse 16-strided Word 128 loops except for the memory access itself.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::dummy_revStride16Loop_Word256 (void *start_-address, void *end_address)

Used for measuring the time spent doing everything in reverse 16-strided Word 256 loops except for the memory access itself.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::dummy_randomLoop_Word32 (void *start_address, void *end_address)

Used for measuring the time spent doing everything in random Word 32 loops except for the memory access itself.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::dummy_randomLoop_Word64 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Used for measuring the time spent doing everything in random Word 64 loops except for the memory access itself.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::dummy_randomLoop_Word128 (void *start_address, void *end_address)

Used for measuring the time spent doing everything in random Word 128 loops except for the memory access itself.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::dummy_randomLoop_Word256 (void *start_address, void *end_address)

Used for measuring the time spent doing everything in random Word 256 loops except for the memory access itself.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::forwSequentialRead_Word32 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory forward sequentially, reading in 32-bit chunks.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::forwSequentialRead_Word64 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory forward sequentially, reading in 64-bit chunks.

int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::forwSequentialRead_Word128 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory forward sequentially, reading in 128-bit chunks.

int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::forwSequentialRead_Word256 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory forward sequentially, reading in 256-bit chunks.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::revSequentialRead_Word32 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory reverse sequentially, reading in 32-bit chunks.

int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::revSequentialRead_Word64 (void *start_address, void *end_address)

Walks over the allocated memory reverse sequentially, reading in 64-bit chunks.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::revSequentialRead_Word128 (void *start_address, void *end_address)

Walks over the allocated memory reverse sequentially, reading in 128-bit chunks.

int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::revSequentialRead_Word256 (void *start_address, void *end_address)

Walks over the allocated memory reverse sequentially, reading in 256-bit chunks.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::forwSequentialWrite_Word32 (void *start_address, void *end_address)

Walks over the allocated memory forward sequentially, writing in 32-bit chunks.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::forwSequentialWrite_Word64 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory forward sequentially, writing in 64-bit chunks.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::forwSequentialWrite_Word128 (void *start_address, void *end_address)

Walks over the allocated memory forward sequentially, writing in 128-bit chunks.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::forwSequentialWrite_Word256 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory forward sequentially, writing in 256-bit chunks.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::revSequentialWrite_Word32 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory reverse sequentially, writing in 32-bit chunks.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::revSequentialWrite_Word64 (void *start_address, void *end_address)

Walks over the allocated memory reverse sequentially, writing in 64-bit chunks.

int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::revSequentialWrite_Word128 (void *start_address, void *end_address)

Walks over the allocated memory reverse sequentially, writing in 128-bit chunks.

int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::revSequentialWrite_Word256 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory reverse sequentially, writing in 256-bit chunks.

int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::forwStride2Read_Word32 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory in forward strides of size 2, reading in 32-bit chunks.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::forwStride2Read_Word64 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory in forward strides of size 2, reading in 64-bit chunks.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::forwStride2Read_Word128 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory in forward strides of size 2, reading in 128-bit chunks.

int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::forwStride2Read_Word256 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory in forward strides of size 2, reading in 256-bit chunks.

int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::revStride2Read_Word32 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory in reverse strides of size 2, reading in 32-bit chunks.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::revStride2Read_Word64 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory in reverse strides of size 2, reading in 64-bit chunks.

int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::revStride2Read_Word128 (void *start_address, void *end_address)

Walks over the allocated memory in reverse strides of size 2, reading in 128-bit chunks.

int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::revStride2Read_Word256 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory in reverse strides of size 2, reading in 256-bit chunks.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::forwStride2Write_Word32 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory in forward strides of size 2, writing in 32-bit chunks.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::forwStride2Write_Word64 (void *start_address, void *end_address)

Walks over the allocated memory in forward strides of size 2, writing in 64-bit chunks.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::forwStride2Write_Word128 (void *start_address, void *end_address)

Walks over the allocated memory in forward strides of size 2, writing in 128-bit chunks.

int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::forwStride2Write_Word256 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory in forward strides of size 2, writing in 256-bit chunks.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::revStride2Write_Word32 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory in reverse strides of size 2, writing in 32-bit chunks.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::revStride2Write_Word64 (void *start_address, void *end_address)

Walks over the allocated memory in reverse strides of size 2, writing in 64-bit chunks.

int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::revStride2Write_Word128 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory in reverse strides of size 2, writing in 128-bit chunks.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::revStride2Write_Word256 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory in reverse strides of size 2, writing in 256-bit chunks.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::forwStride4Read_Word32 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory in forward strides of size 4, reading in 32-bit chunks.

int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::forwStride4Read_Word64 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory in forward strides of size 4, reading in 64-bit chunks.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::forwStride4Read_Word128 (void *start_address, void *end_address)

Walks over the allocated memory in forward strides of size 4, reading in 128-bit chunks.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::forwStride4Read_Word256 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory in forward strides of size 4, reading in 256-bit chunks.

int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::revStride4Read_Word32 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory in reverse strides of size 4, reading in 32-bit chunks.

int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::revStride4Read_Word64 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory in reverse strides of size 4, reading in 64-bit chunks.

int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::revStride4Read_Word128 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory in reverse strides of size 4, reading in 128-bit chunks.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::revStride4Read_Word256 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory in reverse strides of size 4, reading in 256-bit chunks.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::forwStride4Write_Word32 (void *start_address, void *end_address)

Walks over the allocated memory in forward strides of size 4, writing in 32-bit chunks.

int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::forwStride4Write_Word64 (void *start_address, void *end_address)

Walks over the allocated memory in forward strides of size 4, writing in 64-bit chunks.

int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::forwStride4Write_Word128 (void *start_address, void *end_address)

Walks over the allocated memory in forward strides of size 4, writing in 128-bit chunks.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::forwStride4Write_Word256 (void *start_address, void *end_address)

Walks over the allocated memory in forward strides of size 4, writing in 256-bit chunks.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::revStride4Write_Word32 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory in reverse strides of size 4, writing in 32-bit chunks.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::revStride4Write_Word64 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory in reverse strides of size 4, writing in 64-bit chunks.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::revStride4Write_Word128 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory in reverse strides of size 4, writing in 128-bit chunks.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::revStride4Write_Word256 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory in reverse strides of size 4, writing in 256-bit chunks.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::forwStride8Read_Word32 (void *start_address, void *end_address)

Walks over the allocated memory in forward strides of size 8, reading in 32-bit chunks.

int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::forwStride8Read_Word64 (void *start_address, void *end_address)

Walks over the allocated memory in forward strides of size 8, reading in 64-bit chunks.

int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::forwStride8Read_Word128 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory in forward strides of size 8, reading in 128-bit chunks.

int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::forwStride8Read_Word256 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory in forward strides of size 8, reading in 256-bit chunks.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::revStride8Read_Word32 (void *start_address, void *end_address)

Walks over the allocated memory in reverse strides of size 8, reading in 32-bit chunks.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::revStride8Read_Word64 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory in reverse strides of size 8, reading in 64-bit chunks.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::revStride8Read_Word128 (void *start_address, void *end_address)

Walks over the allocated memory in reverse strides of size 8, reading in 128-bit chunks.

int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::revStride8Read_Word256 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory in reverse strides of size 8, reading in 256-bit chunks.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::forwStride8Write_Word32 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory in forward strides of size 8, writing in 32-bit chunks.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::forwStride8Write_Word64 (void *start_address, void *end_address)

Walks over the allocated memory in forward strides of size 8, writing in 64-bit chunks.

int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::forwStride8Write_Word128 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory in forward strides of size 8, writing in 128-bit chunks.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::forwStride8Write_Word256 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory in forward strides of size 8, writing in 256-bit chunks.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::revStride8Write_Word32 (void *start_address, void *end_address)

Walks over the allocated memory in reverse strides of size 8, writing in 32-bit chunks.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::revStride8Write_Word64 (void *start_address, void *end_address)

Walks over the allocated memory in reverse strides of size 8, writing in 64-bit chunks.

int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::revStride8Write_Word128 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory in reverse strides of size 8, writing in 128-bit chunks.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::revStride8Write_Word256 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory in reverse strides of size 8, writing in 256-bit chunks.

int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::forwStride16Read_Word32 (void *start_address, void *end_address)

Walks over the allocated memory in forward strides of size 16, reading in 32-bit chunks.

int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::forwStride16Read_Word64 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory in forward strides of size 16, reading in 64-bit chunks.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::forwStride16Read_Word128 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory in forward strides of size 16, reading in 128-bit chunks.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::forwStride16Read_Word256 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory in forward strides of size 16, reading in 256-bit chunks.

int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::revStride16Read_Word32 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory in reverse strides of size 16, reading in 32-bit chunks.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::revStride16Read_Word64 (void *start_address, void *end_address)

Walks over the allocated memory in reverse strides of size 16, reading in 64-bit chunks.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::revStride16Read_Word128 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory in reverse strides of size 16, reading in 128-bit chunks.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::revStride16Read_Word256 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory in reverse strides of size 16, reading in 256-bit chunks.

int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::forwStride16Write_Word32 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory in forward strides of size 16, writing in 32-bit chunks.

int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::forwStride16Write_Word64 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory in forward strides of size 16, writing in 64-bit chunks.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::forwStride16Write_Word128 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory in forward strides of size 16, writing in 128-bit chunks.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::forwStride16Write_Word256 (void *start_address, void *end_address)

Walks over the allocated memory in forward strides of size 16, writing in 256-bit chunks.

int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::revStride16Write_Word32 (void *start_address, void *end_address)

Walks over the allocated memory in reverse strides of size 16, writing in 32-bit chunks.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::revStride16Write_Word64 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory in reverse strides of size 16, writing in 64-bit chunks.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::revStride16Write_Word128 (void *start_address, void *end_address)

Walks over the allocated memory in reverse strides of size 16, writing in 128-bit chunks.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::revStride16Write_Word256 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory in reverse strides of size 16, writing in 256-bit chunks.

int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::randomRead_Word32 (void *start_address, void *end-address)

Walks over the allocated memory in random order, reading in 32-bit chunks.

int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::randomRead_Word64 (void *start_address, void *end-address)

Walks over the allocated memory in random order, reading in 64-bit chunks.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::randomRead_Word128 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory in random order, reading in 128-bit chunks.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::randomRead_Word256 (void *start_address, void *end_address)

Walks over the allocated memory in random order, reading in 256-bit chunks.

int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::randomWrite_Word32 (void *start_address, void *end-address)

Walks over the allocated memory in random order, writing in 32-bit chunks.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::randomWrite_Word64 (void *start_address, void *end-address)

Walks over the allocated memory in random order, writing in 64-bit chunks.

int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::randomWrite_Word128 (void *start_address, void *end address)

Walks over the allocated memory in random order, writing in 128-bit chunks.

• int32_t xmem::benchmark::benchmark_kernels::randomWrite_Word256 (void *start_address, void *end_address)

Walks over the allocated memory in random order, writing in 256-bit chunks.

6.7.1 Detailed Description

Header file for benchmark kernel functions for doing the actual work we care about. :)

6.8 src/include/BenchmarkManager.h File Reference

Header file for the BenchmarkManager class.

```
#include <common.h>
#include <Timer.h>
#include <PowerReader.h>
#include <Benchmark.h>
#include <ThroughputBenchmark.h>
#include <LatencyBenchmark.h>
#include <Configurator.h>
#include <cstdint>
#include <vector>
#include <fstream>
```

Classes

• class xmem::benchmark::BenchmarkManager

Manages running all benchmarks at a high level.

6.8.1 Detailed Description

Header file for the BenchmarkManager class.

6.9 src/include/common.h File Reference

Header file for common preprocessor definitions, macros, functions, and global constants.

```
#include <cstdint>
#include <cstddef>
```

Macros

• #define VERSION "1.2.13"

- #define KB 1024
- #define MB 1048576
- #define MB 4 4194304
- #define MB_16 16777216
- #define MB 64 67108864
- #define MB 256 268435456
- #define MB 512 536870912
- #define GB 1073741824
- #define GB 4 4294967296
- #define DEFAULT_PAGE_SIZE 4*KB
- #define DEFAULT LARGE PAGE SIZE 2*MB
- #define DEFAULT_WORKING_SET_SIZE_PER_THREAD DEFAULT_PAGE_SIZE
- #define DEFAULT NUM WORKER THREADS 1
- #define DEFAULT NUM NODES 0
- #define DEFAULT NUM PHYSICAL PACKAGES 0
- #define DEFAULT NUM PHYSICAL CPUS 0
- #define DEFAULT_NUM_LOGICAL_CPUS 0
- #define DEFAULT_NUM_L1_CACHES 0
- #define DEFAULT NUM L2 CACHES 0
- #define DEFAULT NUM L3 CACHES 0
- #define DEFAULT NUM L4 CACHES 0
- #define MIN_ELAPSED_TICKS 10000
- #define UNROLL2(x) x x
- #define **UNROLL4**(x) UNROLL2(x) UNROLL2(x)
- #define UNROLL8(x) UNROLL4(x) UNROLL4(x)
- #define UNROLL16(x) UNROLL8(x) UNROLL8(x)
- #define UNROLL32(x) UNROLL16(x) UNROLL16(x)
- #define UNROLL64(x) UNROLL32(x) UNROLL32(x)
- #define UNROLL128(x) UNROLL64(x) UNROLL64(x)
- #define UNROLL256(x) UNROLL128(x) UNROLL128(x)
- #define UNROLL512(x) UNROLL256(x) UNROLL256(x)
- #define UNROLL1024(x) UNROLL512(x) UNROLL512(x)
- #define UNROLL2048(x) UNROLL1024(x) UNROLL1024(x)
- #define UNROLL4096(x) UNROLL2048(x) UNROLL2048(x)
- #define UNROLL8192(x) UNROLL4096(x) UNROLL4096(x)
- #define **UNROLL16384**(x) UNROLL8192(x) UNROLL8192(x)
- #define UNROLL32768(x) UNROLL16384(x) UNROLL16384(x)
- #define **UNROLL65536**(x) UNROLL32768(x) UNROLL32768(x)
- #define LATENCY_BENCHMARK_UNROLL_LENGTH 512
- #define USE_TSC_TIMER
- #define USE_TIME_BASED_BENCHMARKS
- #define BENCHMARK_DURATION_SEC 4
- #define THROUGHPUT_BENCHMARK_BYTES_PER_PASS 4096
- #define USE THROUGHPUT FORW STRIDE 1
- #define USE_THROUGHPUT_REV_STRIDE_1
- #define USE_LATENCY_BENCHMARK_RANDOM_SHUFFLE_PATTERN
- #define POWER SAMPLING PERIOD SEC 1

Typedefs

typedef uint32_t xmem::common::Word32_t

Enumerations

enum pattern_mode_t { SEQUENTIAL, RANDOM, NUM_PATTERN_MODES }

Memory access patterns are broadly categorized by sequential or random-access.

enum rw_mode_t { READ, WRITE, NUM_RW_MODES }

Memory access batterns are broadly categorized by reads and writes.

enum chunk_size_t {

CHUNK_32b, CHUNK_64b, CHUNK_128b, CHUNK_256b, NUM CHUNK SIZES }

Legal memory read/write chunk sizes in bits.

Functions

void xmem::common::print_welcome_message ()

Prints a basic welcome message to the console with useful information.

void xmem::common::print_types_report ()

Prints the various C/C++ types to the console for this machine.

void xmem::common::print_compile_time_options ()

Prints compile-time option information to the console.

void xmem::common::test_timers ()

Tests any enabled timers and outputs results to the console for sanity checking.

void xmem::common::test thread affinities ()

Checks to see if the calling thread can be locked to all logical CPUs in the system, and reports to the console the progress.

• bool xmem::common::lock thread to numa node (uint32 t numa node)

Sets the affinity of the calling thread to the lowest numbered logical CPU in the given NUMA node. TODO: Improve this functionality, it is quite limiting.

• bool xmem::common::unlock thread to numa node ()

Clears the affinity of the calling thread to any given NUMA node.

• bool xmem::common::lock thread to cpu (uint32 t cpu id)

Sets the affinity of the calling thread to a given logical CPU.

bool xmem::common::unlock_thread_to_cpu ()

Clears the affinity of the calling thread to any given logical CPU.

• int32_t xmem::common::cpu_id_in_numa_node (uint32_t numa_node, uint32_t cpu_in_node)

Gets the CPU ID for a logical CPU of interest in a particular NUMA node. For example, if numa_node is 1 and cpu_-in_node is 2, and there are 4 logical CPUs per node, then this will give the answer 6 (6th CPU), assuming CPU IDs start at 0

size_t xmem::compute_number_of_passes (size_t working_set_size_KB)

Computes the number of passes to use for a given working set size in KB, when size-based benchmarking mode is enabled at compile-time. You may want to change this implementation to suit your needs. See the compile-time options in common.h.

bool xmem::common::config_page_size ()

Queries the page sizes from the system and sets relevant global variables.

void xmem::common::init_globals ()

Initializes useful global variables.

• int32_t xmem::common::query_sys_info ()

Sets up global variables based on system information at runtime.

6.9.1 Detailed Description

Header file for common preprocessor definitions, macros, functions, and global constants.

6.9.2 Macro Definition Documentation

6.9.2.1 #define BENCHMARK_DURATION_SEC 4

RECOMMENDED VALUE: At least 2. Number of seconds to run in each benchmark.

6.9.2.2 #define DEFAULT_LARGE_PAGE_SIZE 2*MB

Default platform large page size in bytes. This generally should not be relied on, but is a failsafe.

6.9.2.3 #define DEFAULT_NUM_L1_CACHES 0

Default number of L1 caches.

6.9.2.4 #define DEFAULT_NUM_L2_CACHES 0

Default number of L2 caches.

6.9.2.5 #define DEFAULT_NUM_L3_CACHES 0

Default number of L3 caches.

6.9.2.6 #define DEFAULT_NUM_L4_CACHES 0

Default number of L4 caches.

6.9.2.7 #define DEFAULT_NUM_LOGICAL_CPUS 0

Default number of logical CPU cores.

6.9.2.8 #define DEFAULT_NUM_NODES 0

Default number of NUMA nodes.

6.9.2.9 #define DEFAULT_NUM_PHYSICAL_CPUS 0

Default number of physical CPU cores.

6.9.2.10 #define DEFAULT_NUM_PHYSICAL_PACKAGES 0

Default number of physical packages.

6.9.2.11 #define DEFAULT NUM WORKER THREADS 1

Default number of worker threads to use.

6.9.2.12 #define DEFAULT_PAGE_SIZE 4*KB

Default platform page size in bytes. This generally should not be relied on, but is a failsafe.

6.9.2.13 #define DEFAULT_WORKING_SET_SIZE_PER_THREAD DEFAULT_PAGE_SIZE

Default working set size in bytes.

6.9.2.14 #define LATENCY_BENCHMARK_UNROLL_LENGTH 512

Number of unrolls in the latency benchmark pointer chasing core function.

6.9.2.15 #define MIN_ELAPSED_TICKS 10000

If any routine measured fewer than this number of ticks its results should be viewed with suspicion. This is because the latency of the timer itself will matter.

6.9.2.16 #define POWER_SAMPLING_PERIOD_SEC 1

RECOMMENDED VALUE: 1. Sampling period in seconds for all power measurement mechanisms.

6.9.2.17 #define THROUGHPUT_BENCHMARK_BYTES_PER_PASS 4096

RECOMMENDED VALUE: 4096. Number of bytes read or written per pass of any ThroughputBenchmark. This must be less than or equal to the minimum working set size, which is currently 4 KB.

6.9.2.18 #define USE_LATENCY_BENCHMARK_RANDOM_SHUFFLE_PATTERN

RECOMMENDED ENABLED. In latency benchmarks, generate the pointer chasing pattern using a random shuffle, which has a chance of creating small cycles. Much faster to run but strictly less correct. O(N)

6.9.2.19 #define USE_THROUGHPUT_FORW_STRIDE_1

RECOMMENDED ENABLED. In throughput benchmarks with sequential pattern, do forward strides of 1 chunk (forward sequential).

6.9.2.20 #define USE_THROUGHPUT_REV_STRIDE_1

RECOMMENDED ENABLED. In throughput benchmarks with sequential pattern, do reverse strides of 1 chunk (reverse sequential).

6.9.2.21 #define USE_TIME_BASED_BENCHMARKS

RECOMMENDED ENABLED. All benchmarks run for an estimated amount of time, and the figures of merit are computed based on the amount of memory accesses completed in the time limit. This mode has more consistent runtime across different machines, memory performance, and working set sizes, but may have more conservative measurements for differing levels of cache hierarchy (overestimating latency and underestimating throughput).

6.9.2.22 #define USE_TSC_TIMER

RECOMMENDED DISABLED. Use the Intel Time Stamp Counter native hardware timer. Only use this if you know what you are doing.

6.10 src/include/Configurator.h File Reference

Header file for the Configurator class and some helper data structures.

```
#include <common.h>
#include <optionparser.h>
#include <MyArg.h>
#include <cstdint>
#include <string>
```

Classes

· class xmem::config::Configurator

Handles all user input interpretation and generates the necessary flags for running benchmarks.

Enumerations

enum optionIndex {
 UNKNOWN, CHUNK_SIZE, OUTPUT_FILE, HELP,
 BASE_TEST_INDEX, NUM_WORKER_THREADS, MEAS_LATENCY, ITERATIONS,
 RANDOM_ACCESS_PATTERN, SEQUENTIAL_ACCESS_PATTERN, MEAS_THROUGHPUT, NUMA_D-ISABLE,
 VERBOSE, WORKING SET_SIZE PER_THREAD, USE_READS, USE_WRITES }

Enumerates all possible types of command-line options.

Variables

const third party::Descriptor xmem::config::usage []

Command-line option descriptors as needed by stuff in <config/third_party/optionparser.h>. This is basically the help message content.

6.10.1 Detailed Description

Header file for the Configurator class and some helper data structures.

6.11 src/include/ExampleArg.h File Reference

Slightly-modified third-party code related to OptionParser.

```
#include <optionparser.h>
#include <cstdint>
#include <stdio.h>
```

Classes

class xmem::config::third_party::ExampleArg

6.11.1 Detailed Description

Slightly-modified third-party code related to OptionParser.

6.12 src/include/LatencyBenchmark.h File Reference

Header file for the LatencyBenchmark class.

```
#include <Benchmark.h>
#include <common.h>
#include <cstdint>
#include <string>
```

Classes

· class xmem::benchmark::LatencyBenchmark

A type of benchmark that measures memory latency via random pointer chasing. TODO: loaded latency tests.

6.12.1 Detailed Description

Header file for the LatencyBenchmark class.

6.13 src/include/MyArg.h File Reference

Extensions to third-party optionparser-related code.

```
#include <ExampleArg.h>
#include <cstdint>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <cstdlib>
```

Classes

· class xmem::config::third_party::MyArg

6.13.1 Detailed Description

Extensions to third-party optionparser-related code.

6.14 src/include/optionparser.h File Reference

This is the only file required to use The Lean Mean C++ Option Parser. Just #include it and you're set.

Classes

· struct xmem::config::third_party::Descriptor

Describes an option, its help text (usage) and how it should be parsed.

class xmem::config::third_party::Option

A parsed option from the command line together with its argument if it has one.

· struct xmem::config::third_party::Arg

Functions for checking the validity of option arguments.

• struct xmem::config::third_party::Stats

Determines the minimum lengths of the buffer and options arrays used for Parser.

class xmem::config::third_party::Parser

Checks argument vectors for validity and parses them into data structures that are easier to work with.

- struct xmem::config::third party::Parser::Action
- class xmem::config::third_party::Stats::CountOptionsAction
- class xmem::config::third party::Parser::StoreOptionAction
- struct xmem::config::third party::PrintUsageImplementation
- struct xmem::config::third_party::PrintUsageImplementation::IStringWriter
- struct xmem::config::third party::PrintUsageImplementation::FunctionWriter< Function >
- struct xmem::config::third party::PrintUsageImplementation::OStreamWriter< OStream >
- struct xmem::config::third_party::PrintUsageImplementation::TemporaryWriter< Temporary >
- struct xmem::config::third_party::PrintUsageImplementation::SyscallWriter< Syscall >
- struct xmem::config::third party::PrintUsageImplementation::StreamWriter< Function, Stream >
- class xmem::config::third_party::PrintUsageImplementation::LinePartIterator
- class xmem::config::third_party::PrintUsageImplementation::LineWrapper

Typedefs

• typedef ArgStatus(* xmem::config::third_party::CheckArg)(const Option & option, bool msg)

Signature of functions that check if an argument is valid for a certain type of option.

Enumerations

enum ArgStatus { xmem::config::third_party::ARG_NONE, xmem::config::third_party::ARG_OK, xmem::config::third_party::ARG_IGNORE, xmem::config::third_party::ARG_ILLEGAL }

Possible results when checking if an argument is valid for a certain option.

Functions

- template<typename OStream >
 - void **xmem::config::third_party::printUsage** (OStream &prn, const Descriptor usage[], int width=80, int last_column_min_percent=50, int last_column_own_line_max_percent=75)

Outputs a nicely formatted usage string with support for multi-column formatting and line-wrapping.

- template<typename Function >
 - void **xmem::config::third_party::printUsage** (Function *prn, const Descriptor usage[], int width=80, int last_column_min_percent=50, int last_column_own_line_max_percent=75)
- $\bullet \ \ \text{template}{<} \text{typename Temporary} >$
 - void **xmem::config::third_party::printUsage** (const Temporary &prn, const Descriptor usage[], int width=80, int last_column_min_percent=50, int last_column_own_line_max_percent=75)
- template<typename Syscall >
 - void **xmem::config::third_party::printUsage** (Syscall *prn, int fd, const Descriptor usage[], int width=80, int last_column_min_percent=50, int last_column_own_line_max_percent=75)
- template<typename Function, typename Stream > void xmem::config::third_party::printUsage (Function *prn, Stream *stream, const Descriptor usage[], int width=80, int last_column_min_percent=50, int last_column_own_line_max_percent=75)

6.14.1 Detailed Description

This is the only file required to use The Lean Mean C++ Option Parser. Just #include it and you're set. The Lean Mean C++ Option Parser handles the program's command line arguments (argc, argv). It supports the short and long option formats of getopt(), getopt_long() and getopt_long_only() but has a more convenient interface. The following features set it apart from other option parsers:

Highlights:

- It is a header-only library. Just #include "optionparser.h" and you're set.
- It is freestanding. There are no dependencies whatsoever, not even the C or C++ standard library.
- It has a usage message formatter that supports column alignment and line wrapping. This aids localization because it adapts to translated strings that are shorter or longer (even if they contain Asian wide characters).
- Unlike getopt() and derivatives it doesn't force you to loop through options sequentially. Instead you can access options directly like this:
 - Test for presence of a switch in the argument vector:

```
if ( options[QUIET] ) ...
```

- Evaluate -enable-foo/-disable-foo pair where the last one used wins:

```
if ( options[FOO].last()->type() == DISABLE ) ...
```

- Cumulative option (-v verbose, -vv more verbose, -vvv even more verbose):

```
int verbosity = options[VERBOSE].count();
```

- Iterate over all -file=<fname> arguments:

```
for (Option* opt = options[FILE]; opt; opt = opt->next())
fname = opt->arg; ...
```

- If you really want to, you can still process all arguments in order:

```
for (int i = 0; i < p.optionsCount(); ++i) {
  Option& opt = buffer[i];
  switch(opt.index()) {
    case HELP: ...
    case VERBOSE: ...
    case FILE: fname = opt.arg; ...
    case UNKNOWN: ...</pre>
```

Despite these features the code size remains tiny. It is smaller than uClibc's GNU getopt() and just a couple 100 bytes larger than uClibc's SUSv3 getopt().

(This does not include the usage formatter, of course. But you don't have to use that.)

Download:

```
Tarball with examples and test programs: optionparser-1.3.tar.gz Just the header (this is all you really need): optionparser.h
```

Changelog:

Version 1.3: Compatible with Microsoft Visual C++.

Version 1.2: Added Option::namelen and removed the extraction of short option characters into a special buffer.

Changed Arg::Optional to accept arguments if they are attached rather than separate. This is what GNU getopt() does and how POSIX recommends utilities should interpret their arguments.

Version 1.1: Optional mode with argument reordering as done by GNU getopt(), so that options and non-options can be mixed. See Parser::parse().

Feedback:

Send questions, bug reports, feature requests etc. to: optionparser-feedback (a) lists.-sourceforge.net

Example program:

(Note: option::* identifiers are links that take you to their documentation.)

```
example --unknown -- --this_is_no_option\n"
                                                    example -unk --plus -ppp file1 file2\n" },
 {0,0,0,0,0,0}
};
int main(int argc, char* argv[])
  argc-=(argc>0); argv+=(argc>0); // skip program name argv[0] if present
  option::Stats stats(usage, argc, argv);
  option::Option options[stats.options_max], buffer[stats.buffer_max];
 option::Parser parse(usage, argc, argv, options, buffer);
  if (parse.error())
    return 1;
  if (options[HELP] || argc == 0) {
    option::printUsage(std::cout, usage);
  std::cout << "--plus count: " <<
    options[PLUS].count() << "\n";
  for (option::Option* opt = options[UNKNOWN]; opt; opt = opt->next())
   std::cout << "Unknown option: " << opt->name << "\n";</pre>
  for (int i = 0; i < parse.nonOptionsCount(); ++i)</pre>
    std::cout << "Non-option \#" << i << ": " << parse.nonOption(i) << "\n";
```

Option syntax:

- The Lean Mean C++ Option Parser follows POSIX getopt() conventions and supports GNU-style getopt_long() long options as well as Perl-style single-minus long options (getopt_long_-only()).
- short options have the format -X where X is any character that fits in a char.
- short options can be grouped, i.e. -X -Y is equivalent to -XY.
- a short option may take an argument either separate (-X foo) or attached (-Xfoo). You can make the parser accept the additional format -X=foo by registering X as a long option (in addition to being a short option) and enabling single-minus long options.
- an argument-taking short option may be grouped if it is the last in the group, e.g. -ABCXfoo or -ABCX foo (foo is the argument to the -X option).
- a lone minus character '-' is not treated as an option. It is customarily used where a file name is expected to refer to stdin or stdout.
- long options have the format -option-name.
- the option-name of a long option can be anything and include any characters. Even = characters will work, but don't do that.
- [optional] long options may be abbreviated as long as the abbreviation is unambiguous. You can set a minimum length for abbreviations.
- [optional] long options may begin with a single minus. The double minus form is always accepted, too.
- a long option may take an argument either separate (-option arg) or attached (-option=arg). In the attached form the equals sign is mandatory.
- an empty string can be passed as an attached long option argument: -option-name= . Note the distinction between an empty string as argument and no argument at all.
- an empty string is permitted as separate argument to both long and short options.
- Arguments to both short and long options may start with a '-' character. E.g. -X-X, -X or -long-X=-X. If -X and -long-X take an argument, that argument will be "-X" in all 3 cases.
- If using the built-in Arg::Optional, optional arguments must be attached.
- the special option (i.e. without a name) terminates the list of options. Everything that follows is a non-option argument, even if it starts with a '-' character. The itself will not appear in the parse results.
- the first argument that doesn't start with '-' or '-' and does not belong to a preceding argument-taking option, will terminate the option list and is the first non-option argument. All following command line arguments are treated as non-option arguments, even if they start with '-'.

NOTE: This behaviour is mandated by POSIX, but GNU getopt() only honours this if it is explicitly requested (e.g. by setting POSIXLY_CORRECT).

You can enable the GNU behaviour by passing true as first argument to e.g. Parser::parse().

Arguments that look like options (i.e. '-' followed by at least 1 character) but aren't, are NOT treated
as non-option arguments. They are treated as unknown options and are collected into a list of unknown
options for error reporting.

This means that in order to pass a first non-option argument beginning with the minus character it is required to use the – special option, e.g.

```
program -x -- --strange-filename
```

In this example, <code>-strange-filename</code> is a non-option argument. If the <code>-</code> were omitted, it would be treated as an unknown option.

See option::Descriptor::longopt for information on how to collect unknown options.

6.15 src/include/PowerReader.h File Reference

Header file for the PowerReader class.

```
#include <common.h>
#include <Runnable.h>
#include <cstdint>
#include <vector>
#include <string>
```

Classes

• class xmem::power::PowerReader

An abstract base class for measuring power from an arbitrary source. This class is runnable using a worker thread.

6.15.1 Detailed Description

Header file for the PowerReader class.

6.16 src/include/Runnable.h File Reference

Header file for the Runnable class.

```
#include <cstdint>
```

Classes

• class xmem::thread::Runnable

A base class for any object that implements a thread-safe run() function for use by Thread objects.

6.16.1 Detailed Description

Header file for the Runnable class.

6.17 src/include/Thread.h File Reference

Header file for the Thread class.

```
#include <Runnable.h>
#include <cstdint>
```

Classes

· class xmem::thread::Thread

a nice wrapped thread interface independent of particular OS API

6.17.1 Detailed Description

Header file for the Thread class.

6.18 src/include/ThroughputBenchmark.h File Reference

Header file for the ThroughputBenchmark class.

```
#include <Benchmark.h>
#include <common.h>
#include <cstdint>
#include <string>
```

Classes

class xmem::benchmark::ThroughputBenchmark

A type of benchmark that measures memory throughput either via sequential, strided sequential, or random access patterns.

6.18.1 Detailed Description

Header file for the ThroughputBenchmark class.

6.19 src/include/ThroughputBenchmarkWorker.h File Reference

Header file for the ThroughputBenchmarkWorker class.

```
#include <Runnable.h>
#include <common.h>
#include <cstdint>
```

Classes

· class xmem::benchmark::ThroughputBenchmarkWorker

Helper multithreading-friendly class to do the core throughput benchmark.

6.19.1 Detailed Description

Header file for the ThroughputBenchmarkWorker class.

6.20 src/include/Timer.h File Reference

Header file for the Timer class.

#include <cstdint>

Classes

class xmem::timers::Timer

This class abstracts a simple high resolution stopwatch timer. WARNING: these objects are NOT thread safe.

6.20.1 Detailed Description

Header file for the Timer class.

6.21 src/include/win/QPCTimer.h File Reference

Header file for the QPCTimer class.

6.21.1 Detailed Description

Header file for the QPCTimer class.

6.22 src/include/win/win_common_third_party.h File Reference

Header file for some third-party helper code for working with Windows APIs.

6.22.1 Detailed Description

Header file for some third-party helper code for working with Windows APIs.

6.23 src/include/win/win_CPdhQuery.h File Reference

Header and implementation file for some third-party code for measuring Windows OS-exposed performance counters.

6.23.1 Detailed Description

Header and implementation file for some third-party code for measuring Windows OS-exposed performance counters.

6.24 src/include/win/WindowsDRAMPowerReader.h File Reference

Header file for the WindowsDRAMPowerReader class.

6.24.1 Detailed Description

Header file for the WindowsDRAMPowerReader class.

6.25 src/include/x86_64/TSCTimer.h File Reference

Header file for the TSCTimer class as well as some C-style functions for working with the TSC timer hardware directly.

```
#include <common.h>
```

6.25.1 Detailed Description

Header file for the TSCTimer class as well as some C-style functions for working with the TSC timer hardware directly.

6.26 src/LatencyBenchmark.cpp File Reference

Implementation file for the LatencyBenchmark class.

```
#include <LatencyBenchmark.h>
#include <common.h>
#include <benchmark_kernels.h>
#include <iostream>
#include <algorithm>
#include <random>
#include <assert.h>
#include <time.h>
```

6.26.1 Detailed Description

Implementation file for the LatencyBenchmark class.

6.27 src/main.cpp File Reference

main entry point to the tool

```
#include <common.h>
#include <build_datetime.h>
#include <Configurator.h>
#include <BenchmarkManager.h>
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
```

Functions

int main (int argc, char *argv[])

The main entry point to the program.

6.27.1 Detailed Description

main entry point to the tool This tool is designed to measure bandwidth and latency of the memory system using several access patterns, strides, and working set sizes. The primary goal is to measure DRAM performance, although it can also measure cache performance depending on the configuration.

6.28 src/PowerReader.cpp File Reference

Implementation file for the PowerReader class.

```
#include <PowerReader.h>
#include <common.h>
#include <cstdint>
#include <vector>
#include <iostream>
```

6.28.1 Detailed Description

Implementation file for the PowerReader class.

6.29 src/Runnable.cpp File Reference

Implementation file for the Runnable class.

```
#include <Runnable.h>
#include <iostream>
```

Variables

· return false

6.29.1 Detailed Description

Implementation file for the Runnable class.

6.30 src/Thread.cpp File Reference

Implementation file for the Thread class.

```
#include <Thread.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <iostream>
```

Variables

- · return false
- return true

6.30.1 Detailed Description

Implementation file for the Thread class.

6.31 src/ThroughputBenchmark.cpp File Reference

Implementation file for the ThroughputBenchmark class.

```
#include <ThroughputBenchmark.h>
#include <common.h>
#include <ThroughputBenchmarkWorker.h>
#include <benchmark_kernels.h>
#include <Thread.h>
#include <Runnable.h>
#include <iostream>
#include <algorithm>
#include <assert.h>
#include <random>
#include <time.h>
```

6.31.1 Detailed Description

Implementation file for the ThroughputBenchmark class.

6.32 src/ThroughputBenchmarkWorker.cpp File Reference

Implementation file for the ThroughputBenchmarkWorker class.

```
#include <ThroughputBenchmarkWorker.h>
#include <benchmark_kernels.h>
#include <common.h>
#include <iostream>
```

6.32.1 Detailed Description

 $Implementation\ file\ for\ the\ Throughput Benchmark Worker\ class.$

6.33 src/Timer.cpp File Reference

Implementation file for the Timer class.

```
#include <Timer.h>
```

6.33.1 Detailed Description

Implementation file for the Timer class.

6.34 src/win/QPCTimer.cpp File Reference

Header file for the QPCTimer class.

6.34.1 Detailed Description

Header file for the QPCTimer class.

6.35 src/win/win_common_third_party.cpp File Reference

Implementation file for some third-party helper code for working with Windows APIs.

6.35.1 Detailed Description

Implementation file for some third-party helper code for working with Windows APIs.

6.36 src/win/WindowsDRAMPowerReader.cpp File Reference

Implementation file for the WindowsDRAMPowerReader class.

6.36.1 Detailed Description

Implementation file for the WindowsDRAMPowerReader class.

6.37 src/x86_64/TSCTimer.cpp File Reference

Implementation file for the TSCTimer class as well as some C-style functions for working with the TSC timer hardware directly.

#include <x86_64/TSCTimer.h>

6.37.1 Detailed Description

Implementation file for the TSCTimer class as well as some C-style functions for working with the TSC timer hardware directly.

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