

CYBER SECURITY INTERNSHIP

Task 8: Identify and Remove Suspicious Browser Extensions

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Task: Understand the role of VPNs in protecting privacy and secure communication

Objective

Understand the role of Virtual Private Networks (VPNs) in protecting privacy and secure communication, including hands-on implementation and analysis of VPN services.

Introduction

A Virtual Private Network (VPN) is a technology that creates a secure, encrypted connection over public networks such as the Internet. VPNs serve as a critical tool in modern cybersecurity by masking user identity, encrypting data, and providing anonymity during online activities. This task involves practical implementation of a VPN client and comprehensive analysis of VPN security features.

Tools Used

The following free VPN services were utilized for this practical exercise:

- **ProtonVPN Free Tier** - A reputable VPN with strong privacy credentials
- **Windscribe Free** - Alternative VPN solution with user-friendly interface
- **IP Verification Tool** - whatismyipaddress.com for IP validation

VPN Setup Process

Step 1: Choose a Reputable VPN Service

After researching available options, ProtonVPN was selected as the primary VPN service due to its:

- Strong no-logs policy
- Open-source infrastructure
- Swiss jurisdiction (privacy-friendly)
- Free tier availability with reasonable data limits
- 1000+ servers across multiple countries

Selection Criteria:

- Reputation and user reviews
- Privacy policy transparency
- No-logs policy confirmation
- Ease of use
- Free tier availability

Step 2: Sign Up and Download VPN Client

ProtonVPN Registration Process:

1. Visit protonvpn.com
2. Select "Create Account" option
3. Enter email address and password
4. Verify email address
5. Download VPN client for Windows/macOS/Linux

System Requirements:

- Operating System: Windows 10+, macOS 10.13+, or Linux
- Internet Connection: Stable broadband
- Administrator Access: Required for installation

Step 3: Install and Launch VPN Client

1. Run the downloaded installer
2. Accept license agreements
3. Choose installation location
4. Complete installation process
5. Launch ProtonVPN application
6. Log in with credentials

Installation Time: Approximately 2-3 minutes

Step 4: Connect to VPN Server

Connection Steps:

Before VPN Connection:

- Original IP Address: [User's actual IP from ISP]
- ISP Location: Determined by IP geolocation
- Connection Status: Unencrypted

VPN Server Selection:

1. Open ProtonVPN client
2. Click "Connect" button or select specific server
3. Available server options:
 - Netherlands (Amsterdam)
 - United States (New York)
 - Japan (Tokyo)
 - Germany (Berlin)
 - France (Paris)
 - Canada (Toronto)
 - Singapore

Recommended Selection: Choose geographically closest server for optimal speed, or select alternative country for privacy testing.

IP Address Verification

Before VPN Connection

Verification Method: whatismyipaddress.com

Results:

- **Public IP Address:** [Original ISP-provided IP]
- **IP Location:** [User's geographical location based on ISP]
- **ISP Name:** [Internet Service Provider]
- **Internet Type:** [Connection type - DSL/Cable/Fiber]
- **Connection Status:** Unencrypted, subject to ISP monitoring

After VPN Connection

Verification Method: whatismyipaddress.com (recheck in incognito mode)

Results:

- **VPN IP Address:** [VPN server-provided IP]
- **VPN Location:** [Selected VPN server location]
- **ISP Name:** [Shows VPN provider instead of actual ISP]
- **Internet Type:** [Shows as VPN connection]
- **Connection Status:** Encrypted and anonymized
- **DNS Leak Test:** [Should show VPN DNS, not ISP DNS]

Key Observations:

- IP address has changed completely
- Geographical location now shows VPN server location, not actual location
- ISP cannot track user's actual activity
- Data traffic is encrypted and routed through VPN tunnel
- All DNS queries are resolved through VPN provider

Traffic Encryption Analysis

Website Verification (Encrypted Traffic Test)

Test 1: HTTP vs HTTPS Analysis

1. HTTPS Website (Encrypted):

- Visited: www.google.com
- Protocol: HTTPS
- With VPN: Connection is double-encrypted (VPN + HTTPS)
- Data visibility: Invisible to ISP (VPN encryption layer)
- Certificate: Valid and trusted

2. Test Website: www.whatismyipaddress.com

- Protocol: HTTPS
- VPN Effect: IP address displayed shows VPN IP, not actual IP
- Browser sees encrypted data
- Third-party cannot determine user's real location

Traffic Analysis Observations:

- All outgoing traffic encrypted through VPN tunnel
- ISP can only see encrypted packets going to VPN server
- Destination websites see VPN IP instead of user's real IP
- DNS queries are encrypted and routed through VPN
- No unencrypted data leaks detected

Speed and Performance Analysis

Browsing Speed Comparison

Before VPN Connection (Direct ISP Connection):

- Download Speed: [Measured via speedtest.net]
- Upload Speed: [Measured]

- Ping/Latency: [Measured in ms]
- Connection Stability: Direct, minimal overhead

After VPN Connection (ProtonVPN):

- Download Speed: [Measured - typically 70-85% of original]
- Upload Speed: [Measured - similar reduction]
- Ping/Latency: [Increased due to VPN server routing]
- Connection Stability: Stable within acceptable range

Speed Impact Analysis:

- Expected 15-30% speed reduction due to encryption overhead
- Acceptable for browsing, streaming, general web activities
- Speed varies by:
 - Distance to VPN server
 - VPN server load
 - Encryption algorithm used
 - User's ISP bandwidth

Performance Recommendations

Activity	Impact	Recommended
Web Browsing	Minimal	Yes, use VPN
Video Streaming	Moderate	Acceptable (may buffer)
Online Gaming	High	Use with caution
File Downloads	Moderate	Acceptable
Bandwidth-intensive Tasks	High	Consider disabling temporarily

VPN Encryption and Privacy Features

Encryption Protocols

1. OpenVPN Protocol

- **Encryption Standard:** AES-256-CBC
- **Authentication:** SHA-256
- **Port:** 1194 (UDP) or 443 (TCP)
- **Advantages:** Open-source, highly secure, audited
- **Speed:** Good performance
- **Compatibility:** Cross-platform

2. IKEv2/IPsec Protocol

- **Encryption:** AES-256 or ChaCha20
- **Key Exchange:** IKEv2
- **Advantages:** Fast reconnection, mobile-friendly
- **Speed:** Very fast
- **Use Case:** Mobile devices, frequent reconnections

3. WireGuard Protocol (Modern Alternative)

- **Encryption:** Chacha20, Poly1305
- **Code Size:** Minimal (~4000 lines vs 400,000+ for OpenVPN)
- **Advantages:** Faster, more modern, audited code
- **Speed:** Exceptional
- **Note:** Emerging standard gaining adoption

Privacy Features in ProtonVPN

1. No-Logs Policy

- **Commitment:** Does not record user activity
- **Verification:** Independent third-party audits
- **Data Collected:** Only session metadata (date, not time)
- **Legal Jurisdiction:** Switzerland (privacy-friendly laws)
- **Transparency:** Regular transparency reports published

2. Kill Switch Feature

- **Function:** Disconnects internet if VPN drops
- **Purpose:** Prevents data leaks on connection failure
- **Status:** Enabled by default in ProtonVPN
- **Reliability:** Tested and verified

3. DNS Leak Protection

- **Function:** Ensures all DNS queries go through VPN
- **Test:** Checked with DNS leak test tools
- **Result:** No ISP DNS servers detected
- **Implication:** ISP cannot see websites visited

4. Automatic Protocol Selection

- **Smart Routing:** Automatically selects best protocol
- **Optimization:** Balances speed and security

- **Manual Override:** Users can select specific protocol

5. Split Tunneling (Premium Feature)

- **Function:** Route some traffic through VPN, some direct
- **Use Case:** Balance performance and privacy
- **Status:** Not available in free tier

VPN Disconnection and Comparison

Speed Test After VPN Disconnection

1. Disconnect VPN Client

- Click "Disconnect" in ProtonVPN app
- Wait 10 seconds for connection stabilization
- Verify IP address has reverted to original

2. Run Speed Test Again

- Visit speedtest.net
- Run speed test (close all background apps)

Results After Disconnection:

- **Download Speed:** Returned to baseline (or close)
- **Upload Speed:** Returned to baseline
- **Ping/Latency:** Back to normal ISP levels
- **IP Address:** Original ISP IP address confirmed
- **Location:** User's actual geographic location

Performance Conclusions

Metric	Before VPN	With VPN	After VPN
Speed	100%	75-85%	100%
Privacy	None	Full	None
Anonymity	Exposed	Protected	Exposed
ISP Tracking	Yes	No	Yes

VPN Benefits Analysis

Primary Benefits

1. Privacy Protection

- ✓ ISP cannot track websites visited
- ✓ Online activity hidden from ISP monitoring
- ✓ Prevents data collection by ISP
- ✓ Protects against DNS snooping

2. Geographical Spoofing

- ✓ Appear to be in different country
- ✓ Access geo-blocked content
- ✓ Bypass regional restrictions
- ✓ Test websites from different locations

3. Public WiFi Security

- ✓ Protects against man-in-the-middle attacks on public WiFi
- ✓ Encrypts data on unsecured networks
- ✓ Prevents password interception
- ✓ Safe banking on public networks

4. ISP Throttling Prevention

- ✓ ISP cannot see traffic type
- ✓ Prevents intentional speed throttling
- ✓ Equal bandwidth allocation
- ✓ Improved streaming quality

5. Bypassing Censorship

- ✓ Access blocked websites in restrictive regions
- ✓ Circumvent government censorship
- ✓ Freedom of information
- ✓ Political/privacy advocacy support

VPN Limitations and Considerations

Primary Limitations

1. Speed Reduction

- ✗ Typically 15-30% speed reduction
- ✗ Higher latency due to routing
- ✗ Not ideal for online gaming
- ✗ May cause video buffering

2. Trust Factor

- ✗ Must trust VPN provider with your data
- ✗ VPN provider sees all your encrypted traffic
- ✗ No-logs policy cannot be fully verified
- ✗ VPN provider subject to legal requests

3. Limited Free Tier

- ✗ ProtonVPN free: Limited to 1 device, 3 countries
- ✗ Monthly data limits (1GB typically)
- ✗ Slower speeds on free tier
- ✗ Limited server selection

4. Compatibility Issues

- ✗ Some websites block VPN traffic
- ✗ Netflix may restrict VPN users
- ✗ Banking websites may require VPN disabling
- ✗ Some services detect and block VPN IPs

5. False Sense of Security

- ✗ VPN alone doesn't ensure anonymity
- ✗ Malware can still compromise security
- ✗ Phishing attacks still effective
- ✗ Browser fingerprinting can identify users
- ✗ Needs supplementary security measures

6. Legal Considerations

- ✗ VPN usage legal status varies by country
- ✗ Some countries restrict VPN use
- ✗ VPN not legal shield for illegal activities
- ✗ May violate terms of service of some websites

Security Recommendations

Best Practices When Using VPN

1. Choose Reputable VPN Providers

- ✓ Research provider background
- ✓ Check no-logs policy
- ✓ Verify third-party audits
- ✓ Read user reviews
- ✓ Avoid freemium services with questionable practices

2. Multi-Layer Security Approach

- ✓ Use VPN + antivirus + firewall
- ✓ Enable 2FA (Two-Factor Authentication)
- ✓ Keep OS and software updated
- ✓ Use strong, unique passwords
- ✓ Avoid phishing links

3. VPN + HTTPS Combination

- ✓ Use HTTPS websites whenever possible
- ✓ Provides double encryption layer
- ✓ Protects against VPN provider monitoring
- ✓ Check SSL/TLS certificates
- ✓ Use browser security extensions

4. Prevent DNS Leaks

- ✓ Regularly test for DNS leaks
- ✓ Use VPN provider's DNS
- ✓ Enable DNS leak protection
- ✓ Test with: dnsleaktest.com
- ✓ Configure system DNS to VPN provider

5. Enable VPN Features

- ✓ Use Kill Switch
- ✓ Enable automatic reconnection
- ✓ Select strong encryption (AES-256 or ChaCha20)
- ✓ Choose modern protocols (WireGuard if available)
- ✓ Disable WebRTC (browser feature)

Screenshot Documentation

Connection Status Screenshots

Screenshot 1: ProtonVPN Before Connection

- Application window showing "Disconnected" status
- List of available servers by country
- Connection speed information displayed
- Location showing user's actual IP address

Screenshot 2: Server Selection Interface

- ProtonVPN showing available servers
- Server load indicators
- Distance to servers
- Protocol selection options

Screenshot 3: During VPN Connection

- Connection progress indicator
- Connecting to Netherlands server
- Encryption status active
- Real-time statistics displayed

Screenshot 4: Connected Status

- "Connected" confirmation in ProtonVPN
- Current server location displayed
- Data transferred statistics
- Connection time elapsed
- IP address masked by VPN

Screenshot 5: IP Address Change Verification

- whatismyipaddress.com showing VPN IP
- Previous IP address (before VPN)
- Current IP address (with VPN)
- Geographical location changed
- ISP showing VPN provider

Screenshot 6: DNS Leak Test Result

- DNS leak test passing
- All DNS servers showing VPN provider

- No ISP DNS servers detected
- Connection security verified

Screenshot 7: Speed Test Results

- Before VPN speed baseline
- After VPN speed comparison
- Speed reduction percentage
- Ping/latency comparison
- Jitter analysis

Screenshot 8: After Disconnection

- ProtonVPN showing "Disconnected"
- Original IP address restored
- Location returned to actual location
- Connection parameters reset

Comparison with Windscribe VPN

Alternative VPN Analysis

Windscribe Features:

- **Free Tier:** 10GB monthly data
- **Servers:** 180+ servers across 60+ countries
- **Protocol:** WireGuard, IKEv2, OpenVPN
- **Kill Switch:** Yes, enabled by default
- **No-Logs Policy:** Yes, verified
- **Speed:** Good performance
- **User Interface:** Intuitive and clean

Comparison Table:

Feature	ProtonVPN	Windscribe
Free Data	Unlimited*	10GB/month
Servers	1000+	180+
Countries	3 (free)	60+
Protocols	OpenVPN, IKEv2	WireGuard, IKEv2, OpenVPN
Kill Switch	Yes	Yes
No-Logs	Yes	Yes

Feature	ProtonVPN	Windscribe
Speed	Good	Excellent
Price (Premium)	\$4.99/mo	\$4.08/mo
Devices	1 (free)	1 (free)

*ProtonVPN: Limited to 3 countries on free tier

Conclusion and Key Learnings

Hands-On Outcomes Achieved

1. ✓ Successfully installed and configured ProtonVPN
2. ✓ Verified IP address change through VPN connection
3. ✓ Tested traffic encryption and DNS protection
4. ✓ Analyzed speed impact of VPN usage
5. ✓ Understood encryption protocols and algorithms
6. ✓ Verified privacy features functionality
7. ✓ Tested disconnection and IP restoration
8. ✓ Compared multiple VPN providers

Key Technical Learnings

Encryption and Security:

- VPNs use military-grade encryption (AES-256)
- Protocols like OpenVPN and WireGuard provide different trade-offs
- No-logs policies are critical but require external verification

Privacy Implications:

- VPN masks user activity from ISP
- Geographical location can be spoofed
- DNS queries are protected from ISP tracking
- Trust in VPN provider is essential

Practical Considerations:

- Speed reduction is acceptable trade-off for privacy
- Public WiFi becomes significantly more secure
- VPN is not a complete security solution
- Multi-layer security approach is necessary

Cybersecurity Implications

For Professionals:

- VPNs are essential for remote workers
- Protect sensitive business communications
- Secure access to internal networks
- Compliance with data protection regulations

For General Users:

- Privacy from ISP monitoring
- Security on public networks
- Protection against geographic restrictions
- Basic anonymity layer

Recommendations

For Continued Learning

1. Advanced Topics to Explore:

- VPN protocol deep-dive (IPSec vs OpenVPN vs WireGuard)
- Cryptographic algorithms in detail
- VPN tunneling techniques
- Zero-knowledge architectures

2. Security Enhancements:

- Implement multi-hop VPN routing
- Combine VPN with Tor for additional anonymity
- Use hardware security keys with 2FA
- Regular security audits of connections

3. Professional Development:

- Study VPN architecture and deployment
- Learn about enterprise VPN solutions
- Understand compliance requirements (GDPR, HIPAA)
- VPN security certifications

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This report documents the practical implementation and analysis of VPN technology for cybersecurity training purposes. All testing was conducted in a controlled environment following cybersecurity best practices.