

Final Report of Global Food Production Trends And Anlysis(1961 -2023)

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1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Project Overview:

The Global Food Production System aims to optimize food production, reduce wastage, and enhance sustainable practices using advanced AI and IoT technologies. The system addresses critical challenges such as climate change, resource scarcity, supply chain inefficiencies, and the resistance to adopting innovative practices.

1.2 Purpose:

The purpose of this project is to create an intelligent solution that leverages data analytics, IoT integration, and predictive modeling to improve productivity, reduce wastage, and promote sustainable agriculture.

2. IDEATION PHASE

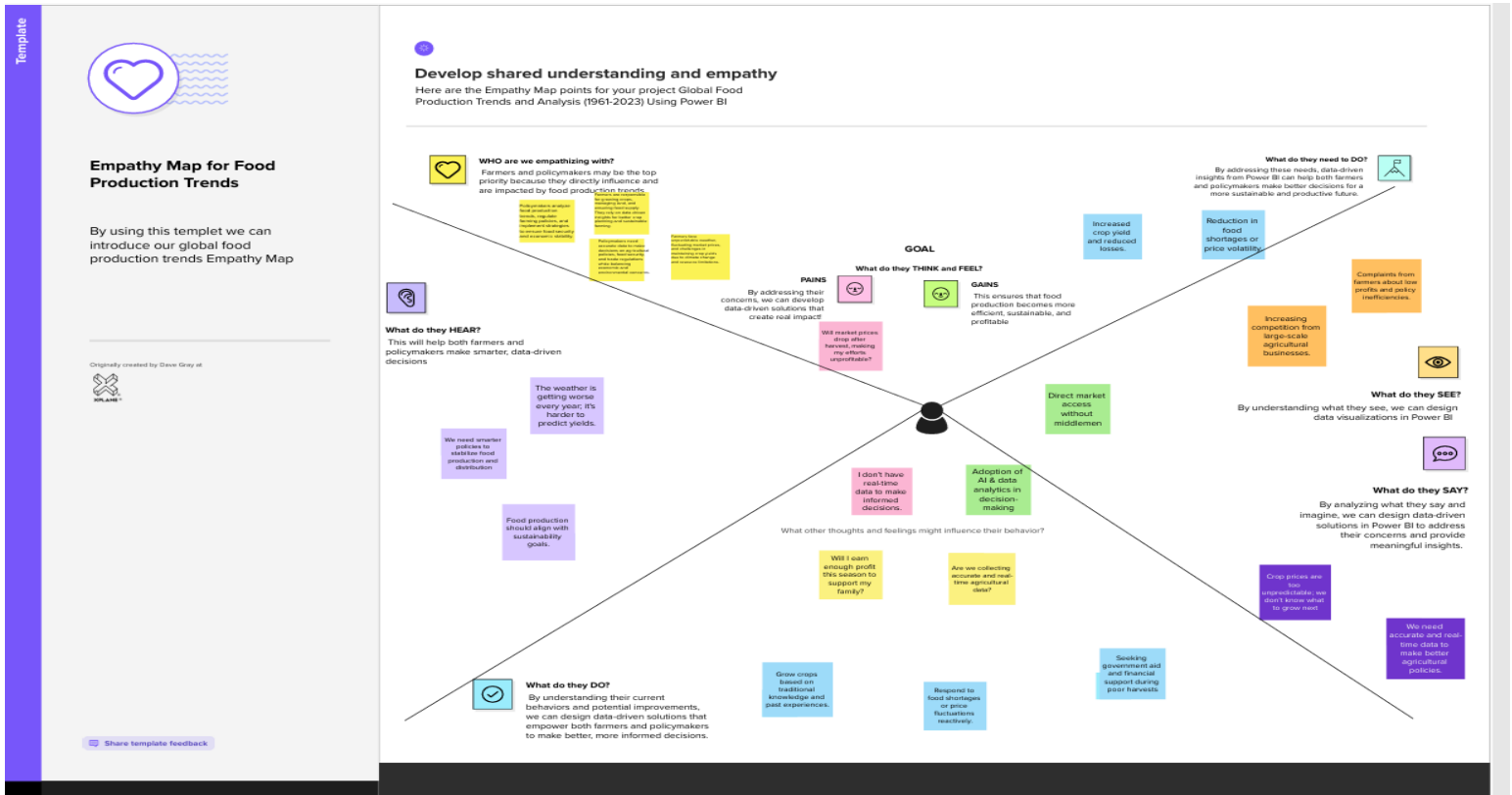
2.1 Problem Statement:

The global food production system is plagued by challenges such as climate change, inefficient resource management, and food wastage. These problems lead to reduced crop yields and significant losses in the supply chain.

2.2 Empathy Map Canvas:

The empathy map highlights stakeholders like farmers, policymakers, agritech innovators, and food distribution managers. Their primary concerns include crop yield, sustainable practices, and resource optimization.

- **Example:**



[illegible] TNO.nl

Global Field
Availability Prediction.
Use historical data and
current trends to
predict future field
availability and
shortages.

Food Trends Dashboard Use color-coded maps to represent surplus and deficit areas

Food Price Prediction
incorporate factors
like inflation,
transportation
costs, and supply
chain disruptions.

Visualizing
food
production
with the help
of given entity

Risk mitigation strategies to reduce food insecurity by potential crises.

Calculating
yearly production
the food and
represent it in
suitable
visualization.

Impact
analysis of
climate
changes on
crops of food.

Combine various factors like food availability, accessibility, and utilization into a comprehensive index.

Country wise distribution of the food .

20 minutes

Sustainable Farming

Climate change impact on crop yields

Most produced food items over the decades

Effects of economic policies on food production

Top food-producing countries and regions

Reducing Food Waste

Organic Farming by using natural fertilizers

Effects of economic policies on food production

Vertical Farming growing crops in stacked layers to save space.

Reducing Food Wastage

Sustainability and food security challenges

Climate change impact on crop yield

Reducing Food Wastage

Effects of economic policies on food production

Top food-producing countries and regions

Climate change impact on crop yields

4

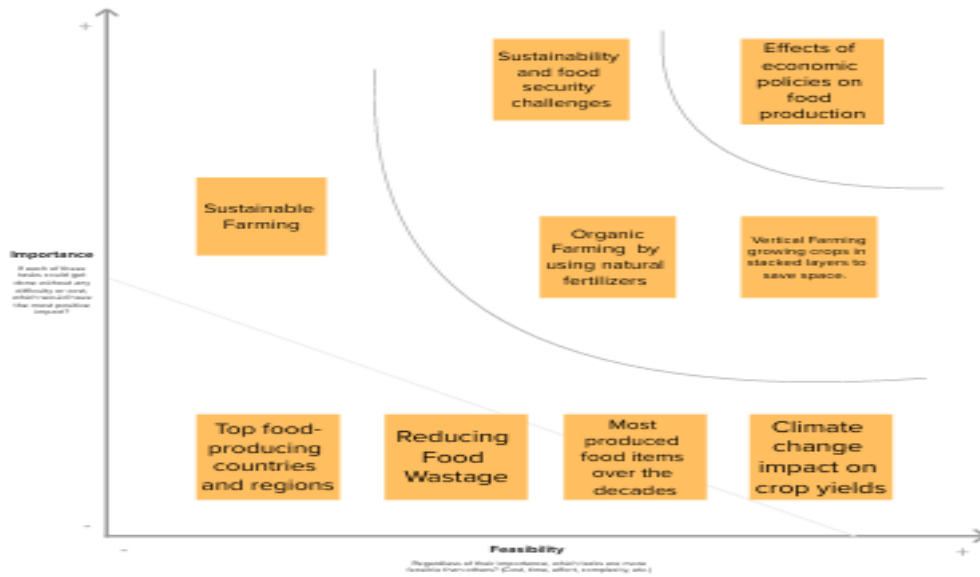
Prioritize

Placing our ideas on this grid to determine which ideas are important and which are feasible.

20 minutes

TIP

Participants can use their intuition to guess at where ideas might fit on the grid. The facilitator can confirm the ideas by using the lower portion of the grid as a starting point.



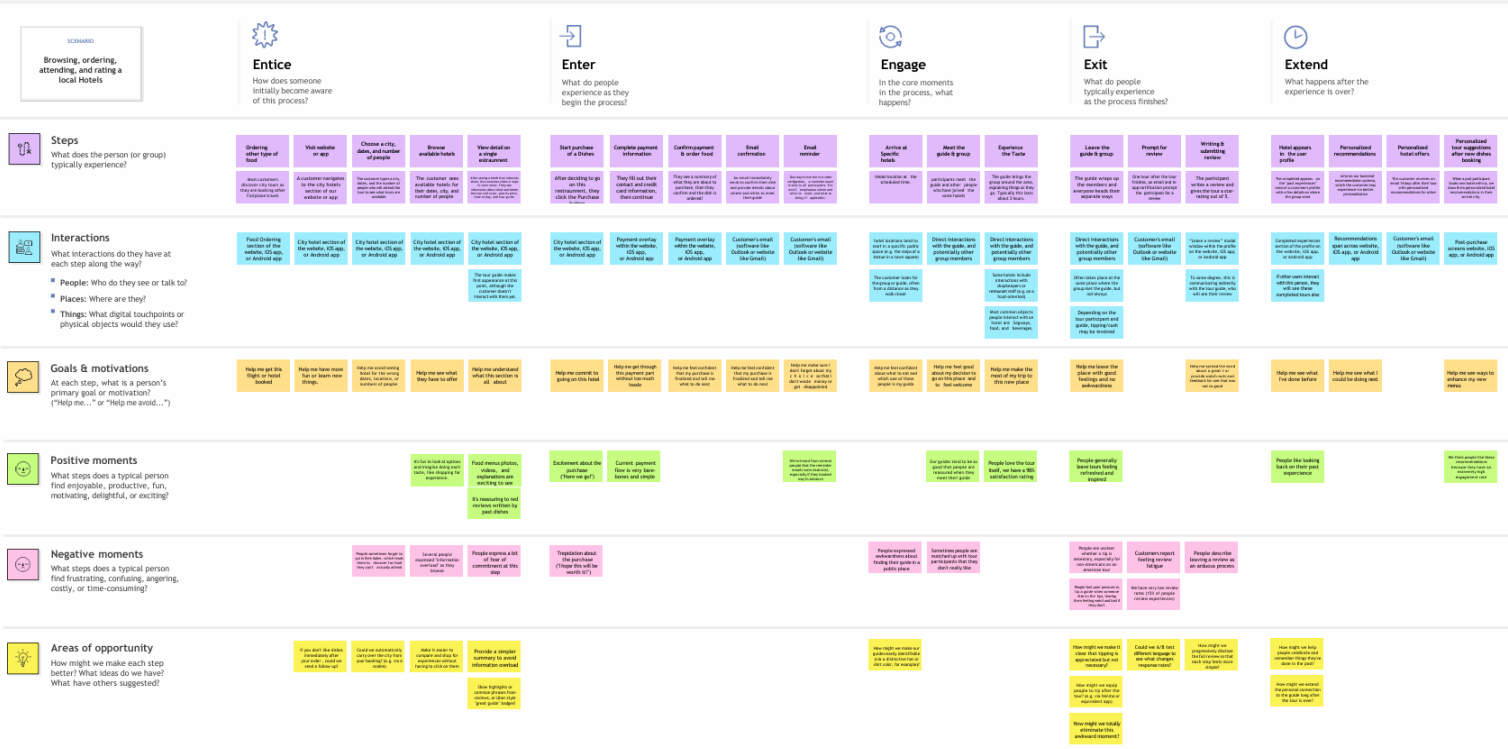
3.REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS

3.1 Customer Journey Map:

Identifies key stakeholders and their interactions with the system. Includes farmers, agronomists, supply chain managers, and policymakers.

FAIRMENUS

Global Food Analysis



3.2 Solution Requirement:

- Real-time data collection from sensors.
- Predictive analytics for crop yield forecasting.
- Efficient irrigation management using IoT.
- Supply chain transparency with blockchain integration.

3.3 Data Flow Diagram:

- Power BI
- SQL/Azure
- DAX(Power BI)
- Power BI Service

4. PROJECT DESIGN

4.1 Problem Solution Fit:

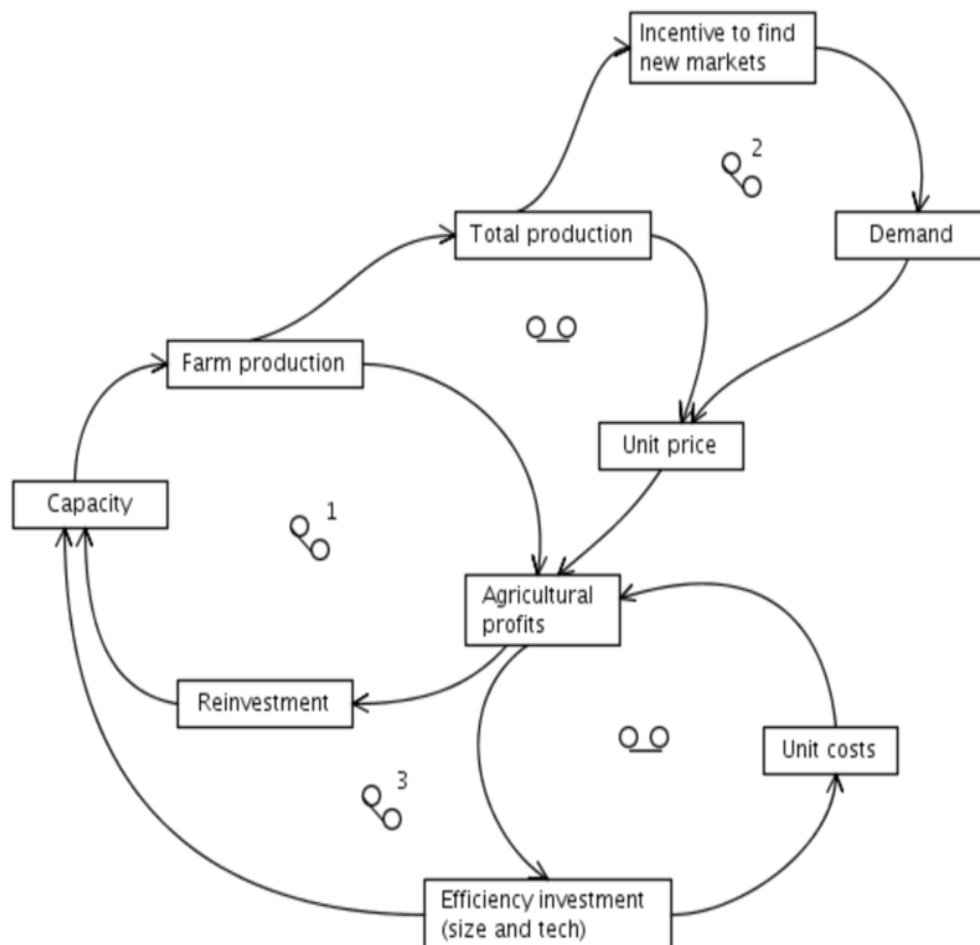
The system aligns with the need for efficient resource management and enhanced agricultural productivity.

4.2 Proposed Solution:

A comprehensive system that monitors soil moisture, climate conditions, and crop health using IoT and AI. Predictive analytics will forecast yields and suggest optimal resource allocation.

4.3 Solution Architecture:

A multi-layered architecture that includes data acquisition, data processing, analytics, and dashboard visualization.



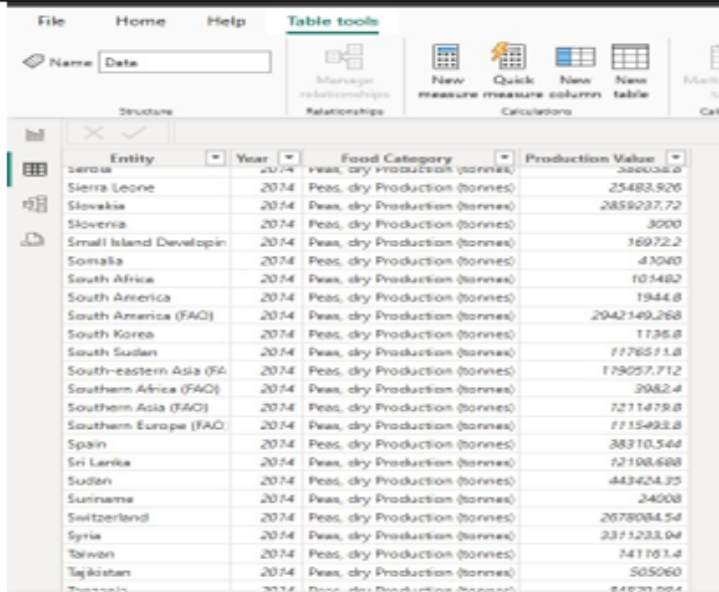
5. PROJECT PLANNING & SCHEDULING


- Phase 1: Requirements Gathering and Analysis
- Phase 2: System Design and Architecture
- Phase 3: Development and Integration
- Phase 4: Testing and Validation
- Phase 5: Deployment and Maintenance

Project Tracker, Velocity & Burndown Chart: (4 Marks)

Sprint	Total Story Points	Duration	Sprint Start Date	Sprint End Date (Planned)	Story Points Completed (as on Planned End Date)	Sprint Release Date (Actual)
Sprint-1	5	7 Days	11 Feb 2025	17Feb 2025	5	17Feb 2025
Sprint-2	6	7 Days	18 Feb 2025	25 Feb 2025	6	25 Feb 2025
Sprint-3	9	7 Days	25 Feb 2025	2 Mar 2025	9	2 Mar 2025
Sprint-4	7	7 Days	5 Mar 2025	11 Mar 2025	7	11 Mar 2025

6. FUNCTIONAL AND PERFORMANCE TESTING

S.No	Parameter	Screenshot / Values																																																																																																
1.	Data Rendered	<p>The dataset has 11,912 entries with 24 columns. Columns include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Entity (Country or region)• Year (1961 to 2023)• Production quantities for various crops and food products, such as:<ul style="list-style-type: none">○ Maize, Rice, Wheat, Tomatoes, Tea, Sweet potatoes, Sunflower seeds○ Sugar cane, Soybeans, Rye, Potatoes, Oranges, Peas○ Palm oil, Grapes, Coffee, Cocoa beans, Chicken meat, Bananas, Avocados, Apples <p>After transforming <u>data</u> it only consists 4 columns.</p>																																																																																																
2.	Data Preprocessing	 <p>The screenshot shows a data preprocessing interface with a table containing the following data:</p> <table><thead><tr><th>Entity</th><th>Year</th><th>Food Category</th><th>Production Value</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>Sierra Leone</td><td>2014</td><td>Peas, dry Production (tonnes)</td><td>25483.926</td></tr><tr><td>Slovakia</td><td>2014</td><td>Peas, dry Production (tonnes)</td><td>2859237.72</td></tr><tr><td>Slovenia</td><td>2014</td><td>Peas, dry Production (tonnes)</td><td>3000</td></tr><tr><td>Small Island Developin</td><td>2014</td><td>Peas, dry Production (tonnes)</td><td>16972.2</td></tr><tr><td>Somalia</td><td>2014</td><td>Peas, dry Production (tonnes)</td><td>47040</td></tr><tr><td>South Africa</td><td>2014</td><td>Peas, dry Production (tonnes)</td><td>101482</td></tr><tr><td>South America</td><td>2014</td><td>Peas, dry Production (tonnes)</td><td>1944.8</td></tr><tr><td>South America (FAO)</td><td>2014</td><td>Peas, dry Production (tonnes)</td><td>2042149.268</td></tr><tr><td>South Korea</td><td>2014</td><td>Peas, dry Production (tonnes)</td><td>1736.8</td></tr><tr><td>South Sudan</td><td>2014</td><td>Peas, dry Production (tonnes)</td><td>1776571.8</td></tr><tr><td>South-eastern Asia (FA</td><td>2014</td><td>Peas, dry Production (tonnes)</td><td>179057.712</td></tr><tr><td>Southern Africa (FAO)</td><td>2014</td><td>Peas, dry Production (tonnes)</td><td>3982.4</td></tr><tr><td>Southern Asia (FAO)</td><td>2014</td><td>Peas, dry Production (tonnes)</td><td>7211479.8</td></tr><tr><td>Southern Europe (FAO)</td><td>2014</td><td>Peas, dry Production (tonnes)</td><td>7715493.8</td></tr><tr><td>Spain</td><td>2014</td><td>Peas, dry Production (tonnes)</td><td>38310.544</td></tr><tr><td>Sri Lanka</td><td>2014</td><td>Peas, dry Production (tonnes)</td><td>12108.688</td></tr><tr><td>Sudan</td><td>2014</td><td>Peas, dry Production (tonnes)</td><td>443424.35</td></tr><tr><td>Suriname</td><td>2014</td><td>Peas, dry Production (tonnes)</td><td>24008</td></tr><tr><td>Switzerland</td><td>2014</td><td>Peas, dry Production (tonnes)</td><td>2678084.54</td></tr><tr><td>Syria</td><td>2014</td><td>Peas, dry Production (tonnes)</td><td>2371233.94</td></tr><tr><td>Taiwan</td><td>2014</td><td>Peas, dry Production (tonnes)</td><td>741701.4</td></tr><tr><td>Tajikistan</td><td>2014</td><td>Peas, dry Production (tonnes)</td><td>505060</td></tr><tr><td>Thailand</td><td>2014</td><td>Peas, dry Production (tonnes)</td><td>848701.804</td></tr></tbody></table>	Entity	Year	Food Category	Production Value	Sierra Leone	2014	Peas, dry Production (tonnes)	25483.926	Slovakia	2014	Peas, dry Production (tonnes)	2859237.72	Slovenia	2014	Peas, dry Production (tonnes)	3000	Small Island Developin	2014	Peas, dry Production (tonnes)	16972.2	Somalia	2014	Peas, dry Production (tonnes)	47040	South Africa	2014	Peas, dry Production (tonnes)	101482	South America	2014	Peas, dry Production (tonnes)	1944.8	South America (FAO)	2014	Peas, dry Production (tonnes)	2042149.268	South Korea	2014	Peas, dry Production (tonnes)	1736.8	South Sudan	2014	Peas, dry Production (tonnes)	1776571.8	South-eastern Asia (FA	2014	Peas, dry Production (tonnes)	179057.712	Southern Africa (FAO)	2014	Peas, dry Production (tonnes)	3982.4	Southern Asia (FAO)	2014	Peas, dry Production (tonnes)	7211479.8	Southern Europe (FAO)	2014	Peas, dry Production (tonnes)	7715493.8	Spain	2014	Peas, dry Production (tonnes)	38310.544	Sri Lanka	2014	Peas, dry Production (tonnes)	12108.688	Sudan	2014	Peas, dry Production (tonnes)	443424.35	Suriname	2014	Peas, dry Production (tonnes)	24008	Switzerland	2014	Peas, dry Production (tonnes)	2678084.54	Syria	2014	Peas, dry Production (tonnes)	2371233.94	Taiwan	2014	Peas, dry Production (tonnes)	741701.4	Tajikistan	2014	Peas, dry Production (tonnes)	505060	Thailand	2014	Peas, dry Production (tonnes)	848701.804
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3.	Utilization of Data Filters	<p>Top 7 Production Values Bottom 7 Production Vlaues</p>																																																																																																

		Top 10 Production value by year
4.	DAX Queries Used	<p>1.Top producing Country = VAR <u>TopCountry</u> =<u>TOPN</u>(1, SUMMARIZE(Data, Data[Entity], "<u>TotalProduction</u>", SUM(Data[Production Value])), [<u>TotalProduction</u>], DESC) RETURN CONCATENATEX(<u>TopCountry</u>, Data[Entity], ", ")</p> <p>2. TOP 5 countries = VAR <u>Topcountries</u>= <u>TOPN</u>(5, SUMMARIZE(Data, Data[Entity], "<u>TotalProduction</u>", SUM(Data[Production Value])), [<u>TotalProduction</u>], DESC) RETURN CONCATENATEX(ADDCOLUMNS(<u>TopCountries</u>, "Rank", <u>RANKX</u>(<u>TopCountries</u>, [<u>TotalProduction</u>], , DESC)), [Rank] & " : " & [Entity], " ")</p> <p>3. Target = <u>SUM</u>(Data[Production Value])*0.2</p>
5.	Dashboard design	 <p>The dashboard displays production value data across various categories. The top section features a bar chart for 'Sum of Production Value by Year' (1960-2020) and a line chart for 'Bottom 5 Production Value by Country'. The right side includes two donut charts for 'Top 5 Production Value' and 'Bottom 5 Production Value'. The top right corner shows a target of 2.00T and a current value of 226.</p>

7. RESULTS

7.1 Output:

Report:



Dashboard:



8. ADVANTAGES & DISADVANTAGES

8.1 Advantages:

- Reduces food wastage through accurate forecasting
- Enhances crop productivity using AI-driven insights
- Improves decision-making with data-driven analytics

8.2 Disadvantages:

- High initial cost for IoT device setup
- Potential resistance to new technology adoption

9. CONCLUSION

The proposed solution addresses global food production challenges by integrating modern technologies for precision agriculture and supply chain optimization. The system provides valuable insights, reduces wastage, and enhances overall productivity.

Power BI's interactive dashboards enable data-driven decisions, enhancing productivity and sustainability while empowering stakeholders to address agricultural challenges proactively

10. FUTURE SCOPE

- 1.Real-Time Monitoring:** Utilize Power BI dashboards to monitor crop health, water usage, and supply chain efficiency in real time.
- 2. Predictive Analytics:** Integrate AI and machine learning models to forecast yields, climate patterns, and resource optimization.
- 3.Data Integration:** Combine data from IoT sensors, weather forecasts, and agricultural databases for comprehensive analysis.
- 4. Customized Dashboards:** Create tailored visualizations for farmers, policymakers, and supply chain managers.
- 5.Sustainability Tracking:** Monitor environmental impacts and resource utilization to promote sustainable practices.

11. APPENDIX

- **Source Code:**

1. Top producing Country = VAR TopCountry =TOPN(1, SUMMARIZE(Data, Data[Entity], "TotalProduction", SUM(Data[Production Value])), [TotalProduction], DESC) RETURN CONCATENATEX(TopCountry, Data[Entity], ", ")
2. TOP 5 countries = VAR Topcountries= TOPN(5, SUMMARIZE(Data, Data[Entity], "TotalProduction", SUM(Data[Production Value])), [TotalProduction], DESC) RETURN CONCATENATEX(ADDCOLUMNS(TopCountries, "Rank", RANKX(TopCountries, [TotalProduction], , DESC)), [Rank] & " : " & [Entity], " | ")
3. Target = SUM(Data[Production Value])*0.2

- **Dataset Link:**

https://drive.google.com/file/d/1rY2wsV6A5o7GxdOzdP7dRpKPQ7on9XM-/view?usp=drive_link

- **GitHub & Project Demo Link:**

<https://github.com/36bhaskar2004/Global-Food-Production-Trends-and-Analysis-A-Comprehensive-Study-from-1961-to-2023-Using-Power-BI.git>

https://drive.google.com/file/d/1MR69holjcnFXsQjYTMmC0w_3UQT3cy8/view?usp=drive_link