

# Installation Guide

## OpenShot™ Video Library | libopenshot (C++)

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## Introduction

The [OpenShot Video Library](#) (also known as *libopenshot*) was created to provide a free and open-source video editing, composition, animation, and playback library, which focuses on professional features, stability, cross-platform support, and multi-core processor support. The library is written in C++ and includes full bindings for Python 3. These instructions are designed for programmers and packagers who are interested in compiling and installing the source code.

## Features

- Cross-Platform (Linux, Windows, and Mac)
- Animation Curves (Bézier, Linear, Constant)
- Multi-Layer Compositing
- Time Mapping (Curve-based Slow Down, Speed Up, Reverse)
- Audio Mixing (Curve-based)
- Audio Plug-ins (VST & AU)

- Audio Drivers (ASIO, WASAPI, DirectSound, CoreAudio, iPhone Audio, ALSA, JACK, and Android)
- Telecine and Inverse Telecine (Film to TV, TV to Film)
- Frame Rate Conversions
- Multi-Processor Support (Performance)
- Python Bindings (All Features Supported)
- Unit Tests (Stability)
- All FFmpeg Formats and Codecs Supported
- Full Documentation (Auto Generated)

## License

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<<http://www.openshotstudios.com/>>.

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You should have received a copy of the GNU Affero General Public License along with OpenShot Library. If not, see <<http://www.gnu.org/licenses/>>.

Also, if your software can interact with users remotely through a computer network, you should also make sure that it provides a way for users to get its source. For example, if your program is a web application, its interface could display a "Source" link that leads users to an archive of the code. There are many ways you could offer source, and different solutions will be better for different programs; see section 13 for the specific requirements.




You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the program, if necessary. For more information on this, and how to apply and follow the GNU AGPL, see <<http://www.gnu.org/licenses/>>.

## Build Tools

[CMake](#) is the backbone of our build system. It is a cross-platform build system, which checks for dependencies, locates header files and libraries, generates makefiles, and supports the cross-platform compiling of libopenshot. CMake uses an **out-of-source** build concept, where all temporary build files, such as makefiles, object files, and even the final binaries, are created outside of the source code folder, inside a /build/ folder. This prevents the build process from cluttering up the source code. These instructions have only been tested with the GNU compiler (including MinGW for Windows).

## Dependencies

The following libraries are required to build libopenshot. Instructions on how to install these dependencies are listed under each operating system below. Libraries and Executables have been color-coded in the list below to help distinguish between them.

|   |         |   |            |   |               |
|---|---------|---|------------|---|---------------|
|  | Library |  | Executable |  | Compiler Flag |
|---|---------|---|------------|---|---------------|

- **FFmpeg** ([libavformat](#), [libavcodec](#), [libavutil](#), [libavdevice](#), [libswscale](#))
  - <http://www.ffmpeg.org/>
  - This library is used to decode and encode video, audio, and image files. It is also used to obtain information about media files, such as frames per second, sample rate, aspect ratio, and other common attributes.
- **ImageMagick++** ([libMagick++](#), [libMagickWand](#), [libMagickCore](#))
  - <http://www.imagemagick.org/script/magick++.php>
  - This library is used to resize, composite, and apply effects to images, including frames of video.
- **OpenShot Audio Library** ([libopenshot-audio](#))
  - This library is used to mix, resample, host plug-ins, and play audio. It is based on the JUCE project, which is an outstanding audio library used by many different applications.
- **SDL** ([libsdl1.2](#))
  - Simple DirectMedia Layer is a library used to display video on the screen while utilizing hardware acceleration.
- **Qt4 Qt5** (~~libqt4~~ [libqt5](#))
  - Qt4 Qt5 is used to display video on the screen and many other utility functions, such as file system manipulation, high resolution timers, etc...

- **CMake** ([cmake](http://www.cmake.org/))
  - <http://www.cmake.org/>
  - This executable is used to automate the generation of Makefiles, check for dependencies, and is the back-bone of libopenshot's cross-platform build process.
- **SWIG** ([swig](http://www.swig.org/))
  - <http://www.swig.org/>
  - This executable is used to generate the Python bindings for libopenshot.
- **Python** ([libpython](http://www.python.org/))
  - <http://www.python.org/>
  - This library is used by swig to create the Python bindings for libopenshot.
- **Doxygen** ([doxygen](http://www.stack.nl/~dimitri/doxygen/))
  - <http://www.stack.nl/~dimitri/doxygen/>
  - This executable is used to auto-generate the documentation used by libopenshot.
- **UnitTest++** ([libunittest++](http://unittest-cpp.sourceforge.net/))
  - <http://unittest-cpp.sourceforge.net/>
  - This library is used to execute unit tests for libopenshot. It contains many macros used to keep our unit testing code very clean and simple.
- **OpenMP** ([-fopenmp](http://openmp.org/wp/))
  - <http://openmp.org/wp/>
  - If your compiler supports this flag, it provides libopenshot with easy methods of using parallel programming techniques to improve performance and take advantage of multi-core processors.

## Obtaining Source Code

The first step in installing libopenshot is to obtain the most recent source code. The source code is available on [launchpad.net/libopenshot/](http://launchpad.net/libopenshot/). You can pull the latest version using the [Bazaar](#) source control system. There are two separate libraries you need to compile:

**libopenshot-audio** and **libopenshot**. You will need to pull the source code for both libraries with the following commands.

- **bzr branch lp:libopenshot**
- **bzr branch lp:~openshot.code/libopenshot/libopenshot-audio**

## Folder Structure

The source code is divided up into the following folders.

|             |  |
|-------------|--|
| build/      | This folder needs to be manually created, and is used by <i>cmake</i> to store the temporary build files, such as makefiles, as well as the final binaries (library and test executables). |
| cmake/      | This folder contains custom modules not included by default in <i>cmake</i> , used to find dependency libraries and headers and determine if these libraries are installed.                |
| doc/        | This folder contains documentation and related files, such as logos and images required by the doxygen auto-generated documentation.   |
| include/    | This folder contains all headers (*.h) used by libopenshot.  |
| src/        | This folder contains all source code (*.cpp) used by libopenshot.  |
| tests/      | This folder contains all unit test code. Each class has it's own test file (*.cpp), and uses UnitTest++ macros to keep the test code simple and manageable.                                |
| thirdparty/ | This folder contains code not written by the OpenShot team. For example, jsoncpp, open-source JSON code needed by OpenShot.  |

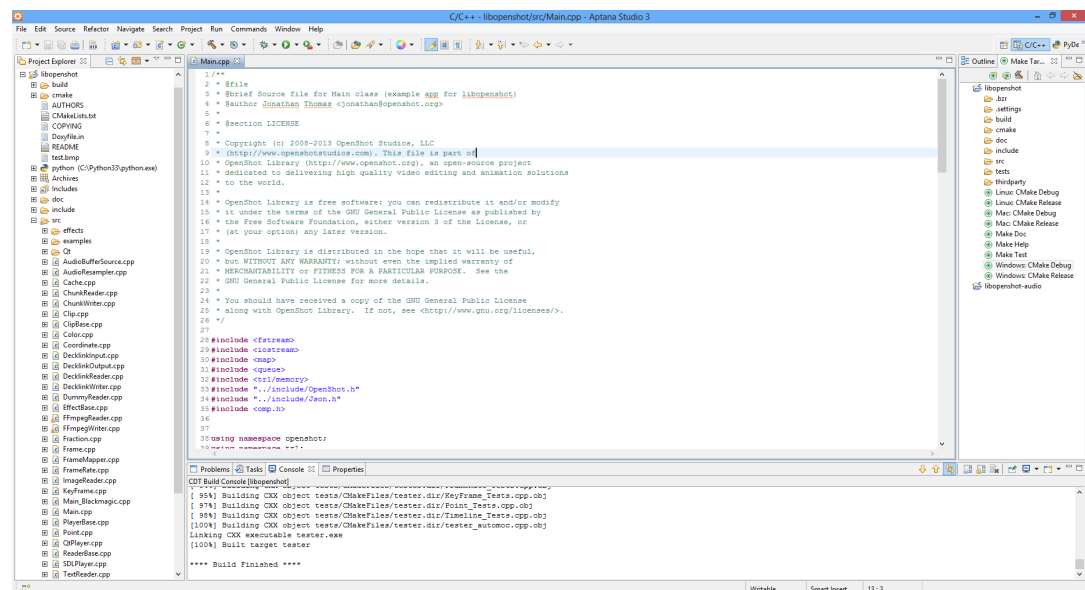
## Developer Tools (IDE)

While any text editor and terminal will allow you to make changes and compile libopenshot, we recommend the following configuration (which works on Mac, Windows, and Linux).

- **Aptana 3.x or Eclipse**
  - <http://www.apтана.com/> or <http://www.eclipse.org/>
  - Once Aptana or Eclipse is installed, you will need to install the *C/C++ Development Tools*, using the Help->Install New Software menu.
  - Once the C++ tools are installed, you can switch to the C/C++ perspective, which arranges the windows and toolbars to the appropriate configuration.
  - Next, we need to import the Aptana/Eclipse project file into your *Project Explorer* window (on the left of the screen). Right click in the *Project Explorer*, choose *Import...-> General-> Existing Projects into Workspace*. Choose the libopenshot folder on your computer, and click *Finish*. This will load all the files in libopenshot into your *Project Explorer*.
  - Before you can compile / build libopenshot, you must first launch *cmake*, which you can do easily from Aptana/Eclipse. In the *C/C++ perspective*, on the far right side of the screen you should have a tab called *Make Targets*. On this tab, you

will see different targets for each operating system (Mac, Windows, and Linux). Double click the one that matches your operating system. The *Debug* versions create debugging symbols, the *Release* versions do not create debug symbols. These *Make Targets* will launch *cmake*, which generates the makefiles, which contain the final commands to compile/build libopenshot.

- Click the *Build* button (i.e hammer icon) on the top toolbar to compile libopenshot. If you are using Windows, you will need to choose the “Windows Debug” build configuration, which uses the *mingw32-make* command instead of the *make* command.
- Here is a screenshot of Aptana 3.x configured correctly with libopenshot and the C/C++ tools:



## Linux Build Instructions

These build instructions are for a Debian-based Linux distribution. Other Linux distributions should be very similar, but might also be subtly different. So, exercise caution if you are using a non-Debian distribution.

## Install Dependencies (via Package Manager)

Most packages needed by libopenshot can be installed easily with a package manager. Install the following **packages** using apt-get, Synaptic, or similar package manager:

- build-essential
- cmake
- libavformat-dev
- libavdevice-dev
- libswscale-dev

- libSDL1.2-dev
- qt5-default
- qtbase5-dev
- qt5-qmake
- qtmultimedia5-dev
- libmagick++-dev
- python3-dev
- libunittest++-dev
- swig
- doxygen
- libxinerama-dev
- libxcursor-dev
- libasound2-dev

### Build & Install libopenshot-audio (Dependency)

Since libopenshot-audio is not available in a Debian package, we need to go through a few additional steps to manually build and install it.

- Branch the latest version: `$ bazaar branch lp:~openshot.code/libopenshot/libopenshot-audio`
- Launch a terminal, and enter:
  - `$ cd /home/user/libopenshot-audio/`
  - `$ mkdir build`
  - `$ cd build`
  - `$ cmake ../`
  - `$ make`
- If you are missing any dependencies for libopenshot-audio, you might receive error messages at this point. Just install the missing packages (usually with a -dev suffix), and run the above commands again. Repeat until no error messages are displayed, and the build process completes.
- Once libopenshot-audio has been successfully built, we need to **install it** (i.e. copy it to the correct folder, so other libraries can find it)
  - `$ sudo make install`
- If everything worked correctly, this command should play a test sound:
  - `$ openshot-audio-test-sound`

### Build & Install OpenShot Video Library on Linux (libopenshot)

The first step in installing libopenshot is to obtain the most recent source code. The source code is available on [launchpad.net/libopenshot](https://launchpad.net/libopenshot).

- Branch the latest version: `$ bazaar branch lp:libopenshot`

- Create a folder called `/build/` inside the `/libopenshot/` folder: **`/libopenshot/build/`**
  - This will be used to store the final binary of `libopenshot.so`
- Launch a terminal, and enter:
  - `$ cd /home/user/libopenshot/build/`
  - `$ cmake ../`
  - `$ make`
- If you are missing any dependencies for `libopenshot`, you might receive error messages at this point. Just install the missing packages (usually with a `-dev` suffix), and run the above commands again. Repeat until no error messages are displayed, and the build process completes. Also, if you manually install Qt 5, you might need to specify the location for `cmake`:
 

```
$ cmake -DCMAKE_PREFIX_PATH=/qt5_path/qt5/5.2.0/ ../
```
- To run all **unit tests** (and verify everything is working correctly), launch a terminal, and enter:
  - `$ make test`
  - If all tests pass, then you have successfully built `libopenshot`!
- To auto-generate the **documentation** for `libopenshot`, launch a terminal, and enter:
  - `$ make doc`
  - This will use `doxygen` to generate a folder of HTML files, with all classes and methods documented. The folder is located at **`/home/user/libopenshot/build/doc/html/`**.
- Once `libopenshot` has been successfully built, we need to install it (i.e. copy it to the correct folder, so other libraries can find it)
  - `$ sudo make install`
  - This should copy the binary file to `/usr/local/lib/libopenshot.so`, and the header files to `/usr/local/include/openshot/...`. This is where other projects will likely look for the `libopenshot` files when building.
- The Python bindings are located in `/libopenshot/build/src/`. To test them, launch a terminal, and enter:
  - `$ cd /home/user/libopenshot/build/src/`
  - `$ python`
  - `>>> import openshot`
  - If no errors are displayed, you may now access all the classes and methods of `libopenshot` through the `openshot` module in Python.

## Windows Build Instructions

These build instructions are for Windows 7, but should work for other versions of Windows as well. There are many additional steps when using Windows to build `libopenshot`, and will require the downloading and installation of many different applications, libraries, and tools. These instructions are based on the MinGW (Minimalist GNU for Windows) compiler. Visual Studio can **not** be used with these instructions. In fact, libraries that are built with Visual Studio can **not** be



linked correctly using MinGW, so all dependency libraries need to be built with MinGW as well.

**TIP:** When running commands in the command line or other terminal shells, be sure and “Run as administrator” whenever possible. Many of these commands will create folders or copy files, and might not have permission. Also, I recommend using a better terminal than cmd.exe, for example [Clink](#).

## Install Dependencies (Manually)

Unfortunately, Windows does not have a simple way to install commonly used libraries and applications, similar to a Linux package manager. So, you will need to manually find, download, and install each dependency application and library, making sure the binaries are compiled with MinGW (and not Visual Studio). In a few cases, you will have to compile a library manually with MinGW, if no suitable MinGW binaries can be found online. This is going to take a while, so be sure you have some free time before continuing beyond this point. Good luck!

- **MinGW** (Minimalist GNU for Windows)
  - <http://sourceforge.net/projects/mingw/files/>
  - Download and Install the Automated MinGW Installer (.exe)
  - This will install new commands that you can use from the command line, such as “g++” and “mingw32-make”. If these commands are not found, you might need to add the mingw folder to your PATH environment variable.
  - **OpenMP and pthreads:** Be sure to install *mingw32-pthreads-w32-dev*, which is an optional MinGW package. It is **required** to compile libopenshot. You can install this package (along with many other common MinGW packages using the *MinGW Installation Manager*).
- **CMake**
  - <http://www.cmake.org/cmake/resources/software.html>
  - Download and Install the Win32 Installer
  - This will install a new command that you can use from the command line: “cmake”. If the command is not found, you might need to add the cmake folder to your PATH environment variable.
- **FFmpeg**
  - <http://ffmpeg.zeranoe.com/builds/>
  - Download and Install the (Dev) version for either 32-bit or 64-bit Windows. Be sure to get the (Dev) version, or you will not get the headers and other important files. Also, install the (Shared) version, which is required at runtime, which includes each FFmpeg library as a ‘shared’ DLL. Copy the \*.dll files from the ‘Shared’ version’s /bin folder into the ‘Dev’ version’s /lib folder. Basically, libopenshot expects all the key FFmpeg files to be in a single folder.
  - Create an environment variable called **FFMPEGDIR** and set the value to

**C:\ffmpeg-git-95f163b-win32-dev** (your path might be different). This is the folder which contains both the 'include' folder (for headers) and 'lib' folder (for dlls).

- This environment variable will be used by CMake to find the binary and header files.
- **Troubleshoot FFmpeg:**
  - If you receive FFmpeg related compile errors, try using an older version of FFmpeg, such as [ffmpeg-2.1-win32-dev.7z](#) and [ffmpeg-2.0.2-win32-shared.7z](#).

- **Qt5**

- <http://qt-project.org/downloads>
- Download and Install the newest MinGW version (for example: [http://download.qt-project.org/official\\_releases/qt/5.1/5.1.1/qt-windows-opensource-5.1.1-mingw48\\_opengl-x86-offline.exe](http://download.qt-project.org/official_releases/qt/5.1/5.1.1/qt-windows-opensource-5.1.1-mingw48_opengl-x86-offline.exe)).
- Add the Qt install folder to your PATH (if it is not there after installation). For example: c:\Qt\5.1.1\bin.
- **Troubleshooting Qt5:**
  - If you receive compile errors related to Qt5, you might have to manually fix a but in the Qt headers (your path might be a bit different).
  - Comment out the following line in C:/Qt/Qt5.1.1/5.1.1/mingw48\_32/include/QtGui/qopenglversionfunctions.h
    - // void (QOPENGLF\_APIENTRY MemoryBarrier)(GLbitfield barriers);
  - Eventually this bug will be fixed on upstream Qt, but until that happens, this work-around should solve any compile errors.

- **Python3**

- <http://www.python.org/download/>
- Download and Install the Python 3.X Windows Installer (32bit version / x86). This will also install the headers and library files for Python.
- **Troubleshooting Python:**
  - If cmake cannot find PythonLibs, it might be due to the following bug in cmake's FindPythonLibs.cmake file. It seems that in some versions of cmake, the find\_library command does not parse registry paths. Thus, the registry path entered above, does not get searched for the newly compiled ImageMagick dlls. Here is a work around to fix that bug. Add the following line to FindPythonLibs.cmake inside the first foreach loop:
    - GET\_FILENAME\_COMPONENT(HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\_PATH "[HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\\SOFTWARE\\Python\\PythonCore\\\${CURRENT\_VERSION}\\InstallPath]" ABSOLUTE )
  - Then, add \${HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\_PATH} to the PATHS on any **find\_library** commands you find in the file. This should correctly parse the registry entry, and search that path for the dlls. Also, be sure to include the

correct suffix: /libs or /include.

- **Swig**

- <http://www.swig.org/download.html>
- Download and Install the “swigwin” Windows installer. This will install a new command that you can use from the command line: “swig”. If the command is not found, you might need to add the swig folder to your PATH environment variable.

- **Doxygen**

- <http://www.stack.nl/~dimitri/doxygen/download.html#latestsrc>
- Download and Install the Windows Installer. This will install a new command that you can use from the command line: “doxygen”. If the command is not found, you might need to add the doxygen folder to your PATH environment variable.

- **UnitTest++**

- <http://sourceforge.net/projects/unittest-cpp/files/>
- Download and Extract the UnitTest++ source code .ZIP to a local folder: **C:\UnitTest++\**. No binary files are available to download, so we will need to build the source code. The source code comes with Visual Studio project files, but MinGW will be unable to link a Visual Studio DLL with libopenshot. So, we need to manually build UnitTest++ with MinGW and CMake.
- Create a folder called \build\ inside the \UnitTest++\ folder: **C:\UnitTest++\build\**
  - This will be used to store the final binary of libUnitTest++.dll
- Copy and rename a file from the libopenshot source code into the \UnitTest++\ folder.
  - C:\libopenshot\cmake\Modules\UnitTest++\_CMakeLists.txt --> C:\UnitTest++\CMakeLists.txt
  - This file (CMakeLists.txt) will be used by CMake to compile UnitTest++. Be sure to rename the file.
- Launch a terminal, and enter:
  - `$ cd C:\UnitTest++\build\`
  - `$ cmake -G "MinGW Makefiles" ../`
  - `$ mingw32-make`
- Create an environment variable called **UNITTEST\_DIR** and set the value to **C:\UnitTest++**
- This environment variable will be used by CMake to find the binary and header files.

- **MSYS**

- <http://downloads.sourceforge.net/mingw/MSYS-1.0.11.exe>
- MSYS is a collection of GNU utilities, commands, and a shell that allows compiling Linux applications with MinGW. ImageMagick++ does not have any

MinGW compiled binaries available to download, and MSYS is the only way I've been successful building it on Windows with MinGW. It is a fairly straight forward process, but a little confusing if it's your first time learning about MSYS. However, the basic idea is that MSYS gives you a terminal shell that can understand linux file paths, and common linux commands, but the compiling of source code still uses MinGW.

- Download and Install the MSYS (exe) listed above.
- Enter "**C:\msys\1.0**", when prompted where to install MSYS.
- Enter "**C:\mingw**", when prompted where MinGW is installed.
- Install the MSYS DTK (<http://downloads.sourceforge.net/mingw/msysDTK-1.0.1.exe>) in the **C:\msys\1.0\** folder.
- Install the MSYS Core (<http://sourceforge.net/projects/mingw/files/MSYS/BaseSystem/msys-1.0.11/msysCORE-1.0.11-bin.tar.gz/download>). It is an archive. Extract it in the **C:\msys\1.0\** folder.
- Set the environment variable HOME to **C:\msys\1.0\home**
- Now, you should have a shortcut to the MSYS shell on your desktop, and in your program list. This will launch the MSYS shell, which behaves very similar to a Linux terminal. Commands such as "ls", "cp", and "mv" will now work. This shell is required to install ImageMagick++, because their build process uses Linux file paths and Linux commands which do not work in the Windows command line.

- **DLfcn**

- <http://code.google.com/p/dlfcn-win32/downloads/list>
- Download and Extract the Win32 Static (.tar.bz2) archive to a local folder:  
**C:\libdl\**
- Create an environment variable called **DL\_DIR** and set the value to **C:\libdl\**
- This environment variable will be used by CMake to find the binary and header file.

- **Zlib**

- <http://gnuwin32.sourceforge.net/packages/zlib.htm>
- Download and Install the Windows Setup program.

- **FreeType**

- <http://gnuwin32.sourceforge.net/packages/freetype.htm>
- Download and Install the Windows Setup program.
- Create an environment variable called **FREETYPE\_DIR** and set the value to **C:\Program Files\GnuWin32\**
- This environment variable will be used by CMake to find the binaries and header files.

- **ImageMagick++**

- <ftp://ftp.imagemagick.org/pub/ImageMagick/ImageMagick.tar.gz>
- First, be sure you have installed and configured MSYS before attempting to install

ImageMagick. Because ImageMagick must be compiled with MinGW (and **not** VisualStudio), a working MSYS shell is needed. Download and Extract the ImageMagic source code into your MSYS home directory:

**C:\msys\1.0\home\USER\ImageMagick-6.7.1-0\** (your path might be different)

- Launch the MSYS shell, and enter:
  - NOTE: Copy the `cmake/Windows/build-imagemagick.sh` and `urls.txt` to a folder on Msys and execute the `.sh` file. This will automate the downloading, extracting, and installing of ImageMagick for Windows. Also, it must link to your Qt5's included version of MinGW. If this works, it should create the ImageMagick Dlls, and you can skip to the next step. If this fails, continue to manually build ImageMagick with the following commands.
  - `$ cd /home/USER/ImageMagick*`
  - `$ ./configure --enable-shared=yes --enable-static=no --with-x --prefix=/mingw LDFLAGS=-static-libstdc++`
  - `$ make`
  - `$ make install`
  - If you get any errors, you might need to disable certain features, or install additional libraries needed by ImageMagick. To see all configure options, enter `./configure --help`
  - The final step is to create the following registry key:  
[HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\ImageMagick\Current;BinPath]  
and set the value to **C:/MinGW/msys/1.0/local**
  - This registry key will be used by CMake to locate the final ImageMagick binaries, and header files. **C:/MinGW/msys/1.0/local** should have an `\include\` and `\lib\` folder which contain ImageMagick files, once the “make install” command is run.
- **Troubleshooting cmake:**
  - If cmake cannot find ImageMagick, it might be due to the following bug in cmake's FindImageMagick.cmake file. It seems that in some versions of cmake, the `find_library` command does not parse registry paths. Thus, the registry path entered above, does not get searched for the newly compiled ImageMagick dlls. Here is a work around to fix that bug. Add the following line to FindImageMagick.cmake:
  - `GET_FILENAME_COMPONENT(REGISTRY_PATH "[HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\\SOFTWARE\\ImageMagick\\Current;BinPath] /lib" ABSOLUTE)`
  - Then, add `${REGISTRY_PATH}` to the PATHS on the first **find\_library** command you find in the file. This should correctly parse the registry entry, and search that path for the dlls.

- **DirectX SDK**

- <http://www.microsoft.com/download/en/details.aspx?displaylang=en&id=6812>
- Download and Install the DirectX SDK Setup program. This is needed for the JUCE library to play audio on Windows.
- Create an environment variable called **DXSDK\_DIR** and set the value to **C:\Program Files\Microsoft DirectX SDK (June 2010)\** (your path might be different)
- This environment variable will be used by CMake to find the binaries and header files.

- **libSndFile**

- <http://www.mega-nerd.com/libsndfile/#Download>
- Download and Install the Win32 Setup program.
- Create an environment variable called **SNDFILE\_DIR** and set the value to **C:\Program Files\libsndfile**
- This environment variable will be used by CMake to find the binary and header files.

- **SDL**

- <http://www.libsdl.org/download-1.2.php>
- Download and Install the Win32 file.
- Create an environment variable called **SDLDIR** and set the value to **C:\SDL-1.2.15** (your path might be different)
- This environment variable will be used by CMake to find the binary and header files.

- **libopenh264**

- Since libopenh264 is not available in an installer, we need to go through a few additional steps to manually build and install it.

- Branch the latest version: `$ bzz branch`  
`lp:~openh264.code/libopenh264/libopenh264`

- Launch a terminal, and enter:

- `$ cd /libopenh264/`
- `$ mkdir build`
- `$ cd build`
- `$ cmake -G "MinGW Makefiles" ../`
- `$ mingw32-make`

- If you are missing any dependencies for libopenh264, you might receive error messages at this point. Just install the missing libraries, and run the above commands again. Repeat until no error messages are displayed, and the build process completes. If you get stuck at this point, take a look at the CMakeLists.txt

file inside the `\libopenshot-audio\` folder for clues on how it's trying to locate dependencies, such as environment variables, registry keys, etc...

- If you are trying to build with Qt5's version of MinGW, which is a **64 bit** version of MinGW, you might need to fix one of the header files in MinGW. Replace the contents of *iphlpapi.h* with this file:  
<https://gitorious.org/w64/w64/raw/8debddd9a43d7b8d841d3ebc1dd8a46782eac120:mingw-w64-headers/include/iphlpapi.h>
- Once libopenshot-audio has been successfully built, we need to install it (i.e. copy it to the correct folder, so other libraries can find it)
  - `$ mingw32-make install`
  - This should copy the binary file to `C:\Program Files\Project\lib\libopenshot-audio.dll`, and the header files to `C:\Program Files\Project\include\libopenshot-audio\...` This is where libopenshot will ultimately look for the libopenshot-audio files when building.
- If everything worked correctly, this command should play a test sound:
  - `$ openshot-audio-test-sound`
- Create an environment variable called **LIBOPENSLOT\_AUDIO\_DIR** and set the value to **C:\Program Files\Project\libopenshot-audio** (your path might be different)
- This environment variable will be used by CMake to find the binary and header files needed by libopenshot.

## Build & Install OpenShot Video Library on Windows (libopenshot)

The first step in installing libopenshot is to obtain the most recent source code. The source code is available on [launchpad.net/libopenshot](http://launchpad.net/libopenshot).

- Branch the latest version: `$ bzz branch lp:libopenshot`
- Create a folder called `\build\` inside the `\libopenshot\` folder: **C:\libopenshot\build\**
  - This will be used to store the final binary of libopenshot.dll
- Launch a terminal, and enter:
  - `$ cd C:\libopenshot\build`
  - `$ cmake -G "MinGW Makefiles" ../`
  - `$ mingw32-make`
- If you are missing any dependencies for libopenshot, you might receive error messages at this point. Just install the missing packages (usually with a -dev suffix), and run the above commands again. Repeat until no error messages are displayed, and the build process completes.
- To run all **unit tests** (and verify everything is working correctly), launch a terminal, and enter:
  - `$ make test`
  - If all tests pass, then you have successfully built libopenshot!
- To auto-generate the **documentation** for libopenshot, launch a terminal, and enter:

- `$ make doc`
  - This will use doxygen to generate a folder of HTML files, with all classes and methods documented. The folder is located at **/home/user/libopenshot/build/doc/html/**.
- Once libopenshot has been successfully built, we need to install it (i.e. copy it to the correct folder, so other libraries can find it)
  - `$ sudo make install`
  - This should copy the binary file to /usr/local/lib/libopenshot.so, and the header files to /usr/local/include/openshot/... This is where other projects will likely look for the libopenshot files when building.
- The Python bindings are located in /libopenshot/build/src/. To test them, launch a terminal, and enter:
  - `$ cd /home/user/libopenshot/build/src/`
  - `$ python`
  - `>>> import openshot`
  - If no errors are displayed, you may now access all the classes and methods of libopenshot through the openshot module in Python.

## Environment Variables

Many [environment variables](#) will need to be set during this Windows installation guide. The command line will need to be closed and re-launched after any changes to your environment variables. Also, dependency libraries will not be found during linking or execution without being found in the PATH environment variable. So, if you get errors related to missing commands or libraries, double check the PATH variable.

The following environment variables need to be added to your “System Variables”. Be sure to check each folder path for accuracy, as your paths will likely be different than this list.

## Example Variables

|                      |   |
|----------------------|---|
| DL_DIR               | C:\libdl  |
| DXSDK_DIR            | C:\Program Files\Microsoft DirectX SDK (June 2010)\ |
| FFMPEGDIR            | C:\ffmpeg-git-95f163b-win32-dev                     |
| FREETYPE_DIR         | C:\Program Files\GnuWin32                           |
| HOME                 | C:\msys\1.0\home                                    |
| LIBOPENSOT_AUDIO_DIR | C:\Program Files\libopenshot-audio                  |
| QTDIR                | C:\qt5  |



|              |  |
|--------------|--|
| SNDFILE_DIR  | C:\Program Files\libsndfile  |
| SDLDIR       | C:\SDL-1.2.15  |
| UNITTEST_DIR | C:\UnitTest++  |
| PATH         | <p>The following paths were appended:</p> <p>C:\msys\1.0\local\lib;C:\Program Files\CMake 2.8\bin;C:\MinGW\bin;C:\UnitTest++\build;C:\libopenshot\build\src;C:\Program Files\doxygen\bin;C:\ffmpeg-git-95f163b-win32-dev\lib;C:\swigwin-.0.4;C:\Python27;C:\Program Files\Project\lib;</p> |

## Mac Build Instructions

These build instructions are for Mac OS X (Mountain Lion). Other OS X versions should be very similar, but might also be subtly different. So, exercise caution if you are using a non-Mountain Lion version.

### Install Dependencies (via MacPorts & Homebrew)

Most packages needed by libopenshot can be installed easily with [MacPorts](#) or [Homebrew](#). However, before MacPorts can be installed, you must first install Xcode with the following options ("UNIX Development", "System Tools", "Command Line Tools", or "Command Line Support"). Be sure to refresh your list of MacPort packages with the "sudo port selfupdate" command and/or update your Homebrew packages with "brew update".

Install the following **packages** using the Homebrew package installer (<http://brew.sh/>).

- **brew install ffmpeg**
- **brew install imagemagick**
- **brew install swig**
- **brew install doxygen**
- **brew install swig**
- **brew install gcc48**
- **brew install unittest-cpp --cc=gcc-4.8.** You must specify the c++ compiler with the --cc flag to be 4.7 or 4.8.
- **brew install qt5**
- **brew install cmake**
- **brew install sdl**

Install the following packages manually (because Homebrew does not have them):

- X11 (XQuartz) - <http://xquartz.macosforge.org/landing/>
  - This library is used to display images with ImageMagick and libopenshot. Some version of Mac OS X include X11, and some do not. You can install the newest version of XQuartz from the link above.

### Build & Install libopenshot-audio (Dependency)

Since libopenshot-audio is not available in a Homebrew or MacPorts package, we need to go through a few additional steps to manually build and install it.

- Branch the latest version: `$ bzip branch lp:~openshot.code/libopenshot/libopenshot-audio`
- Launch a terminal and enter:
  - `$ cd /home/user/libopenshot-audio/`
  - `$ mkdir build`
  - `$ cd build`
  - `$ cmake -G "Unix Makefiles" ../` (This must not use the gcc-mp-4.7 compiler, since it compiles objective C code.)
  - `$ make`
  - `$ make install`
  - `$ openshot-audio-test-sound` (This should play a test sound)

### Build & Install OpenShot Video Library on Mac (libopenshot)

The first step in installing libopenshot is to obtain the most recent source code. The source code is available on [launchpad.net/libopenshot](http://launchpad.net/libopenshot).

- Branch the latest version: `$ bzip branch lp:libopenshot`
- Create a folder called /build/ inside the /libopenshot/ folder: **/libopenshot/build/**
  - This will be used to store the final binary of libopenshot.so
- Launch a terminal, and enter:
  - `$ cd /home/user/libopenshot/build/`
  - `cmake -DCMAKE_CXX_COMPILER=$(brew --prefix gcc48)/bin/g++-4.8 -DCMAKE_C_COMPILER=$(brew --prefix gcc48)/bin/gcc-4.8 -DCMAKE_PREFIX_PATH=$(brew --prefix)/Cellar/qt5/5.1.1/ ../`  
 The extra arguments on the cmake command make sure the compiler will be gcc4.8 and that cmake knows where to look for the Qt header files.
  - `$ make`
- If you are missing any dependencies for libopenshot, you will receive error messages at this point. Just install the missing packages (usually with a -dev suffix), and run the above commands again. Repeat until no error messages are displayed and the build process completes.
- To run all **unit tests** (and verify everything is working correctly), launch a terminal, and enter:

- `$ make test`
  - If all tests pass, then you have successfully built libopenshot!
- To auto-generate the **documentation** for libopenshot, launch a terminal, and enter:
  - `$ make doc`
  - This will use doxygen to generate a folder of HTML files, with all classes and methods documented. The folder is located at **`/home/user/libopenshot/build/doc/html/`**.
- Once libopenshot has been successfully built, we need to install it (i.e. copy it to the correct folder, so other libraries can find it)
  - `$ sudo make install`
  - This should copy the binary file to `/usr/local/lib/libopenshot.so`, and the header files to `/usr/local/include/openshot/...` This is where other projects will likely look for the libopenshot files when building.
- The Python bindings are located in `/libopenshot/build/src/`. To test them, launch a terminal, and enter:
  - `$ cd /home/user/libopenshot/build/src/`
  - `$ python`
  - `>>> import openshot`
  - If no errors are displayed, you may now access all the classes and methods of libopenshot through the openshot module in Python.

## Conclusion

I hope this Installation Guide was useful to you, and I hope you are now enjoying the OpenShot Video Library. Be sure to contact me if you use this library for anything interesting or exciting, as I would love to hear about it and share it with the community. Also, if you are interested in obtaining a commercial license, please contact me for more details. Contact me at [jonathan@openshot.org](mailto:jonathan@openshot.org).

## Donations

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