

Experiment No. 2

Use of Sqoop tool

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Aim: To install SQOOP and execute basic commands of Hadoop eco system component Sqoop.

Theory:

Installation and configuration of SQOOP:

- 1) Download SQOOP from https://sqoop.apache.org
- 2) Unzip and Install SQOOP

After Downloading the SQOOP, we need to Unzip the sqoop-1.4.7.bin_hadoop-2.6.0.tar.gz file.

- 3) Create a folder and move the final extracted file in it.
- 4) Set up the environment variables
 - a. Set SQOOP HOME
 - b. Set up path variable
- 5) Configure SQOOP

Basic SQOOP commands:

1. List Table:

This command lists the particular table of the database in MYSQL server.

```
sqoop list - tables --connect jdbc:mysql://localhost/payment --username gatner
```

2. Target Directory:

This command import table in a specific directory in HDFS. -m denotes mapper argument. They have an integer value.

\$ sqoop import --connect jdbc:mysql://localhost/inventory --username jony -table inventory --m 1 --target-dir/inv

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3. sqoop-eval:

This command runs quickly SQL queries of the respective database.

\$ sqoop eval --connect --query "SQLQuery"

4. sqoop – version:

This command displays version of the sqoop.

5. sqoop-job:

This command allows us to create a job, the parameters that are created can be invoked at any time. They take options like (-create,-delete,-show,-exit).

6.codegen:

This Sqoop command creates java class files which encapsulate the imported records. All the java files are recreated, and new versions of a class are generated. They generate code to interact with database records. Retrieves a list of all the columns and their datatypes.

```
$ sqoop codegen --connect -table
```

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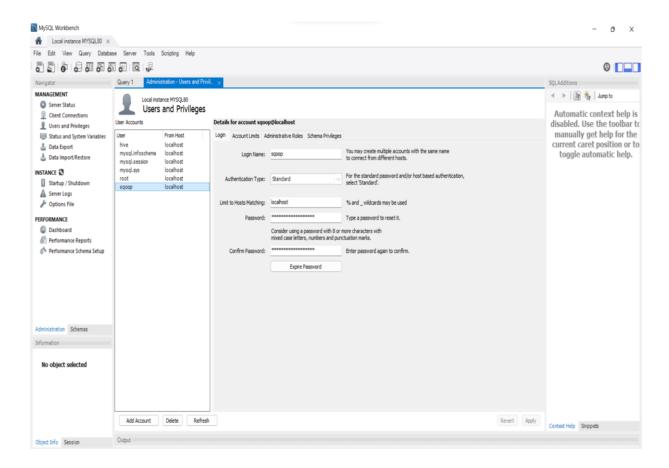


7. List Database

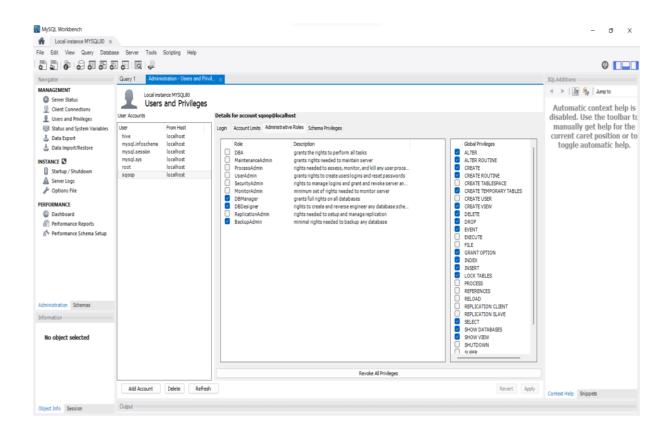
This Sqoop command lists have all the available database in the RDBMS server.

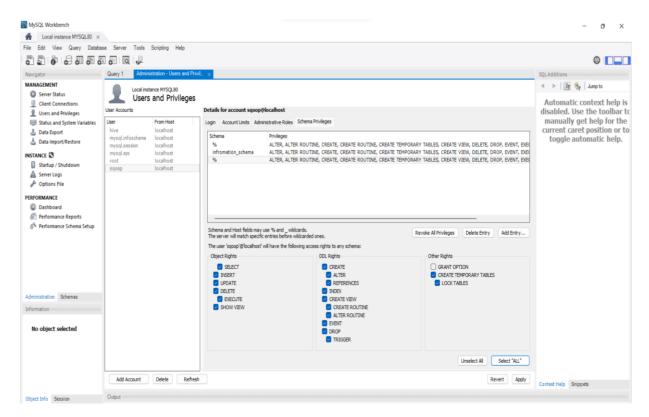
>\$ sqoop list - database -- connect

Output:









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```
Administrator: Command Prompt
 ry --help for usage instructions.
 :\Windows\System32>sqoop list-databases --connect jdbc:mysql://localhost/ --username root --password root
Warning: HBASE_HOME and HBASE_VERSION not set.
Warning: HCAT_HOME not set
Warning: HCATALOG_HOME does not exist HCatalog imports will fail.
Please set HCATALOG HOME to the root of your HCatalog installation.
Varning: ACCUMULO_HOME not set.
Warning: ZOOKEEPER_HOME not set.
 larning: HBASE_HOME does not exist HBase imports will fail.
Please set HBASE HOME to the root of your HBase installation.
Warning: ACCUMULO_HOME does not exist Accumulo imports will fail.
Please set ACCUMULO_HOME to the root of your Accumulo installation.
Warning: ZOOKEEPER_HOME does not exist Accumulo imports will fail.
Please set ZOOKEEPER_HOME to the root of your Zookeeper installation.
2023-10-12 14:13:00,117 INFO sqoop.Sqoop: Running Sqoop version: 1.4.6
2023-10-12 14:13:00,131 WARN tool.BaseSqoopTool: Setting your password on the command-line is insecure. Consider using -
.
1923-10-12 14:13:00,241 INFO manager.MySQLManager: Preparing to use a MySQL streaming resultset.
oading class `com.mysql.jdbc.Driver'. This is deprecated. The new driver class is `com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver'. The driver is automatically registered via the SPI and manual loading of the driver class is generally unnecessary.
information schema
performance_schema
emp
temp1
 :\Windows\System32>S_
```

Conclusion:

Sqoop is a tool used to move large amounts of data between Hadoop and external datastores like relational databases (MS SQL Server, MySQL), which are external datastores. Basically operations that take place in Sqoop are usually user-friendly. Sqoop used the command-line interface to the process command of user. It helps us to perform ETL operations in a very fast and cost-effective manner. In this experiment, we successfully implemented the Installation and Configuration of Sqoop Tool Hadoop Ecosystem.