# **Cmpe 150 Lab 1**

#### General Info About Lab Sessions

 First, we'll review a short slide covering the fundamental concepts from the theoretical part.

 Then, the main goal is to practice the related topic by solving some examples.

We'll also have a quiz each week.

#### General Info About Lab Sessions

If you have questions, you can ask at any time. Please do NOT hesitate.

#### Motivation

• This class is about learning the essentials of programming/coding/computing.

But why should we care about it?



#### Some Reasons to Be Excited About the Course

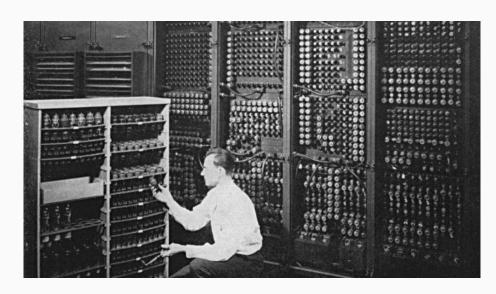
• Even if your department is not Computer Engineering, you might use programming in certain parts of your profession.

 Beyond that, we use a lot of software tools; therefore, even having an idea about what is under the hood would be beneficial.

Lastly, it is funny as well.

# What Computers Really Are

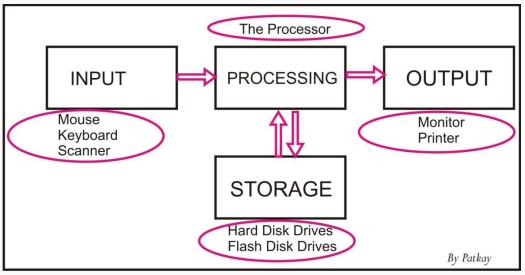
• They are information processing systems.





#### Main Components of a Computer

- Input Device
- Memory
  - RAM
  - Disk
- Central Processing Unit (CPU)
- Output Device



#### Main Components of a Computer: Input Device

The typical option is keyboard and mouse.

#### My dad's keyboard:





#### Main Components of a Computer: Input Device

- Technically, a lot of things can be the input device for a computer
  - Camera
  - Radar
  - Scanner
  - Microphone
  - Fire sensors and so on

### Main Components of a Computer: Memory

Stores the information that we get as binary numbers

RAM is faster but limited in size, and it is gone when we turn off the computer

The disk is slower, yet it is bigger and permanent.

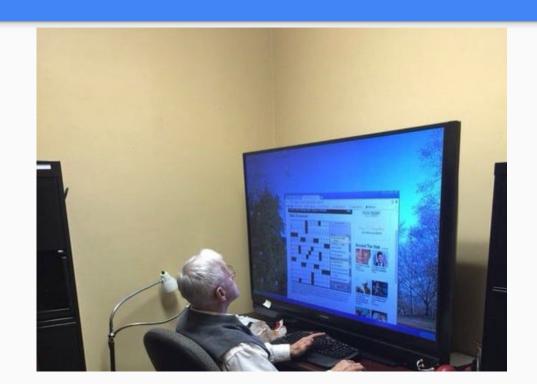
# Main Components of a Computer: CPU

Just storing information is not very interesting. We need to process it.

- CPU allows us to do basic logical and mathematical operations on the information we store in the memory.
  - Some example operations: +, -, \*, /, is\_equal, is\_greater\_than

#### Main Components of a Computer: Output Device

 The missing part is being able to give output to human beings. The typical option is the monitor.



#### Main Components of a Computer: Output Device

- Nevertheless, it can be in a lot of different forms, just like the input device
  - Printer
  - Speaker
  - Projector
  - Autonomous vehicle control (Gas, brake, steering angle) and others

#### Please Notice That

 Almost all of these operations could be done by a human as well, yet some advantages of using a computer are being

- Faster
- More robust in calculations
- As long as you provide energy to it, it never gets tired or bored

#### Hardware vs Software

 All these physical components are called hardware. What is software/code/program then?

 Let's say that we have a problem/task and want to use a computer for our help. The only thing needed is to develop a solution that can be described to the computer in its own language.

#### What is the Language of Computers

- The language computers understand is just the basic operations we described in the hardware slides. For instance,
  - Get this information from the use
  - Add these three values
  - Check if these two values are equal

- We use programming languages to be able to tell computers to do these basic operations in the order we define
  - o **Python**, C, C++, Java ...

### The Concept of Algorithm and Code

• Our solution methodology/recipe is called the algorithm. Like a recipe for how to prepare a specific meal.

 The actual text/list of instructions in Python (or any other programming language) corresponding to the algorithm is called software/program/code.

# Let's See Some Basic Operations in Action

Start PyCharm IDE, please: It's a tool that makes writing code easier.

Define a new file called main.py if it still needs to be defined.

# Giving an Arbitrary Output

print('This is my first code')

print('Merhaba Dünya')

print('Hello World')

# Giving an Arbitrary Output

• print(3 \* 5)

• print(8 + 3 \* 7)

print('l am', 75, 'years old')

#### Getting an Input from the User and Processing

- name1 = input()
- name2 = input()
- print('My first name is', name1, 'and my second name is', name2)

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- number1 = input()
- number2 = input()
- number3 = int(number1) int(number2)
- print('The difference is', number3)

### The Concept of Variable

 Remember that we store different pieces of information in memory, so we want to be able to refer them back. Therefore, we give a name to each piece of information (variable).

- For instance,
  - o name1 = input()
  - print('My name is', name1)

#### Classical Variable Types

- Our variables can be of different types
  - **Integer** e.g. my\_int = 32 or my\_int = -25 or my\_int = 9223372036854775807
  - **Float** e.g. number\_pi = 3.14 or my\_float = -7.4823 or my\_float = 567.634623
  - String (A list of characters) e.g. surname = "Tuğcu" or my\_name = 'Tuna Tuğcu'
  - Boolean (True or False) e.g. is\_ready = False or is\_greater = 5 > 2
  - o and others we'll see later

#### Classical Variable Types

- We can see the type of a variable by using type()
  - $\circ$  x = 3
  - print(type(x))
  - o number\_e\_in\_math = 2.71
  - o print(type(number\_e\_in\_math))
  - o x = 'Car'
  - print(type(x))
  - o x = input() Enter 3 and see the type

### Type Conversion

- my\_int\_variable = 369
- my\_float\_variable = float(my\_int\_variable)
- my\_string\_variable = str(my\_float\_variable)

- What about
- my\_str\_variable = 'Merhaba'
- my\_int\_variable = int(my\_str\_variable)

#### Very Commonly Used Math Operators

```
+
-
*
// (Integer division)
% (Modulus operator)
** (Power)
```

#### Very Commonly Used Logical Operators

- == (Is equal)
- != (Is not equal)
- > (Is greater than)
- >= (Is greater than or equal)
- < (Is less than)</p>
- <= (Is less than or equal)</li>
- Also we can connect them using "and", "or", "not"
- For instance, number plate (plaka)
  - (number\_plate < 82) and (number\_plate > 0) and (not number\_plate ==34)

# Syntax of input

my\_high\_school\_number = input()

Or we can add a prompt as well.

my\_university\_number = input('Enter your university number please:')

# Syntax of print

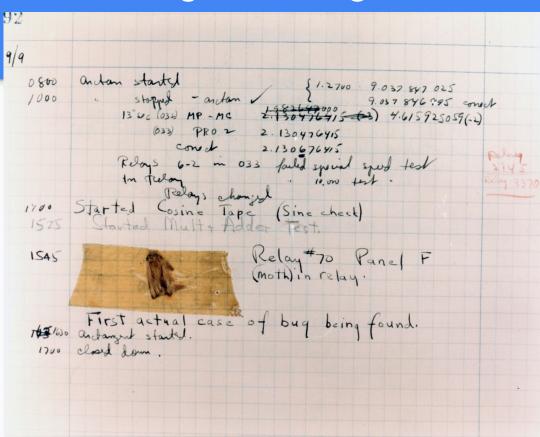
- print("Çift tırnak ile output verme") or print('Tek tırnak ile output verme')
- We can put multiple variables/strings inside print as well. We need to separate it with comma
- variable\_keeping\_my\_name = 'Ali'
- print('Merhaba benim ismim:', variable\_keeping\_my\_name)
- Comma put a space between elements.
- print('1', '2', '3', '4', '5')

# Common Error Types in Coding

- Syntax Error: Not obeying the rules of the programming language that you use. For instance,
  - o print('A syntax error: Did not close the parenthesis'
- **Runtime Error:** You want something that is not possible from the computer. For instance,
  - o divide\_by\_zero = 4/0
- **Logical Error:** Your code works but is not doing the things that you aimed for. Something is wrong in either your algorithm or coding. For instance,
  - square\_of\_eight = 8 \*\* 8
  - o print ('Eight squared is equal to:', square\_of\_eight) # It will give 16777216 instead of 64

# Errors are Common in Programming

 Sometimes they are also called bugs and trying to fix the problems is called debugging.



#### **Comments** in Programming

- We might want to add some explanation about our code. It is just for human beings to read. Not for the computer to run: Use # then write whatever you want. For instance,
  - o print('Eight squared is equal to:', square\_of\_eight) # It will give 16777216 instead of 64

- # This code reads a number from the user and prints it square
- number = input('Enter a number please')
- print('The square of the number you entered is:', number \* number)

# Comments in Programming: Caution





#### Doing Practice is Essential

- Programming is similar to Math in the sense that just listening to a topic or watching someone solve some problems is not sufficient. You HAVE TO practice it yourself.
- Beyond the questions solved in the lab, you can use Code Step by Step ( <u>https://www.codestepbystep.com/</u>) for that. Just sign up for free and then you can search for a specific topic (e.g. if-else) in the menu. (<u>https://www.codestepbystep.com/problem/list/python</u>)
- Also, do NOT hesitate to try an idea coming to your mind in the code as a practice. For instance, can I do this with Python?

#### Let's Do an Exercise: Build up a Cmpe 150 Chatbot

Also see the problem definition

```
Hi, I'm Cmpe 150 Chatbot, what is your name?
Oğulcan
Hi Oğulcan , how old are you?
22
Hmm, you are 22 years old. Older than me. How can I help you? What do you want to do?
Cooking some meal
Well, what you want is Cooking some meal , but I don't know much about it to be honest.
Can't you request something easier?
Then tell a little bit about yourself
My code was written by Oğulcan a few minutes ago, and I'm always ready to chat. See you.
```

#### Thanks

Any questions?

#### References

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