



STUDENT REPORT

DETAILS

Name

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EXPERIMENT

Title

PEAK ELEMENT FINDER

Description

Description: You are given an N- dimensional array `arr[]`. A peak element in the array is defined as an element whose value is greater than or equal to its neighboring elements (if they exist). Your task is to find the index of any peak element in the given array

Note: use 0-based indexing

Input:

An integer representing the number of elements in the array. N space-separated integers, denoting the elements of the array.

N space-separated integers ,denoting the elements of the array `arr[]`

Sample Input:

5

1 3 20 4 1

Sample Output:

2

Source Code:

```
def find_peak(arr):
    n = len(arr)
    if n == 1 or arr[0] >= arr[1]:
        return 0
    if arr[n - 1] >= arr[n - 2]:
        return n - 1
    for i in range(1, n - 1):
        if arr[i] >= arr[i - 1] and arr[i] >= arr[i + 1]:
            return i
    return -1

# Example usage
if __name__ == "__main__":
    import sys
    n = int(sys.stdin.readline().strip())
    arr = list(map(int, sys.stdin.readline().strip().split()))
    result = find_peak(arr)
    print(result)
```

RESULT

5 / 5 Test Cases Passed | 100 %