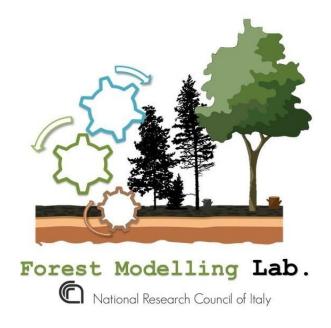
3D-CMCC-FEM

(Coupled Model Carbon Cycle)

BioGeoChemical and Biophysical Forest Ecosystem Model

User's Guide (v.5.x.x)



Website: www.forest-modelling-lab.com

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1. Code availability

The 3D-CMCC-FEM is primarily a research tool, and many versions have been developed for specific purposes. The National Research Council of Italy (namely, CNR) and University of Tuscia maintain benchmark code versions for public release and update these benchmark versions periodically as new knowledge is gained on the research front. The code and executables accompanying this file represent the most recent benchmark version. 3D-CMCC-FEM (Three Dimensional - Coupled Model Carbon Cycle - Forest Ecosystem Model) repository.

The 3D-CMCC-FEM is freely available only for non-commercial use. We have developed the 3D-CMCC-FEM code relying solely on open source components, in order to facilitate its use and further development by others. The 3D-CMCC-FEM is distributed in the hope that it will be useful, but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. The 3D-CMCC-FEM code is released under the GNU General Public Licence (GPL). See the GNU General Public License for more details. You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License along with this program. If not, see http://www.gnu.org/licenses/gpl.html.

This page contains all the code releases developed over the time on the open source distribution of the computer simulation forest model 3D-CMCC-FEM. The model has been developed and is maintained by the Forest Modelling Laboratory at the National Research Council of Italy, Institute for Agricultural and Forestry Systems in the Mediterranean (CNR-ISAFOM), Perugia, and at the University of Tuscia, Department of Innovation in Biological, Agro-food and Forest Systems (UNITUS-DIBAF), Viterbo. All source code and documents provided here are subject to copyright (c) by the CNR-ISAFOM and UNITUS-DIBAF. In case you have copied and/or modified the 3D-CMCC-FEM code overall, even in small parts of it, you may not publish data from it using the name 3D-CMCC-FEM or any 3D-CMCC-FEM variants unless you have either coordinated your usage and their changes with the developers listed below, or publish enough details about your changes so that they could be replicated.

The 3D-CMCC-FEM has been developed by: Alessio Collalti, Alessio Ribeca, Carlo Trotta, Daniela Dalmonech and Gina Marano who are part of the Forest Ecology Laboratory at the National Research Council of Italy (CNR), Institute for Agricultural and Forestry Systems in the Mediterranean (ISAFOM), Via della Madonna Alta, 128, 06128 - Perugia (PG), Italy, and Tuscia University (UNITUS), Department for innovation in biological, agro-food and forest systems (DIBAF), Via S. Camillo de Lellis, snc 01100 - Viterbo, Italy. CNR and UNITUS accept no responsibility for the use of the 3D-CMCC-FEM in the form supplied or as subsequently modified by third parties. CNR and UNITUS disclaims liability for all losses, damages and costs incurred by any person as a result of relying on this software. Use of this software assumes agreement to this condition of use. Removal of this statement violates the spirit in which 3D-CMCC-FEM was released by CNR and UNITUS. The 3D-CMCC-FEM (both versions: Light Use Efficiency and the fully BioGeoChemical version). Versions 5.5-ISIMIP code are open. You can get a free copy of the code online from: (GitHub Repository) https://github.com/Forest-Modelling-Lab/3D-CMCC-FEM

2. Model description

The 3D-CMCC-FEM model simulates the dynamics occurring in heterogeneous forests with different plant species, also composed by evergreen and deciduous, for different age, diameter and height classes. The model can reproduce forests with a complex canopy structure (i.e. constituted by cohorts competing for light and water resources). The model simulates carbon fluxes, in terms of gross and net primary productivity (GPP and NPP, respectively), partitioning and allocation in the main plant compartments (stem, branch, leaf, fruit, fine and coarse root, non-structural carbon). In the recent versions, nitrogen fluxes and allocation, in the same carbon pools, are also reproduced. The 3D-CMCC-FEM also takes into account management practices, as thinning and harvest, to predict their effects on forest growth and carbon sequestration. The 3D-CMCC-FEM is written in C-programming language and divided into several subroutines. To run the model, some input data are required. The meteorological forcing variables, on a daily time step, are represented by average, minimum and maximum air temperature, shortwave solar radiation, precipitation, vapor pressure deficit (or relative humidity). The model also needs some basic information about soil, such as soil depth and texture (clay, silt and sand fractions), as well as the forest stand information referred to plant species, ages, diameters, heights and stand density. An additional input is represented by species-specific eco-physiological data for the model parameterization. Copyright (c) 2020, Forest Modelling Laboratory – 3D-CMCC-FEM. All rights reserved.

3. Referencing the 3D-CMCC-FEM v.5.5-ISIMIP

If you use 3D-CMCC-FEM in your research, please include the following acknowledgment in the relevant manuscript:

- "3D-CMCC-FEM, Version 5.x was provided by Alessio Collalti, from:
- National Research Council of Italy, Institute for Agricultural and Forestry Systems in the Mediterranean (ISAFOM)
- University of Tuscia, Department for Innovation in Biological, Agro-food and Forest systems (DIBAF)

Please also reference the following citation as the most recent and complete description of the current model version:

v.4.0 (not more in use)

- "Sviluppo di un modello dinamico ecologico-forestale per foreste a struttura complessa". A.
 Collalti, April 2011. University of Tuscia, <u>Ph.D. Thesis</u>, Ph.D. Advisor: Riccardo Valentini. DOI:
 10.13140/RG.2.2.17900.92800._
 - http://dspace.unitus.it/bitstream/2067/2398/1/acollalti_tesid.pdf
- "A process-based model to simulate growth and dynamics in forests with complex structure: evaluation and use of 3D-CMCC Forest Ecosystem Model in a deciduous forest in Central Italy". A. Collalti, L. Perugini, T. Chiti, A. Nolè, G. Matteucci, R. Valentini. <u>Ecological modeling</u> 2014. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ecolmodel.2013.09.016.

v.5.1.1 (not more in use)

"Validation of 3D-CMCC Forest Ecosystem Model (v.5.1) against eddy covariance data for 10 European forest sites". A. Collalti, S. Marconi, A. Ibrom, C. Trotta, A. Anav, E. D'Andrea, G. Matteucci, L. Montagnani, B. Gielen, I. Mammarella, T. Grünwald, A. Knohl, F. Berninger, Y. Zhao, R. Valentini and M. Santini, Geosc. Model Dev., 9, 479-504, 2016. https://doi.org/10.5194/gmd-9-479-2016.

v.PSM (not more in use)

- "Assessing NEE and Carbon Dynamics among 5 European Forest types: Development and Validation of a new Phenology and Soil Carbon routines within the process oriented 3D-CMCC-Forest-Ecosystem Model", S. Marconi, Jan 2013, University of Tuscia, M.Sc. Thesis, M.Sc. Advisors: R. Valentini, T. Chiti, A. Collalti. DOI: 10.13140/RG.2.2.31762.91845
- "The Role of Respiration in Estimation of Net Carbon Cycle: Coupling Soil Carbon Dynamics and Canopy Turnover in a Novel Version of 3D-CMCC Forest Ecosystem Model". S. Marconi, T. Chiti, A. Nolè, R. Valentini and A. Collalti. Forests 2017. https://doi.org/10.3390/f8060220.

v.5.3.3-ISIMIP

- "Thinning can reduce losses in carbon use efficiency and carbon stocks in managed forests under warmer climate". Collalti A., Trotta C., Keenan T.F., Ibrom A., Lamberty B.B., Gröte R., Vicca S., Reyer C.P.O., Migliavacca M., Veroustraete F., Anav A., Campioli M., Scoccimarro E., Šigut L., Grieco E., Cescatti A., and Matteucci G. <u>Journal of Advances in Modelling Earth System 2018. https://doi.org/10.1029/2018MS001275</u>.
- "Climate change mitigation by forests: a case study on the role of management on carbon dynamics of a pine forest in South Italy". Pellicone G., August 2018, University of Tuscia, Ph.D. Thesis, Ph.D. Advisors: G. Scarascia-Mugnozza, G. Matteucci, A. Collalti. DOI: 10.13140/RG.2.2.25155.96805

<u>v.5.3</u>

"The sensitivity of the forest carbon budget shifts across processes along with stand development and climate change". Collalti A., Thornton P.E., Cescatti A., Rita A., Borghetti M., Nolè A., Trotta C., Ciais P., Matteucci G. <u>Ecological Applications</u> 2018. https://doi.org/10.1002/eap.1837.

<u>v.5.5</u>

• "Plant respiration: Controlled by photosynthesis or biomass?" Collalti A., Tjoelker M.G., Hoch G., Mäkelä A., Guidolotti G., Heskel M., Petit G., Ryan M.G., Battipaglia G., Matteucci G., Prentice I.C. Global Change Biology 2020. https://doi.org/10.1111/gcb.14857

If you have made any significant modifications to the code, please mention them in your manuscript.

This User's Guide is the only documentation released with 3D-CMCC-FEM.

The code itself contains extensive internal documentation, and users with specific questions about the algorithms used to estimate particular processes should read the comments in the appropriate source code files.

The file **treemodel.c** contains references to all the core science routines and is a good starting point for this kind of inquiry. The files **matrix.c** defines the data structures that are used to pass information between the process modules and includes both a short text description and the units for each internal variable.

Shall you have questions about the code, appropriate model applications, possible programming errors, etc., please read this entire guide first, then feel free to contact us.

4. How to use the 3D-CMCC-FEM

4.1 Code characteristics

3D-CMCC-FEM is primarily developed on UNIX-Linux with Eclipse IDE Platforms and is compiled using GNU GCC 4.7.2.

<u>IMPORTANT</u>: Be sure to execute 3D-CMCC-FEM on a Linux machine with architecture X86_64 (64 bit), otherwise you firstly need to rebuild code to obtain the object files needed for runs.

4.2 Eclipse usage instructions

To Run or to modify the model we suggest using Eclipse CDT simply following these steps (be sure if you choose to use Eclipse, to have installed Git and Egit and to have an internet connection):

- 1) Save the 3D-CMCC-FEM Model (https://github.com/Forest-Modelling-Lab/3D-CMCC-FEM) directory in the path you are going to use as Eclipse Workspace;
- 2) to prevent error from *netcdf* libraries, open terminal and type:
 - o \$ sudo apt-get install netcdf-bin
 - \$ sudo apt-get install libnetcdf-dev
- 3) To make the model work under Eclipse CDT (any version) using Git follow these steps:
 - download from terminal Git and build-essential
 - o \$ sudo apt-get install build-essential
 - \$ sudo apt-get install git
 - download from Ubuntu software center jre 7-8 or jdk (if not installed)
 - \$ sudo apt-get install default-jdk
- 4) Download from Eclipse site the most recent version of Eclipse IDE for C/C++ Developers (https://www.eclipse.org/downloads/packages/)
- 5) Open Eclipse and set your Workspace as the same path in which you've placed the Model's folder to do so click on File, then "switch Workspace" and click on "Other..."; here input your current path;
- 6) File -> Import -> Git -> Projects from Git -> Clone Url and in URL please paste the code version you find over the GitHub https://github.com/Forest-Modelling-Lab/3D-CMCC-

FEM

For NETCDF file you need to add libraries within eclipse through:

Project->Properties->C/C++ Build->Settings->Cross G++ Linker->Libraries-> in Libraries (-I) add "netcdf"->OK

4.3 How to increase Eclipse available heap size (optional)

Some JVMs put restrictions on the total amount of memory available on the heap. If you are getting *OutOfMemoryErrors* while running Eclipse, the VM can be told to let the heap grow to a larger amount by passing the -vmargs command to the Eclipse launcher (http://wiki.eclipse.org/FAQ How do I increase the heap size available to Eclipse%3F). Here follows a short how to:

- 1) Search for the location of your eclipse.ini file (usually usr/lib/eclipse);
- 2) Open eclipse.ini using gedit command from terminal as super user (sudo gedit eclipse.ini);
- 3) BE EXTREMELY CAREFUL TO FOLLOW ECLIPSE DEVELOPERS RULES
- Each option and each argument to an option must be on its own line.
- All lines after -vmargs are passed as arguments to the JVM, so all arguments and options for eclipse must be specified before -vmargs (just like when you use arguments on the command-line).
- Any use of -vmargs on the command-line replaces all -vmargs settings in the .ini file unless launcher .appendVmargs is specified either in the .ini file or on the command-line. (doc).
- 4) in line 12 change -Xms40m into -Xms512m (just replace 40 with 512 without changing the rest of the line).
- 5) in line 13 change -Xmx256m into -Xmx1024m (just replace 256 with 11024 without changing the rest of the line)
- 6) save eclipse.ini and restart eclipse.

4.6 How to work on Eclipse for bash scripts

To work in Bash Shell scripts within the Eclipse IDE you need to install ShellED eclipse package through the web.

4.7 3D-CMCC-FEM Usage

3D-CMCC-FEM is a command line program, and its behavior is controlled by several command line options:

-i input path	i.e.: -i c:\input\directory\
-o output path	i.e.: -o c:\output\directory\

1999.txt, 2003.txt, 2009.txt Dil.txt or soil.nc
, ,
oil.txt or soil.nc
po.txt or topo.nc
ettings.txt
o2_conc.txt
dep.txt
utput_vars.lst
lel developers)
s help

More specifically:

-i	this is not a mandatory parameter. if not used, input files will be searched where program is.
-0	this is not a mandatory parameter. If not used, output files will be created where program is.
-р	this is not a mandatory parameter. If not used, parameterization file will be searched where program is.
-d "stand"	This file will be searched in input path, if specified. It can be an ASCII or NETCDF file. You can use '//' for comment it. ASCII file must have following header,
<u>mandatory</u>	separated by a comma:
<u>parameter</u>	
	Year, x, y, Age, Species, Management, N, Stool, AvDBH, Height, Lai

Please see [SPECIES]* section and [MANAGEMENT]** section to check allowed values. Same columns name applies to variables name in NETCDF version of file.

-m "meteo"

This file will be searched in input path, if specified. It can be an ASCII or NETCDF file. You can specify a .lst (list) file if you have separated values.

mandatory parameter

List file must contain the name of NETCDF files to import, one row for variable i.e.:

6_WS_f_2000_2001_123_456.nc

6_TOT_PREC_2000_2001_123_456.nc

6_SWC_2000_2001_123_456.nc

6_TMAX_2M_2000_2001_123_456.nc

6_TMIN_2M_2000_2001_123_456.nc

6_TSOIL_2000_2001_123_456.nc

6_VPD_2000_2001_123_456.nc

6_ET_2000_2001_123_456.nc

6_LAI_2000_2001_123_456.nc

6_RADS_2000_2001_123_456.nc

ASCII file must have following header, separated by a tab (/t):

Year Month n_days Rg_f Ta_f Tmax Tmin Rh_f Ts_f Precip SWC LAI ET WS_f

Same columns name applies to variables name in NETCDF version of file.

-s "soil"

This file will be searched in input path, if specified. It can be an ASCII or NETCDF file. ASCII file must have following header, separated by a comma:

mandatory parameter

X,Y,LANDUSE,LAT,LON,CLAY_PERC,SILT_PERC, SAND_PERC,SOIL_DEPTH,FR,FN0,FNN,M0,LITTERC, LITTERN,SOILC,SOILN,DEADWOODC

Please see [LANDUSE] section to check allowed values. Same columns name applies to variables name in NETCDF version of file.

-t "topography"

mandatory parameter This file will be searched in input path, if specified. It can be an ASCII or NETCDF file.

ASCII file must have following header, separated by a comma: X,Y,ELEV

Same columns name applies to variables name in NETCDF version of file.

-c "model setting"

mandatory parameter This file will be searched in input path, if specified.

It must be an ASCII file. You can put comment using '//' token;

The file must contain the rows descripted in the "Settings file" section.

-k "atmospheric CO2" This file will be searched in input path, if specified.

concentration" mandatory

It must be an ASCII file and must have following header, separated by a tab

parameter only if CO2_trans in

year CO2_ppm

settings file is setted on 'on' or

'var'

. .

-n "nitrogen deposition"

This file will be searched in input path, if specified.

mandatory
parameter only if

It must be an ASCII file and must have following header, separated by a tab (/t):

Ndep_fixed in settings file is setted on 'off'

year ndep

-r

Use it if you want export variables values inside a NETCDF file.

not mandatory

You can specify more variables per row using a comma as delimiter.

Each variable must have "daily_", "monthly_" or "annual_" prefix. i.e.:

daily_gpp,

annual GPP

daily_ar

monthly ar

annual_npp

In previous example, daily values for GPP and AR are exported. Monthly values for AR are exported and annual values for GPP and NPP are exported. Files will be created in output path if any or where program is.

[SPECIES]*

Following species can be used on relative column inside an ASCII dataset (without indexes)

Please note that you must use their indexes if you use a NETCDF file.

0,Fagussylvatica

1,Castaneasativa

2,Larixdecidua

3,Piceaabies

4,Pinussylvestris

5,Quercuscerris

6,Quercusilex

7,Quercusrobur

8,quercus_deciduous

9,quercus_evergreen

[MANAGEMENT]**

Following type of management can be used on relative column inside as ASCII dataset (without indexes). Please note that you must use their indexes if you use a NETCDF file.

T is for timber

C is for coppice (under development)

0,T

1,C

[LANDUSE]***

Following type of landuse can be used on relative column inside as ASCII dataset (without indexes).

Please note that you must use their indexes if you use a NETCDF file.

F is for forest

Z is for crop (currently not implemented)

0,F

1,Z

5. Run the model

Be sure to set the right arguments passed to the project and go into bin directory:

cd bin

Run executable with default parameters:

3D-CMCC-Forest-Model -i input -o output -p parameterization -d sitename_stand.txt -m sitename_meteo_firstyear.txt -s sitename_soil.txt -t sitename_topo.txt -c sitename_settings.txt -k CO2_hist.txt > log.txt

6. Settings file

```
File Modifica Formato Visualizza ?

SITENAME sitename|
VERSION f
SPATIAL u
TIME d
SPINUP off
SPINUP off
SPINUP off
SPINUP off
DAILY_OUTPUT off
DAILY_OUTPUT off
ANNUAL_OUTPUT off
NETCDF_OUTPUT off
NETCDF_OUTPUT off
NETCR_START 2000
YEAR_END 2008
YEAR_END 2008
YEAR_END 2008
VEAR_END 2008
VEAR_END
```

Example of settings file

The file "sitename_settings.txt" permits to set the model run, choosing:

SITENAME Name of site **VERSION** Must be 'f' for FEM version or 'b', for BGC version for FOREST LANDUSE **SPATIAL** Must be 's' or 'u', spatial or un-spatial Must be 'm' or 'd', monthly or daily TIME **SPINUP** Must be 'on' or 'off' SPINUP_YEARS Number of years for spin-up (under development) SCREEN_OUTPUT Must be 'on' or 'off' **DEBUG_OUTPUT** Must be 'on' or 'off' DAILY_OUTPUT Must be 'on' or 'off' Must be 'on' or 'off' MONTHLY_OUTPUT ANNUAL_OUTPUT Must be 'on' or 'off' SOIL_OUTPUT Must be 'on' or 'off' **NETCDF_OUTPUT** Must be 'off' YEAR_START Starting year simulation YEAR_END **Ending year simulation** YEAR_RESTART Year to restart. Must be 'off' PSN_mod Must be '0' (FvCB version) or '1' (LUE version) for photosynthesis approach

CO2_trans Must be 'on' or 'off'

YEAR_START_CO2_FIXED -9999 . When Co2_trans = var, year at which fix [CO2]

Ndep_fixed Must be 'on' or 'off' (under development)

Photo_accl Photosynthesis temperature acclimation Must be 'on' or 'off'

Resp_accl Q10 temperature acclimation. Must be 'on' or 'off'

regeneration Must be 'on' or 'off'

management Must be 'on', 'off', or 'var' (see below for differences)

YEAR_START_MANAGEMENT First year of management

Progn_Aut_Resp Prognostic autotrophic respiration. Must be 'on' or 'off', if off Y values are used

SIZECELL Its value must be within 10 and 100 (unity measure is meter: $10 = 10x10 = 100m^{-1}$

²2)

Y 0.48 Fixed_Aut_Resp_rate Assimilate use efficiency-Respiration rate-GPP/NPP

CO2CONC 368.865 CO2 concentration refers to 2000 as ISIMIP PROTOCOL

CO2_INCR 0.01 1% increment

INIT_FRAC_MAXASW 1 0.1 Minimum fraction of asw based on maxasw (wilting point) (unchanged)

TREE_LAYER_LIMIT Define differences among tree heights in meters classes to d define number

of layers in un-spatial version

SOIL_LAYER Define soil layer/s to consider

THINNING_REGIME Thinning regime (Above or Below)

REPLANTED_SPECIES Species name of replanted trees (mandatory)

REPLANTED_MANAGEMENT (T) management of replanted trees (should be only T) (mandatory)

REPLANTED_TREE Number of replanted trees (mandatory)

REPLANTED_AGE (yr) age of replanted trees (mandatory)

REPLANTED_AVDBH (cm) average dbh of replanted trees (mandatory)

REPLANTED_LAI (m²m⁻²) LAI for replanted trees (mandatory for evergreen useless for deciduous)

REPLANTED_HEIGHT (m) height of replanted trees (mandatory)

REPLANTED WS (tDM ha⁻¹) stem biomass of replanted trees (optional)

REPLANTED_WCR (tDM ha⁻¹) coarse root biomass of replanted trees (optional)

REPLANTED_WFR (tDM ha⁻¹) fine root biomass of replanted trees (optional)

REPLANTED_WL (tDM ha⁻¹) leaf biomass of replanted trees (optional for evergreen if LAI!= 0,

otherwise useless)

REPLANTED_WBB (tDM ha⁻¹) branch biomass of replanted trees (optional)

REGENERATION_SPECIES none NOT USED it comes from species that produces seeds

REGENERATION_MANAGEMENT (T) management of replanted trees (should be only T) (mandatory)

REGENERATION_N_TREE -9999 number of replanted trees (mandatory) (NOT USED)

REGENERATION_AGE 1 (yr) age of regeneration trees (mandatory) (SHOULD BE ALWAYS 1)

REGENERATION_AVDBH (cm) average dbh of regeneration trees (mandatory)

REGENERATION_LAI 0.0 (m²m⁻²) LAI for regeneration trees (mandatory for evergreen, useless for

deciduous)

REGENERATION_HEIGHT (m) height of replanted trees (mandatory)

REGENERATION_WS 0.0 (tDM ha⁻¹) stem biomass of regeneration trees (optional)

REGENERATION_WCR 0.0 (tDM/ha) coarse root biomass of regeneration trees (optional)

REGENERATION_WFR 0.0 (tDM ha⁻¹) fine root biomass of regeneration trees (optional)

REGENERATION_WL 0.0 (tDM ha⁻¹) leaf biomass of regeneration trees (optional for evergreen if LAI!= 0,

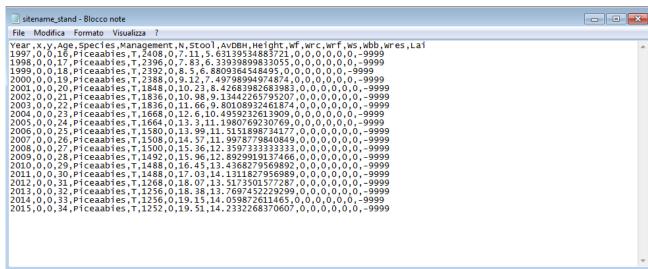
otherwise useless)

REGENERATION_WBB (tDM ha⁻¹) branch biomass of regeneration trees (optional)

PRUNING Must be 'on' or 'off'

IRRIGATION Must be 'on' or 'off'

6.1 Initialization file



Example of stand file

The first required input file is called the "*sitename_stand.txt*". It provides information about the stand conditions.

Example for a cell resolution of 10×10 meters cell X = 0, Y = 0:

Year,x,y,Age,Species,Management,N,Stool,AvDBH,Height,Wf,Wrc,Wrf,Ws,Wbb,Wres,Lai

1997,0,0,16,Piceaabies,T,2408,0,7.11,5.63139534883721,0,0,0,0,0,0,-9999

2015,0,0,34,Piceaabies,T,1252,0,19.51,14.2332268370607,0,0,0,0,0,0,-9999

The text file must be created following this logic architecture

- for each tree height class define the number of age classes and their values

- -- for each height->dbh class
- --- for each height->dbh->age class
- ---- for each height->dbh->age->species class define its state variables:

- **Year**: Reference year

- **X,Y**: 0,0

- Age: Age of trees (years)

- **Species**: Name of specie

- **Management**: (T = timber, C = coppice)

- **N**: N of trees per area for that class (Num tree cell size⁻¹)

- **Stool**: N of stool per area (if Management is set to C) (Num tree cell size⁻¹)

- AvDBH: Average diameter at breast height (cm) for that class

- **Height**: Tree height (m) for that class

- **Wf**: 0.0 (foliage biomass in tDM ha⁻¹) for that class

- **Wrc**: 0.0 (coarse root biomass in tDM ha⁻¹) for that class

- **Wrf**: 0.0 (fine root biomass in tDM ha⁻¹) for that class

- **Ws**: 0.0 (stem biomass in tDM ha⁻¹) for that class

- **Wbb**: 0.0 (branch and bark biomass in tDM ha⁻¹) for that class

- **Wres**: 0.0 (reserve in tDM ha⁻¹) for that class

- LAI: Leaf area index (m² m⁻²) for that class

7. Parameterization file

The parameterization file is the species eco-physiological constants file, named with specie to simulate (e.g." *Fagussylvatica.txt*").

Comments are allowed in the parameter file. Comments can appear almost anywhere, must begin with two forward slash characters '//', at the end of the line. Example parameter files are provided. Parameter definition and its value must be separated by one-tab character.

It contains the following parameters:

LIGHT_TOL Light Tolerance 4 = very shade intolerant (canopy coverage = 90%), 3 = shade

intolerant (canopy coverage 100%), 2 = shade tolerant (canopy coverage = 110%),

1 = very shade tolerant (canopy coverage = 120%)

PHENOLOGY 0.1 = deciduous broadleaf, 0.2 = deciduous needle leaf, 1.1 = broad leaf evergreen,

1.2 = needle leaf evergreen

ALPHA Canopy quantum efficiency (molC molPAR⁻¹)

EPSILONgCMJ Light Use Efficiency (gC MJ⁻¹) (used if ALPHA is not available)

K Extinction coefficient for absorption of PAR by canopy

ALBEDO Canopy albedo

INT_COEFF Precipitation interception coefficient

SLA_AVGO Average Specific Leaf Area m^2 Kg C^1 for sunlit/shaded leaves (juvenile)

SLA_AVG1 Average Specific Leaf Area m² KgC¹ for sunlit/shaded leaves (mature)

TSLA Age at which $SLA_AVG = (SLA_AVG1 + SLA_AVG0)/2$

SLA_RATIO (DIM) ratio of shaded to sunlit projected SLA

LAI_RATIO (DIM) all-sided to projected leaf area ratio

FRACBBO Branch and Bark fraction at age $0 mtext{ (m}^2 mtext{ Kg}^{-1})$

FRACBB1 Branch and Bark fraction for mature stands ($m^2 Kg^{-1}$)

TBB Age at which fracBB = (FRACBB0 + FRACBB1)/2

RHOO Minimum Basic Density for young Trees (tDM m⁻³)

RHO1 Maximum Basic Density for mature Trees (tDM m⁻³)

TRHO Age at which rho = (RHOMIN + RHOMAX)/2

FORM_FACTOR Stem form factor (adim)

COEFFCOND Define stomatal response to VPD in m sec⁻¹

BLCOND Canopy Boundary Layer conductance m sec⁻¹

MAXCOND Maximum Leaf Conductance in m sec⁻¹

CUTCOND Cuticular conductance in m sec⁻¹

MAXAGE Maximum tree age (years)

RAGE Relative Age to give fAGE = 0.5

NAGE Power of relative Age in function for Age

GROWTHTMIN Minimum temperature for growth °C

GROWTHTMAX Maximum temperature for growth °C

GROWTHTOPT Optimum temperature for growth °C

GROWTHSTART Thermic sum value for starting growth in °C

MINDAYLENGTH Minimum day length for phenology (days)

SWPOPEN Soil water potential open (MPa)

SWPCLOSE Soil water potential close (MPa)

OMEGA_CTEM Allocation parameter control the sensitivity of allocation to changes in water and

light availability

SOCTEM Parameter controlling allocation to stem

ROCTEM Parameter controlling allocation to root

FOCTEM Parameter controlling allocation to foliage

FRUIT_PERC %age of npp to fruit

CONES_LIFE_SPAN Life span for cones (years)

FINE_ROOT_LEAF Allocation new fine root C:new leaf (ratio)

STEM_LEAF Allocation new stem C:new leaf (ratio)

COARSE_ROOT_STEM Allocation new coarse root C:new stem (ratio)

LIVE_TOTAL_WOOD Allocation new live wood C:new total wood C (ratio)

N_RUBISCO Fraction of leaf N in Rubisco (ratio)

CN_LEAVES CN of leaves $(kgC kgN^{-1})$

CN_FALLING_LEAVES CN of leaf litter (kgC kgN⁻¹)

CN_FINE_ROOTS CN of fine roots (kgC kgN⁻¹)

CN_LIVEWOODS CN of live woods $(kgC kgN^{-1})$

CN_DEADWOOD CN of dead woods $(kgC kgN^{-1})$

LEAF_LITT_LAB_FRAC leaf litter labile fraction (dimension lees)

LEAF_LITT_CEL_FRAC leaf litter cellulose fraction (dimension lees)

LEAF_LITT_LIGN_FRAC leaf litter lignin fraction (dimension lees)

FROOT_LITT_LAB_FRAC fine root litter labile fraction (dimension lees)

FROOT_LITT_CEL_FRAC fine root litter cellulose fraction (dimension lees)

FROOT_LITT_LIGN_FRAC fine root litter lignin fraction (dimension lees)

DEADWOOD_CEL_FRAC dead wood litter cellulose fraction (dimension lees)

DEADWOOD_LIGN_FRAC dead wood litter lignin fraction (dimension lees)

BUD_BURST Days of bud burst at the beginning of growing season (only for deciduous) (days)

LEAF_FALL_FRAC_GROWING Proportions of the growing season of leaf fall

LEAF_FINEROOT_TURNOVER Average yearly leaves and fine root turnover rate

LIVEWOOD_TURNOVER Annual yearly live wood turnover rate

SAPWOOD_TURNOVER Annual yearly live wood turnover rate

DBHDCMAX Maximum dbh crown diameter relationship when minimum density

DBHDCMIN Minimum dbh crown diameter relationship when maximum density

SAP_A a coefficient for sapwood

SAP_B b coefficient for sapwood

SAP_LEAF sapwood_max leaf area ratio in pipe model $(m^2 m^{-2})$

Sap_wres Sapwood-Reserve biomass ratio used if no Wres data are available

STEMCONST_P Constant in the stem mass vs. diameter relationship

STEMPOWER_P Power in the stem mass vs. diameter relationship

CRA Chapman-Richards a parameter (maximum height, meter)

CRB Chapman-Richards b parameter

CRC Chapman-Richards c parameter

HDMAX_A A parameter for Height (m) to Base diameter (m) ratio MAX

HDMAX_BB parameter for Height (m) to Base diameter (m) ratio MAX

HDMIN_A A parameter for Height (m) to Base diameter (m) ratio MIN

HDMIN_BB parameter for Height (m) to Base diameter (m) ratio MIN

CROWN_FORM_FACTOR Crown form factor (0 = cylinder, 1 = cone, 2 = sphere, 3 = ellipsoid)

CROWN_A Crown a parameter

CROWN_B Crown b parameter

MAXSEED Maximum seeds number (see TREEMIG)

MASTSEED Masting year (see TREEMIG)

WEIGHTSEED Single fruit weight in g

SEXAGE Age for sexual maturity

GERMCAPACITY Geminability rate (%)

ROTATION Rotation for final harvest (based on tree age)

THINNING Thinning regime (based on year simulation)

THINNING_REGIME Thinning regime (0 = above, 1 = below)

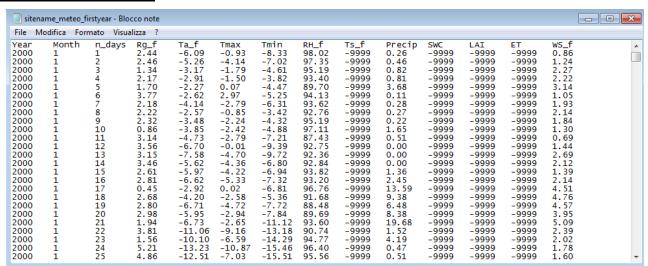
THINNING_INTENSITY Thinning intensity (% of Basal Area/N-tree to remove)

8. Input files

8.1 Overview

The 3D-CMCC-FEM model uses at least six input files, <u>meteo</u>, <u>soil</u>, <u>topo</u>, <u>CO</u>₂ and <u>management</u> each time it is executed. A brief description of all files is given first, followed by detailed discussions of each file.

8.2 Meteorological Data File



Example of meteo file

The second required input file is the meteorological data file, which is named using the start year of simulation (e.g. "sitename_meteo_2000.txt"), containing the daily meteorological data.

Years of simulation depends on the number years included in the met file.

Some met data are mandatory: temperature, precipitation, vapor pressure deficit (or relative humidity) and short-wave solar radiation, whereas others are optional.

If the model runs in "spatial version" daily or monthly LAI values are mandatory otherwise they are not considered in processes. Each variable must be separated by one-tab character. Model considers leap years, so 29th of February has to be included.

Example for year 2007-200x in daily/un-spatial version:

Year ET WS_f	Month	n_days	Rg_f	Ta_f	Tmax	Tmin	VPD_f	Ts_f	Precip	SWC	LAI
2007	1	1	5.1	-9999	13.1	7.1	0.2	7.8	1	-9999	0

3D-CMCC-FEM								User'	s Guide		
2007	1	2	6.1 -9999	10.4	5.8	0.2	6.3	0.2	0.27	0	
2007	1	3	6.1 -9999	9.9	3.1	0.2	3.3	0	0.39	0	
2007	1	4	6.1 -9999	10	1.9	0.2	0.5	0	0.2	0	

•••

Variables:

- **Rg_f**: Mean daily global radiation (MJ m⁻² day⁻¹)

- Ta_f: Daily average temperature (°C)

- Tmax: Daily Maximum temperature (°C)

- **Tmin:** Daily Minimum temperature (°C)

- VPD_f or RH_f: Daily Vapor Pressure Deficit (mbar-hPa) or Relative Humidity (%)

- Ts_f: Daily Soil temperature (°C)

- **Precip**: Cumulated daily precipitation (mm day⁻¹)

- **SWC**: Soil water content (mm m⁻²)

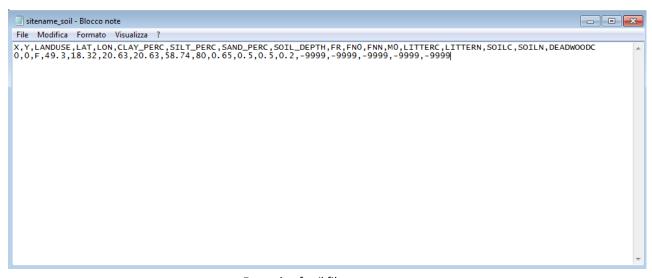
- LAI: Leaf area Index (m² m⁻²) (Only inspatial version)

- **ET**: Evapotranspiration (mm m⁻² day⁻¹)

- **WS_f**: Windspeed (m sec⁻¹)

NO DATA = -9999

8.3 Soil file



Example of soil file

The fourth required input file is "*sitename_soil.txt*". It contains information about soil and fertility of the test site.

Comments are allowed in the parameter file. Comments can appear almost anywhere, must begin with two forward slash characters '//', at the end of the line. Example parameter files are provided.

In general, the format of parameters file is one parameter per line, with the parameter name being enclosed in double quotes, with a tab character separating the parameter name and its value.

<u>IMPORTANT</u>: Values are referred to the *SIZECELL* dimensions specified in the setting.txt file (e.g. if SIZECELL = 100 meters -> tC ha⁻¹).

It contains the following parameters:

X,Y,LANDUSE,LAT,LON,CLAY_PERC,SILT_PERC,SAND_PERC,SOIL_DEPTH,FR,FN0,FNN,M,LITTERC, LITTERN,SOILC,SOILN,DEADWOODC 0,0,F,49.3,18.32,20.63,20.63,58.74,80,0.65,0.5,0.5,0.2,-9999,-9999,-9999,-9999

- **LANDUSE**: see the 'LANDUSE' section

- LAT: Latitude (°)

- LON: Longitude (°)

- CLAY_PERC: Soil clay (%)

- **SILT_PERC**: Soil silt (%)

- **SAND_PERC**: Soil sand (%)

- **SOIL_DEPTH**: Soil depth (cm)

- **FR**: Fertility rating (dim)

- FNO: Value of fertility modifier when FR=0 (dim)

- **FNN**: Power of (1-FR) in fertility modifier (dim)

- M0: Value of 'm' when FR=0 (dim)

- **LITTERC**: Litter carbon

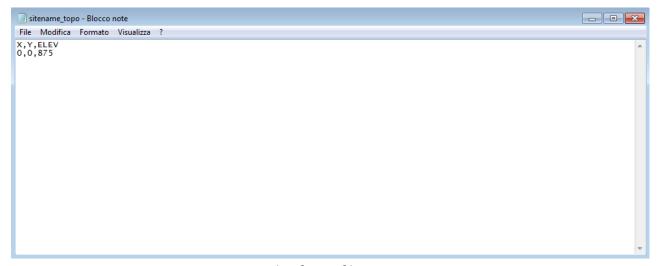
- **LITTERN**: Litter nitrogen

- **SOILC**: Soil carbon

- **SOILN**: Soil nitrogen

- **DEADWOODC**: Dead wood carbon

8.4 Topo file



Example of topo file

The fifth required input file is "*sitename_topo.txt*". It contains information about topography of the test site.

Comments are allowed in the parameter file. Comments can appear almost anywhere, must begin with two forward slash characters '//', at the end of the line. Example parameter files are provided.

In general, the format of parameters file is one parameter per line, with the parameter name being enclosed in double quotes, with a tab character separating the parameter name and its value.

It contains the following parameters:

- **X**: 0 **Y**: 0
- **ELEV**: Elevation from ancillary data (m)

8.5 CO₂ file



Example of CO2 file

9. Output files

9.1 Overview

For each simulation the Model creates or rewrites into the output folder a file named "output.txt".

In this folder 4 other subfolders based on time scale should created. These files contain every result for debug (if necessary) daily, monthly and annual simulations. It is also useful to check which model functions have been used. These results can be obtained at stand level or for each type of class level (layer, dbh, age or species class) on Unix like platforms, if you need to extrapolate a variable it is advised to use the "grep" tool.

E.g. open a terminal into the output folder and for the variable NPP type:

"cat output.txt | grep 'Stand NPP' " if you want to see grep output into terminal;

"cat output.txt | grep 'Stand NPP' > NPP.txt" if you want to redirect grep output into an NPP file inside the output folder

<u>IMPORTANT</u>: be sure to use the correct declaration of the output as grep parameter.

9.2 Annual Outputs

At class level:

YEAR Year of simulation LAYER Layer of tree class

HEIGHT Average height of a species (m)

DBH Average diameter at breast height of a species (cm)

AGE Age of trees (years)

SPECIES Tree Species

MANAGEMENT T = Timber

GPP Yearly Gross Primary Production (gC m⁻² year⁻¹)

GPP_SUN:GPP Yearly Gross Primary Production for sun leaves (gC m⁻² year⁻¹)

GPP_SHADE:GPP Yearly Gross Primary Production for shaded leaves (gC m⁻² year⁻¹)

Av_SUN:A_SUN Carboxylation rate/Final assimilation rate ratio for sun leaves

Aj_SUN:A_SUN

RuBP regeneration/Final assimilation rate ratio for sun leaves

Av_SHADE:A_SHADE

Carboxylation rate/Final assimilation rate ratio for shaded leaves

RuBP regeneration/Final assimilation rate ratio for shaded leaves

Av_TOT:A_TOT Carboxylation rate/Final assimilation rate ratio

Aj TOT:A TOT RuBP regeneration/Final assimilation rate ratio

GR Growth respiration (gC m⁻² year⁻¹)

MR Maintenance Respiration (gC m⁻² year⁻¹)

RA Autotrophic respiration (gC m⁻² year⁻¹)

NPP Net Primary Production (gC m⁻² year⁻¹)

BP Yearly Biomass Production (gC m⁻² year⁻¹)

reser as diff -

ResAllocAnnual reserve allocated (tNSC cell 1 year 1)ResDepleAnnual reserve depleted (tNSC cell 1 year 1)ResUsageAnnual reserve used (tNSC cell 1 year 1)

Biomass productivity vs. Net Primary Production BP/NPP ResAlloc/NPP Annual reserve allocated vs. Net Primary Production ResAlloc/BP Annual reserve allocated vs. Biomass productivity ResDeple/NPP Annual reserve depleted vs. Net Primary Production ResDeple/BP Annual reserve depleted vs. Biomass productivity ResUsage/NPP Annual reserve used vs. Net Primary Production ResUsage/BP Annual reserve used vs. Biomass productivity Annual Carbon Use Efficiency (qC NPP qC GPP-1) CUE Biomass Production Efficiency (qC BP qC GPP⁻¹) **BPE**

diffCUE-BPE CUE - BPE
Y(PERC) RA/GPP * 100

PeakLAI Peak LAI (maximum attainable LAI) (m²m⁻²)

MaxLAI Maximum of LAI (maximum reached LAI) (m²m⁻²)

SLA Specific Leaf Area (m²Kg¹)

SAPWOOD_AREA Tree sapwood area (cm²)

CC-Proj Projected Canopy Cover (frac)

DBHDC DBH/Crown diameter relationship

CROWN DIAMETER Crown Projected Diameter (m)

CROWN HEIGHT Crown Height (m)

CROWN_AREA_PROJ Crown Projected Area (at zenith angle) (m²)

APAR Absorbed Photosynthetically Active Radiation (molPARm⁻²year⁻¹)

LIVETREENumber of live trees (ntree cell-1)DEADTREENumber of dead trees (ntree cell-1)THINNEDTREENumber of thinned trees (ntree cell-1)

VEG_D

Annual number of vegetative days (days year⁻¹)

FIRST_VEG_DAY

First annual day of vegetative period (DIM)

CTRANSP

Canopy Transpiration (mm m⁻²year⁻¹)

CINT

Canopy Interception (mm m⁻²year⁻¹)

CLE

Canopy Latent Heat (W m⁻²year⁻¹)

WUE

Annual Water Use Efficiency (DIM)

MIN_RESERVE_C Current Minimum reserve carbon pool (tC cell¹)

RESERVE_CCurrent Reserve carbon pool (tC cell 1)STEM CCurrent Stem carbon pool (tC cell 1)

STEMSAP_C Current Stem sapwood carbon pool (tC cell $^{-1}$)
STEMHEART_C Current Stem heartwood carbon pool (tC cell $^{-1}$)

STEMSAP_PERC Stem Sapwood vs. Total Stem (%age)

STEMLIVE_C Current Stem live wood carbon pool (tC cell $^{-1}$)
STEMDEAD_C Current Stem dead wood carbon pool (tC cell $^{-1}$)

STEMLIVE_PERC Live stem vs. Total stem (%age)

MAX_LEAF_C Maximum Current Leaf carbon pool (tC cell ⁻¹year ⁻¹)

MAX_FROOT_C Maximum Current Fine Root carbon pool (tC cell ⁻¹year ⁻¹)

CROOT_C Current Coarse Root carbon pool (tC cell⁻¹)

CROOTLIVE_C Current Coarse root live wood carbon pool (tC cell 1)
CROOTDEAD_C Current Coarse root dead wood carbon pool (tC cell 1)

CROOTLIVE_PERC Live Coarse Root vs. Total stem (%age)

BRANCH_C Current Branch carbon pool ($tC cell^{-1}$)

BRANCHLIVE_C Current Branch live wood carbon pool (tC cell 1)
BRANCHDEAD_C Current Branch dead wood carbon pool (tC cell 1)

BRANCHLIVE_PERC Live Branch vs. Total stem (%age) Current Fruit carbon pool (tC cell $^{-1}$) FRUIT_C Annual Fruit carbon pool (tC cell⁻¹year⁻¹) MAX FRUIT C Current Reserve nitrogen pool (tC cell¹) RESERVE_N STEM N Current Stem nitrogen pool (tC cell⁻¹) Current Live Stem nitrogen pool (tN cell¹) STEMLIVE N Current Dead Stem nitrogen pool (tN cell¹) STEMDEAD N Current Coarse Root nitrogen pool (tN cell⁻¹) CROOT N

CROOTLIVE_N Current Coarse root live wood nitrogen pool (tN cell⁻¹)
CROOTDEAD N Current Coarse root dead wood nitrogen pool (tN cell⁻¹)

BRANCH N Current Branch nitrogen pool $(tN cell^{-1})$

BRANCHLIVE_N Current Branch live wood nitrogen pool (tN cell⁻¹)
BRANCHDEAD_N Current Branch dead wood nitrogen pool (tN cell⁻¹)

FRUIT_NCurrent Fruit nitrogen pool (tN cell $^{-1}$)STANDING_WOODStanding wood carbon (tC cell $^{-1}$)DELTA WOODAnnual wood increment (tC cell $^{-1}$)ear $^{-1}$)

CUM_DELTA_WOOD Cumulated annual wood increment (tC cell¹year¹)

BASAL AREA Individual basal area (m²ha⁻¹)

TREE_CAI Single Tree Current Annual Volume Increment (m³tree-¹year¹)
TREE_MAI Single Tree Mean Annual Volume Increment (m³tree-¹year¹)

CAI Current Annual Volume Increment (m³class⁻¹year⁻¹)

MAI Mean Annual Volume Increment (m³class⁻¹year⁻¹)

VOLUME

Stem volume (m³class⁻¹)

TREE_VOLUME

Single tree volume (m³tree⁻¹)

DELTA_TREE_VOL (perc)

Tree volume increment (%)

DELTA_AGB Aboveground biomass increment (tC cell⁻¹year⁻¹)
DELTA_BGB Belowground biomass increment (tC cell⁻¹year⁻¹)

AGB Aboveground Biomass pool (tC cell¹)
BGB Belowground Biomass pool (tC cell¹)

BGB.AGB BGB/AGB

DELTA_TREE_AGB Aboveground biomass increment (tC cell⁻¹year⁻¹)
DELTA_TREE_BGB Belowground biomass increment (tC cell⁻¹year⁻¹)

C_HWP Annual harvested woody products removed from stand (tC cell⁻¹year⁻¹)

VOLUME HWP Annual volume harvested woody products removed from stand (m³cell

¹year⁻¹

STEM_RA

Stem autotrophic respiration (gC m⁻²year⁻¹)

LEAF_RA

Leaf autotrophic respiration (gC m⁻²year⁻¹)

FROOT RA

Fine root autotrophic respiration (qC m⁻²year⁻¹)

CROOT_RA Coarse root autotrophic respiration (gC m⁻²year⁻¹)
BRANCH_RA Branch autotrophic respiration (gC m⁻²year⁻¹)

At cell level:

gppGross Primary Production (gC m²year¹)nppNet Primary Production (gC m²year¹)arAutotrophic respiration (gC m²year¹)hrHeterotrophic Respiration (gC m²year¹)rsoilSoil respiration flux (gC m²year¹)rsoilCO2Soil respiration flux (gC m²year¹)

reco Annual ecosystem respiration (gC m⁻²year⁻¹)

nee Annual net ecosystem exchange (gC m⁻²year⁻¹)

nep Annual net ecosystem production (gC m⁻²year⁻¹)

et Annual evapotranspiration (mm m⁻²year⁻¹)

le Latent heat flux (W m⁻²year⁻¹)

soil.evapo Annual soil evaporation (mm m⁻²year⁻¹)
asw Current available soil water (mm volume⁻¹)
iWue Annual intrinsic Water Use Efficiency (DIM)

vol Current volume (m⁻³cell) cum_vol Cumulated volume (m⁻³cell)

run_off Current amount of water outflow (runoff) (mm m⁻²year⁻¹)

litrCLitter carbon (gC m-2)litr1CLitter labile carbon (gC m-2)litr2CLitter unshielded carbon (gC m-2)litr3CLitter shielded carbon (gC m-2)litr4CLitter lignin carbon (gC m-2)cwd_CCwd carbon (gC m-2)cwd_2CCwd unshielded (gC m-2)

cwd_3CCwd shielded (gC m-2)cwd_4CCwd lignin (gC m-2)soilCSoil carbon (gC m-2)

soil1C Microbial recycling pool carbon (fast) (gC m⁻²)
soil2C Microbial recycling pool carbon (medium) (gC m⁻²)
soil3C Microbial recycling pool carbon (slow) (gC m⁻²)
soil4C Recalcitrant SOM carbon (humus, slowest) (gC m⁻²)

litterNLitter nitrogen (gN m-2)litter1NLitter labile nitrogen (gN m-2)

litter2N Litter unshielded cellulose nitrogen (gN m⁻²) litter3N Litter shielded cellulose nitrogen (gN m⁻²)

litter4N Litter lignin nitrogen (gN m⁻²) cwd N Cwd nitrogen (gN m⁻²)

cwd_2NCwd unshielded nitrogen (gN m²)cwd_3NCwd shielded nitrogen (gN m²)cwd_4NCwd lignin nitrogen (gN m²)soilNSoil nitrogen (qN m²)

soil1NMicrobial recycling pool nitrogen (fast) (gN m²)soil2NMicrobial recycling pool nitrogen (medium) (gN m²)soil3NMicrobial recycling pool nitrogen (slow) (gN m²)soil4NRecalcitrant SOM nitrogen (humus, slowest) (gN m²)

solar_rad Incoming short-wave radiation (MJ m⁻²year⁻¹)

tavg Average air temperature (°C)
tmax Maximum air temperature (°C)
tmin Minimum air temperature (°C)
tday Daylight average air temperature (°C)
tnight Nightime average air temperature (°C)
vpd Vapour Pressure Deficit (hPa-mbar)
prpc Cumulated Precipitation (mm m^{-2} year $^{-1}$)

tsoil Average soil temperature (°C)

rh Relative Humidity (%)

avg_asw Average available soil water (mm volume⁻¹)

[co2] CO2 concentration (ppmv)

9.3 Monthly Outputs

At class level:

YEAR Year of simulation

MONTH Month of simulation

LAYER Layer of tree class

HEIGHT Average height of a species (m)

DBH Average diameter at breast height of a species (cm)

AGE Age of trees (years)

SPECIES Tree species

MANAGEMENT T = Timber

GPP Gross Primary Production (gC m⁻² month⁻¹)

NET_ASS Monthly net assimilation (gC m⁻² month⁻¹)

RA Autotrophic Respiration (gC m⁻² month⁻¹)

NPP Net Primary Production (gC m⁻² month⁻¹)

CUE Monthly Carbon Use Efficiency $(0 \rightarrow 1)$ $(gC_{NPP} gC_{GPP}^{-1})$

CTRANSP Canopy Transpiration (mm m⁻²month⁻¹)

CET Canopy Evapotranspiration (mm m⁻²month⁻¹)

CLE Canopy Latent Heat (W m⁻²month⁻¹)

CC Canopy Cover

DBHDC DBH/Crown diameter relationship
HD EFF Effective Height/Diameter ratio (DIM)

HDMAX Height (m) to Base diameter (m) ratio MAX (DIM)
HDMIN Height (m) to Base diameter (m) ratio MIN (DIM)

N TREE Number of trees (n tree cell¹) WUE Monthly Water Use Efficiency (DIM) Reserve carbon pool (tC cell $^{-1}$) Wres WS Stem carbon pool (tC cel Γ^1) Stem live wood pool (tC cell¹) WSL Stem dead wood (tC cell⁻¹) WSD Maximum leaf wood (tC cell $^{-1}$) PWLMaximum fine root wood ($tC cell^{-1}$) **PWFR** Coarse root biomass (tC cell⁻¹) **WCR**

WCRL Coarse root live wood biomass (tC cell 1)
WCRD Coarse root deadwood biomass (tC cell 1)

WBB Branch biomass ($tC cell^{-1}$)

WBBLBranch live wood biomass (tC cell $^{-1}$)WBBDBranch dead wood biomass (tC cell $^{-1}$)

At cell level:

gpp Gross Primary Production (gC m⁻²month⁻¹)
npp Net Primary Production (gC m⁻²month⁻¹)
ar Autotrophic respiration (gC m⁻²month⁻¹)
et Monthly evapotranspiration (gC m⁻²month⁻¹)

le Latent heat flux $(W m^{-2})$

asw Available soil water (mm volume⁻¹) iWue Intrinsic Water Use Efficiency

9.4 Daily Outputs

At class level:

YEAR Year of simulation

MONTH Month of simulation

DAY Day of simulation

LAYER Layer of forest structure

HEIGHT Average height of a specie (m)

DBH Average diameter at breast height of a specie (cm)

AGE Age of trees (years)

SPECIES Tree species

MANAGEMENT T = Timber

GPP Gross Primary Production (qC m⁻²day⁻¹)

Av_TOT Carboxylation rate for limited assimilation (μ mol m⁻²s⁻¹) Aj_TOT RuBP regeneration limited assimilation (μ mol m⁻²s⁻¹)

Final assimilation rate (μ mol m⁻²s⁻¹) $A_{_}TOT$ RG Growth respiration (gC m⁻²day⁻¹) Maintenance Respiration (qC m⁻²day⁻¹) RMAutotrophic respiration (gC m⁻²day⁻¹) RANPP Net Primary Production (gC m⁻²day⁻¹) ВР Daily biomass production (gC m⁻²day⁻¹) Daily carbon Use Efficiency $(gC_{NPP}gC_{GPP}^{-1})$ CUE Daily biomass production efficiency (gC m⁻²day⁻¹) **BPE** LAI for Projected Area covered (at zenith angle) $(m^2 m^{-2})$ LAI_PROJ Peak Projected LAI (maximum attainable LAI) (m² m⁻²) PEAK-LAI PROJ

LAI EXP LAI for Exposed Area covered $(m^2 m^{-2})$

D-CC_P Projected Canopy Cover (frac)
DBHDC DBH/Crown diameter relationship

 $CROWN_AREA_PROJ$ Crown Projected Area (at zenith angle) (m^2)

PAR Photosynthetically Active Radiation (molPAR m⁻²day⁻¹)

APAR Absorbed Photosynthetically Active Radiation (molPAR m²day⁻¹)

fAPAR Fraction of Absorbed Photosynthetically Active Radiation (unitless)

NTREE Number of trees

VEG_D Day of vegetative period for class (Days/Year)

INT Canopy Interception (mm m⁻²day⁻¹)

WAT Canopy Water stored (mm m⁻²)

EVA Canopy Evaporation (mm m⁻²day⁻¹)

TRA Canopy Transpiration (mm m⁻²day⁻¹)

ET Canopy Evapotranspiration (mm m⁻²day⁻¹)

LE Canopy Latent Heat (W m⁻²)
WUE Water Use Efficiency (DIM)

Current Reserve carbon pool (tC cell $^{-1}$) RESERVE C Current Stem carbon pool (tC cell $^{-1}$) STEM_C Current Stem sapwood carbon pool (tC cell⁻¹) STEMSAP_C STEMLIVE C Current Stem live wood carbon pool (tC cell⁻¹) Current Stem dead wood carbon pool (tC cell⁻¹) STEMDEAD C LEAF_C Current Leaf carbon pool (tC cell $^{-1}$) FROOT_C Current Fine root carbon pool (tC cell $^{-1}$) Current Coarse root carbon pool (tC cell⁻¹) CROOT C $CROOTSAP_C$ Current Coarse root sapwood carbon pool (tC cell⁻¹) CROOTLIVE_C Current Coarse root live wood carbon pool (tC cell $^{-1}$) Current Coarse root dead wood carbon pool (tC cell⁻¹) CROOTDEAD C Current Branch carbon pool (tC cel Γ^1) BRANCH C Current Branch sapwood carbon pool (tC cell⁻¹) BRANCHSAP C Current Branch live wood carbon pool (tC cel Γ^1) BRANCHLIVE_C Current Branch dead wood carbon pool (tC cell⁻¹) BRANCHDEAD C Current Fruit carbon pool (($tC cell^{-1}$) FRUIT C DELTARESERVE C Daily allocation to reserve (tC cell day) Daily allocation to stem (tC cell 1 day $^{-1}$) DELTA STEM C Daily allocation to leaf (tC cell $^{-1}$ day $^{-1}$) DELTA LEAF C Daily allocation to fine root (tC cell day) DELTA FROOT C Daily allocation to coarse root (tC cell⁻¹day⁻¹) DELTA CROOT C Daily allocation to branch (tC cell day 1) DELTA BRANCH C Daily allocation to fruit (tC cell⁻¹day⁻¹) DELTA FRUIT C RESERVE N Current reserve nitrogen pool (tN cell⁻¹) STEM N Current stem nitrogen pool (tN cel Γ^1) STEMLIVE N Current Live Stem nitrogen pool (tN cel Γ^1) Current Dead Stem nitrogen pool (tN cel Γ^1) STEMDEAD N LEAF N Current leaf nitrogen pool (tN cell⁻¹) FROOT N Current Fine Root nitrogen pool (tN cel Γ^1) Current Coarse Root nitrogen pool (tN cell $^{-1}$) CROOT N CROOTLIVE N Current Coarse root live wood nitrogen pool (tN cell⁻¹) Current Coarse root dead wood nitrogen pool (tN cell⁻¹) CROOTDEAD N BRANCH N Current Branch nitrogen pool (tN cell⁻¹) Current Branch live wood nitrogen pool (tN cell⁻¹) BRANCHLIVE N Current Branch dead wood nitrogen pool (tN cell⁻¹) BRANCHDEAD_N Current Fruit nitrogen pool (tN cell⁻¹) FRUIT N DELTARESERVE N Daily allocation to reserve (tN cell 1 day $^{-1}$) DELTA STEM N Daily allocation to stem (tN cel Γ^1 day $^{-1}$) Daily allocation to leaf ((tN cell⁻¹day⁻¹) DELTA LEAF N Daily allocation to fine root (tN cell⁻¹day⁻¹) DELTA FROOT N DELTA_CROOT_N Daily allocation to coarse root (tN cell day) Daily allocation to branch (tN cell⁻¹day⁻¹) DELTA_BRANCH_N DELTA FRUIT N Daily allocation to fruit (tN cell day) Stem autotrophic respiration (gC m⁻²day⁻¹) STEM AR $LEAL_AR$ Leaves autotrophic respiration (gC m⁻²day⁻¹) Fine Roots autotrophic respiration (gC m⁻²day⁻¹) FROOT AR Coarse Roots autotrophic respiration (qC m⁻²day⁻¹) CROOT AR

Branch autotrophic respiration (gC m⁻²day⁻¹)

CO2 fertilization effect (DIM) (as choiced in script)

CO2 fertilization effect (DIM) (Veroustraete's version)

BRANCH AR

F CO2 VER

F CO2

F_CO2_FRA CO2 fertilization effect (DIM) (Franks et al's version)
FCO2_TR CO2 fertilization effect (DIM) (for stomatal conductance)

FLIGHT Light modifier FAGE Age modifier $(0\rightarrow 1)$

FT Air temperature modifier $(0 \rightarrow 1)$

FVPDVPD modifier $(0 \rightarrow 1)$ FNSoil nutrient modifier $(0 \rightarrow 1)$ FSWSoil water modifier $(0 \rightarrow 1)$

LITR_C Current Litter Carbon Pool (tC cell 1)
CWD_C Coarse Woody Debris Carbon (tC cell 1)

At cell level:

Gross Primary Production (aC m⁻²day⁻¹) gpp Net Primary Productivity (gC m⁻²day⁻¹) прр Autotrophic respiration (gC m⁻²day⁻¹) ar Heterotrophic respiration (qC m⁻²day⁻¹) hr Soil respiration flux (gC m⁻²year⁻¹) rsoil Daily ecosystem respiration (gC m⁻²day⁻¹) reco Daily net ecosystem exchange (gC m⁻²day⁻¹) nee Daily net ecosystem production (qC m⁻²day⁻¹) nep

et Daily evapotranspiration (mm m⁻²day⁻¹)

le Daily latent heat flux (W m⁻²)

Sail suggestion (mm m⁻²day⁻¹)

soil_evapo Daily soil evaporation (mm m⁻²day⁻¹) snow_pack Current Amount of Snow (Kg m⁻²)

asw Current available soil water (mm volume⁻¹)

moist_ratio Soil moisture ratio (DIM)

iWue Daily intrinsic Water Use Efficiency (DIM)

 litrC
 Litter carbon (gC m²)

 litr1C
 Litter labile carbon (gC m²)

 litr2C
 Litter unshielded carbon (gC m²)

 litr3C
 Litter shielded carbon (gC m²)

 litr4C
 Litter lignin carbon (gC m²)

 cwd_C
 Cwd carbon (gC m²)

 cwd_2C
 Cwd unshielded (gC m²)

 cwd_3C
 Cwd shielded (aC m²)

cwd_2CCwd unshielded (gC m²)cwd_3CCwd shielded (gC m²)cwd_4CCwd lignin (gC m²)soilCSoil carbon (gC m²)

soil1CMicrobial recycling pool carbon (fast) (gC m-2)soil2CMicrobial recycling pool carbon (medium) (gC m-2)soil3CMicrobial recycling pool carbon (slow) (gC m-2)soil4CRecalcitrant SOM carbon (humus, slowest) (gC m-2)

litterNLitter nitrogen (gN m-2)litter1NLitter labile nitrogen (gN m-2)

litter2N Litter unshielded cellulose nitrogen (gN m⁻²) litter3N Litter shielded cellulose nitrogen (gN m⁻²)

litter4N Litter lignin nitrogen (gN m⁻²) cwd_N Cwd nitrogen (gN m⁻²)

cwd_2NCwd unshielded nitrogen (gN m-2)cwd_3NCwd shielded nitrogen (gN m-2)cwd_4NCwd lignin nitrogen (gN m-2)

soilN Soil nitrogen (gN m⁻²)

soil1NMicrobial recycling pool nitrogen (fast) (gN m-2)soil2NMicrobial recycling pool nitrogen (medium) (gN m-2)soil3NMicrobial recycling pool nitrogen (slow) (gN m-2)soil4NRecalcitrant SOM nitrogen (humus, slowest) (gN m-2)

tsoil Soil Temperature (°C)

daylenght Day length

10. Management

The model simulates several management practices on high stands, while coppice management is still under development. Three different management practices can be simulated by 3D-CMCC-FEM. For each treatment the user can specify intensity, interval and rotation age.

There are three main settings for management:

- "man on": the model will simulate the management as set in the species.txt file (e.g. Fagus_sylvatica.txt), for example the thinning.
- "man var": the model simulates the observed management (the thinning as observed in the changes of stand density in the stand file "input.txt") and then simulates the thinning interval and final harvesting at the years taken from an external table (NAMESITE_management.txt) but with the intensity as in the species.txt file (e.g. Fagus_sylvatica.txt). Note, in this case mortality is not simulated at all.
- "man off": no management will be applied.

11. Questions or comments

Shall you have issues with the code or for any suggestions, please let us know. For any questions on how to parameterize or run the code, please read this file first.

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