

# TFM - Cuaderno de Bitácora

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<https://github.com/3Gsman/DeepTerminologyExtraction>

Temas para la reunión

## Datasets

<https://github.com/LIAAD/KeywordExtractor-Datasets>

### **INSPEC:**

Archivos: 2000

Abstracts de artículos de revistas de informática entre 1998 y 2002.

Cada documento tiene 2 conjuntos de keywords:

- Controlled keywords: manualmente controladas que aparecen en el tesoro de Inspec pero que pueden no aparecer en el documento.
- Uncontrolled keywords: Asignadas libremente por los editores (no se limitan al tesoro o al documento)

### **KDD:**

Archivos: 755

Abstracts de papers de la conferencia Knowledge Discovery and Data Mining, publicados entre 2004 y 2014. Los keywords de los papers son etiquetados por el autor.

### **WWW:**

Archivos: 1330

Abstracts de la conferencia World Wide Web, entre 2004 y 2014, Los keywords de los papers son etiquetados por el autor.

### **SemEval2010:**

Archivos: 244

Artículos completos de ACM Digital Library. Entre 6 y 8 páginas sobre 4 campos de la informática. Cada artículo tiene un conjunto de palabras clave asignadas por el autor y un conjunto de palabras clave asignadas por editores profesionales, las cuales pueden aparecer o no explícitamente en el texto.

### **SemEval2017:**

Archivos: 500

Párrafos seleccionados de revistas con artículos, sobre informática, física y ciencias. Las keywords son seleccionadas por un experto y un estudiante sin graduarse ni experto.

### **Kp20k**

Archivos: 568000

Abstracts de artículos académicos con 528000 training, 20000 validación y 20000 test.

## Tabla datasets:

### Dataset

Número de palabras abstract (max, min, media)

Número de palabras clave

Número de palabras en las palabras clave

Bi grams, tri grams

INSPEC

Abstracts number: 2000

Keys number: 2000

Words per abstract

Media: 124.364

STD: 59.13150405144192

Min: 15

Max: 502

Keywords per abstract

Media: 14.11

STD: 6.408153573074545

Min: 2

Max: 40

Words per keywords

Media: 2.224060949681077

STD: 0.8596185587760682

Min: 1

Max: 9

SEMEVAL2010

Abstracts number: 243

Keys number: 243

Words per abstract

Media: 8154.6543209876545

STD: 1973.5407779740183

Min: 2508

Max: 14471

Keywords per abstract

Media: 15.576131687242798

STD: 3.7446057973608027

Min: 8

Max: 38

Words per keywords

Media: 2.158784676354029

STD: 0.8897422260009823

Min: 1

Max: 9

KDD

Abstracts number: 755

Keys number: 755

Words per abstract

Media: 74.0794701986755

STD: 84.06142152365945

Min: 7

Max: 329

Keywords per abstract

Media: 4.096688741721854

STD: 1.7335592715039714

Min: 1

Max: 13

Words per keywords

Media: 1.978338182993857

STD: 0.7829746943623613

Min: 1

Max: 8

WWW

Abstracts number: 1330

Keys number: 1330

Words per abstract

Media: 82.03834586466165

STD: 80.4972462566211

Min: 6

Max: 346

Keywords per abstract

Media: 4.815789473684211

STD: 2.0850733298519186

Min: 1

Max: 21

Words per keywords

Media: 1.9017954722872756

STD: 0.8578939896338169

Min: 1

Max: 8

## kp20k

570809

570809

Words per abstract

Media: 147.74611647678995

STD: 67.99700836029831

Min: 0

Max: 2996

Keywords per abstract

Media: 5.286596742518075

STD: 3.774151174068877

Min: 1

Max: 110

Words per keywords

Media: 1.9438113331722802

STD: 0.9490471084333197

Min: 0

Max: 9

Conjunto de datos	Inspec	SemEval2010	KDD	WWW	kp20k
Número de artículos	2000	243	755	1330	570809
Palabras por artículos	Media	124,364	8154,65	74,07	82,03
	Desviación	59,13	1973,54	84,06	80,49
	Min	15	2508	7	6
	Max	502	14471	329	346
Palabras clave por artículo	Media	14,11	15,57	4,09	4,81
	Desviación	6,4	3,74	1,73	2,08
	Min	2	8	1	1
	Max	40	38	13	21
Palabras por palabras clave	Media	2,22	2,15	1,97	1,9
	Desviación	0,85	0,88	0,78	0,85
	Min	1	1	1	1
	Max	9	9	8	8

## Tablas y gráfica estado del arte

### INSPEC

Modelo	Año	Pre	Rec	F1	Comentarios
n-gram w. tag [1]	2003	0.252	0.517	0.339	Utiliza conocimiento lingüístico para la representación, frente el uso único de estadísticas (como puede ser term frequency). ML
SC [2]	2010	0.350	0.660	0.457	Sin supervisar. Spectral Clustering Se agrupan términos ejemplares según la relación entre los términos y se utilizan los términos ejemplares para extraer las keyph.
TopicRank [3]	2013	0.276	0.315	0.279	Basado en grafos. Clusters de temas usados como vértices en un grafo. Se le asigna una puntuación de importancia a cada tema. Las keyphr se seleccionan dependiendo de los temas con más importancia.
SGRank [4]	2015	0.27	0.46	0.3395	Híbrido estadístico - gráfico. Se realizan n-grams, se puntúan según una versión de tf-idf, los mejores candidatos se analizan según otras heurísticas estadísticas (posición de la primera ocurrencia, longitud del término) se le aplica un algoritmo basado en grafo que devuelve el rank. *Valores Pre y Rec aprox
GloVe-100 [6]	2018	0.34	0.578	0.428	Bidirectional Long Short-Term Memory Recurrent Neural Network. Usa GloVe Embeddings, Interesante como se explica.
Key2Vec [7]	2018	0.5758	0.4209	0.4863	Utiliza embeddings específicos del dominio para mejorar los resultados. Utiliza un método basado en grafos parecido a textrank.
HATR [14]	2019	-	-	0.3005	BERT + BiLSTM-CRF + document-level attention (extrae la información más relevante de cada oración)
BiLSTM-CRF [8]	2019	-	-	0.593	Utiliza BiLSTM-CRF + contextualized embeddings (SciBERT)
YAKE [13]	2020	-	-	0.316	Hay pseudo código y se realizan muchas pruebas en distintos datasets. Sistema no supervisado que utiliza métricas estadísticas de las palabras.
SKE-Base-CIs [16]	2020	-	-	0.342	span-based feature representation. Utiliza BERT y 2 Bi-LSTM.

Ref	Autor	Año	Prec	Exha	F1
SC [8]	Liu Z	2010	0.350	0.660	0.457
TopicRank [25]	Bougouin A	2013	0.276	0.315	0.279
SGRank [22]	Danesh S	2015	0.27	0.46	0.3395
GloVe-100 [9]	Basaldella M	2018	0.34	0.578	0.428
Key2Vec [41]	Mahata D	2018	0.5758	0.4209	0.4863
HATR [42]	Yingyi Zhang	2019	-	-	0.3005
BiLSTM-CRF [35]	Sahrawat D	2019	-	-	0.593
YAKE [40]	Campos R	2020	-	-	0.316
SKE-Base-CIs [39]	Mu F	2020	-	-	0.342

## SemEval2010

Modelo	Año	Pre	Rec	F1	Comentarios
HUMB [9]	2010	0.248	0.206	0.225	Utiliza varios modelos de ML (Decision tree, Multi-Layer perceptron, Support Vector Machine)
TopicRank [3]	2013	0.149	0.103	0.121	Basado en grafos. Clusters de temas usados como vértices en un grafo. Se le asigna una puntuación de importancia a cada tema. Las keyphr se seleccionan dependiendo de los temas con más importancia.
SGRank [4]	2015	0.26	0.26	0.260 7	Híbrido estadístico - gráfico. Se realizan n-grams, se puntúan según una versión de tf-idf, los mejores candidatos se analizan según otras heurísticas estadísticas (posición de la primera ocurrencia, longitud del término) se le aplica un algoritmo basado en grafo que devuelve el rank. *Valores Pre y Rec aprox
Key2Vec [7]	2018	0.3529	0.2467	0.290 4	Utiliza embeddings específicos del dominio para mejorar los resultados. Utiliza un método basado en grafos parecido a textrank.
BiLSTM-CRF [8]	2019	-	-	0.357	Utiliza BiLSTM-CRF + contextualized embeddings (SciBERT)
YAKE [13]	2020	-	-	0.211	Hay pseudo código y se realizan muchas pruebas en distintos datasets. Sistema no supervisado que utiliza métricas estadísticas de las palabras.
SKE-Large-Cls [16]	2020	-	-	0.358	span-based feature representation. Utiliza BERT y 2 Bi-LSTM.

Ref	Autor	Año	Prec	Exha	F1
HUMB [11]	Lopez P	2010	0.248	0.206	0.225
TopicRank [25]	Bougouin A	2013	0.149	0.103	0.121
SGRank [22]	Danesh S	2015	0.26	0.26	0.26
Key2Vec [41]	Mahata D	2018	0.3529	0.2467	0.2904
BiLSTM-CRF [35]	Sahrawat D	2019	-	-	0.357
YAKE [40]	Campos R	2020	-	-	0.211
SKE-Large-Cls [39]	Mu F	2020	-	-	0.358

## WWW

Modelo	Año	Pre	Rec	F1	Comentarios
CRF [10]	2016	0.2669	0.2067	0.2112	Uso de una capa CRF. Método de sequence modeling. No pone el uso de 10 keyphrases
MIKE [11]	2017	0.0907	0.1814	0.1209	Modelo gráfico. Resuelve el problema a modo de problema de optimización..
Bi-LSTM-CRF [12]	2019	0.6433	0.2843	0.3943	Metodo sequence labeling. Utiliza Bi-LSTM-CRF. Muestra varios esquemas de la infraestructura. Y bien explicado sus elementos. Utiliza 100-dimension Glove
YAKE	2020	-	-	0.172	Hay pseudo código y se realizan muchas pruebas en distintos datasets. Sistema no supervisado que utiliza

[13]					métricas estadísticas de las palabras.	
WEKE(WE t) [17]	2020	0.1476	0.15	0.1488	p = 5 // Nuevo modelo de word embeddings, que captura información local de contexto (patrón entre palabras en el nivel semántico).	

Ref	Autor	Año	Prec	Exha	F1
CRF [43]	Das Gollapalli S	2016	0.2669	0.2067	0.2112
MIKE [26]	Yuxiang Zhang	2017	0.0907	0.1814	0.1209
Bi-LSTM-CRF [34]	Rabah A	2019	0.6433	0.2843	0.3943
WEKE(WE t) [44]	Yuxiang Zhang	2020	0.1476	0.15	0.1488
YAKE [40]	Campos R	2020	-	-	0.172

## KDD

Modelo	Año	Pre	Rec	F1	Comentarios
CRF [10]	2016	0.2933	0.2343	0.2417	Uso de una capa CRF. Método de sequence modeling. No pone el uso de 10 keyphrases
MIKE [11]	2017	0.0933	0.2242	0.1318	Modelo gráfico. Resuelve el problema a modo de problema de optimización..
Bi-LSTM-CRF [12]	2019	0.5783	0.3185	0.4108	Método sequence labeling. Utiliza Bi-LSTM-CRF. Muestra varios esquemas de la infraestructura. Y bien explicado sus elementos. Utiliza 100-dimension Glove
YAKE [13]	2020	-	-	0.156	Hay pseudo código y se realizan muchas pruebas en distintos datasets. Sistema no supervisado que utiliza métricas estadísticas de las palabras.
WEKE(W E t) [17]	2020	0.1588	0.157	0.1579	p = 4 // Nuevo modelo de word embeddings, que captura información local de contexto (patrón entre palabras en el nivel semántico).

Ref	Autor	Año	Prec	Exha	F1
CRF [43]	Das Gollapalli S	2016	0.2933	0.2343	0.2417
MIKE [26]	Yuxiang Zhang	2017	0.0933	0.2242	0.1318
Bi-LSTM-CRF [34]	Rabah A	2019	0.5783	0.3185	0.4108
WEKE(WE t) [44]	Yuxiang Zhang	2020	0.1588	0.157	0.1579
YAKE [40]	Campos R	2020	-	-	0.156

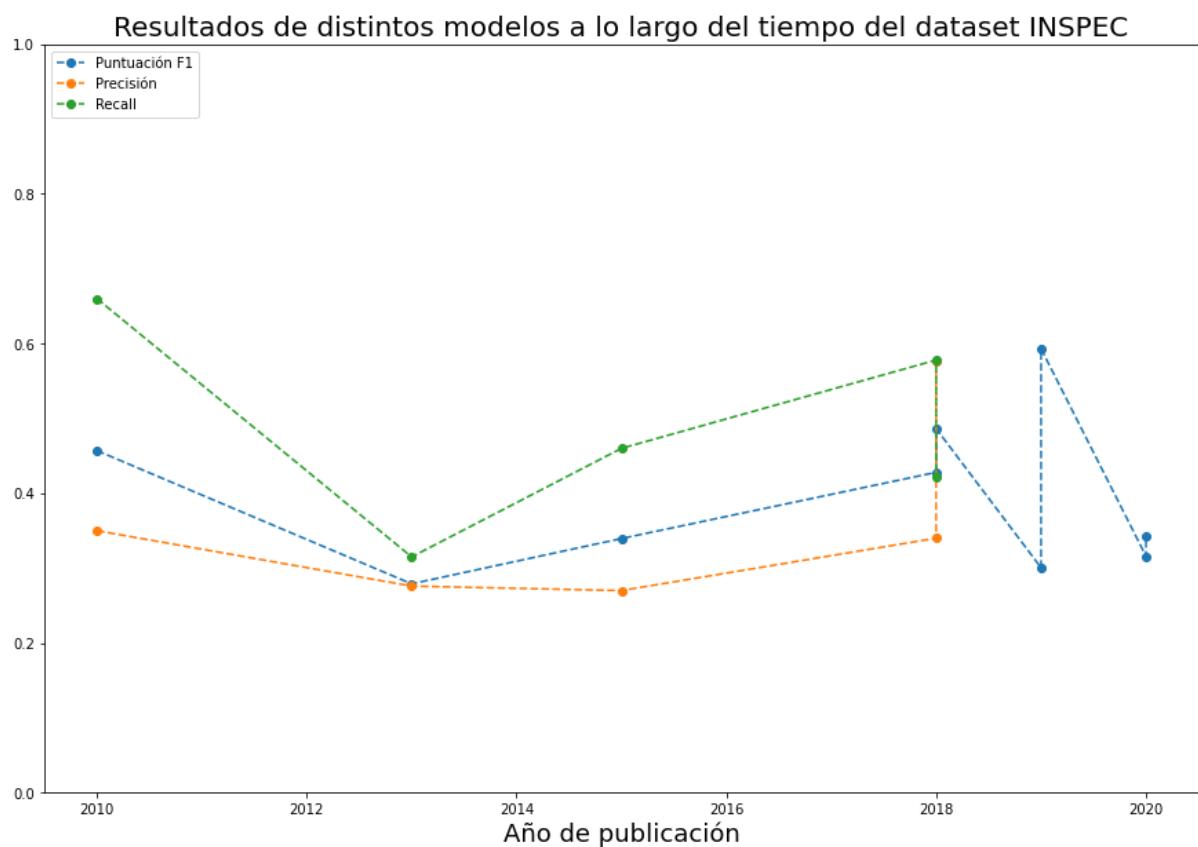
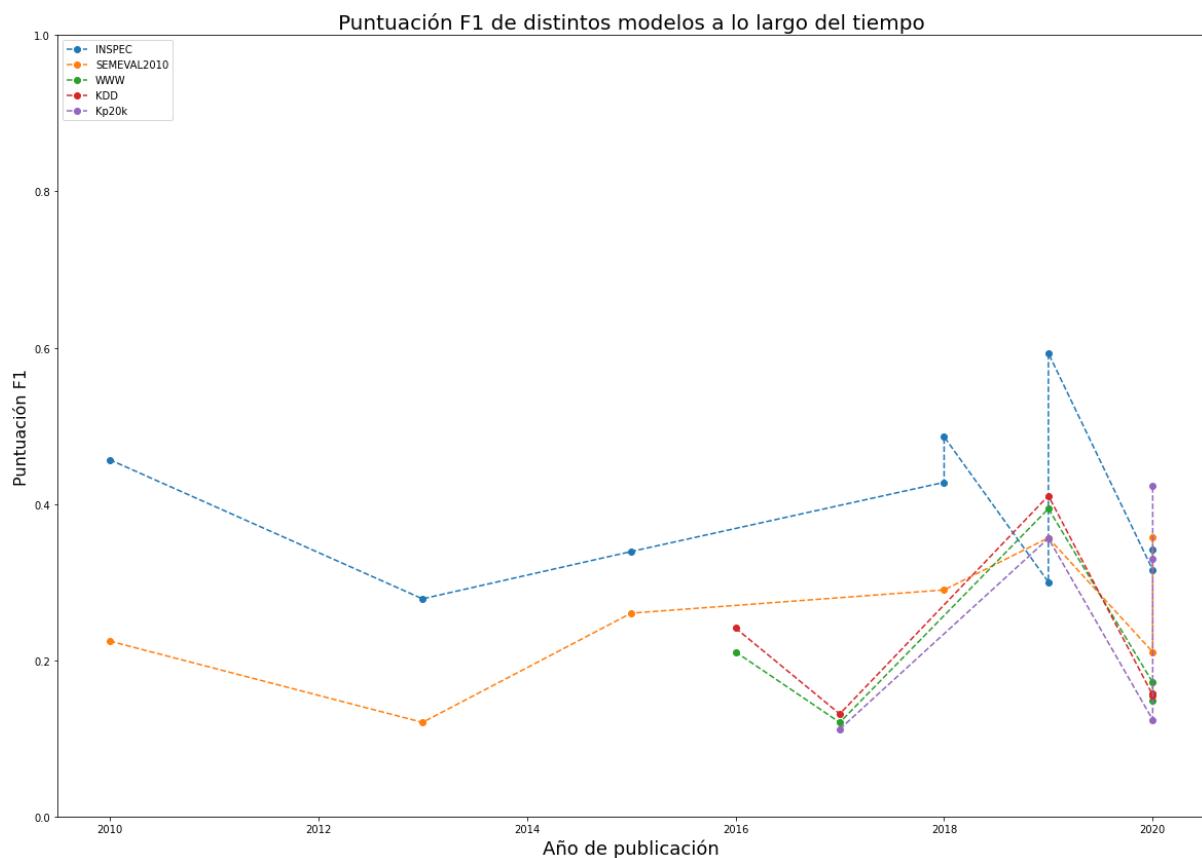
## Kp20k

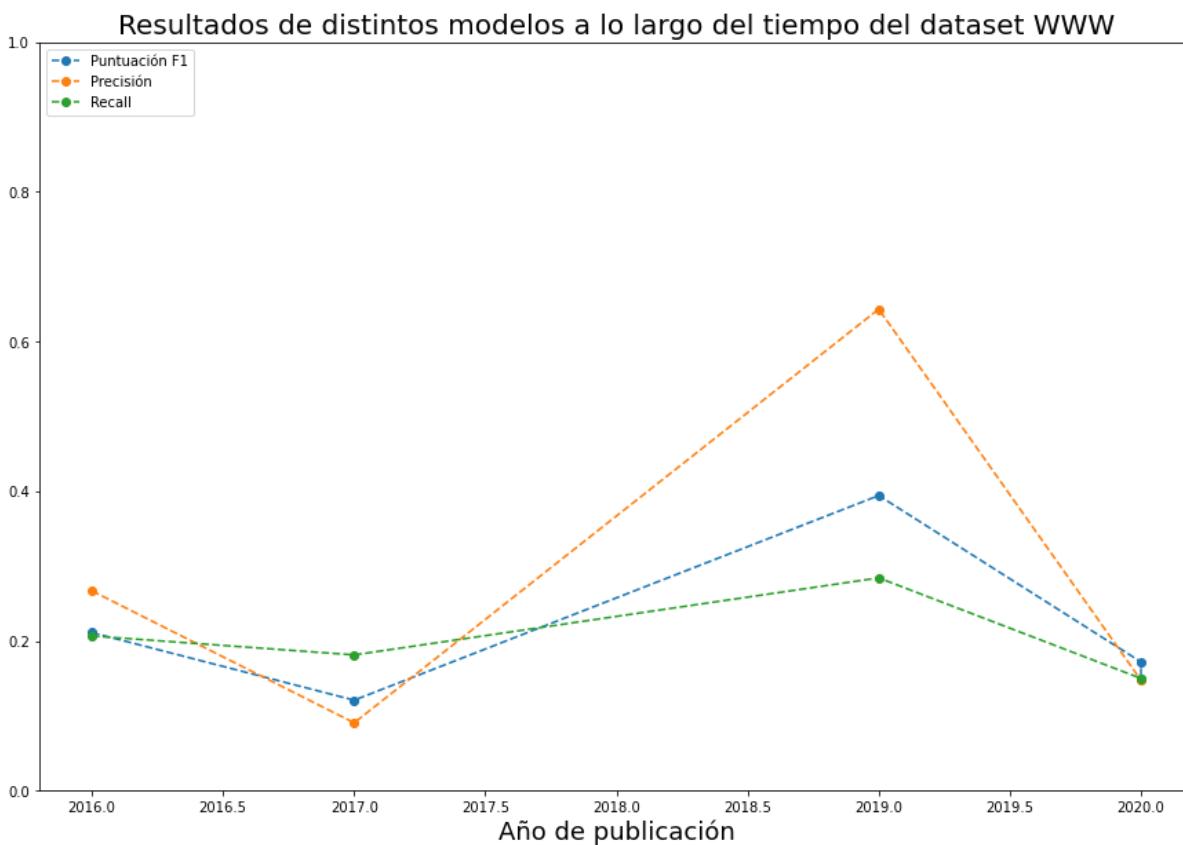
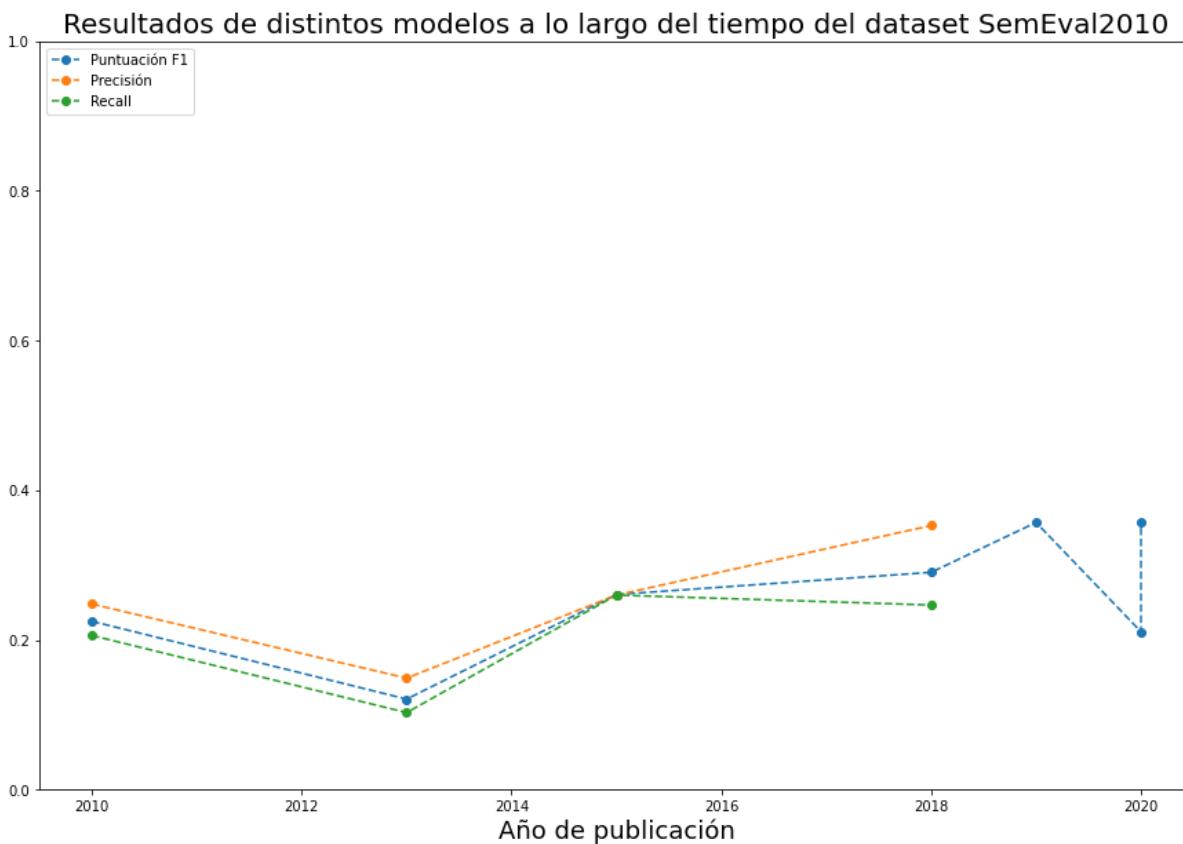
Modelo	Año	Pre	Rec	F1	Comentarios
HATR [14]	2017	-	-	0.1124	BERT + BiLSTM-CRF + document-level attention (extrae la información más relevante de cada oración)
Bi-LSTM-CRF [12]	2019	0.6419	0.2466	0.3563	Método sequence labeling. Utiliza Bi-LSTM-CRF. Muestra varios esquemas de la infraestructura. Y bien explicado sus elementos. Utiliza 100-dimension Glove
WEKE(WE)	2020	0.1167	0.1329	0.1243	p = 6 // Nuevo modelo de word embeddings, que captura

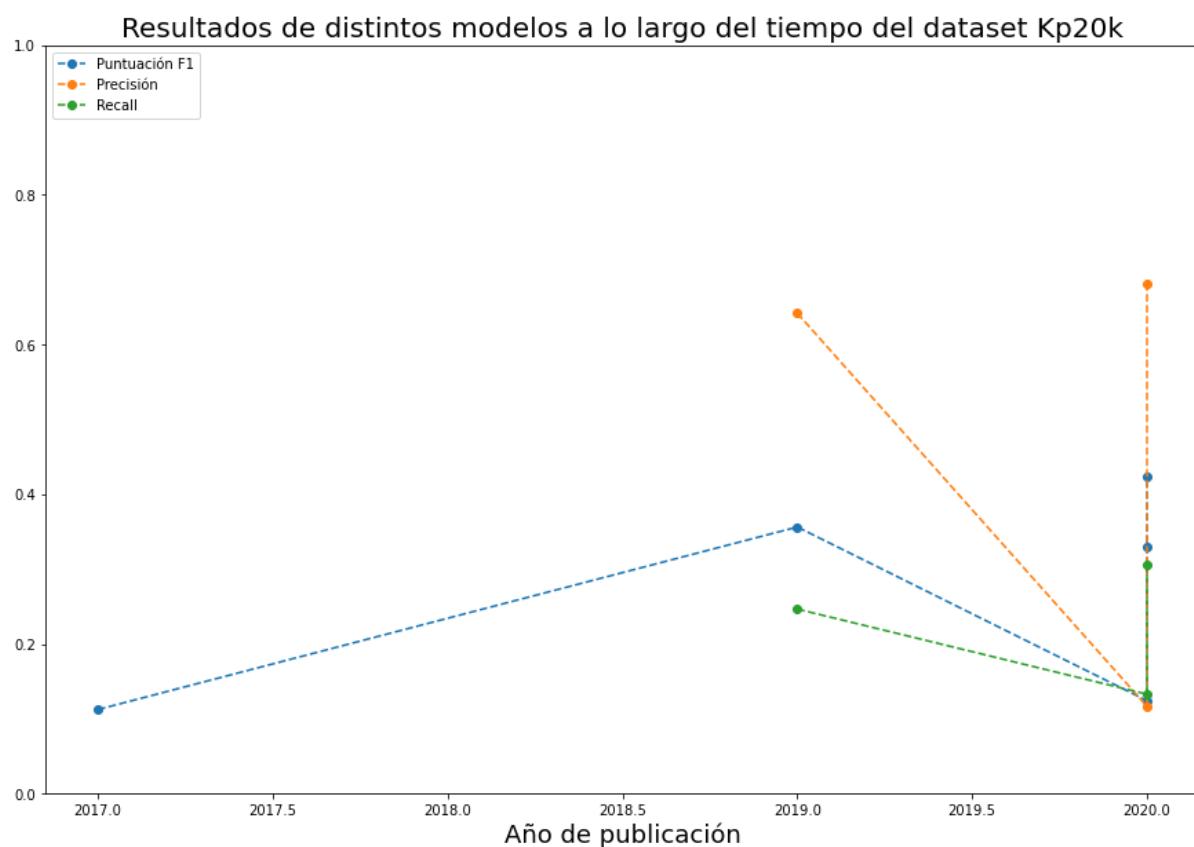
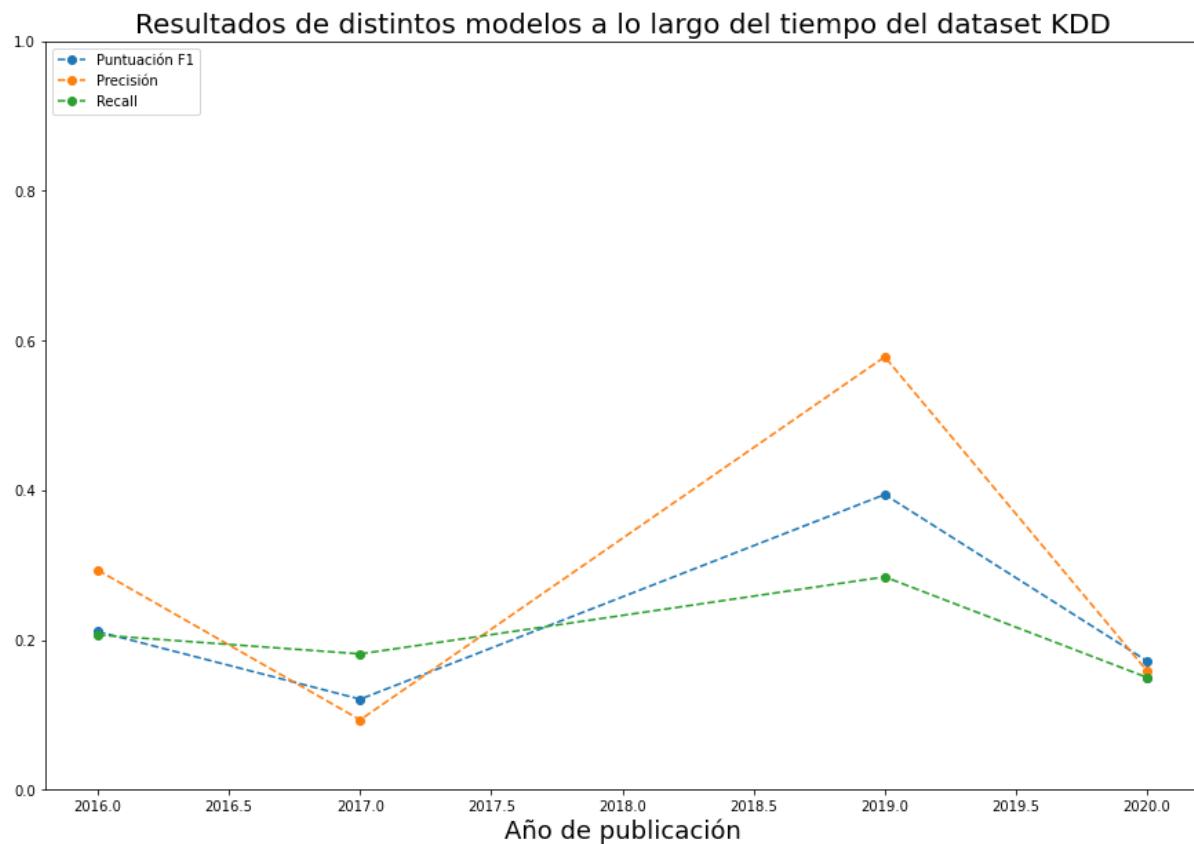
t ) [17]					información local de contexto (patrón entre palabras en el nivel semántico).
SKE-Large-Cls [16]	2020	-	-	0.330	span-based feature representation. Utiliza BERT y 2 Bi-LSTM.
DAKE [15]	2020	0.6821	0.3066	0.423	Utiliza BERT y BiLSTM-CRF. Bien explicado cada capa y fase. <a href="#">Slides</a> .

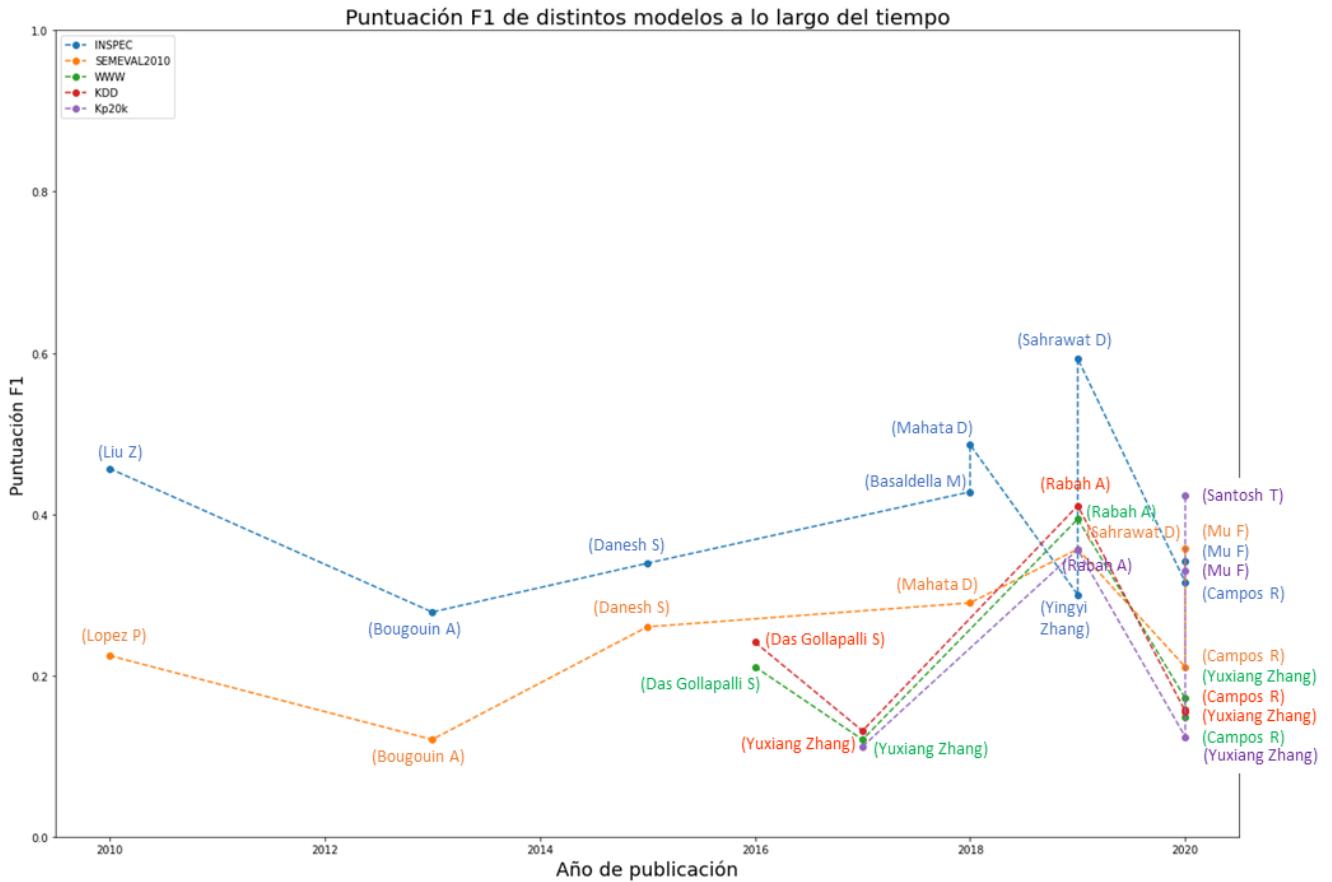
Ref	Autor	Año	Prec	Exha	F1
Bi-LSTM-CRF [34]	Rabah A	2019	0.6419	0.2466	0.3563
WEKE(WE t) [44]	Yuxiang Zhang	2020	0.1167	0.1329	0.1243
SKE-Large-Cls [39]	Mu F	2020	-	-	0.330
DAKE [36]	Santosh T	2020	0.6821	0.3066	0.423

Gráficas:









## Artículos:

- [1] *Improved Automatic Keyword Extraction Given More Linguistic Knowledge* - Anette Hulth (2003)
- [2] *Clustering to Find Exemplar Terms for Keyphrase Extraction* - Zhiyuan Liu, Peng Li, Yabin Zheng, Maosong Sun (2010)
- [3] *TopicRank: Graph-Based Topic Ranking for Keyphrase Extraction* - Adrien Bougouin, Florian Boudin and Beatrice Daille (2013)
- [4] *SGRank: Combining Statistical and Graphical Methods to Improve the State of the Art in Unsupervised Keyphrase Extraction* - Soheil Danesh, Tamara Sumner, James H. Martin (2015)
- [6] *Bidirectional LSTM Recurrent Neural Network for Keyphrase Extraction* - Marco Basaldella, Elisa Antolli, Giuseppe Serra and Carlo Tasso (2018)
- [7] *Key2Vec: Automatic Ranked Keyphrase Extraction from Scientific Articles using Phrase Embeddings* - Debanjan Mahata, John Kuriakose, Rajiv Ratn Shah, Roger Zimmermann (2018)
- [8] *Keyphrase Extraction from Scholarly Articles as Sequence Labeling using Contextualized Embeddings* - Dhruva Sahrawat3, Debanjan Mahata1y, Raymond Zhang1 (2019)
- [9] *HUMB: Automatic key term extraction from scientific articles in GROBID* - Lopez PRomary L (2010)
- [10] *Keyphrase Extraction using Sequential Labeling* - Sujatha Das Gollapalli and Xiao-li Li (2016)

- [11] *MIKE: Keyphrase Extraction by Integrating Multidimensional Information* - Yuxiang Zhang (2017)
- [12] *Bi-LSTM-CRF Sequence Labeling for Keyphrase Extraction from Scholarly Documents* - Rabah A. Al-Zaidy, Cornelia Caragea, C. Lee Giles (2019)
- [13] *YAKE! Keyword Extraction from Single Documents using Multiple Local Features. Information Sciences.* - Campos, R., Mangaravite, V., Pasquali, A., Jorge, A., Nunes, C., & Jatowt, A. (2020)
- [14] *Unsupervised Keyphrase Extraction in Academic Publications Using Human Attention* - Yingyi Zhang and Chengzhi Zhang (2019)
- [15] *DAKE: Document-Level Attention for Keyphrase Extraction* - Tokala Yaswanth Sri Sai Santosh<sup>1</sup>, Debarshi Kumar Sanyal<sup>2</sup>, Plaban Kumar Bhownick<sup>3</sup>, and Partha Pratim Das<sup>1</sup> (2020)
- [16] *Keyphrase Extraction with Span-based Feature Representations* - Funan Mu], Zhenting Yu], LiFeng Wang (2020)
- [17] *WEKE: Learning Word Embeddings for Keyphrase Extraction* - Yuxiang Zhang Email authorHuan LiuBei ShiXiaoli LiSuge Wang (2020)

## Resultados

Prueba	Epochs	F1 training	F1 dev	F1 train	Tiempo	Comentarios
Prueba1	62/100	0.5892	0.5583	0.6980		
Roberta SharInsp	74/100	0.5762	0.5542	0.5941	91	
Bert SharInsp	65/100	0.5839	0.5609	0.7576	85	
Bert GermlInsp	70/100	0.5552	0.5376	0.7776	157	
Bert Kp20k small	68/100	0.2121	0.2176	0.6343	160	

Raw:

## INSPEC

### Prueba 1

12:08 / 13:18

```
EPOCH 52 done: loss 15.7013 - lr 0.0001953
2021-05-28 13:18:22,492 DEV : loss 19.05150604248047 - score 0.5451
```

```
TRAINING
KEY tp: 2862 - fp: 2107 - fn: 1982 - precision: 0.5760 - recall: 0.5908 - f1-score: 0.5833
```

```
DEV
tp: 2797 - fp: 2519 - fn: 1769 - precision: 0.5261 - recall: 0.6126 - f1-score: 0.5661
tensor(19.1388, device='cuda:0')
```

```
TRAIN
tp: 7021 - fp: 4268 - fn: 2757 - precision: 0.6219 - recall: 0.7180 - f1-score: 0.6665
tensor(15.8236, device='cuda:0')
```

### Prueba 2

12:09 / 13:29

```
EPOCH 62 done: loss 13.9009 - lr 0.0001953
2021-05-28 13:29:24,275 DEV : loss 19.519670486450195 - score 0.5424
```

```
TRAINING
tp: 2858 - fp: 2073 - fn: 1986 - precision: 0.5796 - recall: 0.5900 - f1-score: 0.5848
```

```
DEV
tp: 2627 - fp: 2175 - fn: 1939 - precision: 0.5471 - recall: 0.5753 - f1-score: 0.5608
```

```
TRAIN
tp: 6996 - fp: 3157 - fn: 2782 - precision: 0.6891 - recall: 0.7155 - f1-score: 0.7020
tensor(13.8435, device='cuda:0')
```

### Prueba 3

12:09 / 13:17

```
EPOCH 51 done: loss 16.0274 - lr 0.0001953
2021-05-28 13:16:35,804 DEV : loss 18.840885162353516 - score 0.5527
```

```
TRAINING
tp: 3068 - fp: 2395 - fn: 1776 - precision: 0.5616 - recall: 0.6334 - f1-score: 0.5953
```

```
DEV
tp: 2797 - fp: 2519 - fn: 1769 - precision: 0.5261 - recall: 0.6126 - f1-score: 0.5661
tensor(19.1388, device='cuda:0')
```

```
TRAIN
tp: 7021 - fp: 4268 - fn: 2757 - precision: 0.6219 - recall: 0.7180 - f1-score: 0.6665
tensor(15.8236, device='cuda:0')
```

**Prueba 4**  
12:08 / 13:18

EPOCH 53 done: loss 15.7839 - lr 0.0001953  
 2021-05-28 13:17:56,315 DEV : loss 18.922517776489258 - score 0.5509

TRAINING  
 tp: 3250 - fp: 2791 - fn: 1594 - precision: 0.5380 - recall: 0.6709 - f1-score: 0.5972

DEV  
 tp: 2951 - fp: 2974 - fn: 1615 - precision: 0.4981 - recall: 0.6463 - f1-score: 0.5626  
 tensor(19.8108, device='cuda:0')

TRAIN  
 tp: 7118 - fp: 5443 - fn: 2660 - precision: 0.5667 - recall: 0.7280 - f1-score: 0.6373  
 tensor(17.8116, device='cuda:0')

**Prueba 5**  
12:08 / 13:22

EPOCH 56 done: loss 15.1926 - lr 0.0001953  
 2021-05-28 13:21:43,569 DEV : loss 18.910654067993164 - score 0.5543

TRAINING  
 tp: 2911 - fp: 2161 - fn: 1933 - precision: 0.5739 - recall: 0.6009 - f1-score: 0.5871

DEV  
 tp: 2633 - fp: 2222 - fn: 1933 - precision: 0.5423 - recall: 0.5767 - f1-score: 0.5590  
 tensor(18.7270, device='cuda:0')

TRAIN  
 tp: 6912 - fp: 3523 - fn: 2866 - precision: 0.6624 - recall: 0.7069 - f1-score: 0.6839  
 tensor(14.5071, device='cuda:0')

**Prueba 6**  
07:47 / 09:03

EPOCH 58 done: loss 15.4786 - lr 0.0001953  
 2021-05-31 09:03:08,314 DEV : loss 19.03093910217285 - score 0.5444

TRAINING  
 KEY tp: 2849 - fp: 2079 - fn: 1995 - precision: 0.5781 - recall: 0.5882 - f1-score: 0.5831

DEV  
 tp: 2579 - fp: 2168 - fn: 1987 - precision: 0.5433 - recall: 0.5648 - f1-score: 0.5538  
 tensor(19.0716, device='cuda:0')

TRAIN  
 tp: 7320 - fp: 2947 - fn: 2458 - precision: 0.7130 - recall: 0.7486 - f1-score: 0.7304  
 tensor(12.5892, device='cuda:0')

**Prueba 7**  
07:47 / 08:58

EPOCH 57 done: loss 14.5998 - lr 0.0001953  
 2021-05-31 08:58:12,684 DEV : loss 19.199932098388672 - score 0.5516

TRAINING  
 KEY tp: 2970 - fp: 2155 - fn: 1874 - precision: 0.5795 - recall: 0.6131 - f1-score: 0.5958

DEV  
 tp: 2655 - fp: 2276 - fn: 1911 - precision: 0.5384 - recall: 0.5815 - f1-score: 0.5591  
 tensor(18.8507, device='cuda:0')

TRAIN  
 tp: 6729 - fp: 3865 - fn: 3049 - precision: 0.6352 - recall: 0.6882 - f1-score: 0.6606  
 tensor(15.5457, device='cuda:0')

**Prueba 8**  
07:47 / 09:06

EPOCH 61 done: loss 14.1091 - lr 0.0001953  
 2021-05-31 09:06:24,731 DEV : loss 19.550012588500977 - score 0.5399

TRAINING  
 KEY tp: 3009 - fp: 2280 - fn: 1835 - precision: 0.5689 - recall: 0.6212 - f1-score: 0.5939

DEV  
 tp: 2744 - fp: 2379 - fn: 1822 - precision: 0.5356 - recall: 0.6010 - f1-score: 0.5664  
 tensor(19.0746, device='cuda:0')

TRAIN  
 tp: 7120 - fp: 3826 - fn: 2658 - precision: 0.6505 - recall: 0.7282 - f1-score: 0.6871  
 tensor(14.6029, device='cuda:0')

**Prueba 9**  
07:47 / 10:23

EPOCH 69 done: loss 12.4409 - lr 0.0001953  
 2021-05-31 10:22:22,620 DEV : loss 20.40585708618164 - score 0.5401

TRAINING  
 KEY tp: 2958 - fp: 2264 - fn: 1886 - precision: 0.5664 - recall: 0.6107 - f1-score: 0.5877

DEV  
 tp: 2696 - fp: 2369 - fn: 1870 - precision: 0.5323 - recall: 0.5905 - f1-score: 0.5599  
 tensor(19.3056, device='cuda:0')

TRAIN  
 tp: 7220 - fp: 3582 - fn: 2558 - precision: 0.6684 - recall: 0.7384 - f1-score: 0.7017  
 tensor(13.9425, device='cuda:0')

**Prueba 10**

07:47 / 10:09  
EPOCH 65 done: loss 13.4039 - lr 0.0001953  
2021-05-31 10:09:27,370 DEV : loss 19.732463836669922 - score 0.5474

TRAINING  
KEY tp: 3043 - fp: 2396 - fn: 1801 - precision: 0.5595 - recall: 0.6282 - f1-score: 0.5919

DEV  
tp: 2740 - fp: 2451 - fn: 1826 - precision: 0.5278 - recall: 0.6001 - f1-score: 0.5616  
tensor(19.4120, device='cuda:0')

TRAIN  
tp: 7412 - fp: 3666 - fn: 2366 - precision: 0.6691 - recall: 0.7580 - f1-score: 0.7108  
tensor(13.5579, device='cuda:0')

6:56 / 8:09  
EPOCH 56 done: loss 14.6564 - lr 0.0001953  
2021-06-28 08:09:11,526 DEV : loss 19.129915237426758 - score 0.5482

KEY tp: 3041 - fp: 2377 - fn: 1803 - precision: 0.5613 - recall: 0.6278 - f1-score: 0.5927

KEY tp: 2709 - fp: 2479 - fn: 1857 - precision: 0.5222 - recall: 0.5933 - f1-score: 0.5555  
tensor(19.1536, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 6954 - fp: 4205 - fn: 2824 - precision: 0.6232 - recall: 0.7112 - f1-score: 0.6643  
tensor(15.9225, device='cuda:0')

6:51 / 8:22  
EPOCH 65 done: loss 14.5846 - lr 0.0001953  
2021-06-28 08:22:10,884 DEV : loss 19.255033493041992 - score 0.5506

KEY tp: 2722 - fp: 1965 - fn: 2122 - precision: 0.5808 - recall: 0.5619 - f1-score: 0.5712

KEY tp: 2516 - fp: 1994 - fn: 2050 - precision: 0.5579 - recall: 0.5510 - f1-score: 0.5544  
tensor(19.1578, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 7592 - fp: 2093 - fn: 2186 - precision: 0.7839 - recall: 0.7764 - f1-score: 0.7801  
tensor(10.7877, device='cuda:0')

6:57 / 9:06  
EPOCH 57 done: loss 14.7557 - lr 0.0001953  
2021-06-28 09:05:36,762 DEV : loss 19.31171226501465 - score 0.5524

KEY tp: 3045 - fp: 2367 - fn: 1799 - precision: 0.5626 - recall: 0.6286 - f1-score: 0.5938

KEY tp: 2740 - fp: 2501 - fn: 1826 - precision: 0.5228 - recall: 0.6001 - f1-score: 0.5588  
tensor(19.2284, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 6995 - fp: 4207 - fn: 2783 - precision: 0.6244 - recall: 0.7154 - f1-score: 0.6668  
tensor(15.8555, device='cuda:0')

6:52 / 8:26  
EPOCH 61 done: loss 14.3066 - lr 0.0001953  
2021-06-28 08:26:13,793 DEV : loss 19.42903709411621 - score 0.5563

KEY tp: 3041 - fp: 2339 - fn: 1803 - precision: 0.5652 - recall: 0.6278 - f1-score: 0.5949

KEY tp: 2774 - fp: 2429 - fn: 1792 - precision: 0.5332 - recall: 0.6075 - f1-score: 0.5679  
tensor(19.1975, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 7124 - fp: 3939 - fn: 2654 - precision: 0.6439 - recall: 0.7286 - f1-score: 0.6837  
tensor(14.8101, device='cuda:0')

6:58 / 8:18  
EPOCH 60 done: loss 14.4531 - lr 0.0001953  
2021-06-28 08:18:42,967 DEV : loss 19.19498062133789 - score 0.5506

KEY tp: 2824 - fp: 2080 - fn: 2020 - precision: 0.5759 - recall: 0.5830 - f1-score: 0.5794

KEY tp: 2584 - fp: 2132 - fn: 1982 - precision: 0.5479 - recall: 0.5659 - f1-score: 0.5568  
tensor(18.9255, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 2584 - fp: 2132 - fn: 1982 - precision: 0.5479 - recall: 0.5659 - f1-score: 0.5568  
tensor(18.9255, device='cuda:0')

## SEMEVAL 2010

17:38  
17:48  
51  
KEY tp: 297 - fp: 675 - fn: 687 - precision: 0.3056 - recall: 0.3018 - f1-score: 0.3037

17:39  
17:49  
47  
KEY tp: 373 - fp: 1362 - fn: 611 - precision: 0.2150 - recall: 0.3791 - f1-score: 0.2744

17:40  
17:52  
61

```

KEY tp: 295 - fp: 472 - fn: 689 - precision: 0.3846 - recall: 0.2998 - f1-score: 0.3370
17:41
17:50
47
KEY tp: 412 - fp: 1234 - fn: 572 - precision: 0.2503 - recall: 0.4187 - f1-score: 0.3133
17:37
17:47
55
KEY tp: 262 - fp: 438 - fn: 722 - precision: 0.3743 - recall: 0.2663 - f1-score: 0.3112
09:59
10:09
52
KEY tp: 322 - fp: 640 - fn: 662 - precision: 0.3347 - recall: 0.3272 - f1-score: 0.3309
09:59
10:09
54
KEY tp: 311 - fp: 734 - fn: 673 - precision: 0.2976 - recall: 0.3161 - f1-score: 0.3066
09:59
10:17
55
KEY tp: 281 - fp: 529 - fn: 703 - precision: 0.3469 - recall: 0.2856 - f1-score: 0.3133
10:00
10:11
61
KEY tp: 300 - fp: 598 - fn: 684 - precision: 0.3341 - recall: 0.3049 - f1-score: 0.3188
09:59
10:10
57
KEY tp: 277 - fp: 527 - fn: 707 - precision: 0.3445 - recall: 0.2815 - f1-score: 0.3098

```

## SEMEVAL2017

```

1500 S
EPOCH 51 done: loss 32.5930 - lr 0.0001953
2021-06-07 17:37:48,822 DEV : loss 36.1810302734375 - score 0.5638
KEY tp: 901 - fp: 832 - fn: 851 - precision: 0.5199 - recall: 0.5143 - f1-score: 0.5171
EY tp: 542 - fp: 395 - fn: 435 - precision: 0.5784 - recall: 0.5548 - f1-score: 0.5664
tensor(37.2901, device='cuda:0')
EY tp: 2836 - fp: 2307 - fn: 2633 - precision: 0.5514 - recall: 0.5186 - f1-score: 0.5345
tensor(34.7523, device='cuda:0')

2550 S
EPOCH 55 done: loss 30.9846 - lr 0.0001953
2021-06-07 16:54:18,789 DEV : loss 35.963417053222656 - score 0.5694
KEY tp: 1022 - fp: 956 - fn: 730 - precision: 0.5167 - recall: 0.5833 - f1-score: 0.5480
KEY tp: 601 - fp: 471 - fn: 376 - precision: 0.5606 - recall: 0.6151 - f1-score: 0.5866
tensor(37.5122, device='cuda:0')
KEY tp: 3120 - fp: 2654 - fn: 2349 - precision: 0.5404 - recall: 0.5705 - f1-score: 0.5550
tensor(34.6626, device='cuda:0')

```

```

1520 s
EPOCH 52 done: loss 32.0662 - lr 0.0001953
2021-06-07 17:38:05,995 DEV : loss 36.758541107177734 - score 0.5596
KEY tp: 915 - fp: 841 - fn: 837 - precision: 0.5211 - recall: 0.5223 - f1-score: 0.5217
EY tp: 564 - fp: 397 - fn: 413 - precision: 0.5869 - recall: 0.5773 - f1-score: 0.5820
tensor(35.6995, device='cuda:0')
EY tp: 3111 - fp: 2106 - fn: 2358 - precision: 0.5963 - recall: 0.5688 - f1-score: 0.5823
tensor(29.1046, device='cuda:0')

```

```

1800s
EPOCH 62 done: loss 27.8185 - lr 0.0001953
2021-06-07 17:43:14,950 DEV : loss 36.69933319091797 - score 0.5713
KEY tp: 1008 - fp: 981 - fn: 744 - precision: 0.5068 - recall: 0.5753 - f1-score: 0.5389
EY tp: 598 - fp: 487 - fn: 379 - precision: 0.5512 - recall: 0.6121 - f1-score: 0.5800
tensor(36.4512, device='cuda:0')
EY tp: 3377 - fp: 2503 - fn: 2092 - precision: 0.5743 - recall: 0.6175 - f1-score: 0.5951
tensor(28.6876, device='cuda:0')

```

2130 s

EPOCH 73 done: loss 25.3282 - lr 0.0001953  
 2021-06-07 17:49:05,931 DEV : loss 36.47206497192383 - score 0.5727

KEY tp: 939 - fp: 950 - fn: 813 - precision: 0.4971 - recall: 0.5360 - f1-score: 0.5158

EY tp: 593 - fp: 453 - fn: 384 - precision: 0.5669 - recall: 0.6070 - f1-score: 0.5863  
 tensor(35.4975, device='cuda:0')

EY tp: 3751 - fp: 1852 - fn: 1718 - precision: 0.6695 - recall: 0.6859 - f1-score: 0.6776  
 tensor(21.5406, device='cuda:0')

2800 s  
 EPOCH 60 done: loss 32.3727 - lr 0.0001953  
 2021-06-07 17:49:18,859 DEV : loss 36.179107666015625 - score 0.5726

KEY tp: 884 - fp: 798 - fn: 868 - precision: 0.5256 - recall: 0.5046 - f1-score: 0.5149

EY tp: 549 - fp: 379 - fn: 428 - precision: 0.5916 - recall: 0.5619 - f1-score: 0.5764  
 tensor(34.7716, device='cuda:0')

EY tp: 3249 - fp: 1909 - fn: 2220 - precision: 0.6299 - recall: 0.5941 - f1-score: 0.6115  
 tensor(26.0978, device='cuda:0')

2200 s  
 EPOCH 74 done: loss 25.6365 - lr 0.0001953  
 2021-06-07 18:32:08,363 DEV : loss 36.50119400024414 - score 0.5758

KEY tp: 884 - fp: 817 - fn: 868 - precision: 0.5197 - recall: 0.5046 - f1-score: 0.5120

EY tp: 557 - fp: 372 - fn: 420 - precision: 0.5996 - recall: 0.5701 - f1-score: 0.5845  
 tensor(34.6400, device='cuda:0')

EY tp: 3747 - fp: 1415 - fn: 1722 - precision: 0.7259 - recall: 0.6851 - f1-score: 0.7049  
 tensor(19.3591, device='cuda:0')

1830 s  
 EPOCH 62 done: loss 29.1650 - lr 0.0001953  
 2021-06-07 18:25:45,869 DEV : loss 35.70594024658203 - score 0.5859

KEY tp: 943 - fp: 860 - fn: 809 - precision: 0.5230 - recall: 0.5382 - f1-score: 0.5305

EY tp: 591 - fp: 414 - fn: 386 - precision: 0.5881 - recall: 0.6049 - f1-score: 0.5964  
 tensor(34.5816, device='cuda:0')

EY tp: 3386 - fp: 2060 - fn: 2083 - precision: 0.6217 - recall: 0.6191 - f1-score: 0.6204  
 tensor(26.2427, device='cuda:0')

1880 s  
 EPOCH 62 done: loss 29.0049 - lr 0.0001953  
 2021-06-07 18:22:01,951 DEV : loss 35.87324905395508 - score 0.5653

KEY tp: 922 - fp: 798 - fn: 830 - precision: 0.5360 - recall: 0.5263 - f1-score: 0.5311

EY tp: 556 - fp: 382 - fn: 421 - precision: 0.5928 - recall: 0.5691 - f1-score: 0.5807  
 tensor(34.8695, device='cuda:0')

EY tp: 3088 - fp: 1995 - fn: 2381 - precision: 0.6075 - recall: 0.5646 - f1-score: 0.5853  
 tensor(28.7701, device='cuda:0')

1660 s  
 EPOCH 55 done: loss 30.9344 - lr 0.0001953  
 2021-06-07 18:22:40,763 DEV : loss 35.96708297729492 - score 0.5723

KEY tp: 1003 - fp: 1050 - fn: 749 - precision: 0.4886 - recall: 0.5725 - f1-score: 0.5272

EY tp: 621 - fp: 509 - fn: 356 - precision: 0.5496 - recall: 0.6356 - f1-score: 0.5895  
 tensor(37.8917, device='cuda:0')

EY tp: 3223 - fp: 2932 - fn: 2246 - precision: 0.5236 - recall: 0.5893 - f1-score: 0.5545  
 tensor(33.7368, device='cuda:0')

## Experimentos nuevos

BR	1x128		
BRE	2x128		
BR	2x64	4x64	2x256 (LR 0.05 / 0.2)
BR	3x128		
BR	2x128 DO 0.3	3x128 DO 0.3	
B	4x128 DO 0.3	5x64 DO 0.2	
B	3x128 DO 0.3 LR 0.2		
B	Max Batch size 20		
B	Optimizers		

X BERT 2x128 Varios

66

KEY tp: 3024 - fp: 2337 - fn: 1820 - precision: 0.5641 - recall: 0.6243 - f1-score: 0.5927

nKEY tp: 2795 - fp: 2447 - fn: 1771 - precision: 0.5332 - recall: 0.6121 - f1-score: 0.5699  
tensor(19.0001, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 7217 - fp: 3896 - fn: 2561 - precision: 0.6494 - recall: 0.7381 - f1-score: 0.6909  
tensor(14.2928, device='cuda:0')

61

KEY tp: 3118 - fp: 2493 - fn: 1726 - precision: 0.5557 - recall: 0.6437 - f1-score: 0.5965

KEY tp: 2862 - fp: 2524 - fn: 1704 - precision: 0.5314 - recall: 0.6268 - f1-score: 0.5752  
tensor(19.8102, device='cuda:0')

nKEY tp: 7887 - fp: 3521 - fn: 1891 - precision: 0.6914 - recall: 0.8066 - f1-score: 0.7445  
tensor(12.0780, device='cuda:0')

## \_ ELMO 2x128

```

embedding = 'ELMo'
embedding_path = ""
dataset_base_path = ""
dataset = 'Inspec'
output_base_path = '../result/'
iteration = ""
gpu = 1
lr = 0.05
anneal_factor = 0.5
patience = 4
batch_size = 4
num_epochs = 100
threads = 12
param_selection_mode = False
use_tensorboard = False
no_dev = False
use_crf = True
rnn_layers = 2
hidden_size = 128
dropout = 0.0
word_dropout = 0.05
locked_dropout = 0.5
downsample_train = 0.0
not_in_memory = False

```

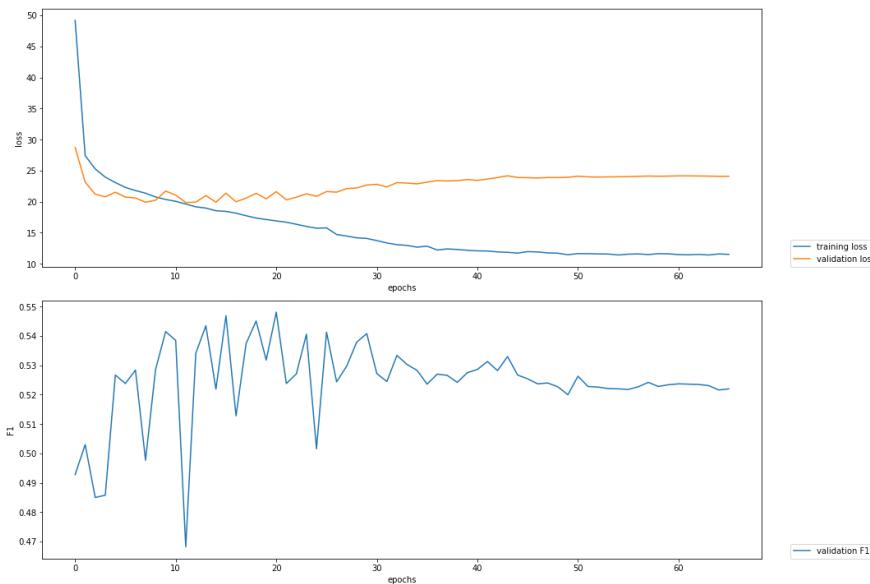
5600 s

EPOCH 66 done: loss 11.5270 - lr 0.0001953  
 2021-06-30 12:59:10,787 DEV : loss 24.099092483520508 - score 0.522

KEY tp: 3045 - fp: 2732 - fn: 1799 - precision: 0.5271 - recall: 0.6286 - f1-score: 0.5734

KEY tp: 2808 - fp: 2872 - fn: 1758 - precision: 0.4944 - recall: 0.6150 - f1-score: 0.5481  
 tensor(21.5840, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 7675 - fp: 4488 - fn: 2115 - precision: 0.6310 - recall: 0.7840 - f1-score: 0.6992  
 tensor(14.0255, device='cuda:0')



## \_ ELMO 1x128

```
embedding = 'ELMo'
```

```

embedding_path =
dataset_base_path =
dataset = 'Inspec'
output_base_path = '../result/'
iteration =
gpu = 1
lr = 0.05
anneal_factor = 0.5
patience = 4
batch_size = 4
num_epochs = 100
threads = 12
param_selection_mode = False
use_tensorboard = False
no_dev = False
use_crf = True
rnn_layers = 1
hidden_size = 128
dropout = 0.0
word_dropout = 0.05
locked_dropout = 0.5
downsample_train = 0.0
not_in_memory = False

```

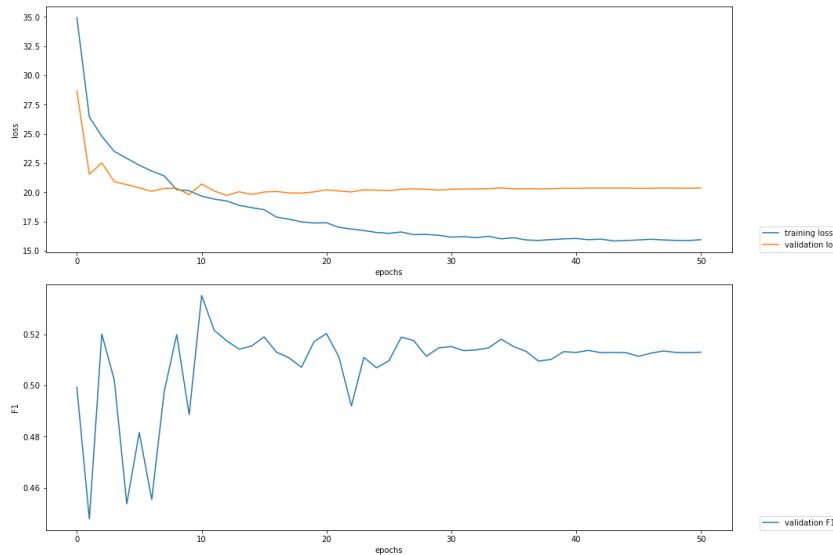
4300 s

EPOCH 51 done: loss 15.9347 - lr 0.0001953  
2021-06-30 12:32:31,319 DEV : loss 20.35521125793457 - score 0.513

KEY tp: 2861 - fp: 2539 - fn: 1983 - precision: 0.5298 - recall: 0.5906 - f1-score: 0.5586

KEY tp: 2641 - fp: 2663 - fn: 1925 - precision: 0.4979 - recall: 0.5784 - f1-score: 0.5352  
tensor(20.6572, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 6705 - fp: 4785 - fn: 3085 - precision: 0.5836 - recall: 0.6849 - f1-score: 0.6302  
tensor(17.2631, device='cuda:0')



\_ BERT 2x128

```

embedding = 'Bert'
embedding_path = ""
dataset_base_path = ""
dataset = 'Inspec'
output_base_path = '../result/'
iteration = ""
gpu = 1
lr = 0.05
anneal_factor = 0.5
patience = 4
batch_size = 4
num_epochs = 100
threads = 12
param_selection_mode = False
use_tensorboard = False
no_dev = False
use_crf = True
rnn_layers = 2
hidden_size = 128
dropout = 0.0
word_dropout = 0.05
locked_dropout = 0.5
downsample_train = 0.0
not_in_memory = False

```

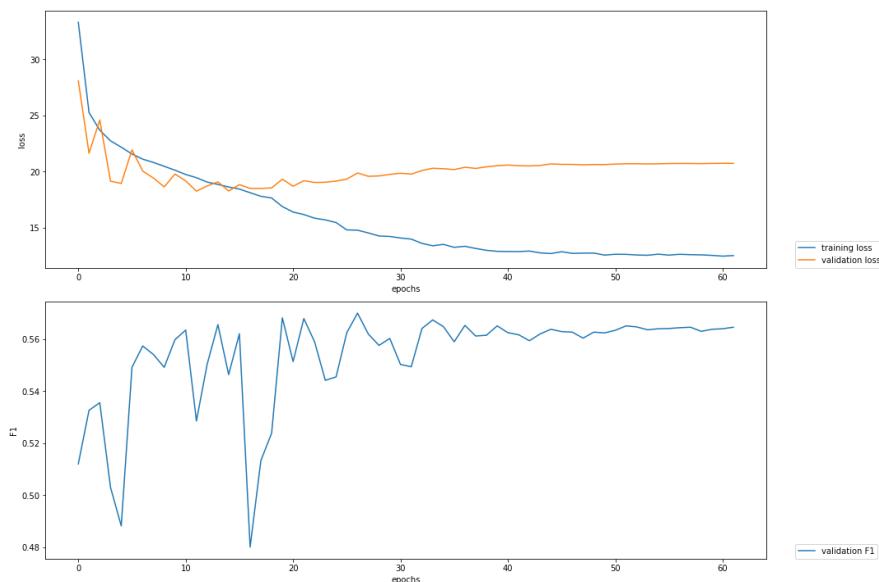
9800 s

EPOCH 62 done: loss 12.5172 - lr 0.0001953  
2021-06-14 11:22:07,973 DEV : loss 20.72060203552246 - score 0.5645

KEY tp: 3044 - fp: 2387 - fn: 1800 - precision: 0.5605 - recall: 0.6284 - f1-score: 0.5925

KEY tp: 2795 - fp: 2447 - fn: 1771 - precision: 0.5332 - recall: 0.6121 - f1-score: 0.5699  
tensor(19.8217, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 7978 - fp: 3038 - fn: 1800 - precision: 0.7242 - recall: 0.8159 - f1-score: 0.7673  
tensor(11.1702, device='cuda:0')



## BERT 2x128 DO 0.3

```

embedding = 'Bert'
embedding_path = ""
dataset_base_path = ""
dataset = 'Inspec'
output_base_path = '../result/'
iteration = ""
gpu = 1
lr = 0.05
anneal_factor = 0.5
patience = 4
batch_size = 4
num_epochs = 100
threads = 12
param_selection_mode = False
use_tensorboard = False
no_dev = False
use_crf = True
rnn_layers = 2
hidden_size = 128
dropout = 0.3
word_dropout = 0.05
locked_dropout = 0.5
downsample_train = 0.0
not_in_memory = False

```

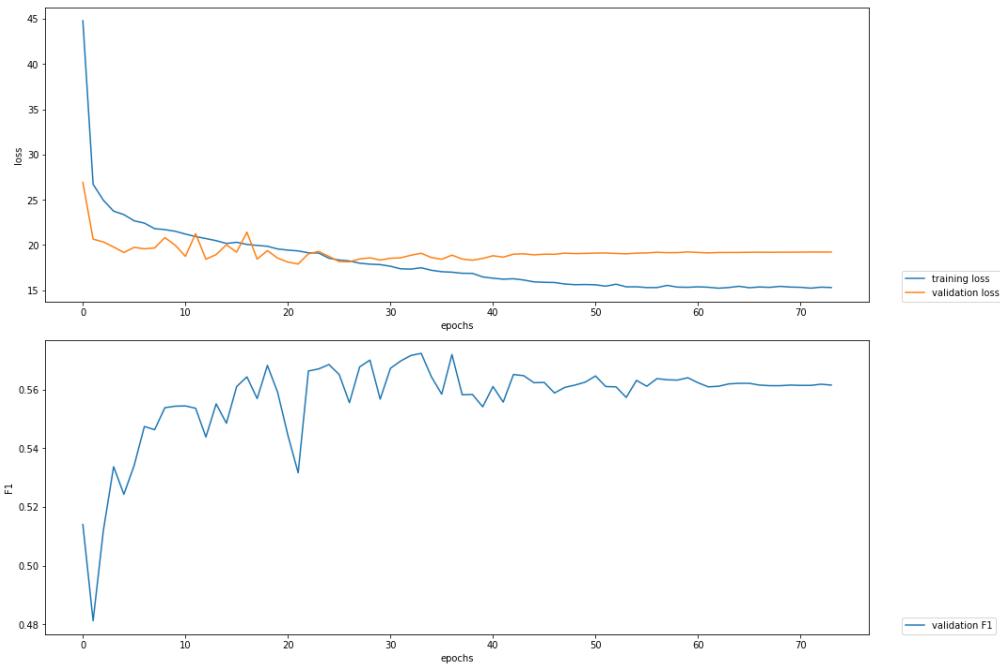
6800 s

EPOCH 74 done: loss 15.3026 - lr 0.0001953  
2021-06-14 10:31:38,214 DEV : loss 19.223764419555664 - score 0.5615

KEY tp: 3184 - fp: 2499 - fn: 1660 - precision: 0.5603 - recall: 0.6573 - f1-score: 0.6049

KEY tp: 2872 - fp: 2598 - fn: 1694 - precision: 0.5250 - recall: 0.6290 - f1-score: 0.5723  
tensor(19.0466, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 7382 - fp: 4352 - fn: 2396 - precision: 0.6291 - recall: 0.7550 - f1-score: 0.6863  
tensor(14.6643, device='cuda:0')



## \_! BERT 3x128 DO 0.3

```

embedding = 'Bert'
embedding_path = ""
dataset_base_path = ""
dataset = 'Inspec'
output_base_path = '../result/'
iteration = ""
gpu = 1
lr = 0.05
anneal_factor = 0.5
patience = 4
batch_size = 4
num_epochs = 100
threads = 12
param_selection_mode = False
use_tensorboard = False
no_dev = False
use_crf = True
rnn_layers = 3
hidden_size = 128
dropout = 0.3
word_dropout = 0.05
locked_dropout = 0.5
downsample_train = 0.0
not_in_memory = False

```

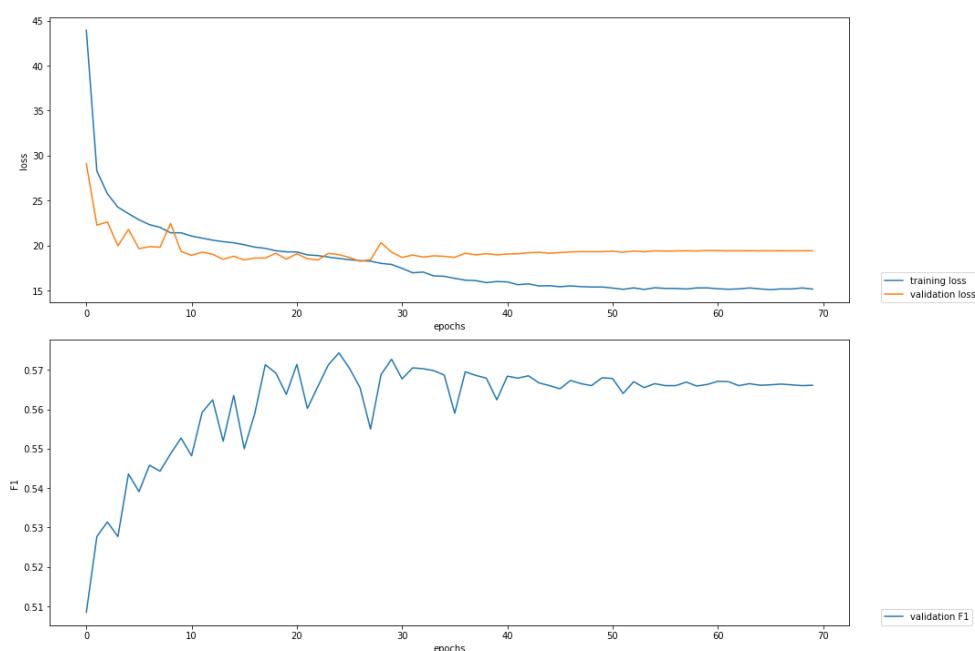
7100 s

EPOCH 70 done: loss 15.1713 - lr 0.0001953  
 2021-06-14 10:37:27,874 DEV : loss 19.424774169921875 - score 0.5661

KEY tp: 3190 - fp: 2574 - fn: 1654 - precision: 0.5534 - recall: 0.6585 - f1-score: 0.6014

KEY tp: 2912 - fp: 2663 - fn: 1654 - precision: 0.5223 - recall: 0.6378 - f1-score: 0.5743  
 tensor(18.9544, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 7175 - fp: 4845 - fn: 2603 - precision: 0.5969 - recall: 0.7338 - f1-score: 0.6583  
 tensor(16.2686, device='cuda:0')



```

embedding = 'Bert'
embedding_path = ""
dataset_base_path = ""
dataset = 'Inspec'
output_base_path = '../result/'
iteration = ""
gpu = 1
lr = 0.05
anneal_factor = 0.5
patience = 4
batch_size = 16
num_epochs = 100
threads = 12
param_selection_mode = False
use_tensorboard = False
no_dev = False
use_crf = True
rnn_layers = 3
hidden_size = 128
dropout = 0.3
word_dropout = 0.05
locked_dropout = 0.5
downsample_train = 0.0
not_in_memory = False

```

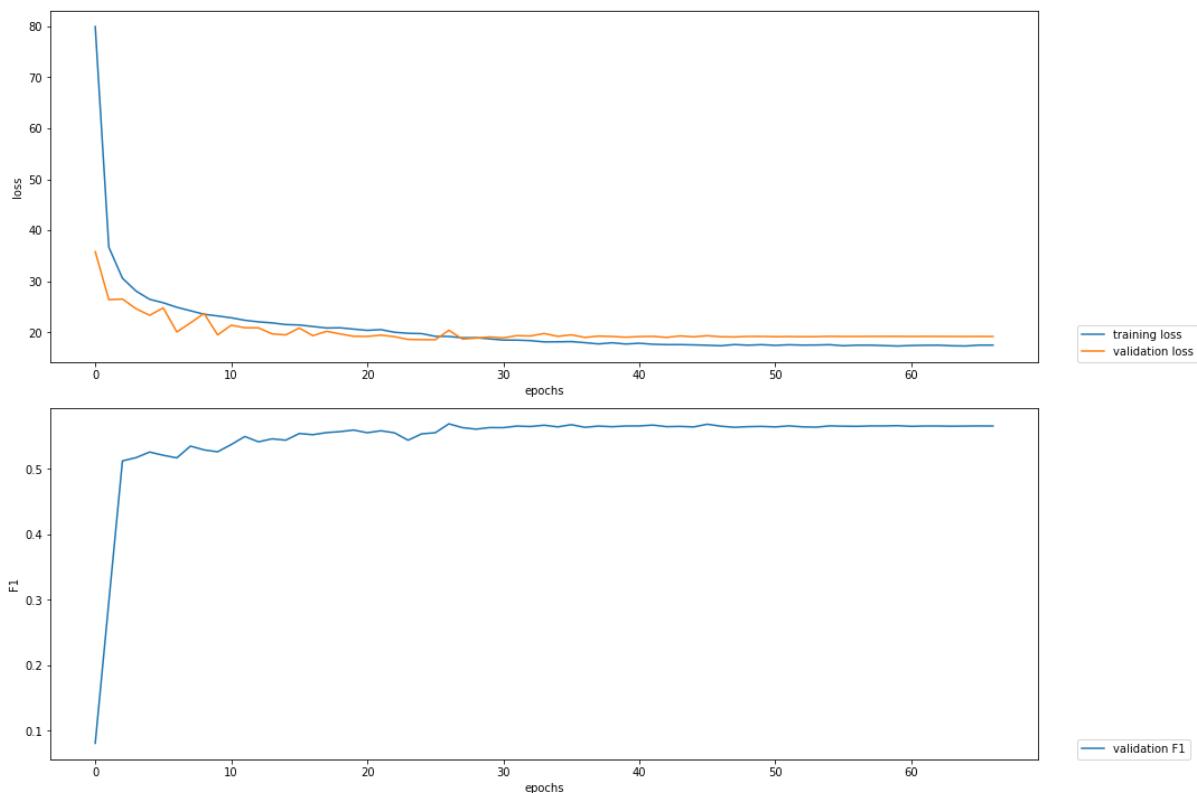
4500 s

EPOCH 67 done: loss 17.4535 - lr 0.0001953  
2021-06-17 17:16:15,374 DEV : loss 19.14909553527832 - score 0.5657

KEY tp: 3414 - fp: 3137 - fn: 1430 - precision: 0.5211 - recall: 0.7048 - f1-score: 0.5992

KEY tp: 3095 - fp: 3218 - fn: 1471 - precision: 0.4903 - recall: 0.6778 - f1-score: 0.5690  
tensor(20.3325, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 7376 - fp: 6053 - fn: 2402 - precision: 0.5493 - recall: 0.7543 - f1-score: 0.6357  
tensor(18.1900, device='cuda:0')



```

embedding = 'Bert'
embedding_path = ""
dataset_base_path = ""
dataset = 'Inspec'
output_base_path = '../result/'
iteration = ""
gpu = 1
lr = 0.05
anneal_factor = 0.5
patience = 4
batch_size = 4
num_epochs = 100
threads = 12
param_selection_mode = False
use_tensorboard = False
no_dev = False
use_crf = True
rnn_layers = 3
hidden_size = 128
dropout = 0.3
word_dropout = 0.05
locked_dropout = 0.5
downsample_train = 0.0
not_in_memory = False

```

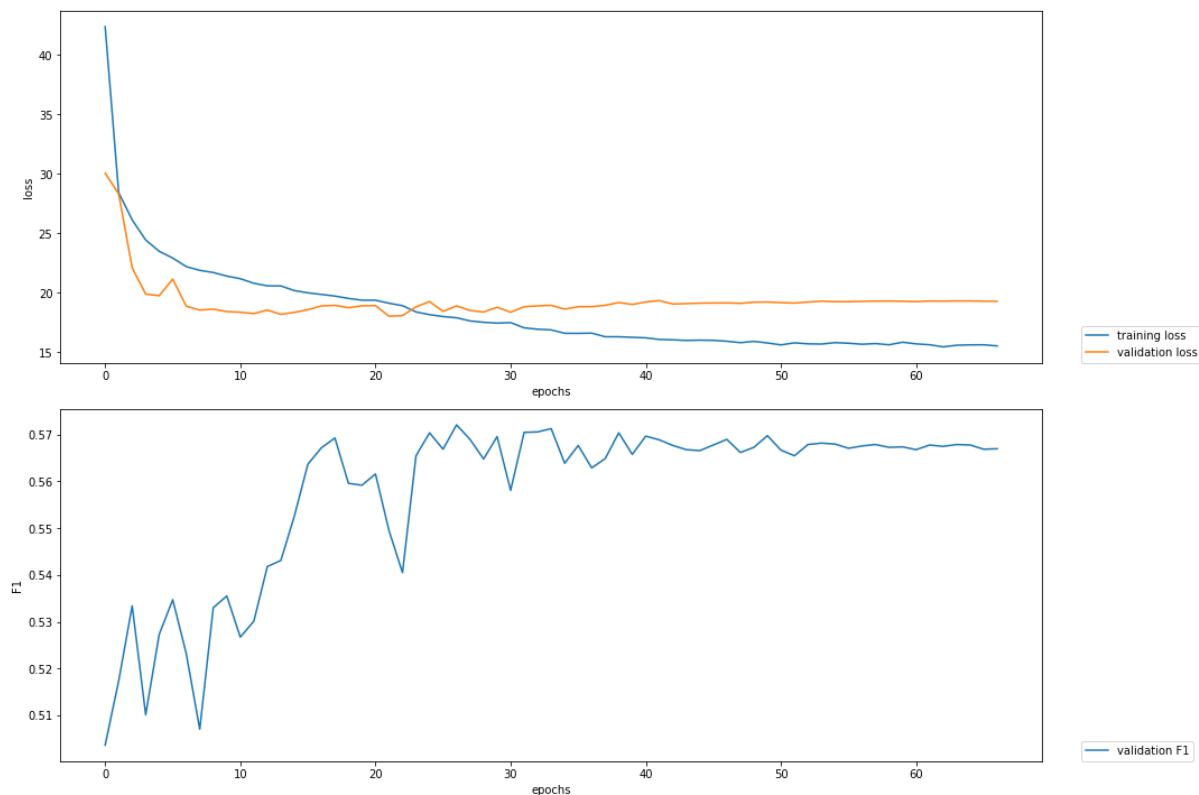
13000 s

EPOCH 67 done: loss 15.5349 - lr 0.0001953  
2021-06-17 19:53:11,058 DEV : loss 19.28322410583496 - score 0.567

KEY tp: 3130 - fp: 2516 - fn: 1714 - precision: 0.5544 - recall: 0.6462 - f1-score: 0.5968

KEY tp: 2861 - fp: 2574 - fn: 1705 - precision: 0.5264 - recall: 0.6266 - f1-score: 0.5721  
tensor(18.8586, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 7336 - fp: 4347 - fn: 2442 - precision: 0.6279 - recall: 0.7503 - f1-score: 0.6837  
tensor(15.3139, device='cuda:0')



## — ROBERTA 2x128

```

embedding = 'RoBERTa'
embedding_path = ""
dataset_base_path = ""
dataset = 'Inspec'
output_base_path = '../result/'
iteration = ""
gpu = 1
lr = 0.05
anneal_factor = 0.5
patience = 4
batch_size = 4
num_epochs = 100
threads = 12
param_selection_mode = False
use_tensorboard = False
no_dev = False
use_crf = True
rnn_layers = 2
hidden_size = 128
dropout = 0.0
word_dropout = 0.05
locked_dropout = 0.5
downsample_train = 0.0
not_in_memory = False

```

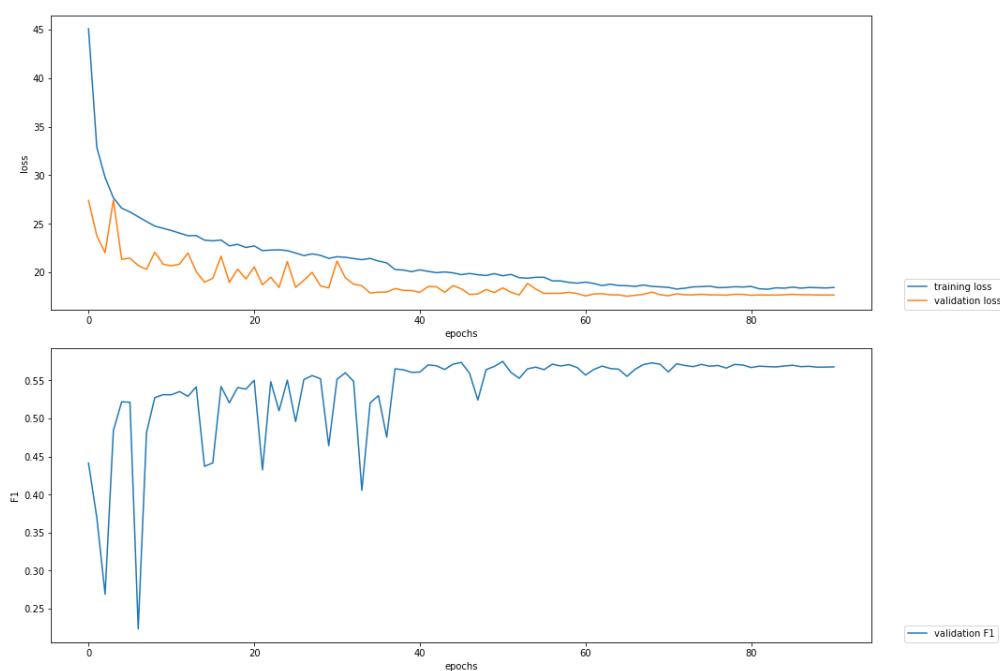
13800 s

EPOCH 91 done: loss 18.4340 - lr 0.0001953  
2021-06-14 12:31:18,829 DEV : loss 17.655641555786133 - score 0.5677

KEY tp: 3115 - fp: 2587 - fn: 1729 - precision: 0.5463 - recall: 0.6431 - f1-score: 0.5907

KEY tp: 2914 - fp: 2656 - fn: 1652 - precision: 0.5232 - recall: 0.6382 - f1-score: 0.5750  
tensor(18.3328, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 6764 - fp: 5142 - fn: 3017 - precision: 0.5681 - recall: 0.6915 - f1-score: 0.6238  
tensor(18.1138, device='cuda:0')



```

embedding = 'RoBERTa'
embedding_path = ""
dataset_base_path = ""
dataset = 'Inspec'
output_base_path = '../result/'
iteration = ""
gpu = 1
lr = 0.05
anneal_factor = 0.5
patience = 4
batch_size = 16
num_epochs = 100
threads = 12
param_selection_mode = False
use_tensorboard = False
no_dev = False
use_crf = True
rnn_layers = 2
hidden_size = 128
dropout = 0.0
word_dropout = 0.05
locked_dropout = 0.5
downsample_train = 0.0
not_in_memory = False

```

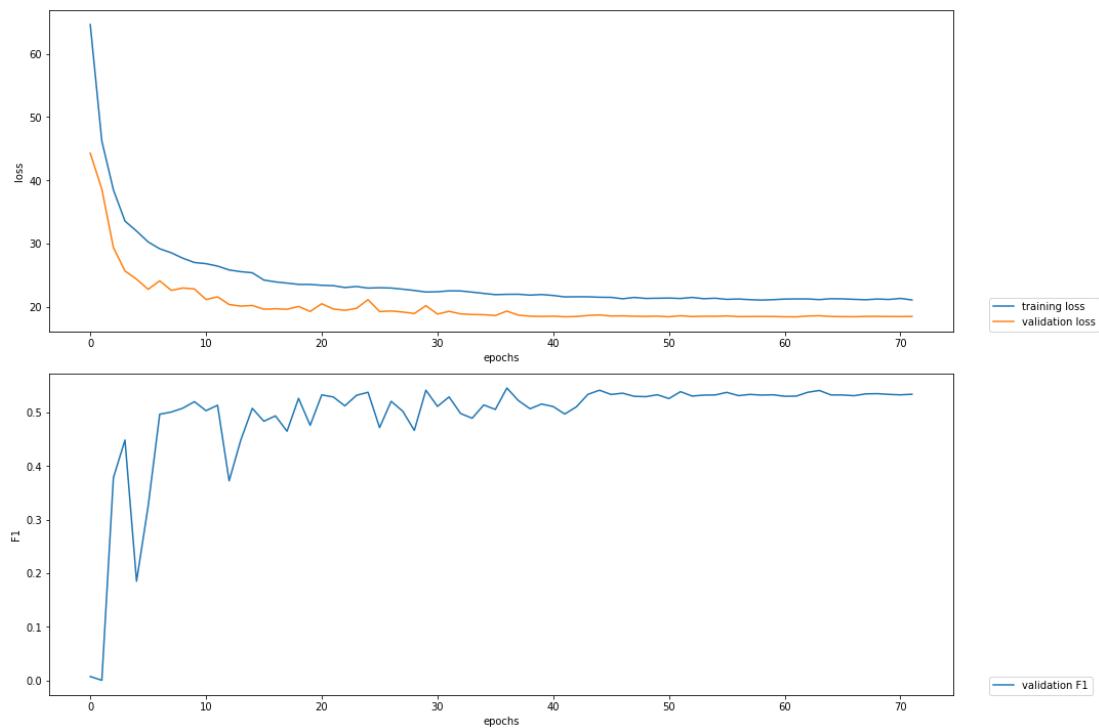
3600 s

EPOCH 72 done: loss 21.0909 - lr 0.0001953  
2021-06-17 14:44:27,474 DEV : loss 18.481929779052734 - score 0.5341

KEY tp: 2957 - fp: 2431 - fn: 1887 - precision: 0.5488 - recall: 0.6104 - f1-score: 0.5780

KEY tp: 2706 - fp: 2646 - fn: 1860 - precision: 0.5056 - recall: 0.5926 - f1-score: 0.5457  
tensor(19.3162, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 5954 - fp: 5342 - fn: 3827 - precision: 0.5271 - recall: 0.6087 - f1-score: 0.5650  
tensor(20.2687, device='cuda:0')



```

embedding = 'RoBERTa'
embedding_path = ""
dataset_base_path = ""
dataset = 'Inspec'
output_base_path = '../result/'
iteration = ""
gpu = 1
lr = 0.05
anneal_factor = 0.5
patience = 4
batch_size = 4
num_epochs = 100
threads = 12
param_selection_mode = False
use_tensorboard = False
no_dev = False
use_crf = True
rnn_layers = 2
hidden_size = 128
dropout = 0.0
word_dropout = 0.05
locked_dropout = 0.5
downsample_train = 0.0
not_in_memory = False

```

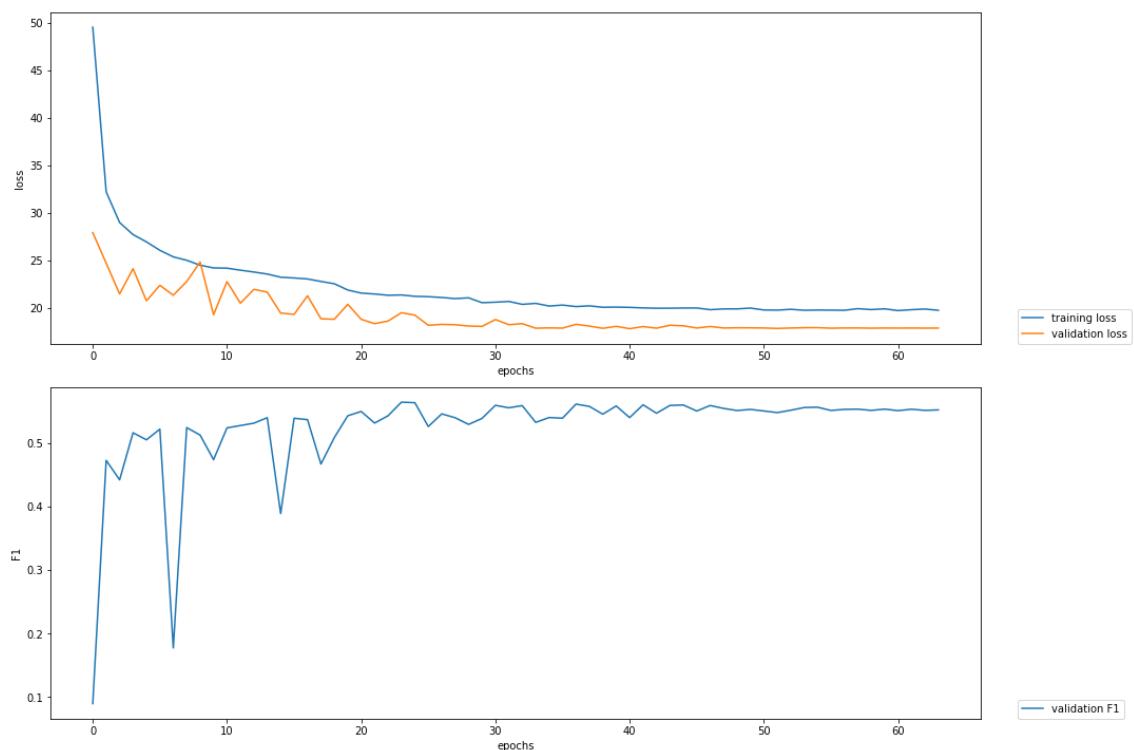
5200 s

EPOCH 64 done: loss 19.7294 - lr 0.0001953  
2021-06-17 17:00:33,132 DEV : loss 17.85202980041504 - score 0.5526

KEY tp: 3249 - fp: 2886 - fn: 1595 - precision: 0.5296 - recall: 0.6707 - f1-score: 0.5919

KEY tp: 3007 - fp: 3075 - fn: 1559 - precision: 0.4944 - recall: 0.6586 - f1-score: 0.564  
tensor(19.4188, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 6703 - fp: 6230 - fn: 3078 - precision: 0.5183 - recall: 0.6853 - f1-score: 0.5902  
tensor(20.1764, device='cuda:0')



```

embedding = 'RoBERTa'
embedding_path = ""
dataset_base_path = ""
dataset = 'Inspec'
output_base_path = '../result/'
iteration = ""
gpu = 1
lr = 0.05
anneal_factor = 0.5
patience = 4
batch_size = 4
num_epochs = 100
threads = 12
param_selection_mode = False
use_tensorboard = False
no_dev = False
use_crf = True
rnn_layers = 2
hidden_size = 128
dropout = 0.0
word_dropout = 0.05
locked_dropout = 0.5
downsample_train = 0.0
not_in_memory = False

```

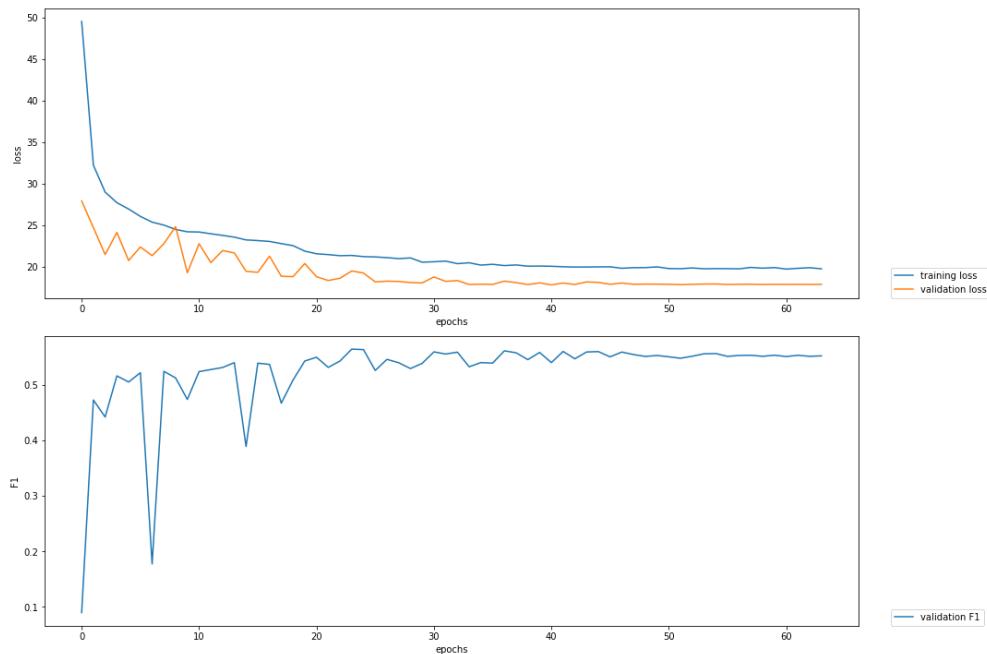
5200 s

EPOCH 64 done: loss 19.7294 - lr 0.0001953  
2021-06-17 17:00:33,132 DEV : loss 17.85202980041504 - score 0.5526

KEY tp: 3249 - fp: 2886 - fn: 1595 - precision: 0.5296 - recall: 0.6707 - f1-score: 0.5919

KEY tp: 3007 - fp: 3075 - fn: 1559 - precision: 0.4944 - recall: 0.6586 - f1-score: 0.5648  
tensor(19.4188, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 6703 - fp: 6230 - fn: 3078 - precision: 0.5183 - recall: 0.6853 - f1-score: 0.5902  
tensor(20.1764, device='cuda:0')



## — ROBERTA 3x128

```

embedding = 'RoBERTa'
embedding_path = ""
dataset_base_path = ""
dataset = 'Inspec'
output_base_path = '../result/'
iteration = ""
gpu = 1
lr = 0.05
anneal_factor = 0.5
patience = 4
batch_size = 4
num_epochs = 100
threads = 12
param_selection_mode = False
use_tensorboard = False
no_dev = False
use_crf = True
rnn_layers = 3
hidden_size = 128
dropout = 0.0
word_dropout = 0.05
locked_dropout = 0.5
downsample_train = 0.0
not_in_memory = False

```

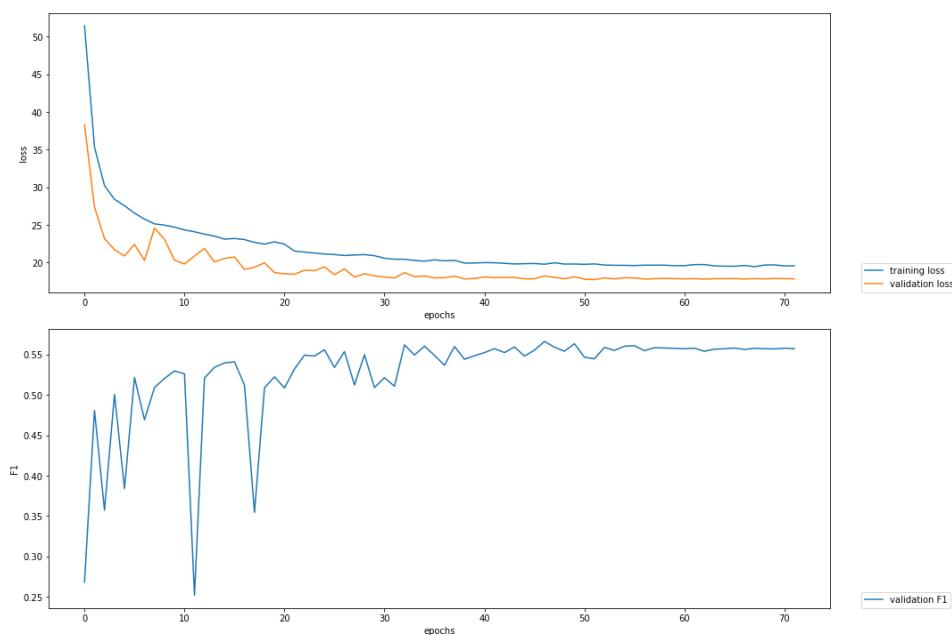
6200 s

EPOCH 71 done: loss 19.5664 - lr 0.0001953  
2021-06-14 10:25:42,680 DEV : loss 17.879884719848633 - score 0.5581

KEY tp: 3040 - fp: 2360 - fn: 1804 - precision: 0.5630 - recall: 0.6276 - f1-score: 0.5935

KEY tp: 2800 - fp: 2521 - fn: 1766 - precision: 0.5262 - recall: 0.6132 - f1-score: 0.5664  
tensor(18.1923, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 6468 - fp: 4847 - fn: 3313 - precision: 0.5716 - recall: 0.6613 - f1-score: 0.6132  
tensor(18.3694, device='cuda:0')



## — ROBERTA 1x128

```

embedding = 'RoBERTa'
embedding_path = ""
dataset_base_path = ""
dataset = 'Inspec'
output_base_path = '../result/'
iteration = ""
gpu = 1
lr = 0.05
anneal_factor = 0.5
patience = 4
batch_size = 4
num_epochs = 100
threads = 12
param_selection_mode = False
use_tensorboard = False
no_dev = False
use_crf = True
rnn_layers = 1
hidden_size = 128
dropout = 0.0
word_dropout = 0.05
locked_dropout = 0.5
downsample_train = 0.0
not_in_memory = False

```

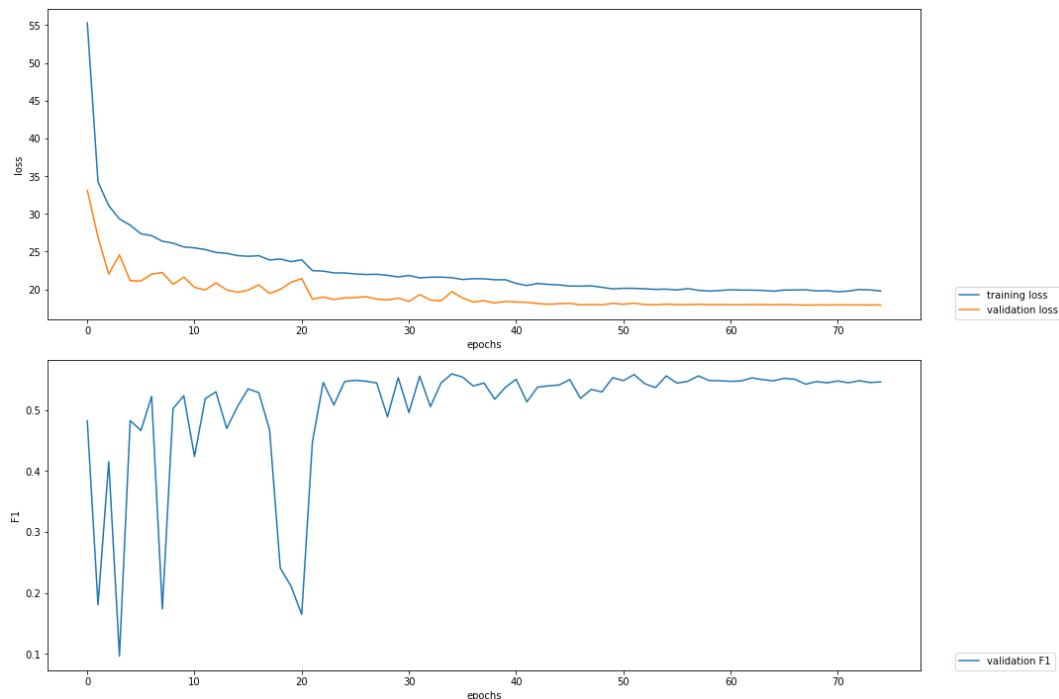
5500 s

EPOCH 75 done: loss 19.7785 - lr 0.0001953  
2021-06-14 14:17:34,410 DEV : loss 17.934602737426758 - score 0.5461

KEY tp: 3203 - fp: 2767 - fn: 1641 - precision: 0.5365 - recall: 0.6612 - f1-score: 0.5924

KEY tp: 2925 - fp: 2970 - fn: 1641 - precision: 0.4962 - recall: 0.6406 - f1-score: 0.5592  
tensor(19.6413, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 6636 - fp: 6091 - fn: 3145 - precision: 0.5214 - recall: 0.6785 - f1-score: 0.5897  
tensor(20.3495, device='cuda:0')



## BERT 1x128

```

embedding = 'Bert'
embedding_path = ""
dataset_base_path = ""
dataset = 'Inspec'
output_base_path = '../result/'
iteration = ""
gpu = 1
lr = 0.05
anneal_factor = 0.5
patience = 4
batch_size = 4
num_epochs = 100
threads = 12
param_selection_mode = False
use_tensorboard = False
no_dev = False
use_crf = True
rnn_layers = 1
hidden_size = 128
dropout = 0.0
word_dropout = 0.05
locked_dropout = 0.5
downsample_train = 0.0
not_in_memory = False

```

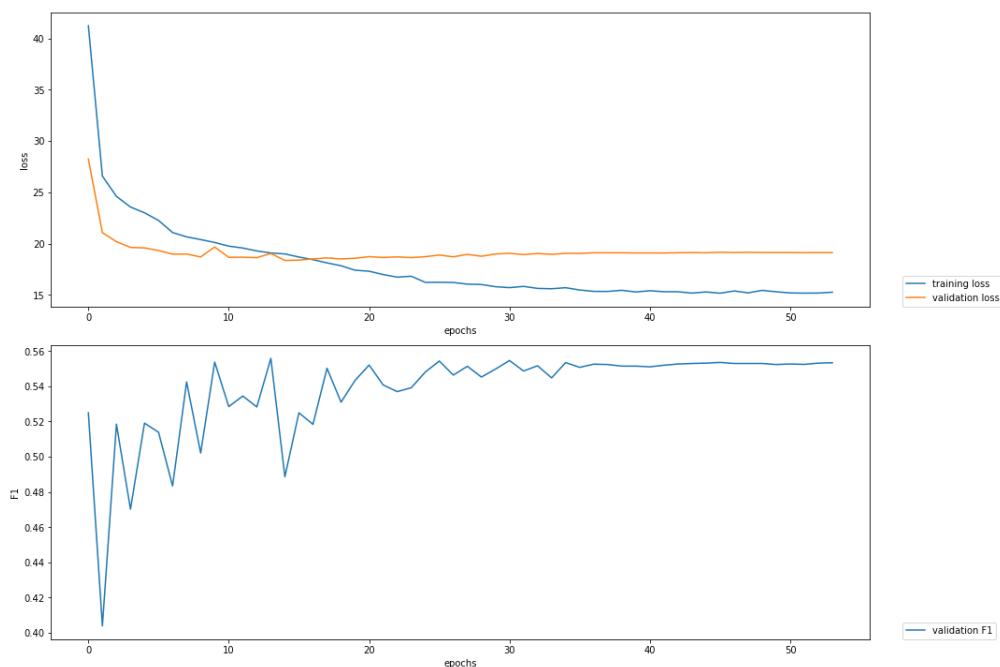
xxxx s

EPOCH 54 done: loss 15.2627 - lr 0.0001953  
 2021-06-15 09:12:12,590 DEV : loss 19.11808967590332 - score 0.5534

KEY tp: 2993 - fp: 2277 - fn: 1851 - precision: 0.5679 - recall: 0.6179 - f1-score: 0.5919

KEY tp: 2703 - fp: 2456 - fn: 1863 - precision: 0.5239 - recall: 0.5920 - f1-score: 0.5559  
 tensor(18.9950, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 6711 - fp: 4251 - fn: 3067 - precision: 0.6122 - recall: 0.6863 - f1-score: 0.6472  
 tensor(16.5383, device='cuda:0')



## — ROBERTA 2x128 0.3 DO

```

embedding = 'RoBERTa'
embedding_path = ""
dataset_base_path = ""
dataset = 'Inspec'
output_base_path = '../result/'
iteration = ""
gpu = 1
lr = 0.05
anneal_factor = 0.5
patience = 4
batch_size = 4
num_epochs = 100
threads = 12
param_selection_mode = False
use_tensorboard = False
no_dev = False
use_crf = True
rnn_layers = 2
hidden_size = 128
dropout = 0.3
word_dropout = 0.05
locked_dropout = 0.5
downsample_train = 0.0
not_in_memory = False

```

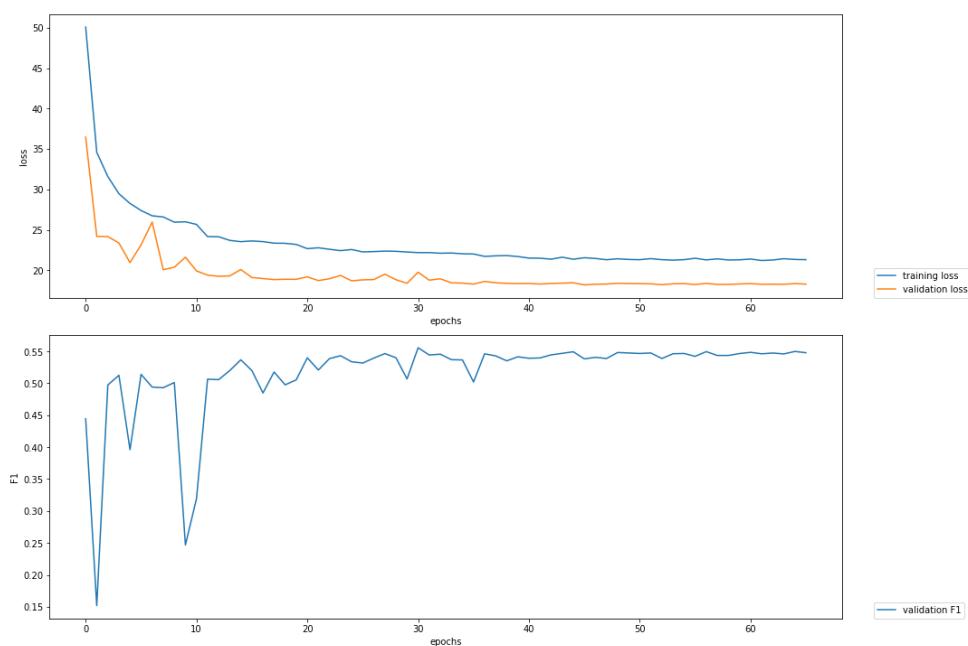
5800 s

EPOCH 66 done: loss 21.3211 - lr 0.0001953  
2021-06-15 10:02:39,533 DEV : loss 18.299531936645508 - score 0.5479

KEY tp: 3206 - fp: 2855 - fn: 1638 - precision: 0.5290 - recall: 0.6618 - f1-score: 0.5880

KEY tp: 2933 - fp: 3058 - fn: 1633 - precision: 0.4896 - recall: 0.6424 - f1-score: 0.5557  
tensor(19.7252, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 6571 - fp: 6178 - fn: 3210 - precision: 0.5154 - recall: 0.6718 - f1-score: 0.5833  
tensor(20.7678, device='cuda:0')



## — ROBERTA 3x128 0.3 DO

```

embedding = 'RoBERTa'
embedding_path = ""
dataset_base_path = ""
dataset = 'Inspec'
output_base_path = '../result/'
iteration = ""
gpu = 1
lr = 0.05
anneal_factor = 0.5
patience = 4
batch_size = 4
num_epochs = 100
threads = 12
param_selection_mode = False
use_tensorboard = False
no_dev = False
use_crf = True
rnn_layers = 3
hidden_size = 128
dropout = 0.3
word_dropout = 0.05
locked_dropout = 0.5
downsample_train = 0.0
not_in_memory = False

```

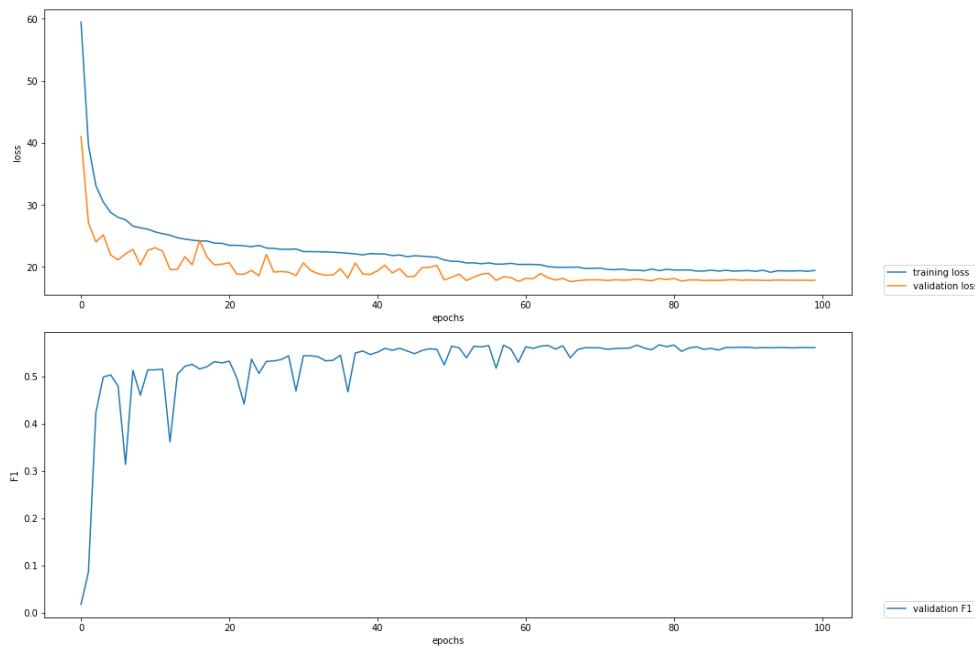
8400 s

EPOCH 100 done: loss 19.4401 - lr 0.0001953  
 2021-06-15 11:44:40,805 DEV : loss 17.839059829711914 - score 0.5613

KEY tp: 3040 - fp: 2332 - fn: 1804 - precision: 0.5659 - recall: 0.6276 - f1-score: 0.5951

KEY tp: 2808 - fp: 2528 - fn: 1758 - precision: 0.5262 - recall: 0.6150 - f1-score: 0.5672  
 tensor(18.0726, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 6656 - fp: 4730 - fn: 3125 - precision: 0.5846 - recall: 0.6805 - f1-score: 0.6289  
 tensor(17.5651, device='cuda:0')



## X BERT 5x64 DO 0.2

```

embedding = 'Bert'
embedding_path = ""
dataset_base_path = ""
dataset = 'Inspec'
output_base_path = '../result/'
iteration = ""
gpu = 1
lr = 0.2
anneal_factor = 0.5
patience = 4
batch_size = 4
num_epochs = 100
threads = 12
param_selection_mode = False
use_tensorboard = False
no_dev = False
use_crf = True
rnn_layers = 5
hidden_size = 64
dropout = 0.2
word_dropout = 0.05
locked_dropout = 0.5
downsample_train = 0.0
not_in_memory = False

```

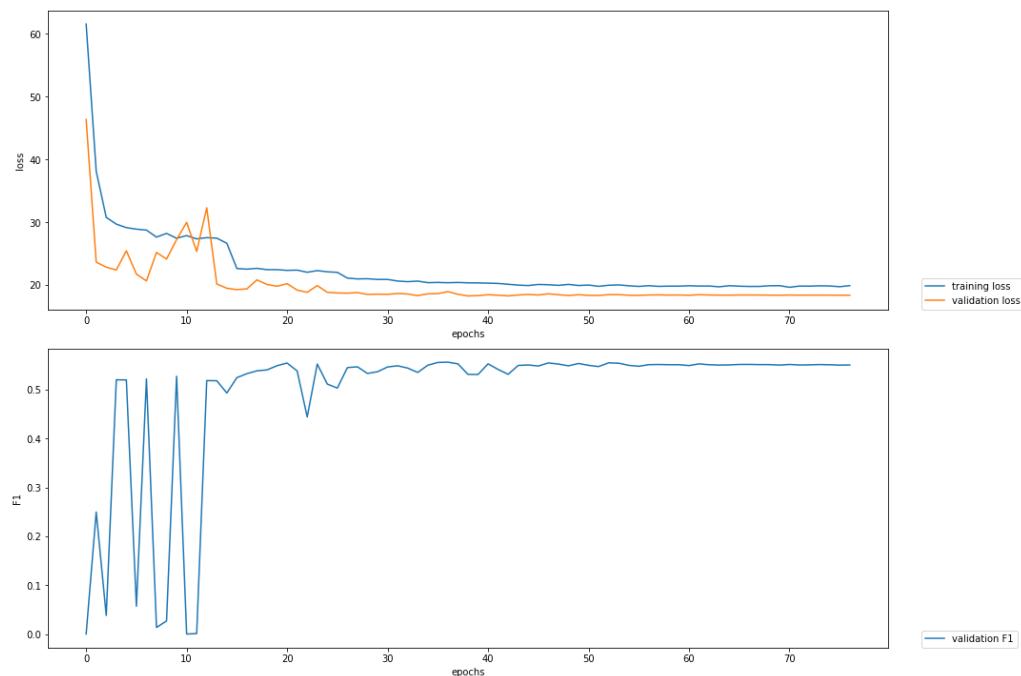
7500 s

EPOCH 77 done: loss 19.8987 - lr 0.0001953  
 2021-06-16 13:38:59,334 DEV : loss 18.3765926361084 - score 0.5504

KEY tp: 3121 - fp: 2603 - fn: 1723 - precision: 0.5452 - recall: 0.6443 - f1-score: 0.5907

KEY tp: 2827 - fp: 2774 - fn: 1739 - precision: 0.5047 - recall: 0.6191 - f1-score: 0.5561  
 tensor(18.9073, device='cuda:0')

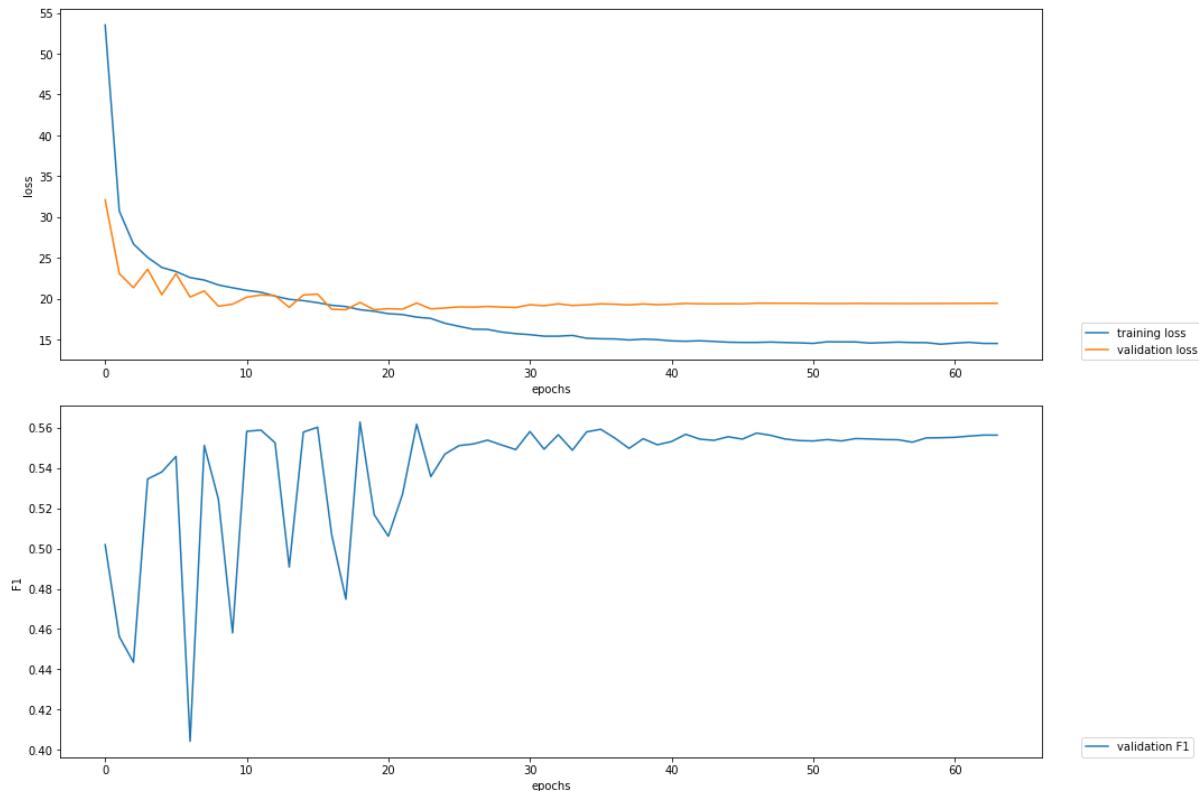
KEY tp: 6477 - fp: 5445 - fn: 3301 - precision: 0.5433 - recall: 0.6624 - f1-score: 0.5970  
 tensor(19.1130, device='cuda:0')



## BATCH SIZE Def

20  
2000 s  
KEY

tp: 3125 - fp: 2549 - fn: 1719 - precision: 0.5508 - recall: 0.6451 - f1-score: 0.5942



## X BERT 5x128 DO 0.2 LR 0.2

```

embedding = 'Bert'
embedding_path = ""
dataset_base_path = ""
dataset = 'Inspec'
output_base_path = '../result/'
iteration = ""
gpu = 1
lr = 0.2
anneal_factor = 0.5
patience = 4
batch_size = 4
num_epochs = 100
threads = 12
param_selection_mode = False
use_tensorboard = False
no_dev = False
use_crf = True
rnn_layers = 5
hidden_size = 128
dropout = 0.2
word_dropout = 0.05
locked_dropout = 0.5
downsample_train = 0.0
not_in_memory = False

```

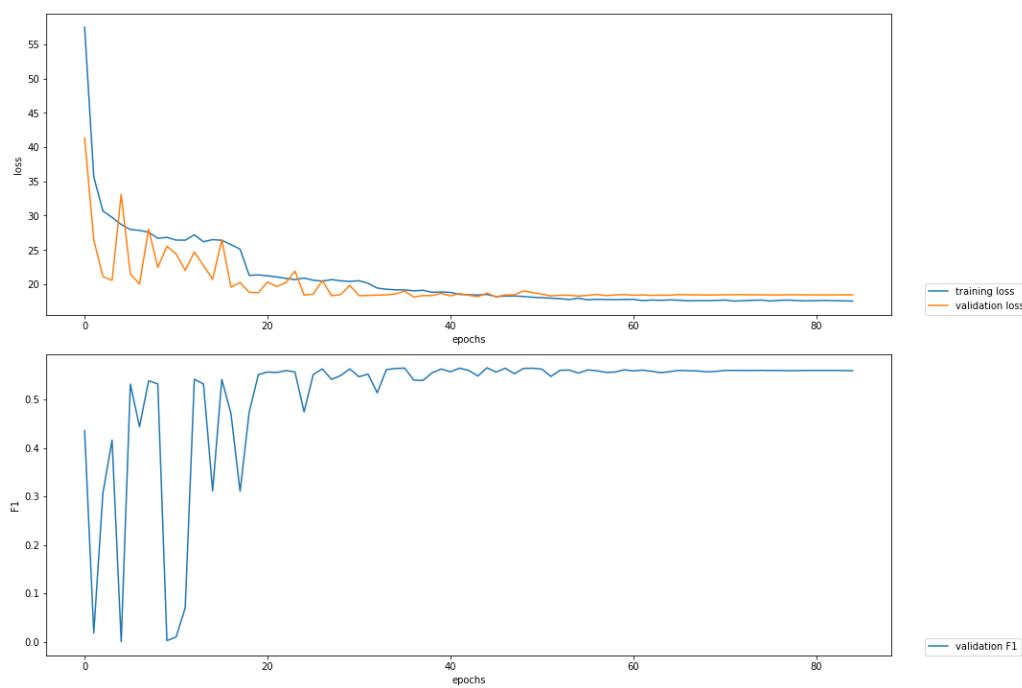
8300 s

EPOCH 85 done: loss 17.5268 - lr 0.0001953  
2021-06-16 17:17:34,354 DEV : loss 18.441688537597656 - score 0.5593

KEY tp: 3141 - fp: 2509 - fn: 1703 - precision: 0.5559 - recall: 0.6484 - f1-score: 0.5986

KEY tp: 2854 - fp: 2676 - fn: 1712 - precision: 0.5161 - recall: 0.6251 - f1-score: 0.5654  
tensor(18.6466, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 7048 - fp: 4951 - fn: 2730 - precision: 0.5874 - recall: 0.7208 - f1-score: 0.6473  
tensor(16.8055, device='cuda:0')



## X ROBERTA 5x128 DO 0.2 LR 0.2

```

embedding = 'RoBERTa'
embedding_path = ""
dataset_base_path = ""
dataset = 'Inspec'
output_base_path = '../result/'
iteration = ""
gpu = 1
lr = 0.2
anneal_factor = 0.5
patience = 4
batch_size = 4
num_epochs = 100
threads = 12
param_selection_mode = False
use_tensorboard = False
no_dev = False
use_crf = True
rnn_layers = 5
hidden_size = 128
dropout = 0.2
word_dropout = 0.05
locked_dropout = 0.5
downsample_train = 0.0
not_in_memory = False

```

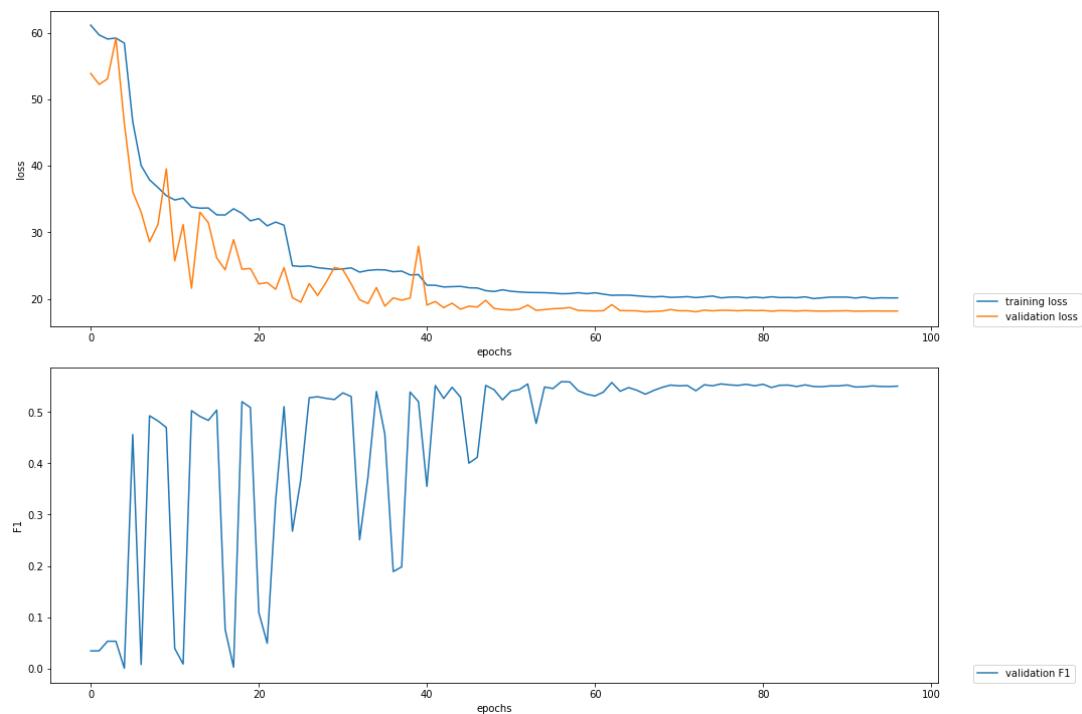
9500 s

EPOCH 97 done: loss 20.1384 - lr 0.0001953  
 2021-06-16 20:56:56,585 DEV : loss 18.168703079223633 - score 0.5508

KEY tp: 2950 - fp: 2391 - fn: 1894 - precision: 0.5523 - recall: 0.6090 - f1-score: 0.5793

KEY tp: 2755 - fp: 2526 - fn: 1811 - precision: 0.5217 - recall: 0.6034 - f1-score: 0.5596  
 tensor(18.5011, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 6226 - fp: 4984 - fn: 3555 - precision: 0.5554 - recall: 0.6365 - f1-score: 0.5932  
 tensor(18.8450, device='cuda:0')



## — ROBERTA 2x256

```

embedding = 'RoBERTa'
embedding_path = ""
dataset_base_path = ""
dataset = 'Inspec'
output_base_path = '../result/'
iteration = ""
gpu = 1
lr = 0.05
anneal_factor = 0.5
patience = 4
batch_size = 16
num_epochs = 100
threads = 12
param_selection_mode = False
use_tensorboard = False
no_dev = False
use_crf = True
rnn_layers = 2
hidden_size = 256
dropout = 0.0
word_dropout = 0.05
locked_dropout = 0.5
downsample_train = 0.0
not_in_memory = False

```

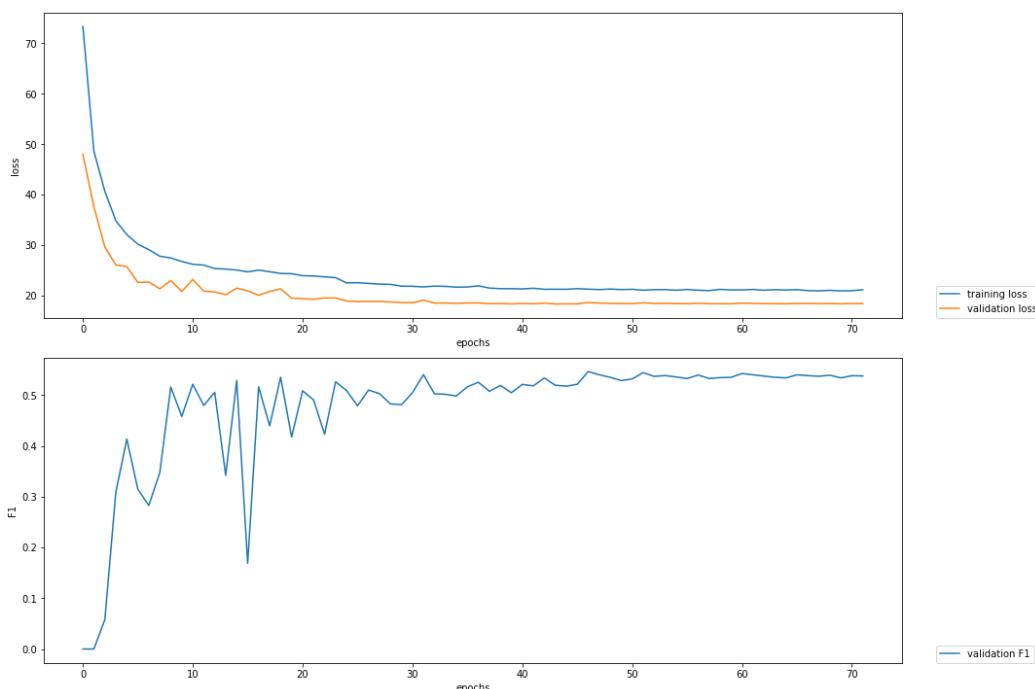
8500 s

EPOCH 72 done: loss 21.1546 - lr 0.0001953  
2021-06-17 12:18:55,281 DEV : loss 18.40152359008789 - score 0.538

KEY tp: 2729 - fp: 2024 - fn: 2115 - precision: 0.5742 - recall: 0.5634 - f1-score: 0.5687

KEY tp: 2524 - fp: 2143 - fn: 2042 - precision: 0.5408 - recall: 0.5528 - f1-score: 0.5467  
tensor(18.6009, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 5626 - fp: 4253 - fn: 4155 - precision: 0.5695 - recall: 0.5752 - f1-score: 0.5723  
tensor(19.4132, device='cuda:0')



## — ROBERTA 2x256 LR 0.2

```

embedding = 'RoBERTa'
embedding_path = ""
dataset_base_path = ""
dataset = 'Inspec'
output_base_path = '../result/'
iteration = ""
gpu = 1
lr = 0.2
anneal_factor = 0.5
patience = 4
batch_size = 16
num_epochs = 100
threads = 12
param_selection_mode = False
use_tensorboard = False
no_dev = False
use_crf = True
rnn_layers = 2
hidden_size = 256
dropout = 0.0
word_dropout = 0.05
locked_dropout = 0.5
downsample_train = 0.0
not_in_memory = False

```

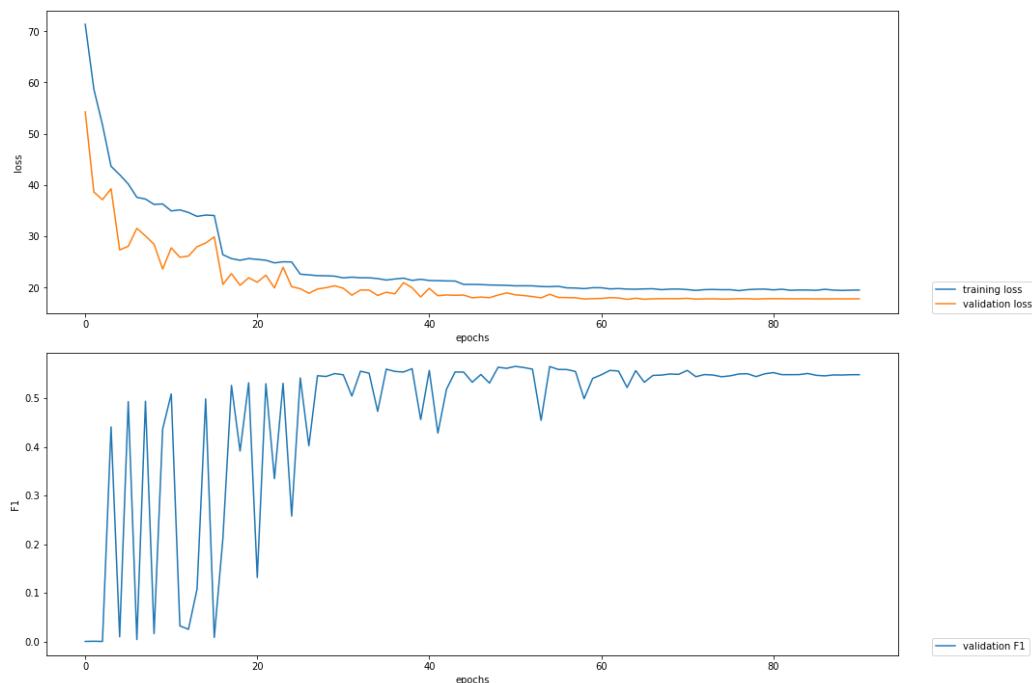
3000 s

EPOCH 91 done: loss 19.5252 - lr 0.0001953  
2021-06-17 12:28:24,109 DEV : loss 17.82100486755371 - score 0.5483

KEY tp: 3024 - fp: 2501 - fn: 1820 - precision: 0.5473 - recall: 0.6243 - f1-score: 0.5833

KEY tp: 2819 - fp: 2586 - fn: 1747 - precision: 0.5216 - recall: 0.6174 - f1-score: 0.5654  
tensor(18.5803, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 6440 - fp: 5168 - fn: 3341 - precision: 0.5548 - recall: 0.6584 - f1-score: 0.6022  
tensor(18.9307, device='cuda:0')



## BERT 2x256

```

embedding = 'Bert'
embedding_path = ""
dataset_base_path = ""
dataset = 'Inspec'
output_base_path = '../result/'
iteration = ""
gpu = 1
lr = 0.05
anneal_factor = 0.5
patience = 4
batch_size = 4
num_epochs = 100
threads = 12
param_selection_mode = False
use_tensorboard = False
no_dev = False
use_crf = True
rnn_layers = 2
hidden_size = 256
dropout = 0.0
word_dropout = 0.05
locked_dropout = 0.5
downsample_train = 0.0
not_in_memory = False

```

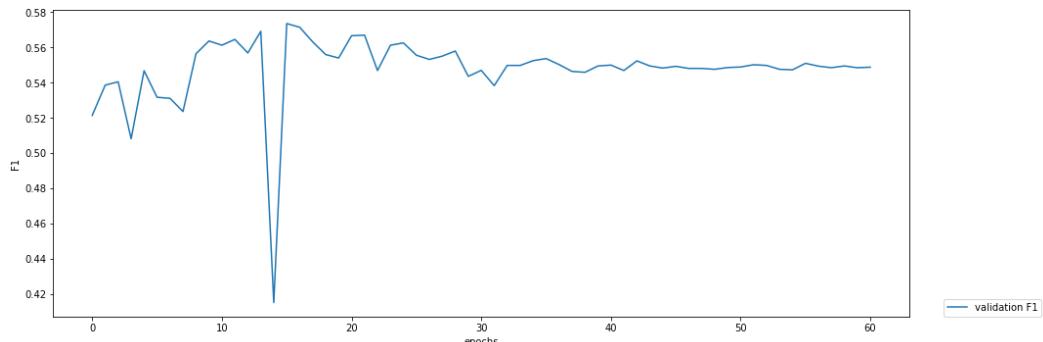
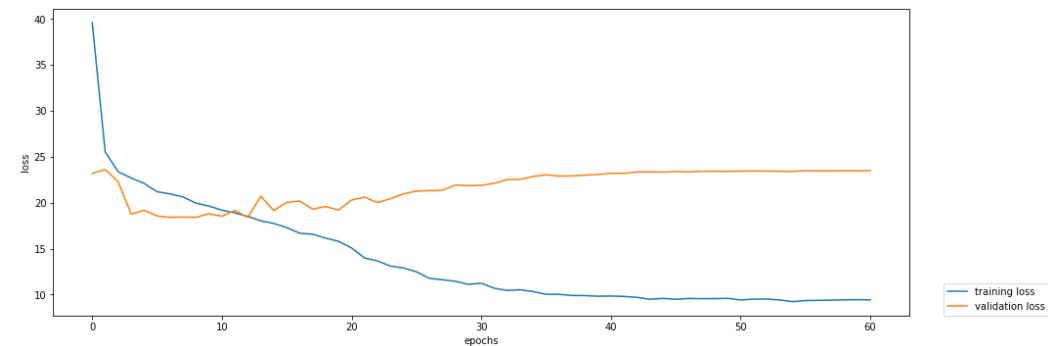
9800 s

EPOCH 61 done: loss 9.4253 - lr 0.0001953  
 2021-06-18 14:36:53,953 DEV : loss 23.496610641479492 - score 0.5488

KEY tp: 3335 - fp: 2930 - fn: 1509 - precision: 0.5323 - recall: 0.6885 - f1-score: 0.6004

KEY tp: 3049 - fp: 3016 - fn: 1517 - precision: 0.5027 - recall: 0.6678 - f1-score: 0.5736  
 tensor(19.9994, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 7793 - fp: 5054 - fn: 1985 - precision: 0.6066 - recall: 0.7970 - f1-score: 0.6889  
 tensor(15.2339, device='cuda:0')



## BERT 2x256 LR 0.2

```

embedding = 'Bert'
embedding_path = ""
dataset_base_path = ""
dataset = 'Inspec'
output_base_path = '../result/'
iteration = ""
gpu = 1
lr = 0.2
anneal_factor = 0.5
patience = 4
batch_size = 4
num_epochs = 100
threads = 12
param_selection_mode = False
use_tensorboard = False
no_dev = False
use_crf = True
rnn_layers = 2
hidden_size = 256
dropout = 0.0
word_dropout = 0.05
locked_dropout = 0.5
downsample_train = 0.0
not_in_memory = False

```

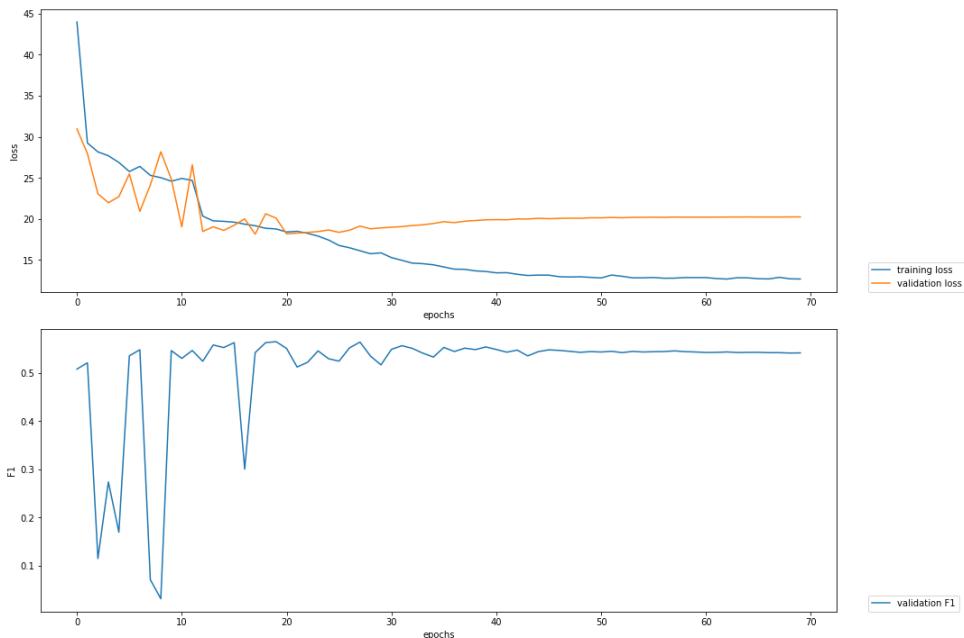
6200 s

EPOCH 70 done: loss 12.6877 - lr 0.0001953  
 2021-06-21 12:51:31,683 DEV : loss 20.251916885375977 - score 0.5416

KEY tp: 3389 - fp: 2973 - fn: 1455 - precision: 0.5327 - recall: 0.6996 - f1-score: 0.6049

KEY tp: 3041 - fp: 3159 - fn: 1525 - precision: 0.4905 - recall: 0.6660 - f1-score: 0.5649  
 tensor(20.0703, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 7392 - fp: 5876 - fn: 2386 - precision: 0.5571 - recall: 0.7560 - f1-score: 0.6415  
 tensor(17.5604, device='cuda:0')



## X BERT 4x128 DO 0.3

```

embedding = 'Bert'
embedding_path = ""
dataset_base_path = ""
dataset = 'Inspec'
output_base_path = '../result/'
iteration = ""
gpu = 1
lr = 0.05
anneal_factor = 0.5
patience = 4
batch_size = 4
num_epochs = 100
threads = 12
param_selection_mode = False
use_tensorboard = False
no_dev = False
use_crf = True
rnn_layers = 4
hidden_size = 128
dropout = 0.3
word_dropout = 0.05
locked_dropout = 0.5
downsample_train = 0.0
not_in_memory = False

```

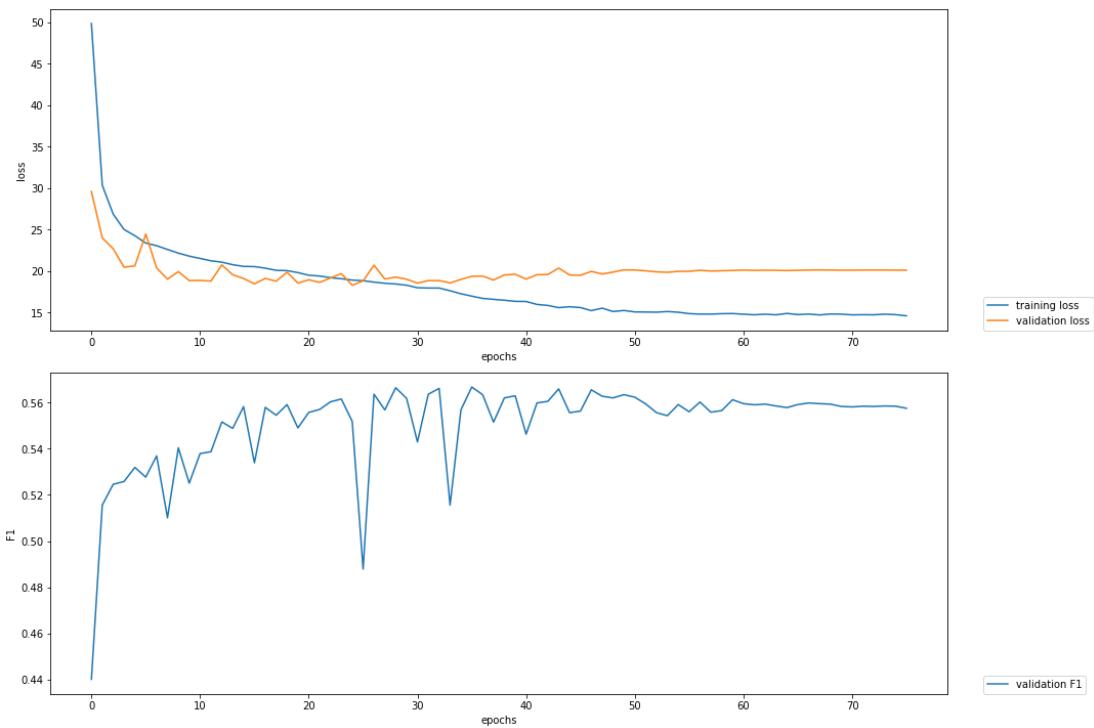
7000 s

EPOCH 76 done: loss 14.5995 - lr 0.0001953  
2021-06-18 21:30:08,496 DEV : loss 20.108718872070312 - score 0.5575

KEY tp: 3166 - fp: 2612 - fn: 1678 - precision: 0.5479 - recall: 0.6536 - f1-score: 0.5961

KEY tp: 2864 - fp: 2678 - fn: 1702 - precision: 0.5168 - recall: 0.6272 - f1-score: 0.5667  
tensor(19.3232, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 7645 - fp: 4136 - fn: 2133 - precision: 0.6489 - recall: 0.7819 - f1-score: 0.7092  
tensor(13.8824, device='cuda:0')



## X BERT 3x128 DO 0.3 LR 0.2

```

embedding = 'Bert'
embedding_path = ""
dataset_base_path = ""
dataset = 'Inspec'
output_base_path = '../result/'
iteration = ""
gpu = 1
lr = 0.2
anneal_factor = 0.5
patience = 4
batch_size = 4
num_epochs = 100
threads = 12
param_selection_mode = False
use_tensorboard = False
no_dev = False
use_crf = True
rnn_layers = 3
hidden_size = 128
dropout = 0.3
word_dropout = 0.05
locked_dropout = 0.5
downsample_train = 0.0
not_in_memory = False

```

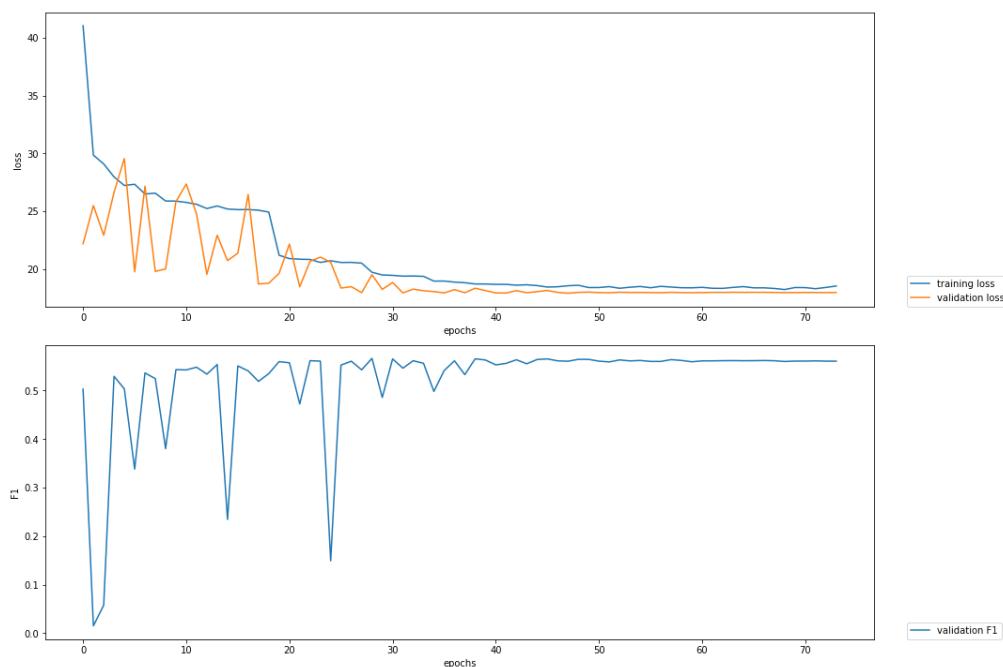
6500 s

EPOCH 74 done: loss 18.5210 - lr 0.0001953  
 2021-06-21 12:53:42,190 DEV : loss 17.958280563354492 - score 0.5604

KEY tp: 3335 - fp: 2865 - fn: 1509 - precision: 0.5379 - recall: 0.6885 - f1-score: 0.6039

KEY tp: 3010 - fp: 3056 - fn: 1556 - precision: 0.4962 - recall: 0.6592 - f1-score: 0.5662  
 tensor(19.4615, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 6983 - fp: 6108 - fn: 2795 - precision: 0.5334 - recall: 0.7142 - f1-score: 0.6107  
 tensor(19.0372, device='cuda:0')



## BERT 4x128 DO 0.3 LR 0.1

```

embedding = 'Bert'
embedding_path = ""
dataset_base_path = ""
dataset = 'Inspec'
output_base_path = '../result/'
iteration = ""
gpu = 1
lr = 0.1
anneal_factor = 0.5
patience = 4
batch_size = 16
num_epochs = 150
threads = 12
param_selection_mode = False
use_tensorboard = False
no_dev = False
use_crf = True
rnn_layers = 4
hidden_size = 128
dropout = 0.3
word_dropout = 0.05
locked_dropout = 0.5
downsample_train = 0.0
not_in_memory = False

```

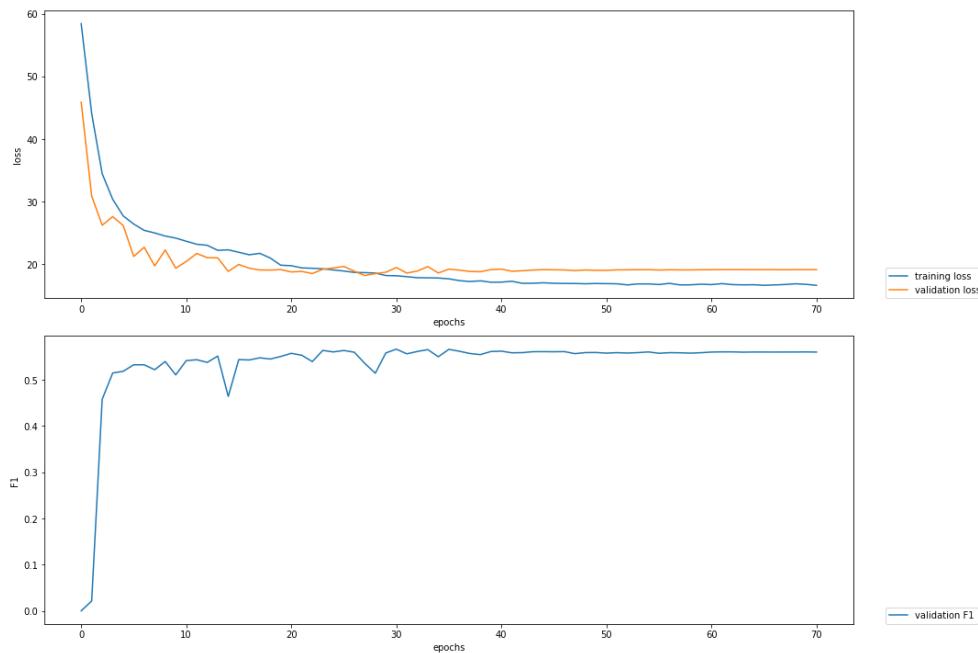
2800 s

EPOCH 71 done: loss 16.6242 - lr 0.0001953  
 2021-06-21 15:24:05,878 DEV : loss 19.123266220092773 - score 0.5599

KEY tp: 3213 - fp: 2782 - fn: 1631 - precision: 0.5359 - recall: 0.6633 - f1-score: 0.5929

KEY tp: 2945 - fp: 2892 - fn: 1621 - precision: 0.5045 - recall: 0.6450 - f1-score: 0.5662  
 tensor(19.4410, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 7346 - fp: 5075 - fn: 2432 - precision: 0.5914 - recall: 0.7513 - f1-score: 0.6618  
 tensor(16.2648, device='cuda:0')



## BERT 2x64

```

embedding = 'Bert'
embedding_path = ""
dataset_base_path = ""
dataset = 'Inspec'
output_base_path = '../result/'
iteration = ""
gpu = 1
lr = 0.05
anneal_factor = 0.5
patience = 4
batch_size = 4
num_epochs = 100
threads = 12
param_selection_mode = False
use_tensorboard = False
no_dev = False
use_crf = True
rnn_layers = 2
hidden_size = 64
dropout = 0.0
word_dropout = 0.05
locked_dropout = 0.5
downsample_train = 0.0
not_in_memory = False

```

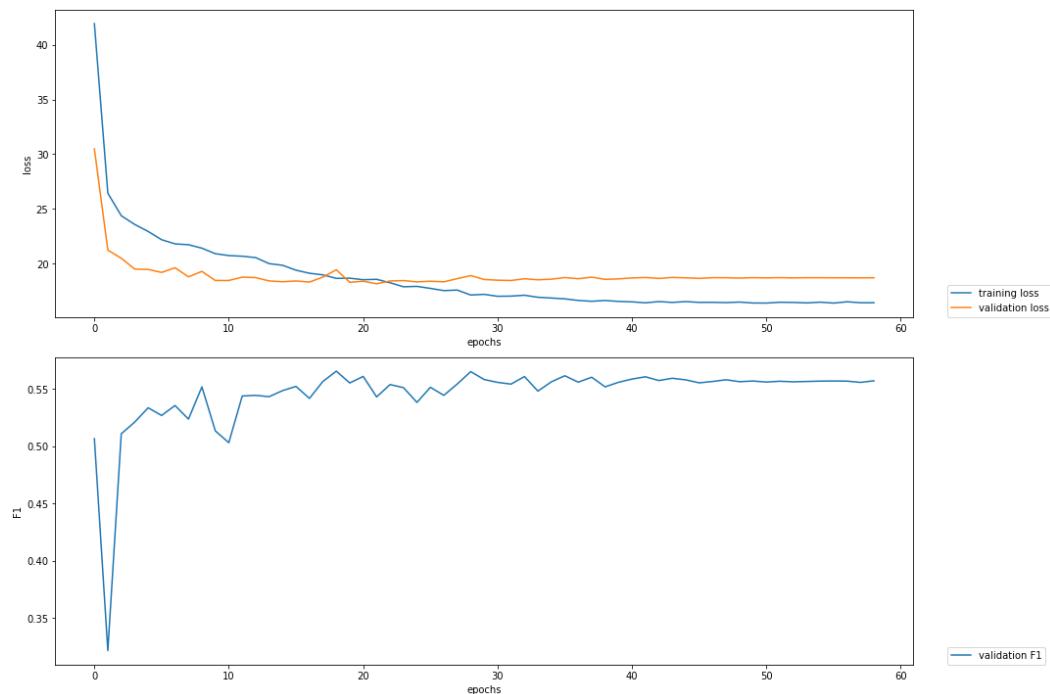
4800 s

EPOCH 59 done: loss 16.4335 - lr 0.0001953  
 2021-06-21 15:56:36,544 DEV : loss 18.715980529785156 - score 0.5573

KEY tp: 3252 - fp: 2764 - fn: 1592 - precision: 0.5406 - recall: 0.6713 - f1-score: 0.5989

KEY tp: 2944 - fp: 2898 - fn: 1622 - precision: 0.5039 - recall: 0.6448 - f1-score: 0.5657  
 tensor(19.4264, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 7197 - fp: 5292 - fn: 2581 - precision: 0.5763 - recall: 0.7360 - f1-score: 0.6464  
 tensor(17.3252, device='cuda:0')



## BERT 4x64

```

embedding = 'Bert'
embedding_path = ""
dataset_base_path = ""
dataset = 'Inspec'
output_base_path = '../result/'
iteration = ""
gpu = 1
lr = 0.05
anneal_factor = 0.5
patience = 4
batch_size = 4
num_epochs = 100
threads = 12
param_selection_mode = False
use_tensorboard = False
no_dev = False
use_crf = True
rnn_layers = 4
hidden_size = 64
dropout = 0.0
word_dropout = 0.05
locked_dropout = 0.5
downsample_train = 0.0
not_in_memory = False

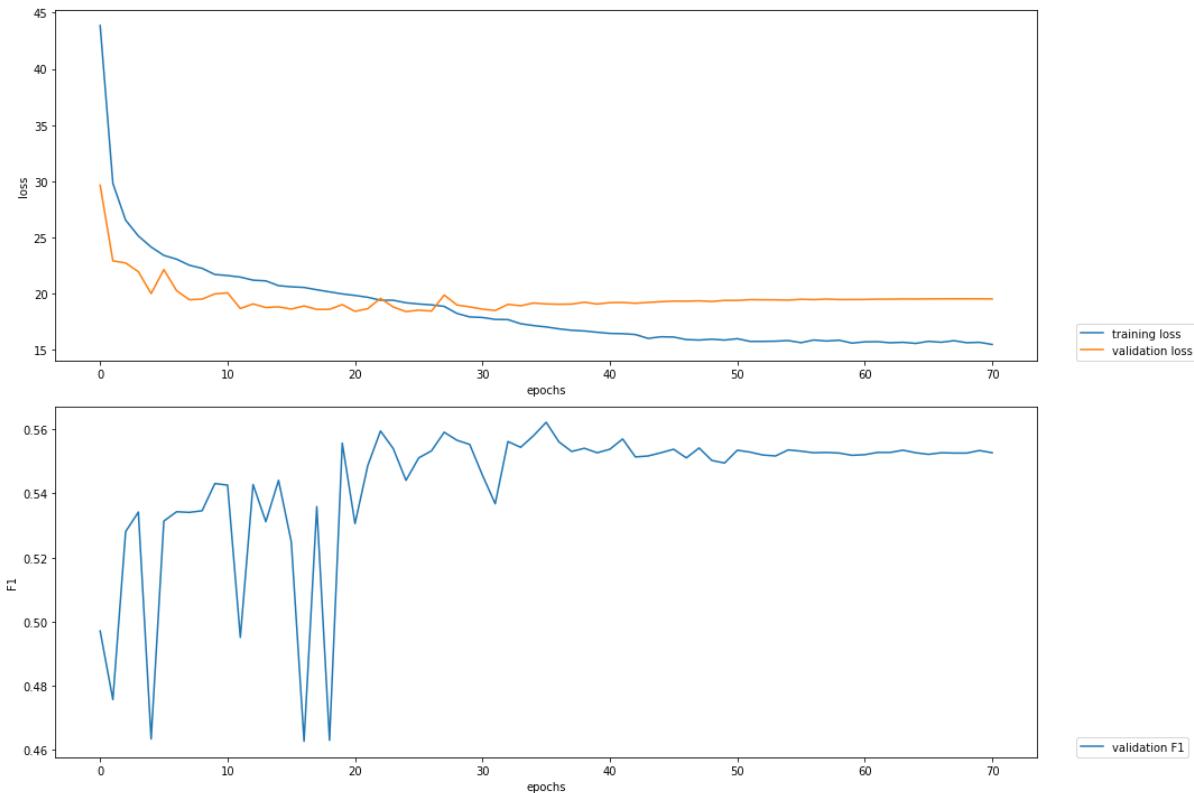
```

6500 s

KEY tp: 3039 - fp: 2433 - fn: 1805 - precision: 0.5554 - recall: 0.6274 - f1-score: 0.5892

KEY tp: 2756 - fp: 2483 - fn: 1810 - precision: 0.5261 - recall: 0.6036 - f1-score: 0.5622  
 tensor(19.0425, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 7358 - fp: 3982 - fn: 2420 - precision: 0.6489 - recall: 0.7525 - f1-score: 0.6968  
 tensor(14.3142, device='cuda:0')



## BERT 3x128

```

embedding = 'Bert'
embedding_path = ""
dataset_base_path = ""
dataset = 'Inspec'
output_base_path = '../result/'
iteration = ""
gpu = 1
lr = 0.05
anneal_factor = 0.5
patience = 4
batch_size = 4
num_epochs = 100
threads = 12
param_selection_mode = False
use_tensorboard = False
no_dev = False
use_crf = True
rnn_layers = 3
hidden_size = 128
dropout = 0.0
word_dropout = 0.05
locked_dropout = 0.5
downsample_train = 0.0
not_in_memory = False

```

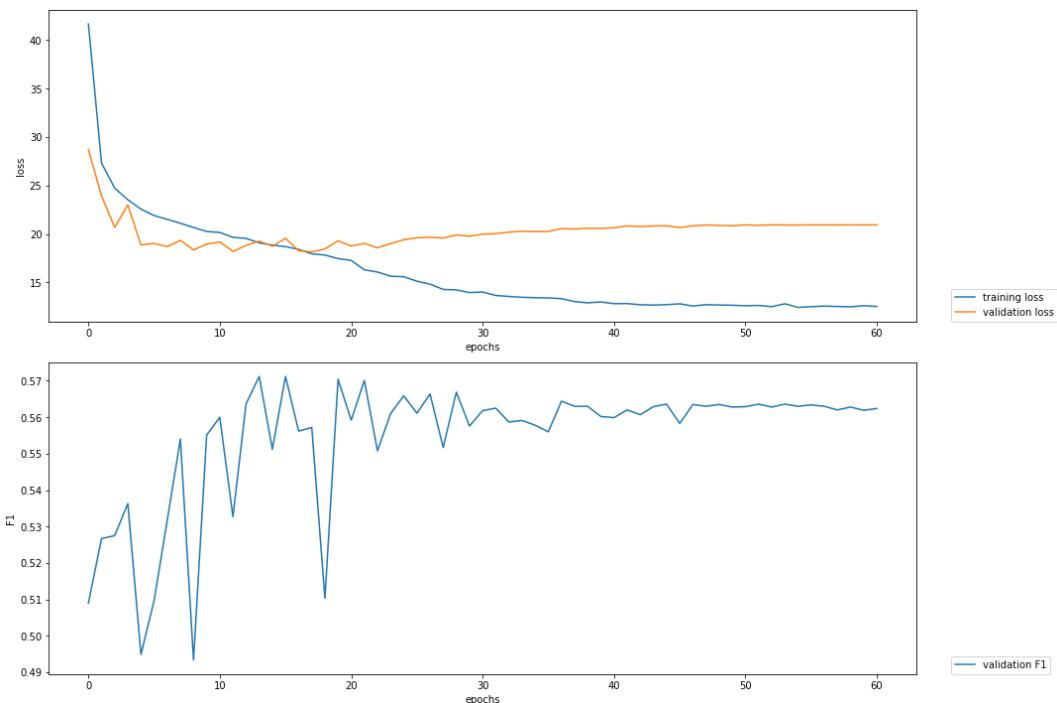
5500 s

EPOCH 61 done: loss 12.5200 - lr 0.0001953  
 2021-06-21 16:59:52,007 DEV : loss 20.942089080810547 - score 0.5624

KEY tp: 3282 - fp: 2789 - fn: 1562 - precision: 0.5406 - recall: 0.6775 - f1-score: 0.6014

KEY tp: 2992 - fp: 2918 - fn: 1574 - precision: 0.5063 - recall: 0.6553 - f1-score: 0.5712  
 tensor(19.4974, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 7274 - fp: 5393 - fn: 2504 - precision: 0.5742 - recall: 0.7439 - f1-score: 0.6482  
 tensor(16.8266, device='cuda:0')



## — ROBERTA 2x64

```

embedding = 'RoBERTa'
embedding_path = ""
dataset_base_path = ""
dataset = 'Inspec'
output_base_path = '../result/'
iteration = ""
gpu = 1
lr = 0.05
anneal_factor = 0.5
patience = 4
batch_size = 4
num_epochs = 100
threads = 12
param_selection_mode = False
use_tensorboard = False
no_dev = False
use_crf = True
rnn_layers = 2
hidden_size = 64
dropout = 0.0
word_dropout = 0.05
locked_dropout = 0.5
downsample_train = 0.0
not_in_memory = False

```

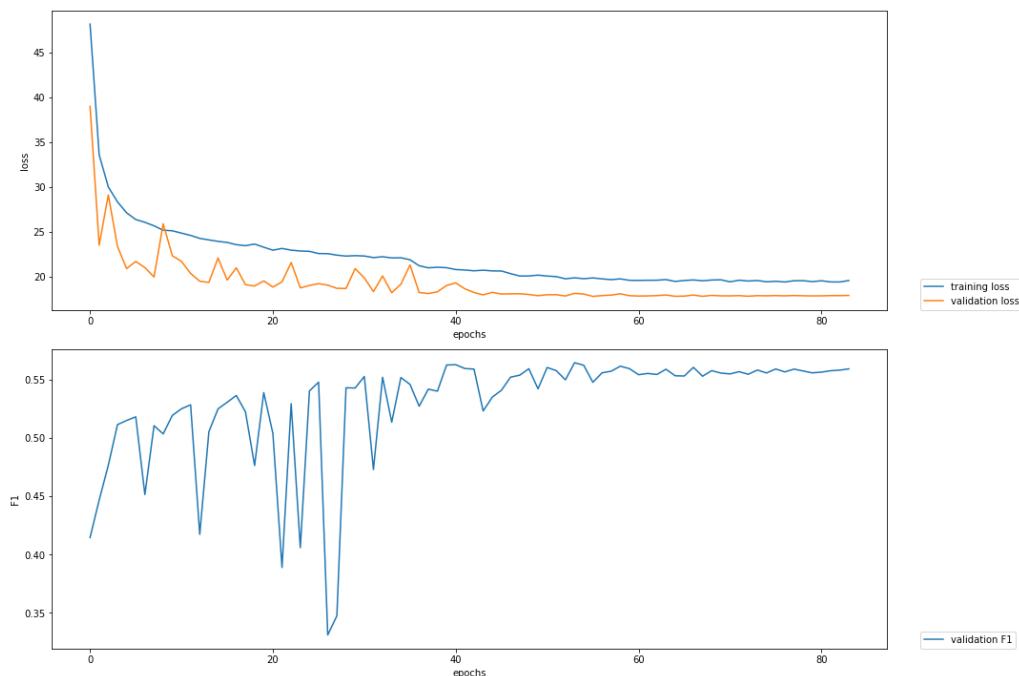
6700 s

EPOCH 84 done: loss 19.5465 - lr 0.0001953  
2021-06-21 18:20:21,881 DEV : loss 17.884660720825195 - score 0.559

KEY tp: 2901 - fp: 2197 - fn: 1943 - precision: 0.5690 - recall: 0.5989 - f1-score: 0.5836

KEY tp: 2696 - fp: 2294 - fn: 1870 - precision: 0.5403 - recall: 0.5905 - f1-score: 0.5643  
tensor(18.0621, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 6272 - fp: 4309 - fn: 3509 - precision: 0.5928 - recall: 0.6412 - f1-score: 0.6160  
tensor(17.9286, device='cuda:0')



## ROBERTA 4x64

```

embedding = 'RoBERTa'
embedding_path = ""
dataset_base_path = ""
dataset = 'Inspec'
output_base_path = '../result/'
iteration = ""
gpu = 1
lr = 0.05
anneal_factor = 0.5
patience = 4
batch_size = 4
num_epochs = 100
threads = 12
param_selection_mode = False
use_tensorboard = False
no_dev = False
use_crf = True
rnn_layers = 4
hidden_size = 64
dropout = 0.0
word_dropout = 0.05
locked_dropout = 0.5
downsample_train = 0.0
not_in_memory = False

```

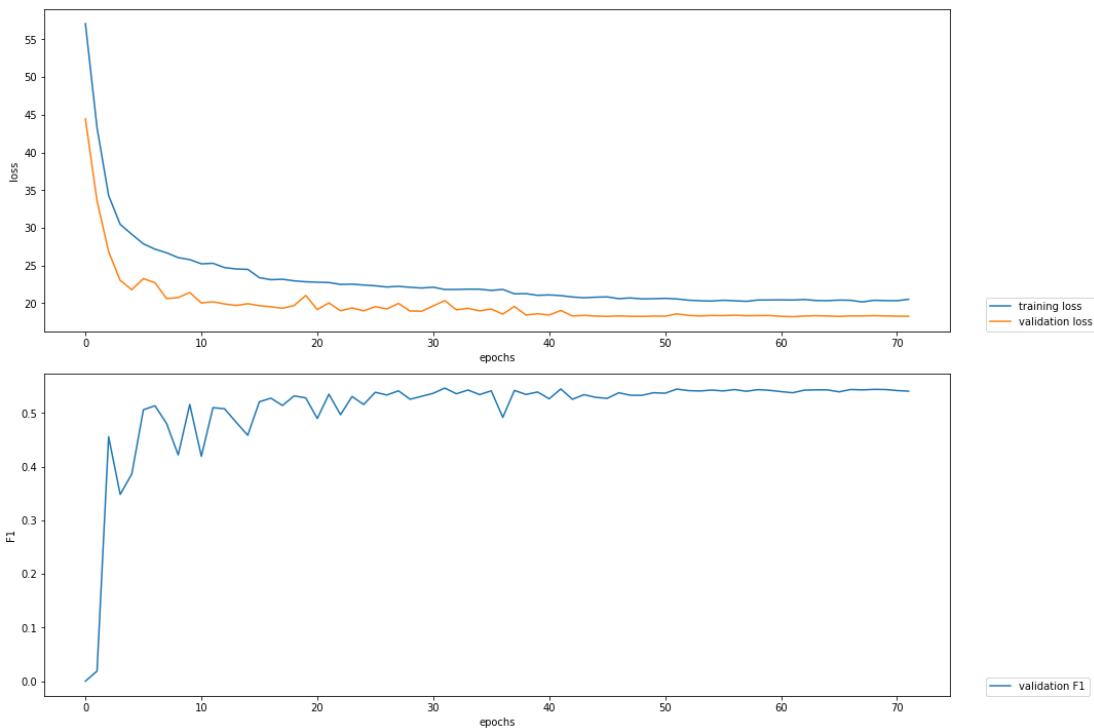
6400 s

EPOCH 72 done: loss 20.5242 - lr 0.0001953  
2021-06-21 18:02:22,590 DEV : loss 18.279985427856445 - score 0.5406

KEY tp: 3281 - fp: 3080 - fn: 1563 - precision: 0.5158 - recall: 0.6773 - f1-score: 0.5856

KEY tp: 2978 - fp: 3357 - fn: 1588 - precision: 0.4701 - recall: 0.6522 - f1-score: 0.5464  
tensor(20.2948, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 6630 - fp: 6790 - fn: 3151 - precision: 0.4940 - recall: 0.6778 - f1-score: 0.5715  
tensor(21.1824, device='cuda:0')



## X BERT 3x128 DO 0.3 LR 0.05 OP Adam

```

embedding = 'Bert'
embedding_path = ""
dataset_base_path = ""
dataset = 'Inspec'
output_base_path = '../result/'
iteration = ""
gpu = 1
lr = 0.05
anneal_factor = 0.5
patience = 4
batch_size = 8
num_epochs = 100
threads = 12
param_selection_mode = False
use_tensorboard = False
no_dev = False
use_crf = True
rnn_layers = 3
hidden_size = 128
dropout = 0.3
word_dropout = 0.05
locked_dropout = 0.5
downsample_train = 0.0
not_in_memory = False

```

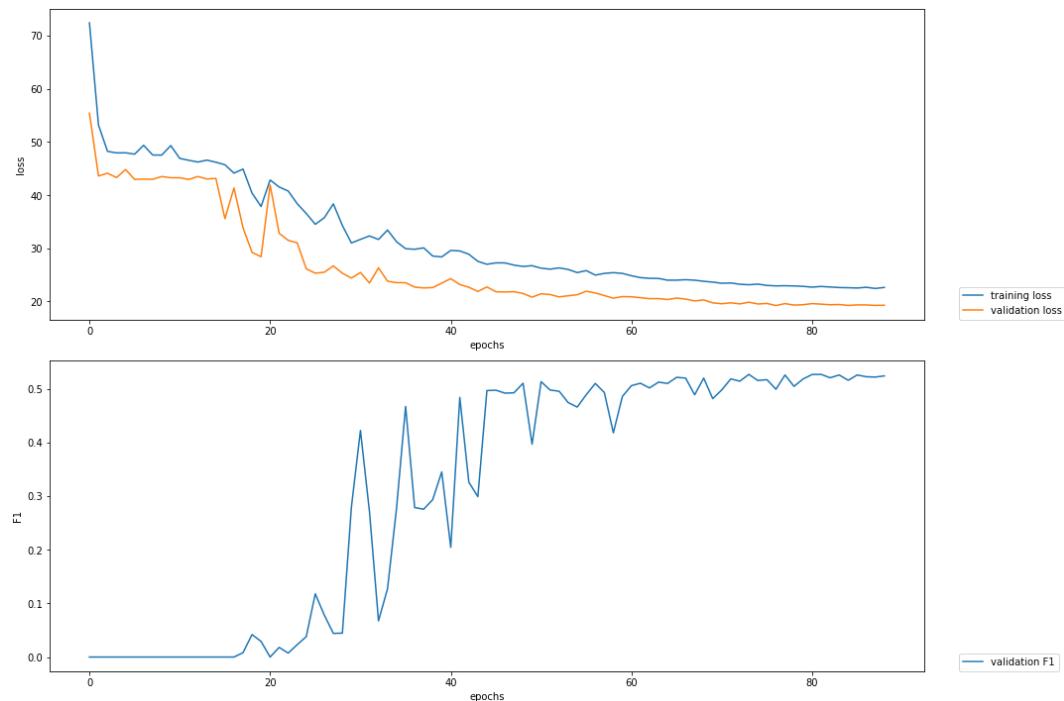
5000 s

EPOCH 89 done: loss 22.6529 - lr 0.0001953  
 2021-06-22 10:58:27,876 DEV : loss 19.303680419921875 - score 0.5242

KEY tp: 2815 - fp: 2446 - fn: 2029 - precision: 0.5351 - recall: 0.5811 - f1-score: 0.5571

KEY tp: 2602 - fp: 2707 - fn: 1964 - precision: 0.4901 - recall: 0.5699 - f1-score: 0.5270  
 tensor(19.8293, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 5502 - fp: 5554 - fn: 4276 - precision: 0.4976 - recall: 0.5627 - f1-score: 0.5282  
 tensor(21.2727, device='cuda:0')



## X BERT 3x128 DO 0.3 LR 0.2 OP Adam

```

embedding = 'Bert'
embedding_path = ""
dataset_base_path = ""
dataset = 'Inspec'
output_base_path = '../result/'
iteration = ""
gpu = 1
lr = 0.2
anneal_factor = 0.5
patience = 4
batch_size = 8
num_epochs = 150
threads = 12
param_selection_mode = False
use_tensorboard = False
no_dev = False
use_crf = True
rnn_layers = 3
hidden_size = 128
dropout = 0.3
word_dropout = 0.05
locked_dropout = 0.5
downsample_train = 0.0
not_in_memory = False

```

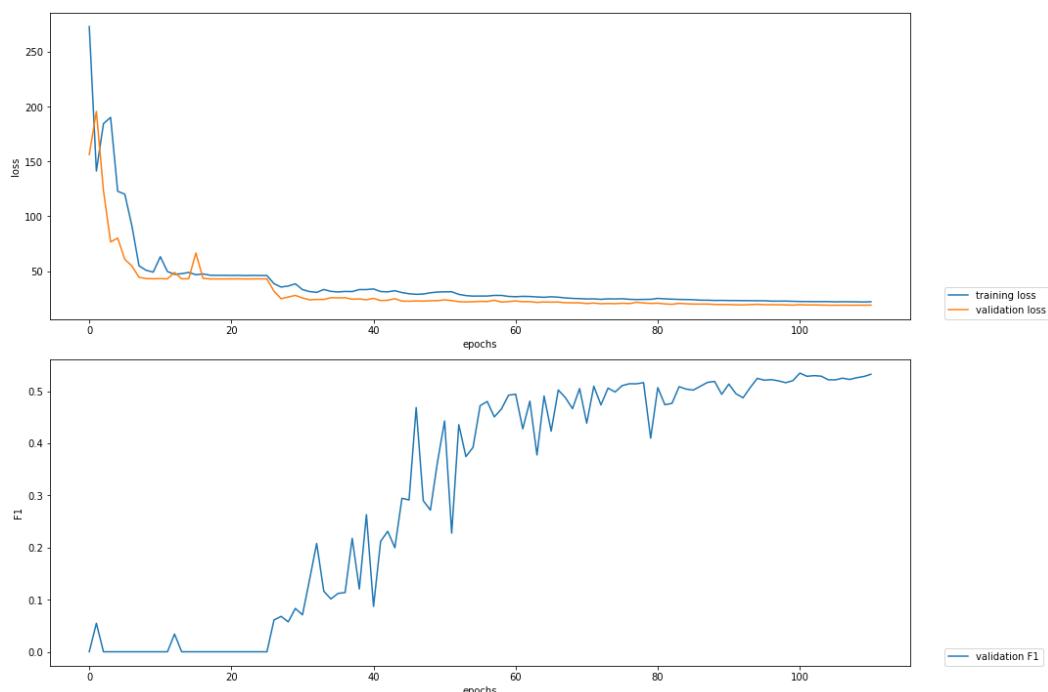
6100 s

EPOCH 111 done: loss 22.1569 - lr 0.0001953  
 2021-06-22 12:52:56,456 DEV : loss 19.085237503051758 - score 0.5326

KEY tp: 2856 - fp: 2400 - fn: 1988 - precision: 0.5434 - recall: 0.5896 - f1-score: 0.5655

EY tp: 2626 - fp: 2629 - fn: 1940 - precision: 0.4997 - recall: 0.5751 - f1-score: 0.5348  
 tensor(19.4417, device='cuda:0')

EY tp: 5651 - fp: 5338 - fn: 4127 - precision: 0.5142 - recall: 0.5779 - f1-score: 0.5442  
 tensor(20.6624, device='cuda:0')



## X BERT 2x128 LR 0.05 OP AdamW

```

embedding = 'Bert'
embedding_path = ""
dataset_base_path = ""
dataset = 'Inspec'
output_base_path = '../result/'
iteration = ""
gpu = 1
lr = 0.05
anneal_factor = 0.5
patience = 4
batch_size = 8
num_epochs = 100
threads = 12
param_selection_mode = False
use_tensorboard = False
no_dev = False
use_crf = True
rnn_layers = 2
hidden_size = 128
dropout = 0.0
word_dropout = 0.05
locked_dropout = 0.5
downsample_train = 0.0
not_in_memory = False

```

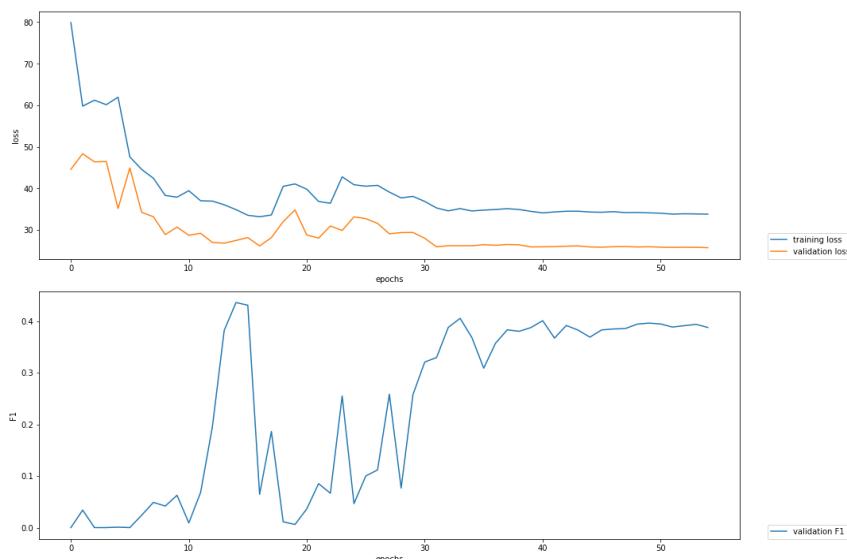
3000 s

EPOCH 55 done: loss 33.7824 - lr 0.0001953  
 2021-06-22 20:10:20,644 DEV : loss 25.704378128051758 - score 0.3875

KEY tp: 2443 - fp: 3159 - fn: 2401 - precision: 0.4361 - recall: 0.5043 - f1-score: 0.4677

EY tp: 2208 - fp: 3359 - fn: 2358 - precision: 0.3966 - recall: 0.4836 - f1-score: 0.4358  
 tensor(27.3892, device='cuda:0')

EY tp: 4762 - fp: 7135 - fn: 5016 - precision: 0.4003 - recall: 0.4870 - f1-score: 0.4394  
 tensor(29.1305, device='cuda:0')



3x128 DO 0.3

0.0489

51 epochs 6000 s

## X BER 2x128 LR 0.05 OP Adagrad

```

embedding = 'Bert'
embedding_path = ""
dataset_base_path = ""
dataset = 'Inspec'
output_base_path = '../result/'
iteration = ""
gpu = 1
lr = 0.05
anneal_factor = 0.5
patience = 4
batch_size = 8
num_epochs = 100
threads = 12
param_selection_mode = False
use_tensorboard = False
no_dev = False
use_crf = True
rnn_layers = 2
hidden_size = 128
dropout = 0.0
word_dropout = 0.05
locked_dropout = 0.5
downsample_train = 0.0
not_in_memory = False

```

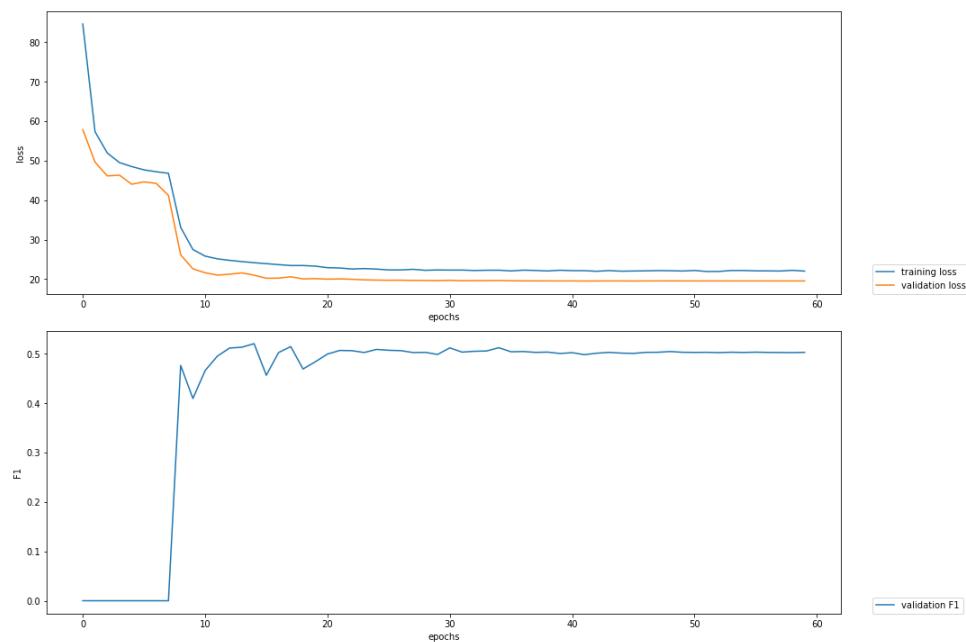
3200 s

EPOCH 60 done: loss 22.0195 - lr 0.0001953  
2021-06-22 20:06:34,939 DEV : loss 19.52480697631836 - score 0.503

KEY tp: 2828 - fp: 2579 - fn: 2016 - precision: 0.5230 - recall: 0.5838 - f1-score: 0.5518

EY tp: 2591 - fp: 2799 - fn: 1975 - precision: 0.4807 - recall: 0.5675 - f1-score: 0.5205  
tensor(20.9450, device='cuda:0')

EY tp: 5490 - fp: 5740 - fn: 4288 - precision: 0.4889 - recall: 0.5615 - f1-score: 0.5227  
tensor(22.2837, device='cuda:0')



## X ! BERT 3x128 DO 0.3 OP Adadelta

```

embedding = 'Bert'
embedding_path = ""
dataset_base_path = ""
dataset = 'Inspec'
output_base_path = '../result/'
iteration = ""
gpu = 1
lr = 0.005
anneal_factor = 0.5
patience = 4
batch_size = 8
num_epochs = 150
threads = 12
param_selection_mode = False
use_tensorboard = False
no_dev = False
use_crf = True
rnn_layers = 3
hidden_size = 128
dropout = 0.3
word_dropout = 0.05
locked_dropout = 0.5
downsample_train = 0.0
not_in_memory = False

```

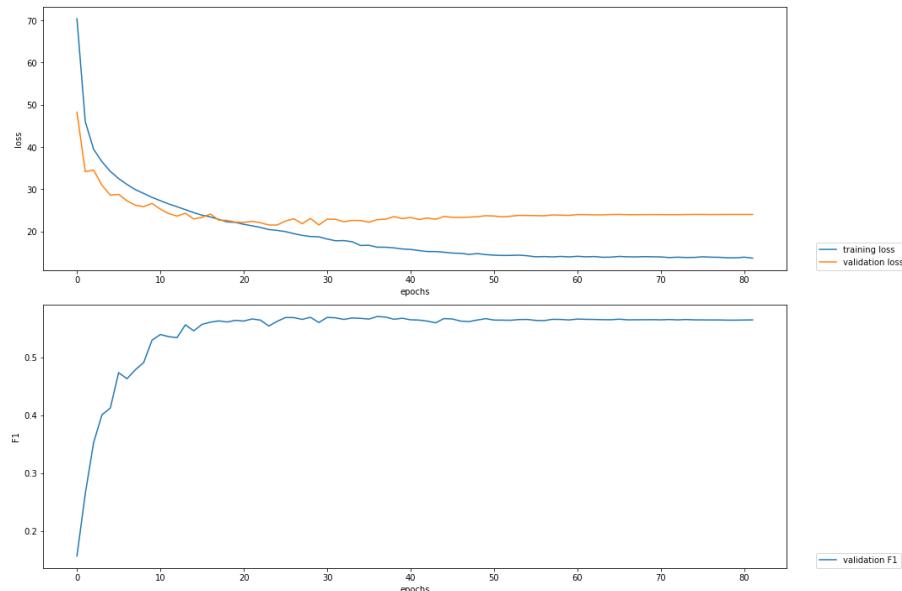
4600 s

EPOCH 82 done: loss 13.7012 - lr 0.0001953  
 2021-06-22 19:27:09,141 DEV : loss 24.043468475341797 - score 0.5652

KEY tp: 3269 - fp: 2885 - fn: 1575 - precision: 0.5312 - recall: 0.6749 - f1-score: 0.5945

KEY tp: 2987 - fp: 2908 - fn: 1579 - precision: 0.5067 - recall: 0.6542 - f1-score: 0.5711  
 tensor(22.7880, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 8208 - fp: 3816 - fn: 1570 - precision: 0.6826 - recall: 0.8394 - f1-score: 0.7530  
 tensor(12.8425, device='cuda:0')



## X BER 2x128 OP RMSprop

0.1783 LR 0.3

0.0847 LR 0.05

## X BERT 3x128 LR 0.05 Adagrad

```

embedding = 'Bert'
embedding_path = ""
dataset_base_path = ""
dataset = 'Inspec'
output_base_path = '../result/'
iteration = ""
gpu = 1
lr = 0.05
anneal_factor = 0.5
patience = 4
batch_size = 8
num_epochs = 100
threads = 12
param_selection_mode = False
use_tensorboard = False
no_dev = False
use_crf = True
rnn_layers = 3
hidden_size = 128
dropout = 0.3
word_dropout = 0.05
locked_dropout = 0.5
downsample_train = 0.0
not_in_memory = False

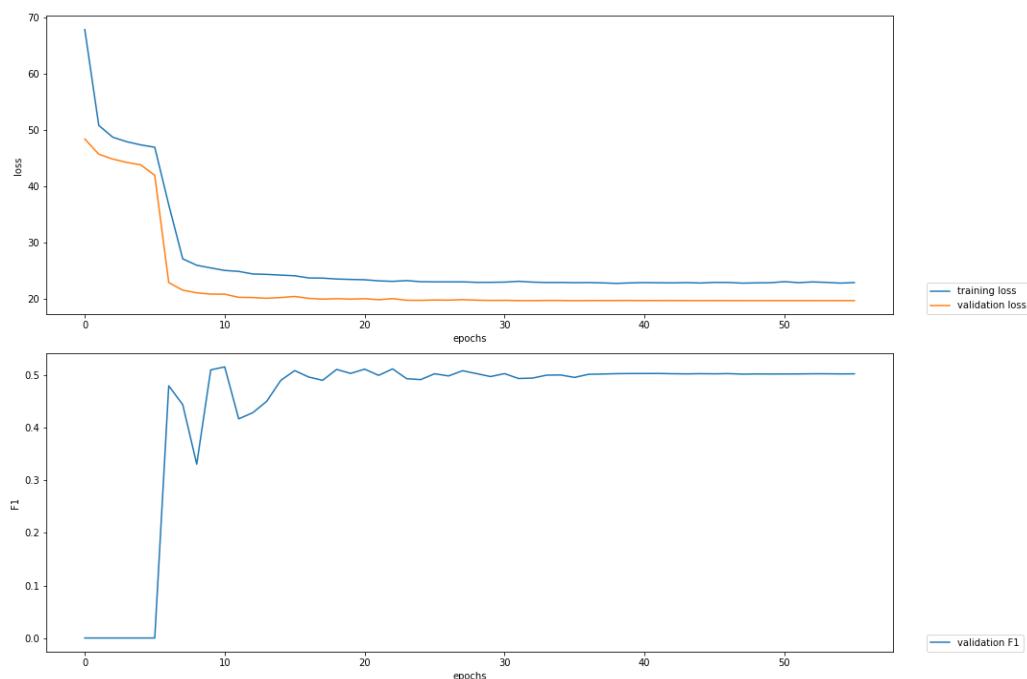
```

3100 s

EPOCH 56 done: loss 22.9055 - lr 0.0001953  
 2021-06-23 10:02:55,955 DEV : loss 19.698169708251953 - score 0.503

KEY tp: 2508 - fp: 2644 - fn: 2058 - precision: 0.4868 - recall: 0.5493 - f1-score: 0.5162  
 tensor(20.8123, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 5296 - fp: 5575 - fn: 4482 - precision: 0.4872 - recall: 0.5416 - f1-score: 0.5130  
 tensor(22.3577, device='cuda:0')



## X ! BERT 2x128 OP Adadelta

```

embedding = 'Bert'
embedding_path = ""
dataset_base_path = ""
dataset = 'Inspec'
output_base_path = '../result/'
iteration = ""
gpu = 1
lr = 0.005
anneal_factor = 0.5
patience = 4
batch_size = 8
num_epochs = 150
threads = 12
param_selection_mode = False
use_tensorboard = False
no_dev = False
use_crf = True
rnn_layers = 2
hidden_size = 128
dropout = 0.0
word_dropout = 0.05
locked_dropout = 0.5
downsample_train = 0.0
not_in_memory = False

```

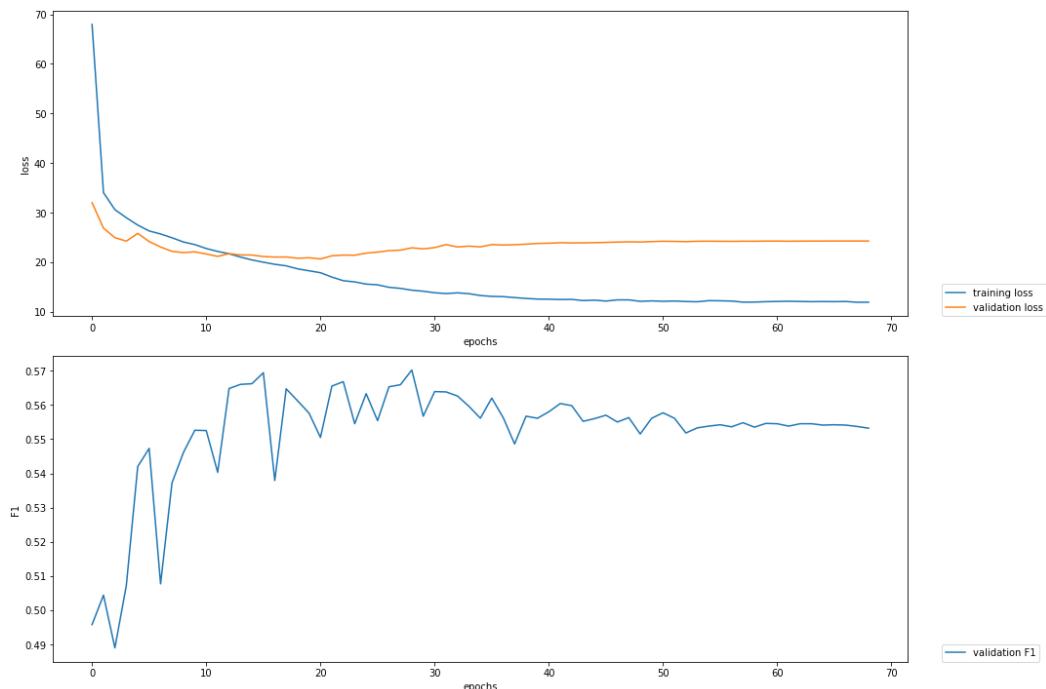
3700 s

EPOCH 69 done: loss 11.9242 - lr 0.0001953  
 2021-06-23 10:11:41,314 DEV : loss 24.26744842529297 - score 0.5532

KEY tp: 3009 - fp: 2369 - fn: 1835 - precision: 0.5595 - recall: 0.6212 - f1-score: 0.5887

KEY tp: 2790 - fp: 2430 - fn: 1776 - precision: 0.5345 - recall: 0.6110 - f1-score: 0.5702  
 tensor(22.8585, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 8295 - fp: 2412 - fn: 1483 - precision: 0.7747 - recall: 0.8483 - f1-score: 0.8099  
 tensor(9.8417, device='cuda:0')



## X BERT 3x128 DO 0.3 NO CRF

```

embedding = 'Bert'
embedding_path = ""
dataset_base_path = ""
dataset = 'Inspec'
output_base_path = '../result/'
iteration = ""
gpu = 1
lr = 0.05
anneal_factor = 0.5
patience = 4
batch_size = 4
num_epochs = 100
threads = 12
param_selection_mode = False
use_tensorboard = False
no_dev = False
use_crf = False
rnn_layers = 3
hidden_size = 128
dropout = 0.3
word_dropout = 0.05
locked_dropout = 0.5
downsample_train = 0.0
not_in_memory = False

```

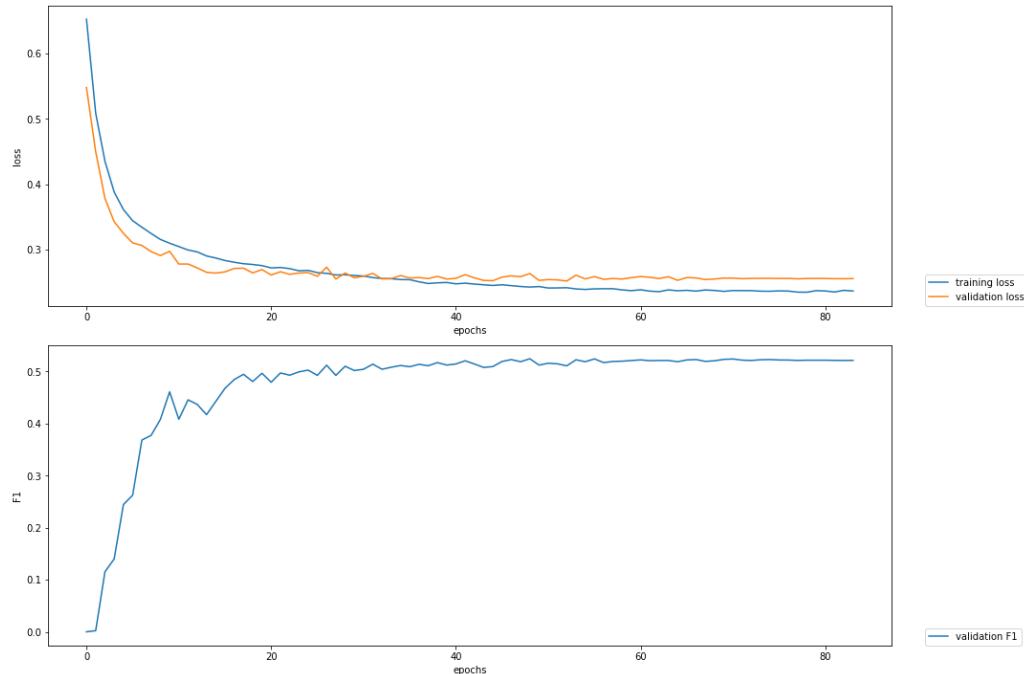
2200 s

EPOCH 84 done: loss 0.2362 - lr 0.0001953  
 2021-06-23 16:52:41,686 DEV : loss 0.25519272685050964 - score 0.5213

KEY tp: 3154 - fp: 3462 - fn: 1690 - precision: 0.4767 - recall: 0.6511 - f1-score: 0.5504

KEY tp: 2917 - fp: 3643 - fn: 1649 - precision: 0.4447 - recall: 0.6389 - f1-score: 0.5244  
 tensor(0.2633, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 6570 - fp: 7292 - fn: 3208 - precision: 0.4740 - recall: 0.6719 - f1-score: 0.5558  
 tensor(0.2283, device='cuda:0')



## Mejor modelo

```

embedding = 'Bert'
embedding_path =
dataset_base_path =
dataset = 'Inspec'
output_base_path = '../result/'
iteration =
gpu = 1
lr = 0.05
anneal_factor = 0.5
patience = 4
batch_size = 4
num_epochs = 100
threads = 12
param_selection_mode = False
use_tensorboard = False
no_dev = False
use_crf = True
rnn_layers = 3
hidden_size = 128
dropout = 0.3
word_dropout = 0.05
locked_dropout = 0.5
downsample_train = 0.0
not_in_memory = False

```

---

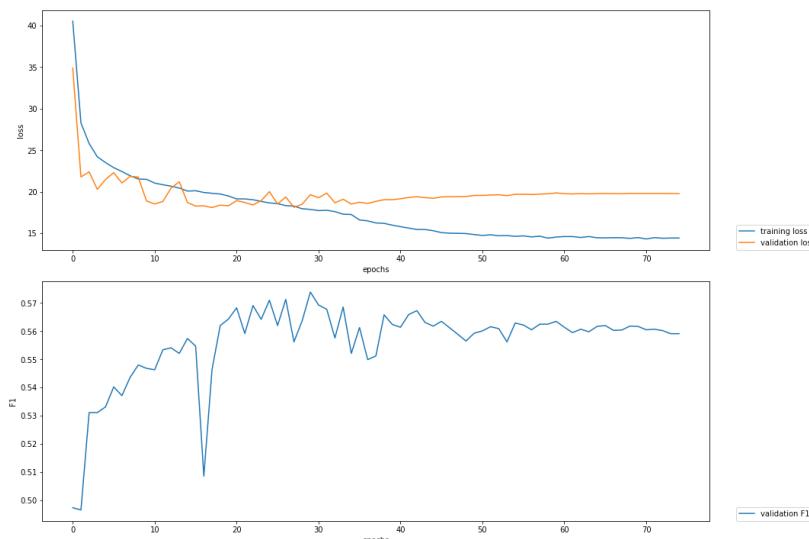
6500 s

EPOCH 75 done: loss 14.4259 - lr 0.0001953  
 2021-06-24 00:29:32,972 DEV : loss 19.767724990844727 - score 0.5591

KEY tp: 3406 - fp: 2953 - fn: 1438 - precision: 0.5356 - recall: 0.7031 - f1-score: 0.6081

KEY tp: 3073 - fp: 3070 - fn: 1493 - precision: 0.5002 - recall: 0.6730 - f1-score: 0.5739  
 tensor(19.6010, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 7691 - fp: 5382 - fn: 2087 - precision: 0.5883 - recall: 0.7866 - f1-score: 0.6731  
 tensor(15.7998, device='cuda:0')



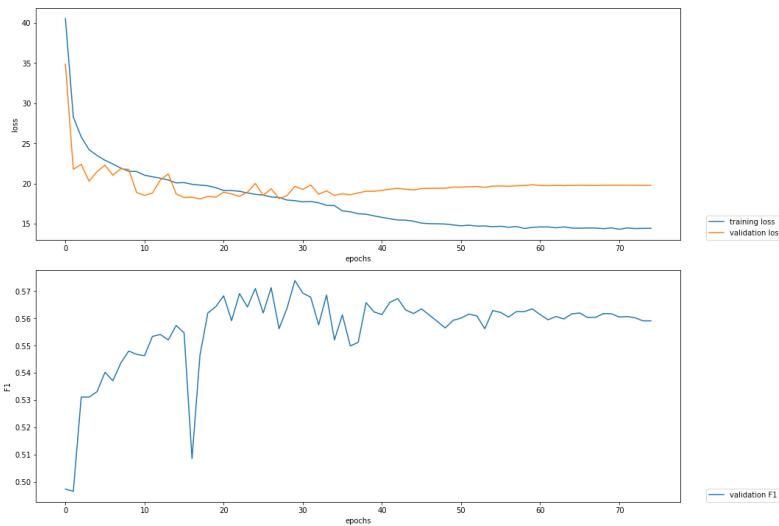
6400 s

EPOCH 72 done: loss 14.8274 - lr 0.0001953  
 2021-06-24 00:26:17,118 DEV : loss 19.666908264160156 - score 0.5605

KEY tp: 3334 - fp: 2870 - fn: 1510 - precision: 0.5374 - recall: 0.6883 - f1-score: 0.6035

KEY tp: 3040 - fp: 2971 - fn: 1526 - precision: 0.5057 - recall: 0.6658 - f1-score: 0.5748  
 tensor(19.5983, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 7467 - fp: 5357 - fn: 2311 - precision: 0.5823 - recall: 0.7637 - f1-score: 0.6607  
 tensor(16.4414, device='cuda:0')



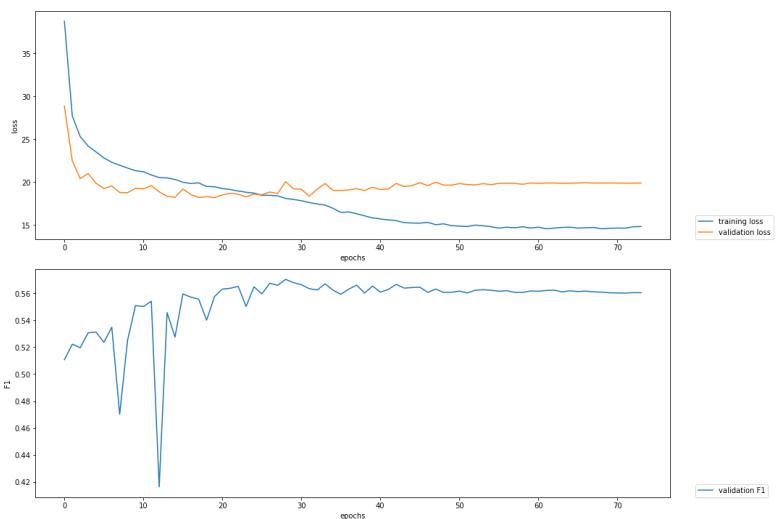
6500 s

EPOCH 74 done: loss 14.8263 - lr 0.0001953  
 2021-06-24 00:28:10,907 DEV : loss 19.899412155151367 - score 0.5605

KEY tp: 3434 - fp: 3128 - fn: 1410 - precision: 0.5233 - recall: 0.7089 - f1-score: 0.6021

KEY tp: 3128 - fp: 3274 - fn: 1438 - precision: 0.4886 - recall: 0.6851 - f1-score: 0.5704  
 tensor(20.0235, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 7691 - fp: 5803 - fn: 2087 - precision: 0.5700 - recall: 0.7866 - f1-score: 0.6610  
 tensor(16.5922, device='cuda:0')



5800 s

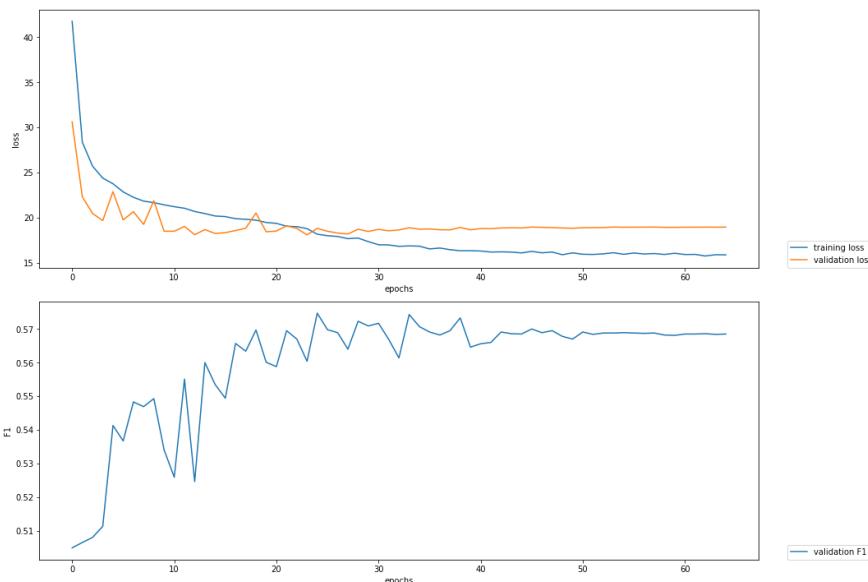
EPOCH 65 done: loss 15.8822 - lr 0.0001953

2021-06-24 00:16:46,558 DEV : loss 18.955224990844727 - score 0.5685

KEY tp: 3200 - fp: 2645 - fn: 1644 - precision: 0.5475 - recall: 0.6606 - f1-score: 0.5987

KEY tp: 2959 - fp: 2772 - fn: 1607 - precision: 0.5163 - recall: 0.6481 - f1-score: 0.5747  
tensor(18.7752, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 7295 - fp: 4869 - fn: 2483 - precision: 0.5997 - recall: 0.7461 - f1-score: 0.6649  
tensor(16.0505, device='cuda:0')



6300 s

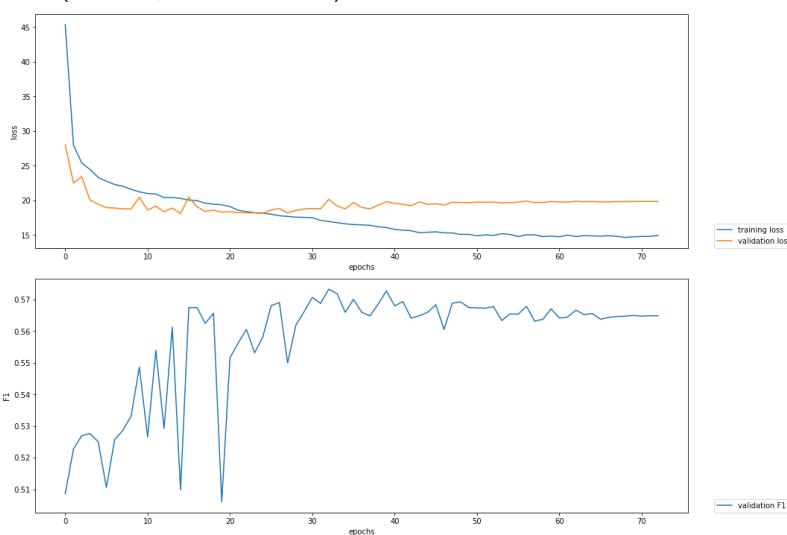
EPOCH 73 done: loss 14.9303 - lr 0.0001953

2021-06-24 00:24:58,016 DEV : loss 19.840255737304688 - score 0.5648

KEY tp: 3386 - fp: 2960 - fn: 1458 - precision: 0.5336 - recall: 0.6990 - f1-score: 0.6052

KEY tp: 3077 - fp: 3093 - fn: 1489 - precision: 0.4987 - recall: 0.6739 - f1-score: 0.5732  
tensor(20.0983, device='cuda:0')

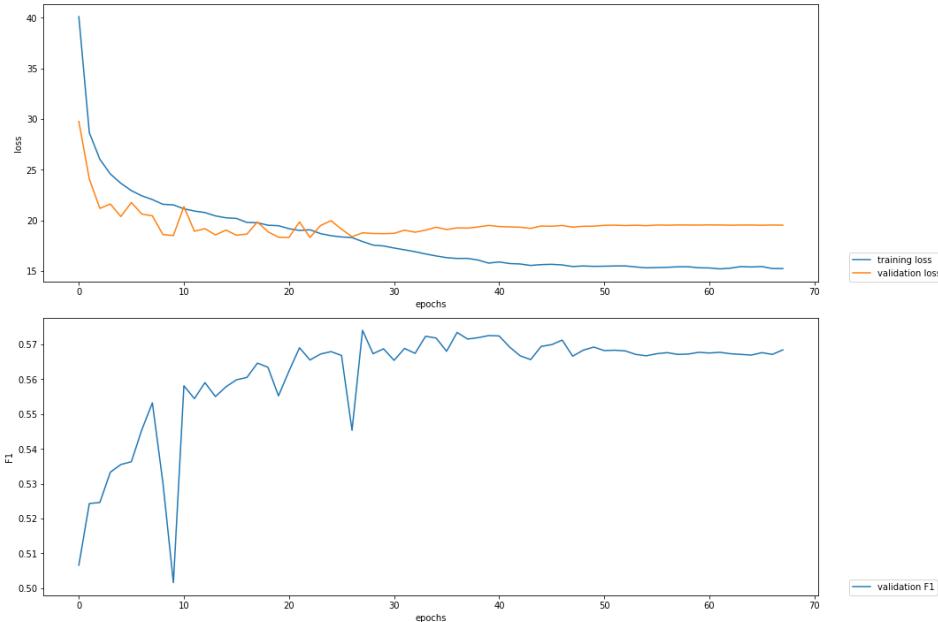
KEY tp: 7897 - fp: 5166 - fn: 1881 - precision: 0.6045 - recall: 0.8076 - f1-score: 0.6915  
tensor(15.0742, device='cuda:0')



6000 s  
EPOCH 68 done: loss 15.2412 - lr 0.0001953  
2021-06-24 10:20:39,073 DEV : loss 19.528337478637695 - score 0.5684

KEY tp: 3105 - fp: 2410 - fn: 1739 - precision: 0.5630 - recall: 0.6410 - f1-score: 0.5995  
KEY tp: 2847 - fp: 2506 - fn: 1719 - precision: 0.5319 - recall: 0.6235 - f1-score: 0.5740  
tensor(18.7390, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 7250 - fp: 4148 - fn: 2528 - precision: 0.6361 - recall: 0.7415 - f1-score: 0.6847  
tensor(14.9261, device='cuda:0')



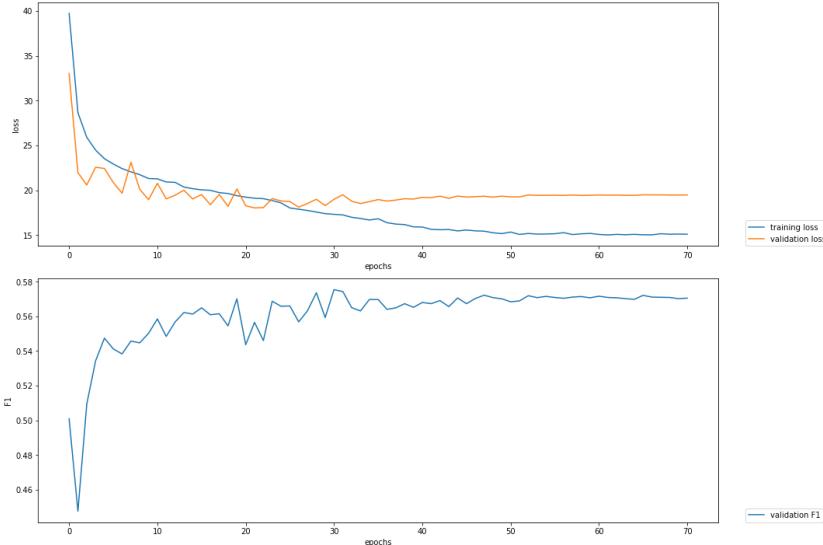
6250 s

EPOCH 71 done: loss 15.1045 - lr 0.0001953  
2021-06-24 16:06:52,041 DEV : loss 19.47893524169922 - score 0.5705

KEY tp: 3189 - fp: 2554 - fn: 1655 - precision: 0.5553 - recall: 0.6583 - f1-score: 0.6024

KEY tp: 2912 - fp: 2644 - fn: 1654 - precision: 0.5241 - recall: 0.6378 - f1-score: 0.5754  
tensor(18.9625, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 7545 - fp: 4178 - fn: 2233 - precision: 0.6436 - recall: 0.7716 - f1-score: 0.7018  
tensor(14.3419, device='cuda:0')

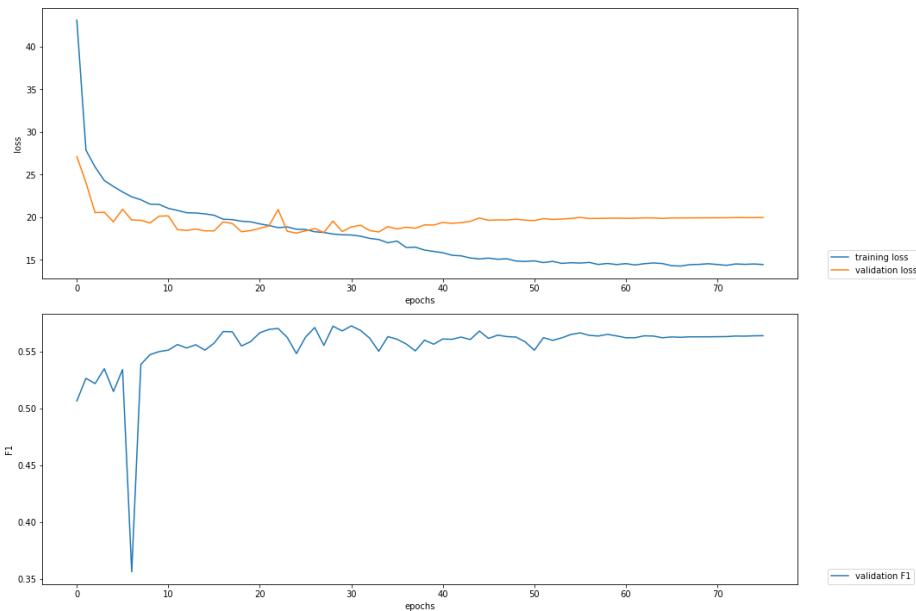


6500 s

EPOCH 76 done: loss 14.4617 - lr 0.0001953

2021-06-25 09:13:28,396 DEV : loss 19.97829246520996 - score 0.5641

KEY tp: 3175 - fp: 2585 - fn: 1669 - precision: 0.5512 - recall: 0.6555 - f1-score: 0.5988

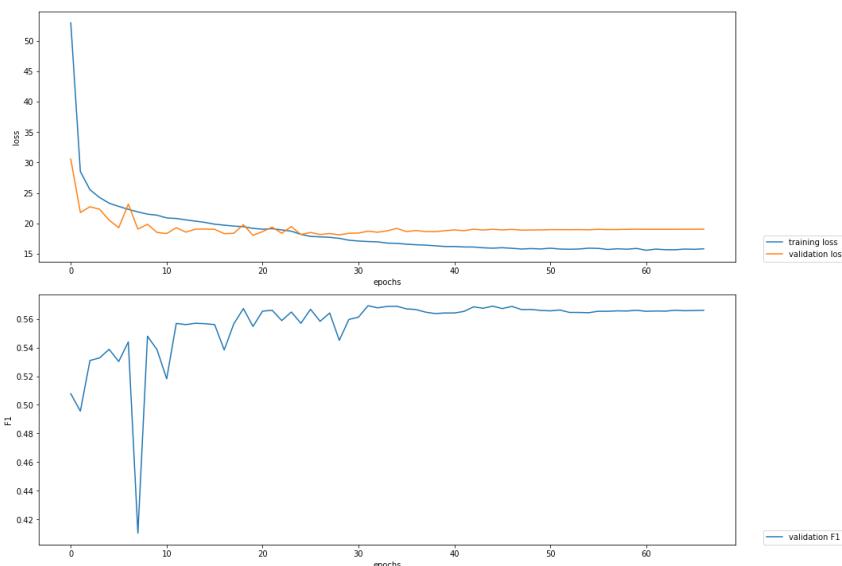
KEY tp: 2906 - fp: 2677 - fn: 1660 - precision: 0.5205 - recall: 0.6364 - f1-score: 0.5727  
tensor(18.8409, device='cuda:0')KEY tp: 7393 - fp: 4480 - fn: 2385 - precision: 0.6227 - recall: 0.7561 - f1-score: 0.6829  
tensor(15.0114, device='cuda:0')

5800 s

EPOCH 67 done: loss 15.8382 - lr 0.0001953

2021-06-25 09:02:29,270 DEV : loss 19.059219360351562 - score 0.5661

KEY tp: 3027 - fp: 2311 - fn: 1817 - precision: 0.5671 - recall: 0.6249 - f1-score: 0.5946

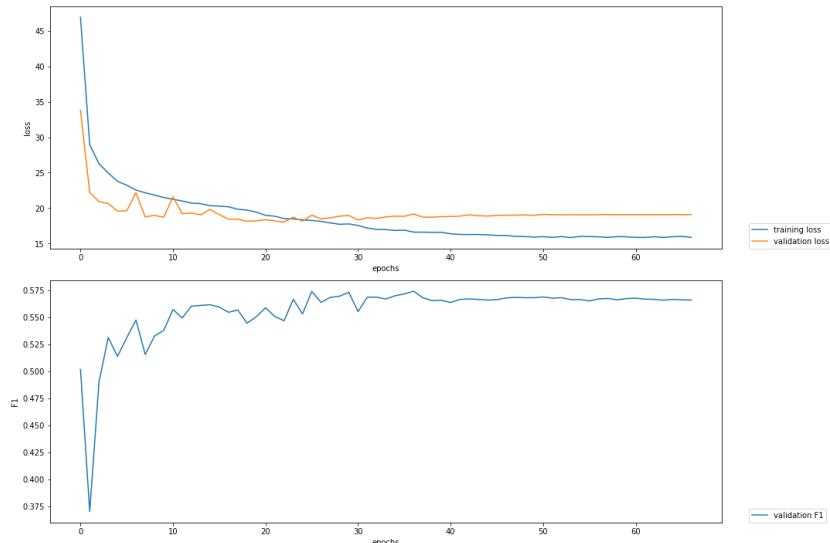
KEY tp: 2763 - fp: 2378 - fn: 1803 - precision: 0.5374 - recall: 0.6051 - f1-score: 0.5693  
tensor(18.6942, device='cuda:0')KEY tp: 7259 - fp: 3679 - fn: 2519 - precision: 0.6636 - recall: 0.7424 - f1-score: 0.7008  
tensor(13.9809, device='cuda:0')

5800 s  
 EPOCH 67 done: loss 15.8840 - lr 0.0001953  
 2021-06-25 09:03:27,626 DEV : loss 19.10519790649414 - score 0.566

KEY tp: 3131 - fp: 2496 - fn: 1713 - precision: 0.5564 - recall: 0.6464 - f1-score: 0.5980

KEY tp: 2885 - fp: 2600 - fn: 1681 - precision: 0.5260 - recall: 0.6318 - f1-score: 0.5741  
 tensor(19.1374, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 7626 - fp: 3965 - fn: 2152 - precision: 0.6579 - recall: 0.7799 - f1-score: 0.7137  
 tensor(13.6252, device='cuda:0')

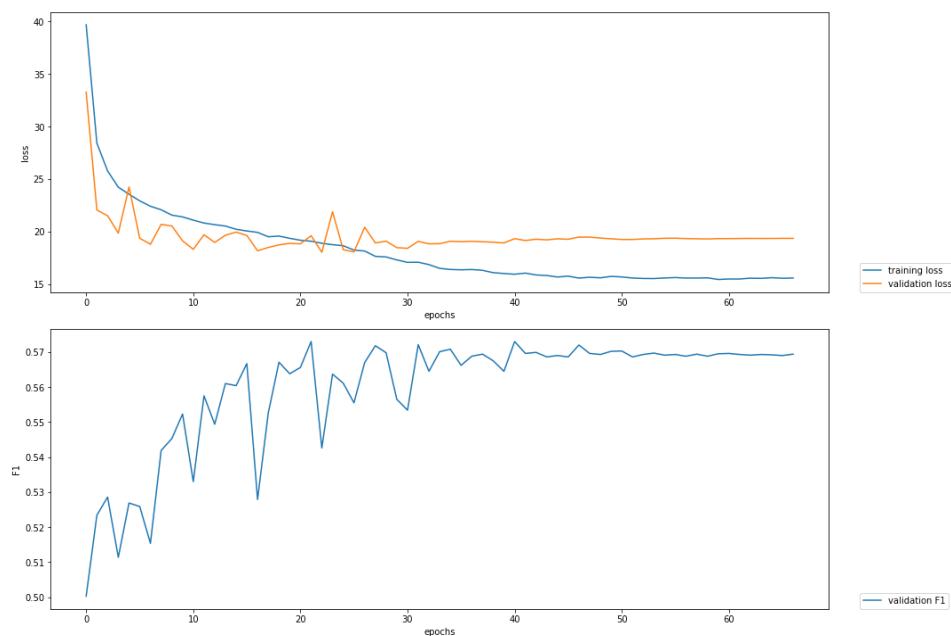


5900 s  
 EPOCH 67 done: loss 15.5933 - lr 0.0001953  
 2021-06-25 09:05:21,433 DEV : loss 19.364627838134766 - score 0.5694

KEY tp: 3367 - fp: 2969 - fn: 1477 - precision: 0.5314 - recall: 0.6951 - f1-score: 0.6023

KEY tp: 3089 - fp: 3127 - fn: 1477 - precision: 0.4969 - recall: 0.6765 - f1-score: 0.5730  
 tensor(19.5862, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 7306 - fp: 5875 - fn: 2472 - precision: 0.5543 - recall: 0.7472 - f1-score: 0.6364  
 tensor(17.7880, device='cuda:0')

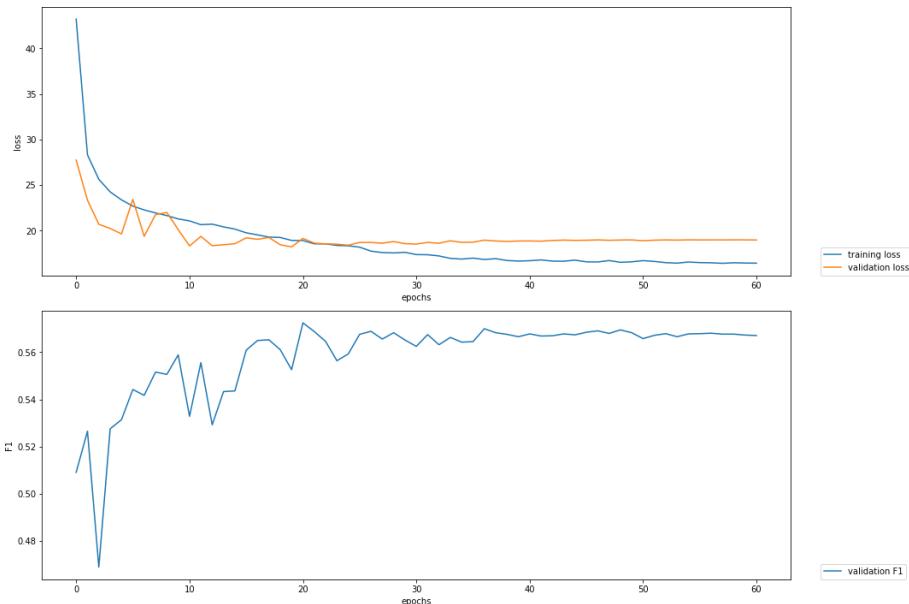


5500 s  
 EPOCH 61 done: loss 16.4111 - lr 0.0001953  
 2021-06-25 08:57:47,759 DEV : loss 18.957151412963867 - score 0.5671

KEY tp: 3247 - fp: 2735 - fn: 1597 - precision: 0.5428 - recall: 0.6703 - f1-score: 0.5999

KEY tp: 2971 - fp: 2842 - fn: 1595 - precision: 0.5111 - recall: 0.6507 - f1-score: 0.5725  
 tensor(19.0906, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 7175 - fp: 5258 - fn: 2603 - precision: 0.5771 - recall: 0.7338 - f1-score: 0.6461  
 tensor(17.1237, device='cuda:0')

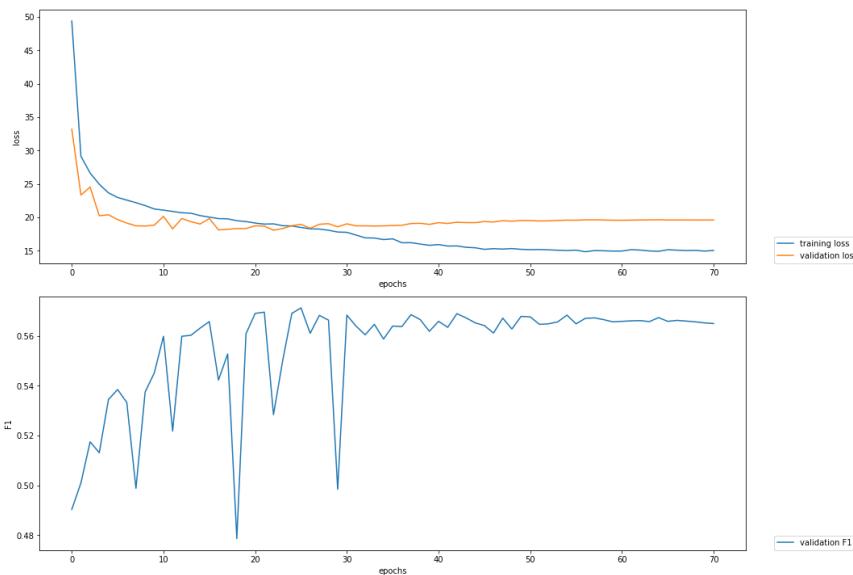


6150 s  
 EPOCH 71 done: loss 15.0421 - lr 0.0001953  
 2021-06-25 12:21:14,115 DEV : loss 19.607202529907227 - score 0.565

KEY tp: 3189 - fp: 2571 - fn: 1655 - precision: 0.5536 - recall: 0.6583 - f1-score: 0.6015

KEY tp: 2906 - fp: 2701 - fn: 1660 - precision: 0.5183 - recall: 0.6364 - f1-score: 0.5713  
 tensor(18.9203, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 7212 - fp: 4781 - fn: 2566 - precision: 0.6014 - recall: 0.7376 - f1-score: 0.6625  
 tensor(15.9900, device='cuda:0')

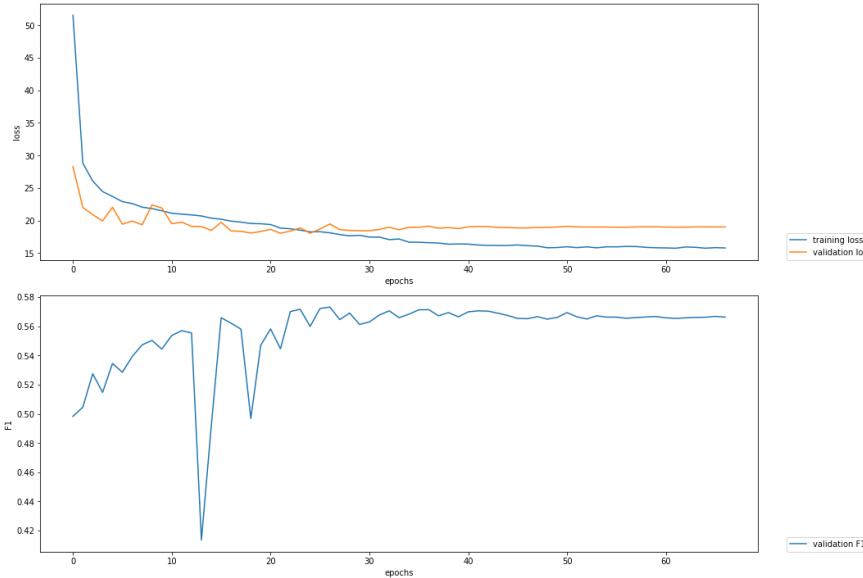


5900 s  
 EPOCH 67 done: loss 15.7771 - lr 0.0001953  
 2021-06-25 12:17:13,687 DEV : loss 19.006650924682617 - score 0.5663

KEY tp: 3397 - fp: 3029 - fn: 1447 - precision: 0.5286 - recall: 0.7013 - f1-score: 0.6028

KEY tp: 3095 - fp: 3138 - fn: 1471 - precision: 0.4966 - recall: 0.6778 - f1-score: 0.5732  
 tensor(19.4341, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 7664 - fp: 5592 - fn: 2114 - precision: 0.5782 - recall: 0.7838 - f1-score: 0.6655  
 tensor(16.5215, device='cuda:0')

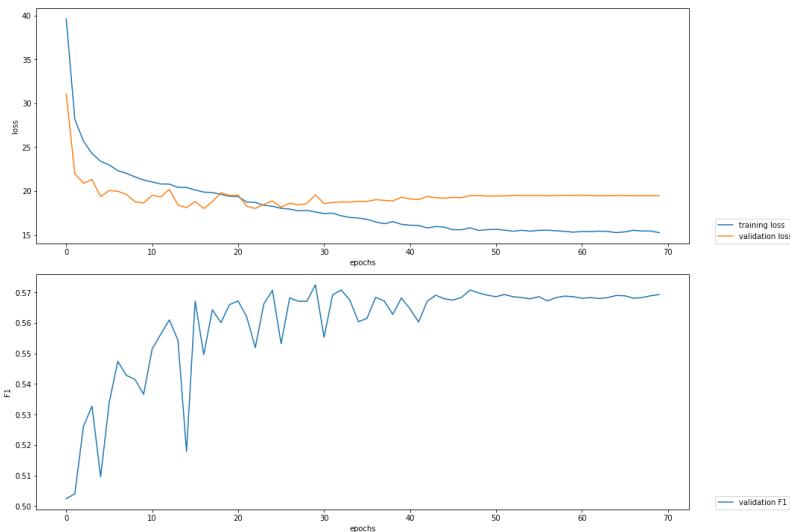


6200 s  
 EPOCH 70 done: loss 15.2640 - lr 0.0001953  
 2021-06-25 12:22:37,827 DEV : loss 19.471874237060547 - score 0.5693

KEY tp: 3382 - fp: 2963 - fn: 1462 - precision: 0.5330 - recall: 0.6982 - f1-score: 0.6045

KEY tp: 3053 - fp: 3046 - fn: 1513 - precision: 0.5006 - recall: 0.6686 - f1-score: 0.5725  
 tensor(19.5305, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 7728 - fp: 5211 - fn: 2050 - precision: 0.5973 - recall: 0.7903 - f1-score: 0.6804  
 tensor(15.6264, device='cuda:0')





## Otros datasets

### KDD 3x128 DO 0.3

```

embedding = 'Bert'
embedding_path = ""
dataset_base_path = ""
dataset = 'Inspec'
output_base_path = '../result/'
iteration = ""
gpu = 1
lr = 0.05
anneal_factor = 0.5
patience = 4
batch_size = 8
num_epochs = 100
threads = 12
param_selection_mode = False
use_tensorboard = False
no_dev = False
use_crf = True
rnn_layers = 3
hidden_size = 128
dropout = 0.3
word_dropout = 0.05
locked_dropout = 0.5
downsample_train = 0.0
not_in_memory = False

```

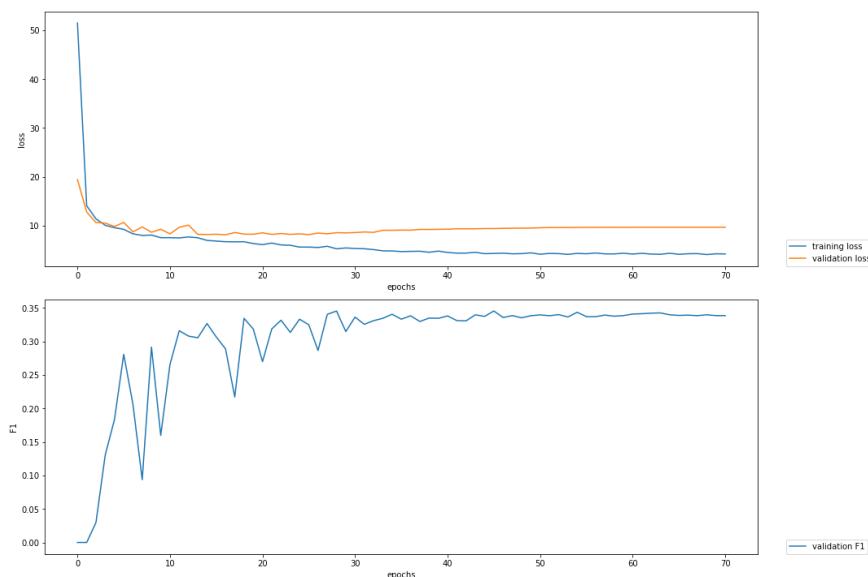
1300 s

EPOCH 71 done: loss 4.2330 - lr 0.0001953  
 2021-06-21 16:17:51,829 DEV : loss 9.699817657470703 - score 0.3387

KEY tp: 98 - fp: 175 - fn: 205 - precision: 0.3590 - recall: 0.3234 - f1-score: 0.3403

KEY tp: 141 - fp: 238 - fn: 296 - precision: 0.3720 - recall: 0.3227 - f1-score: 0.3456  
 tensor(9.5086, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 566 - fp: 204 - fn: 237 - precision: 0.7351 - recall: 0.7049 - f1-score: 0.7196  
 tensor(2.7916, device='cuda:0')



## KDD 3x64

```

embedding = 'Bert'
embedding_path = ""
dataset_base_path = ""
dataset = 'Inspec'
output_base_path = '../result/'
iteration = ""
gpu = 1
lr = 0.05
anneal_factor = 0.5
patience = 4
batch_size = 8
num_epochs = 100
threads = 12
param_selection_mode = False
use_tensorboard = False
no_dev = False
use_crf = True
rnn_layers = 3
hidden_size = 64
dropout = 0.3
word_dropout = 0.05
locked_dropout = 0.5
downsample_train = 0.0
not_in_memory = False

```

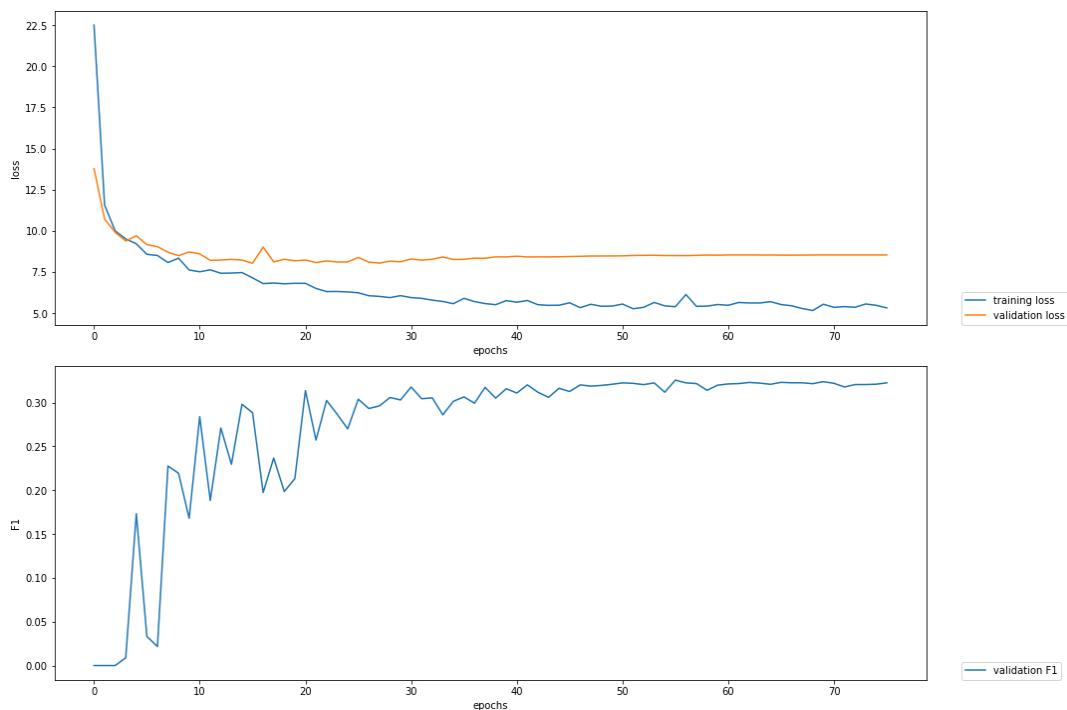
EPOCH 76 done: loss 5.3165 - lr 0.0001953  
2021-06-21 16:48:28,335 DEV : loss 8.536468505859375 - score 0.3226

1500 s

KEY tp: 60 - fp: 111 - fn: 243 - precision: 0.3509 - recall: 0.1980 - f1-score: 0.2532

KEY tp: 116 - fp: 159 - fn: 321 - precision: 0.4218 - recall: 0.2654 - f1-score: 0.3258  
tensor(8.5588, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 339 - fp: 201 - fn: 464 - precision: 0.6278 - recall: 0.4222 - f1-score: 0.5048  
tensor(3.9160, device='cuda:0')



## INSPEC MIO

```

embedding = 'Bert'
embedding_path = ""
dataset_base_path = ""
dataset = 'Inspec'
output_base_path = '../result/'
iteration = ""
gpu = 1
lr = 0.1
anneal_factor = 0.5
patience = 4
batch_size = 16
num_epochs = 100
threads = 12
param_selection_mode = False
use_tensorboard = False
no_dev = False
use_crf = True
rnn_layers = 3
hidden_size = 128
dropout = 0.3
word_dropout = 0.05
locked_dropout = 0.5
downsample_train = 0.0
not_in_memory = False

```

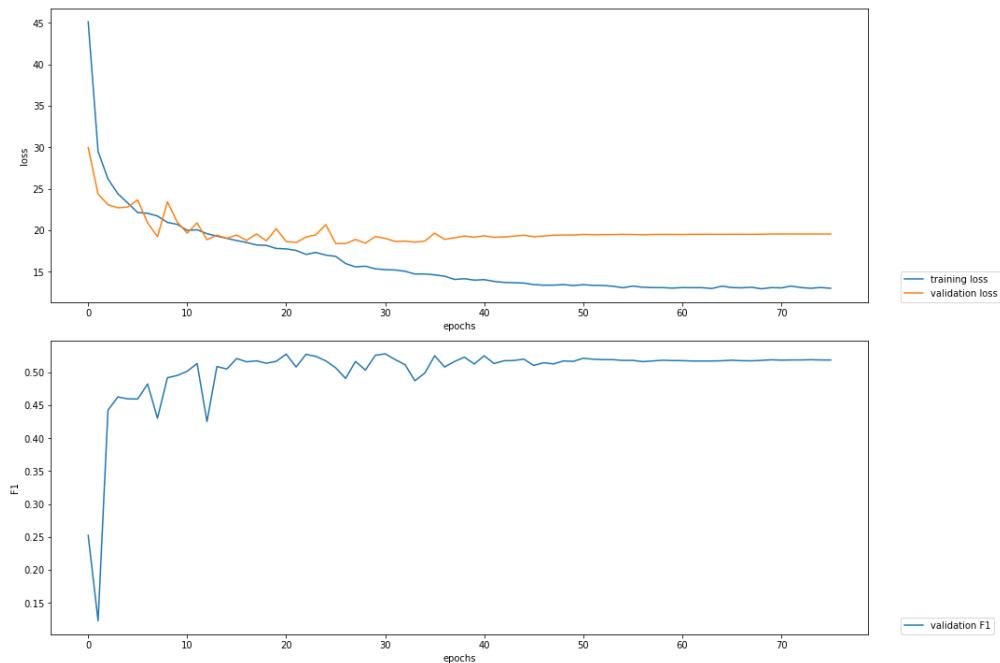
5600 s

EPOCH 76 done: loss 12.9887 - lr 0.0001953  
 2021-06-22 10:12:40,254 DEV : loss 19.53164291381836 - score 0.5186

KEY tp: 2570 - fp: 2321 - fn: 1670 - precision: 0.5255 - recall: 0.6061 - f1-score: 0.5629

KEY tp: 2357 - fp: 2469 - fn: 1745 - precision: 0.4884 - recall: 0.5746 - f1-score: 0.5280  
 tensor(19.2053, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 6306 - fp: 3882 - fn: 2014 - precision: 0.6190 - recall: 0.7579 - f1-score: 0.6814  
 tensor(12.7253, device='cuda:0')



## KP20K 4000 files

```

embedding = 'Bert'
embedding_path = ""
dataset_base_path = ""
dataset = 'Inspec'
output_base_path = '../result/'
iteration = ""
gpu = 1
lr = 0.05
anneal_factor = 0.5
patience = 4
batch_size = 4
num_epochs = 100
threads = 12
param_selection_mode = False
use_tensorboard = False
no_dev = False
use_crf = True
rnn_layers = 3
hidden_size = 128
dropout = 0.3
word_dropout = 0.05
locked_dropout = 0.5
downsample_train = 0.0
not_in_memory = False

```

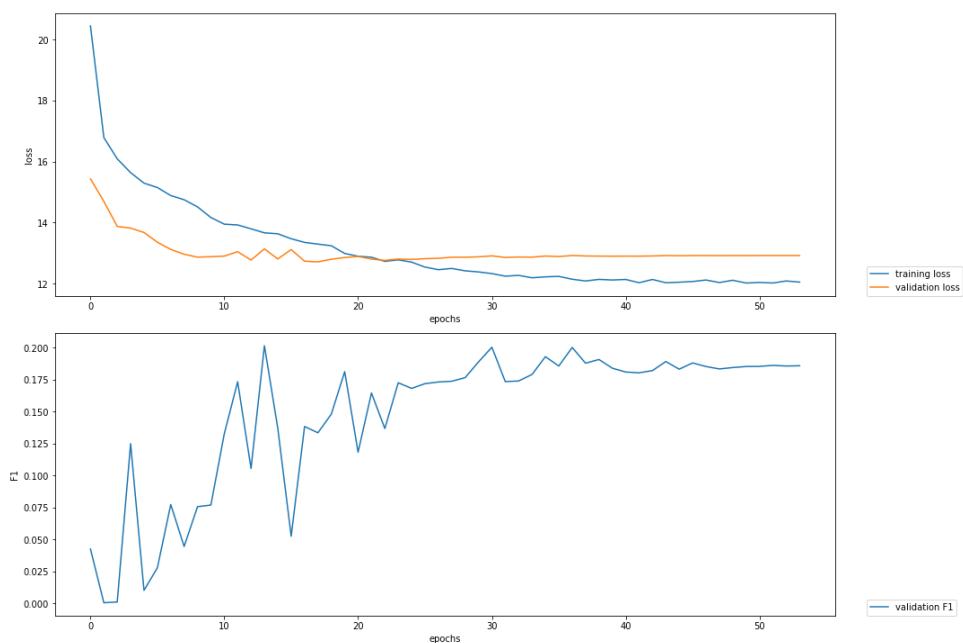
6h30min

EPOCH 54 done: loss 12.0506 - lr 0.0001953  
2021-06-22 17:50:37,893 DEV : loss 12.9235200881958 - score 0.1858

KEY tp: 499 - fp: 1008 - fn: 3391 - precision: 0.3311 - recall: 0.1283 - f1-score: 0.1849

KEY tp: 522 - fp: 969 - fn: 3168 - precision: 0.3501 - recall: 0.1415 - f1-score: 0.2015  
tensor(13.2679, device='cuda:0')

EY tp: 1631 - fp: 1745 - fn: 6237 - precision: 0.4831 - recall: 0.2073 - f1-score: 0.2901  
tensor(12.4791, device='cuda:0')



## INSPEC MM 500

3900 s

EPOCH 63 done: loss 16.3039 - lr 0.0001953  
2021-06-29 16:40:45,397 DEV : loss 20.052637100219727 - score 0.5579

KEY tp: 3238 - fp: 2804 - fn: 1606 - precision: 0.5359 - recall: 0.6685 - f1-score: 0.5949

KEY tp: 2915 - fp: 2926 - fn: 1651 - precision: 0.4991 - recall: 0.6384 - f1-score: 0.5602  
tensor(20.2911, device='cuda:0')

5000 s

EPOCH 82 done: loss 14.0935 - lr 0.0001953  
2021-07-06 15:36:02,531 DEV : loss 20.4657039642334 - score 0.5523

KEY tp: 3200 - fp: 2788 - fn: 1644 - precision: 0.5344 - recall: 0.6606 - f1-score: 0.5908

KEY tp: 2880 - fp: 2800 - fn: 1686 - precision: 0.5070 - recall: 0.6307 - f1-score: 0.5622  
tensor(20.1844, device='cuda:0')

3500 s

EPOCH 70 done: loss 15.5852 - lr 0.0001953  
2021-07-06 15:12:50,016 DEV : loss 19.765214920043945 - score 0.5438

KEY tp: 3134 - fp: 2562 - fn: 1710 - precision: 0.5502 - recall: 0.6470 - f1-score: 0.5947

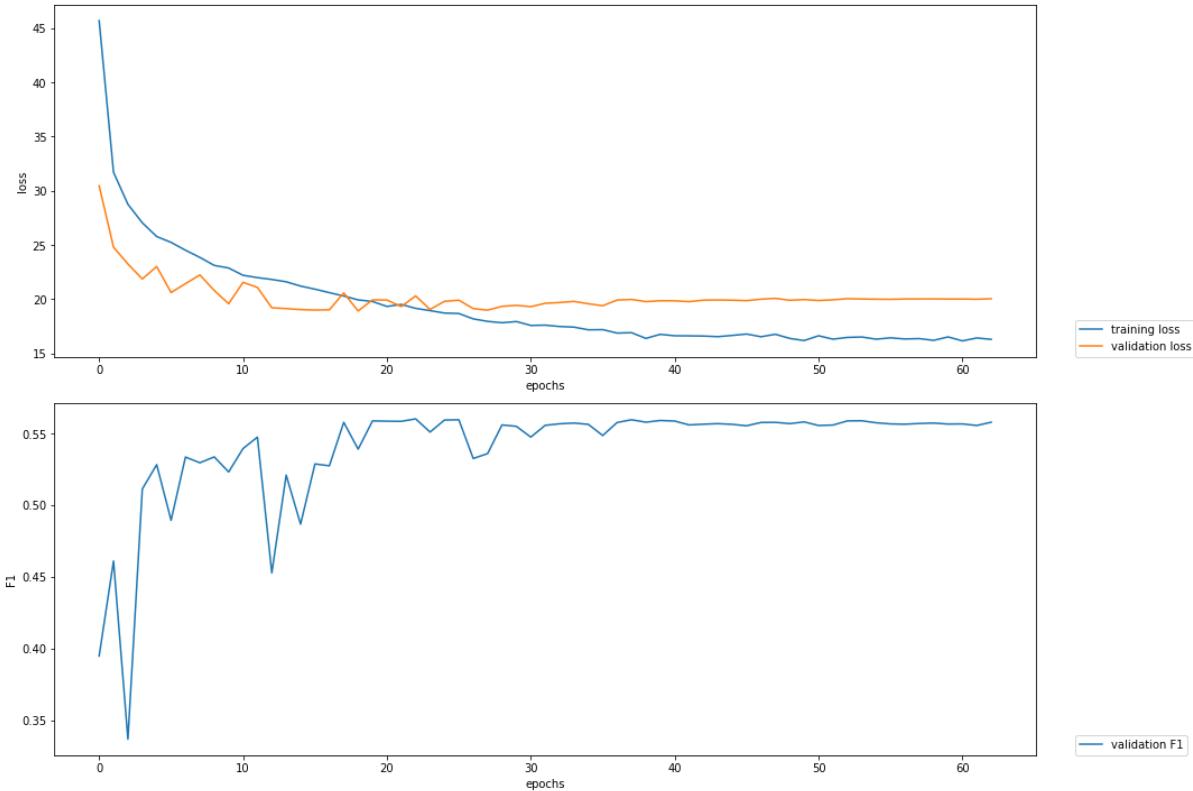
KEY tp: 2825 - fp: 2734 - fn: 1741 - precision: 0.5082 - recall: 0.6187 - f1-score: 0.5580  
tensor(19.3977, device='cuda:0')

4700 s

EPOCH 69 done: loss 15.5729 - lr 0.0001953  
2021-07-06 16:23:08,212 DEV : loss 20.648439407348633 - score 0.5563

KEY tp: 3106 - fp: 2592 - fn: 1738 - precision: 0.5451 - recall: 0.6412 - f1-score: 0.5893

KEY tp: 2814 - fp: 2645 - fn: 1752 - precision: 0.5155 - recall: 0.6163 - f1-score: 0.5614  
tensor(20.2689, device='cuda:0')



## INSPEC MM 250

2250 s

EPOCH 66 done: loss 16.2712 - lr 0.0001953  
2021-06-29 15:23:10,697 DEV : loss 23.15253257751465 - score 0.539

KEY tp: 3190 - fp: 2968 - fn: 1654 - precision: 0.5180 - recall: 0.6585 - f1-score: 0.5799

KEY tp: 2924 - fp: 3170 - fn: 1642 - precision: 0.4798 - recall: 0.6404 - f1-score: 0.5486  
tensor(22.9820, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 2012 - fp: 1136 - fn: 520 - precision: 0.6391 - recall: 0.7946 - f1-score: 0.7085  
tensor(14.8378, device='cuda:0')

2600 s

EPOCH 78 done: loss 13.4851 - lr 0.0001953  
2021-07-07 08:24:53,779 DEV : loss 22.9456729888916 - score 0.5366

KEY tp: 3112 - fp: 2830 - fn: 1732 - precision: 0.5237 - recall: 0.6424 - f1-score: 0.5770

KEY tp: 2862 - fp: 3048 - fn: 1704 - precision: 0.4843 - recall: 0.6268 - f1-score: 0.5464  
tensor(22.7037, device='cuda:0')

2500 s

EPOCH 79 done: loss 12.8402 - lr 0.0001953  
2021-07-07 08:23:52,858 DEV : loss 23.8172550201416 - score 0.5369

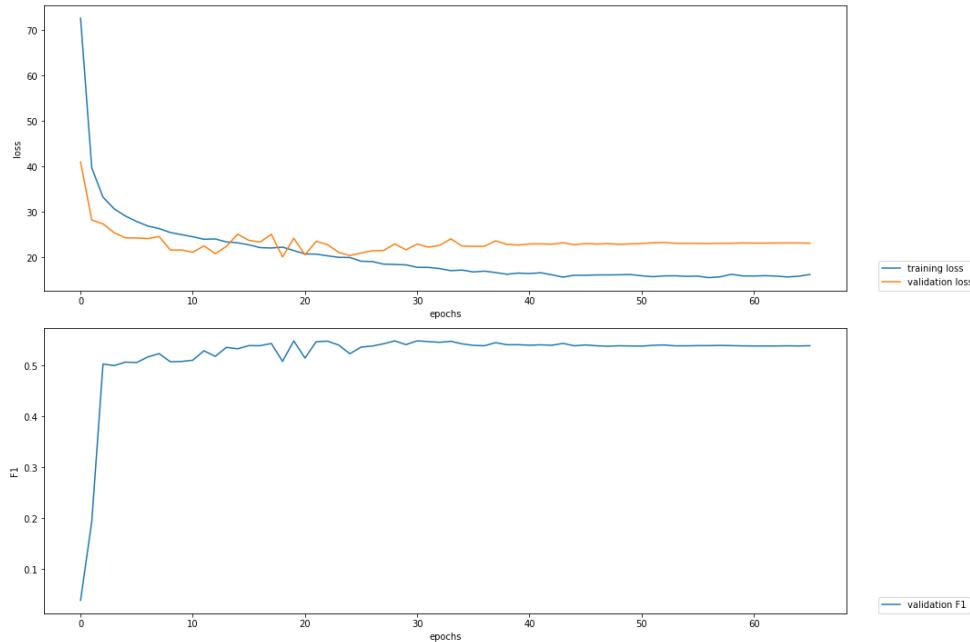
KEY tp: 3140 - fp: 2794 - fn: 1704 - precision: 0.5292 - recall: 0.6482 - f1-score: 0.5827

KEY tp: 2862 - fp: 2963 - fn: 1704 - precision: 0.4913 - recall: 0.6268 - f1-score: 0.5509  
tensor(22.3766, device='cuda:0')

2550 s  
 EPOCH 79 done: loss 12.8402 - lr 0.0001953  
 2021-07-07 08:23:52,858 DEV : loss 23.8172550201416 - score 0.5369

KEY tp: 3140 - fp: 2794 - fn: 1704 - precision: 0.5292 - recall: 0.6482 - f1-score: 0.5827

KEY tp: 2862 - fp: 2963 - fn: 1704 - precision: 0.4913 - recall: 0.6268 - f1-score: 0.5509  
 tensor(22.3766, device='cuda:0')



## INSPEC MM 100

1

2300 s

EPOCH 74 done: loss 13.1583 - lr 0.0001953  
 2021-07-07 12:33:44,167 DEV : loss 26.208282470703125 - score 0.5127

KEY tp: 3260 - fp: 3357 - fn: 1584 - precision: 0.4927 - recall: 0.6730 - f1-score: 0.5689

KEY tp: 2981 - fp: 3647 - fn: 1585 - precision: 0.4498 - recall: 0.6529 - f1-score: 0.5326  
 tensor(27.0394, device='cuda:0')

2

1600 s

EPOCH 73 done: loss 17.5300 - lr 0.0001953  
 2021-07-07 12:06:14,661 DEV : loss 26.83908462524414 - score 0.5216

KEY tp: 2972 - fp: 2944 - fn: 1872 - precision: 0.5024 - recall: 0.6135 - f1-score: 0.5524

KEY tp: 2750 - fp: 3132 - fn: 1816 - precision: 0.4675 - recall: 0.6023 - f1-score: 0.5264

tensor(26.9695, device='cuda:0')

3

2200 s

EPOCH 74 done: loss 12.5496 - lr 0.0001953

2021-07-07 12:33:01,571 DEV : loss 26.74735450744629 - score 0.5098

KEY tp: 3206 - fp: 3244 - fn: 1638 - precision: 0.4971 - recall: 0.6618 - f1-score: 0.5677

KEY tp: 2925 - fp: 3452 - fn: 1641 - precision: 0.4587 - recall: 0.6406 - f1-score: 0.5346

tensor(24.7690, device='cuda:0')

4

2400 s

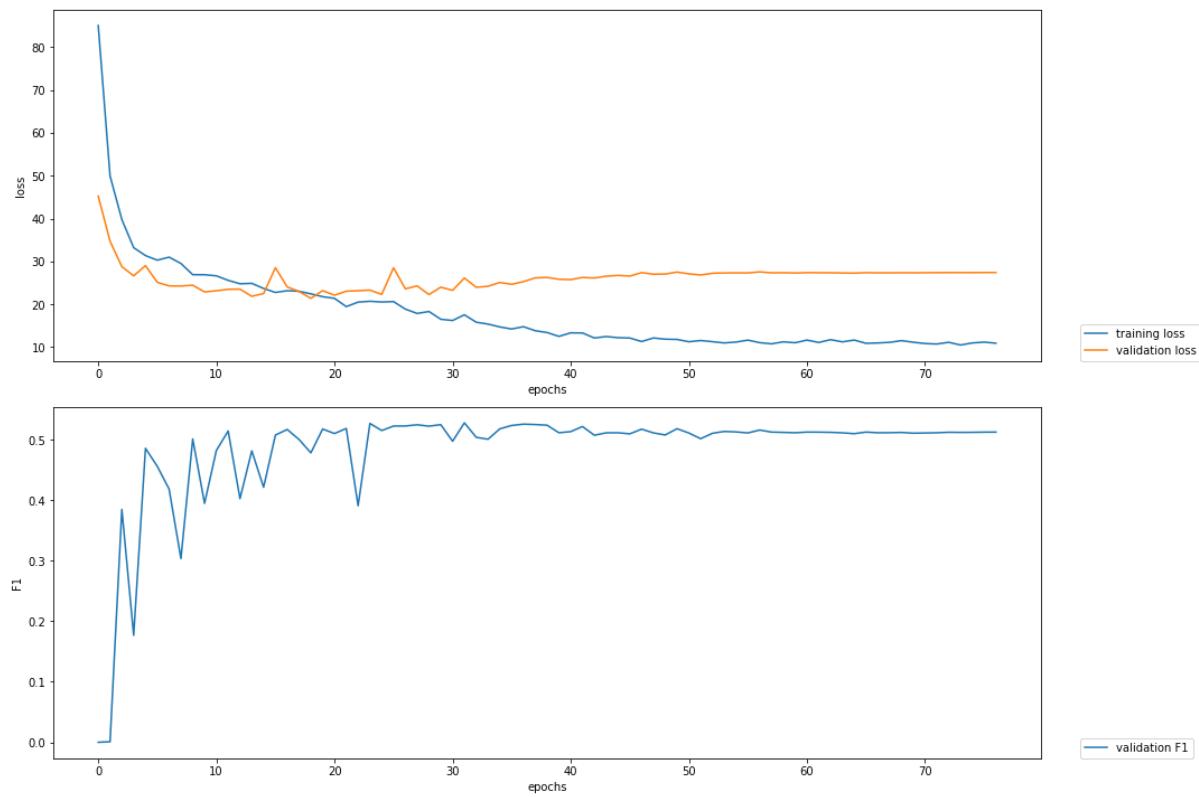
EPOCH 77 done: loss 10.9175 - lr 0.0001953

2021-07-07 12:35:55,041 DEV : loss 27.409543991088867 - score 0.5127

KEY tp: 3125 - fp: 3370 - fn: 1719 - precision: 0.4811 - recall: 0.6451 - f1-score: 0.5512

KEY tp: 2885 - fp: 3476 - fn: 1681 - precision: 0.4535 - recall: 0.6318 - f1-score: 0.5280

tensor(26.1165, device='cuda:0')



## INSPEC MM 50

1

1400 s

EPOCH 81 done: loss 11.0219 - lr 0.0001953

2021-07-06 08:35:58,192 DEV : loss 31.245080947875977 - score 0.4937

KEY tp: 3091 - fp: 3309 - fn: 1753 - precision: 0.4830 - recall: 0.6381 - f1-score: 0.5498

KEY tp: 2859 - fp: 3525 - fn: 1707 - precision: 0.4478 - recall: 0.6261 - f1-score: 0.5222  
tensor(28.8116, device='cuda:0')

2

1200 s

EPOCH 69 done: loss 18.3052 - lr 0.0001953

2021-07-05 16:38:47,609 DEV : loss 29.669492721557617 - score 0.4868

KEY tp: 2998 - fp: 3295 - fn: 1846 - precision: 0.4764 - recall: 0.6189 - f1-score: 0.5384

KEY tp: 2710 - fp: 3558 - fn: 1856 - precision: 0.4324 - recall: 0.5935 - f1-score: 0.5003  
tensor(31.1330, device='cuda:0')

3

1450 s

EPOCH 80 done: loss 11.4376 - lr 0.0001953

2021-07-05 16:42:52,478 DEV : loss 31.279273986816406 - score 0.4891

KEY tp: 3166 - fp: 3403 - fn: 1678 - precision: 0.4820 - recall: 0.6536 - f1-score: 0.5548

KEY tp: 2855 - fp: 3665 - fn: 1711 - precision: 0.4379 - recall: 0.6253 - f1-score: 0.5151  
tensor(28.8084, device='cuda:0')

4

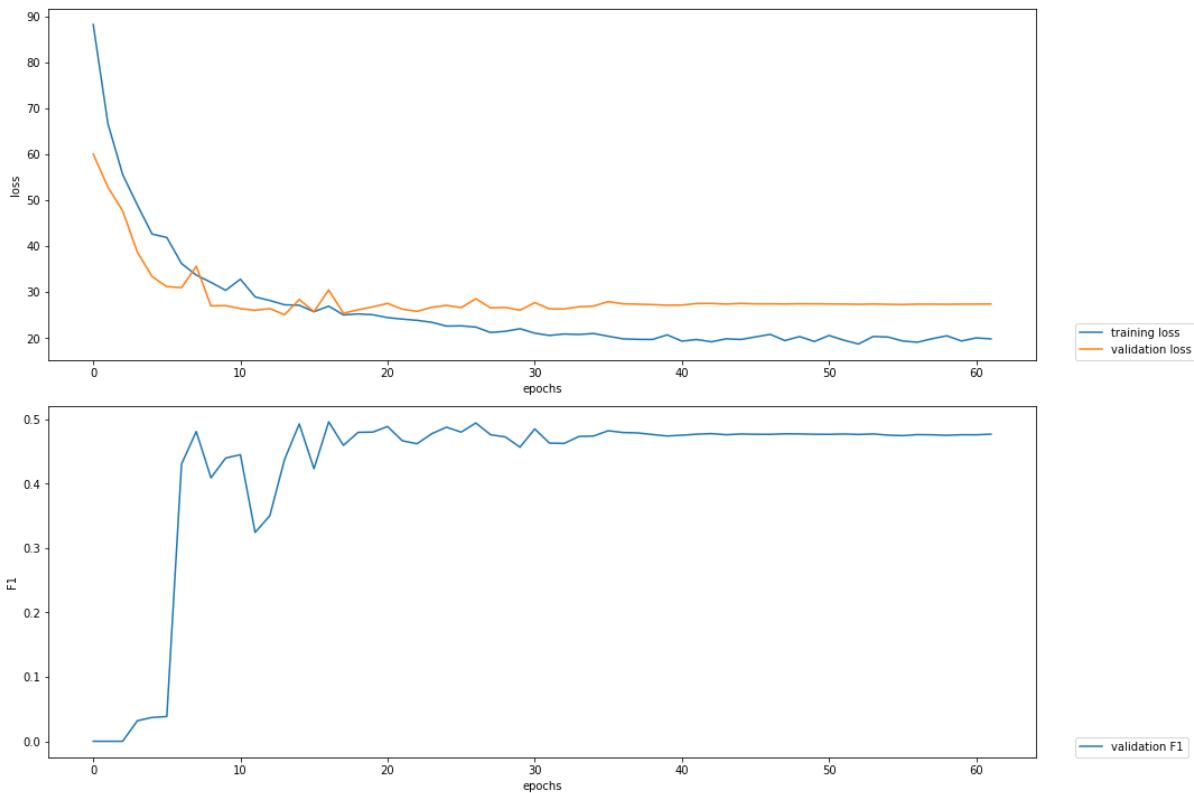
1350 s

EPOCH 78 done: loss 12.1858 - lr 0.0001953

2021-07-06 09:03:13,903 DEV : loss 30.21949005126953 - score 0.4899

KEY tp: 3216 - fp: 3857 - fn: 1628 - precision: 0.4547 - recall: 0.6639 - f1-score: 0.5397

KEY tp: 2950 - fp: 4011 - fn: 1616 - precision: 0.4238 - recall: 0.6461 - f1-score: 0.5118  
tensor(31.3720, device='cuda:0')



## INSPEC MM 25

1

1050 s

EPOCH 66 done: loss 19.7409 - lr 0.0001953

2021-07-06 08:00:30,456 DEV : loss 32.03760528564453 - score 0.4133

KEY tp: 2434 - fp: 3024 - fn: 2410 - precision: 0.4460 - recall: 0.5025 - f1-score: 0.4725

KEY tp: 2182 - fp: 3177 - fn: 2384 - precision: 0.4072 - recall: 0.4779 - f1-score: 0.4397  
tensor(31.5628, device='cuda:0')

2

1200 s

EPOCH 78 done: loss 24.3124 - lr 0.0001953

2021-07-06 08:03:25,078 DEV : loss 33.69823455810547 - score 0.4102

KEY tp: 2591 - fp: 3112 - fn: 2253 - precision: 0.4543 - recall: 0.5349 - f1-score: 0.4913

KEY tp: 2324 - fp: 3270 - fn: 2242 - precision: 0.4154 - recall: 0.5090 - f1-score: 0.4575  
tensor(33.3086, device='cuda:0')

3

2000 s

EPOCH 66 done: loss 20.7567 - lr 0.0001953

2021-07-06 08:17:30,844 DEV : loss 31.707260131835938 - score 0.4179

KEY tp: 2868 - fp: 3520 - fn: 1976 - precision: 0.4490 - recall: 0.5921 - f1-score: 0.5107

KEY tp: 2604 - fp: 3810 - fn: 1962 - precision: 0.4060 - recall: 0.5703 - f1-score: 0.4743  
tensor(34.3665, device='cuda:0')

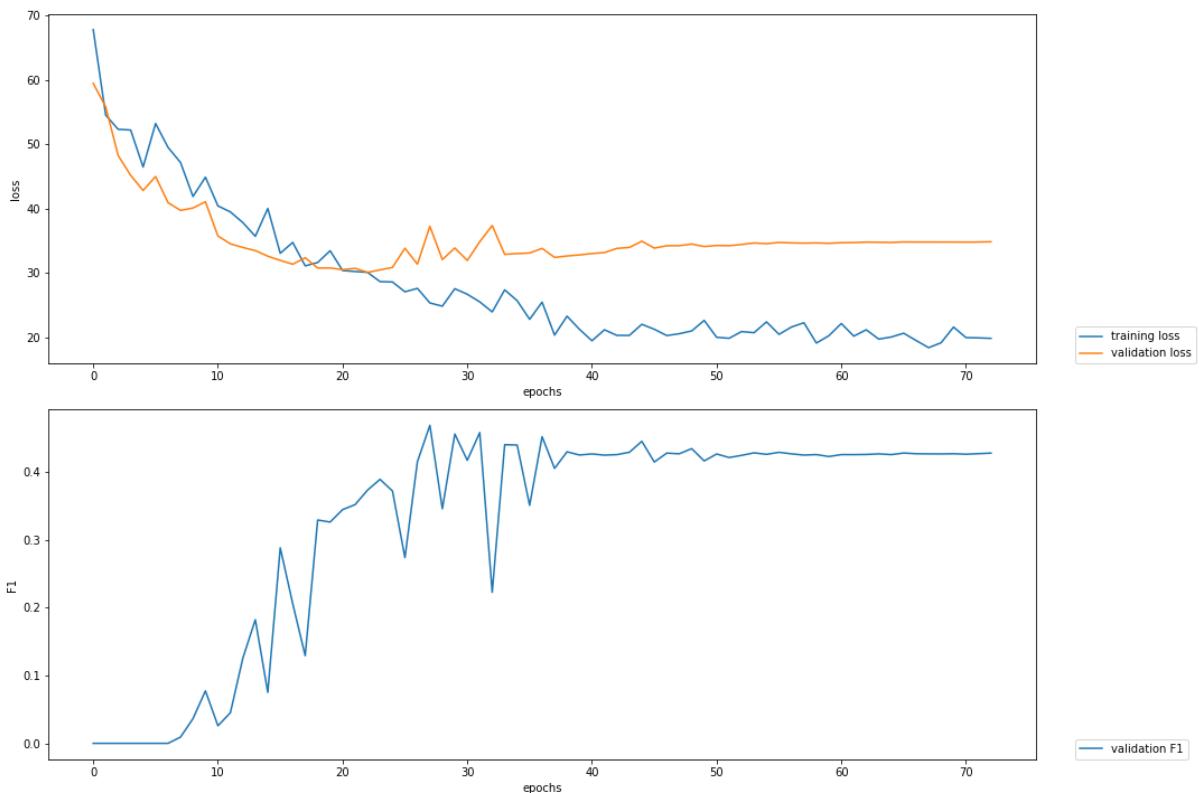
4

1150 s

EPOCH 73 done: loss 19.7957 - lr 0.0001953

2021-07-06 08:25:40,413 DEV : loss 34.81412124633789 - score 0.4274

KEY tp: 2777 - fp: 3358 - fn: 2067 - precision: 0.4526 - recall: 0.5733 - f1-score: 0.5059

KEY tp: 2493 - fp: 3588 - fn: 2073 - precision: 0.4100 - recall: 0.5460 - f1-score: 0.4683  
tensor(37.1726, device='cuda:0')

KDD

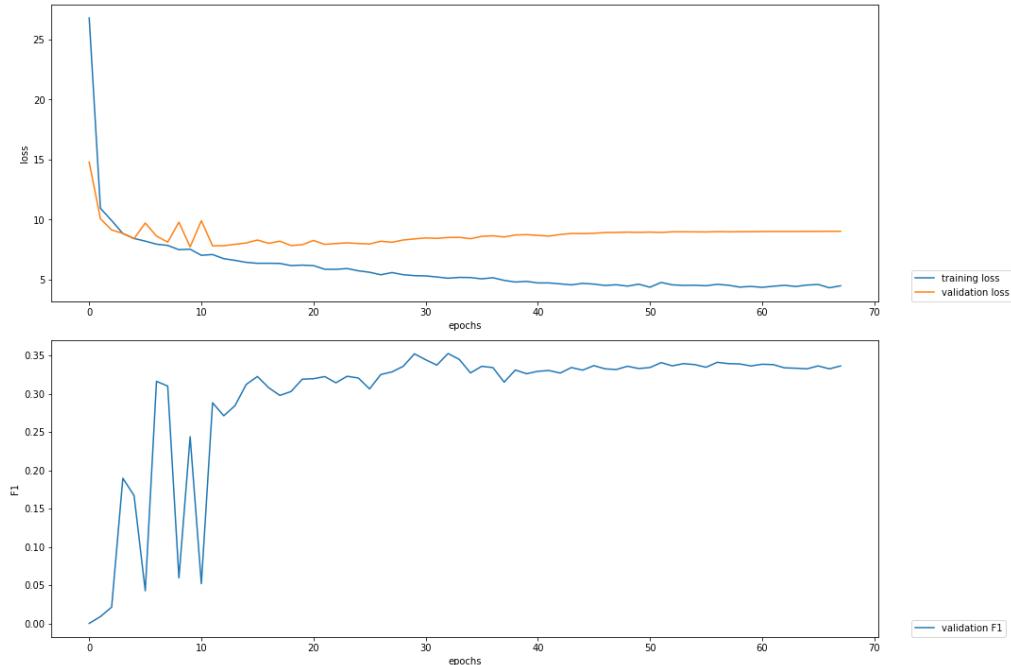
4000 s

EPOCH 68 done: loss 4.4875 - lr 0.0001953  
 2021-06-30 16:26:55,533 DEV : loss 9.023460388183594 - score 0.3363

KEY tp: 94 - fp: 160 - fn: 209 - precision: 0.3701 - recall: 0.3102 - f1-score: 0.3375

KEY tp: 144 - fp: 236 - fn: 293 - precision: 0.3789 - recall: 0.3295 - f1-score: 0.3525  
 tensor(8.6525, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 455 - fp: 286 - fn: 346 - precision: 0.6140 - recall: 0.5680 - f1-score: 0.5901  
 tensor(3.7957, device='cuda:0')

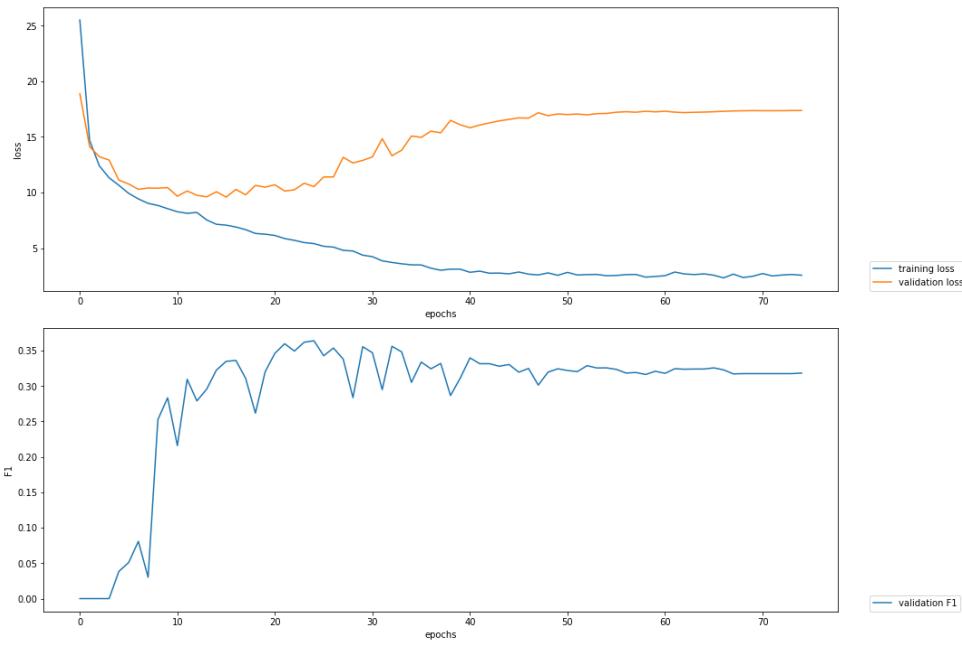


2200 s  
 EPOCH 75 done: loss 2.5680 - lr 0.0001953  
 2021-07-01 09:10:06,660 DEV : loss 17.38059425354004 - score 0.3182

KEY tp: 99 - fp: 176 - fn: 204 - precision: 0.3600 - recall: 0.3267 - f1-score: 0.3426

KEY tp: 157 - fp: 269 - fn: 280 - precision: 0.3685 - recall: 0.3593 - f1-score: 0.3638  
 tensor(10.7368, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 578 - fp: 237 - fn: 223 - precision: 0.7092 - recall: 0.7216 - f1-score: 0.7153  
 tensor(3.0485, device='cuda:0')



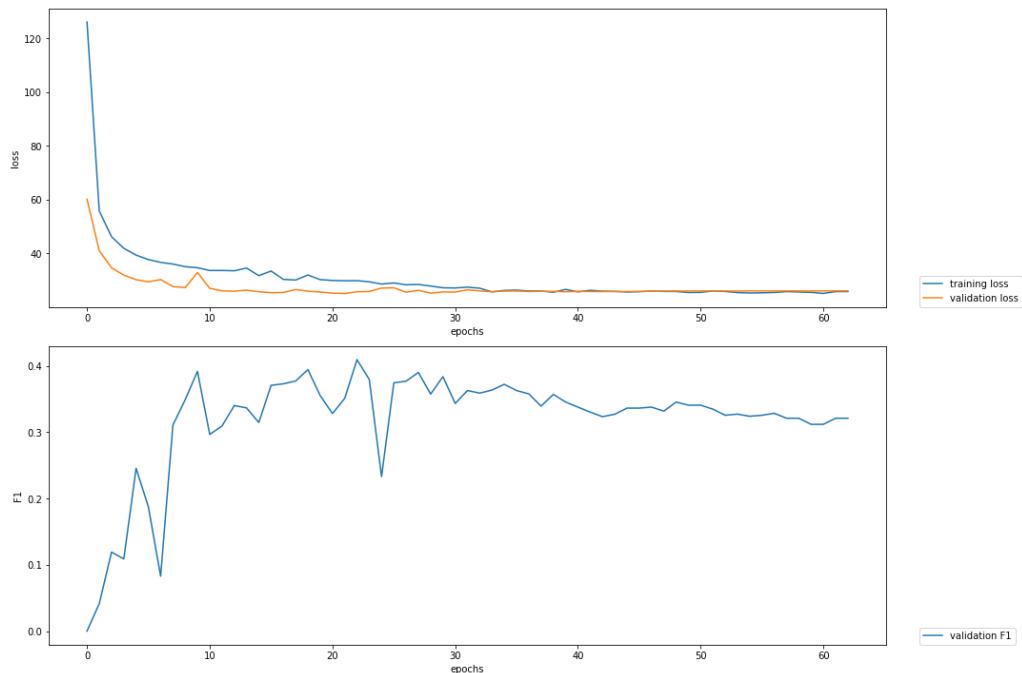
## SE2010

```
800 s
EPOCH 63 done: loss 25.8596 - lr 0.0001953
2021-06-30 15:49:31,555 DEV : loss 26.108646392822266 - score 0.3211
```

```
KEY      tp: 304 - fp: 590 - fn: 680 - precision: 0.3400 - recall: 0.3089 - f1-score: 0.3237
```

```
KEY      tp: 43 - fp: 45 - fn: 79 - precision: 0.4886 - recall: 0.3525 - f1-score: 0.4095
tensor(25.8096, device='cuda:0')
```

```
KEY      tp: 517 - fp: 573 - fn: 789 - precision: 0.4743 - recall: 0.3959 - f1-score: 0.4316
tensor(26.4052, device='cuda:0')
```



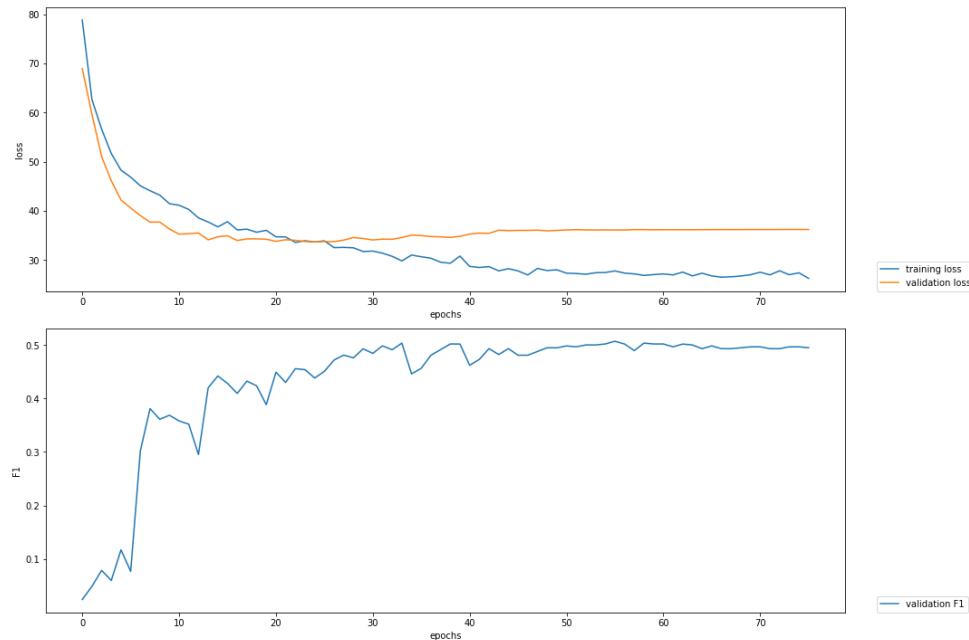
1050 s

EPOCH 76 done: loss 26.2837 - lr 0.0001953  
 2021-07-01 09:07:27,046 DEV : loss 36.22633361816406 - score 0.4947

KEY tp: 354 - fp: 844 - fn: 630 - precision: 0.2955 - recall: 0.3598 - f1-score: 0.3245

KEY tp: 73 - fp: 64 - fn: 78 - precision: 0.5328 - recall: 0.4834 - f1-score: 0.5069  
 tensor(35.2536, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 881 - fp: 550 - fn: 396 - precision: 0.6157 - recall: 0.6899 - f1-score: 0.6507  
 tensor(18.9106, device='cuda:0')



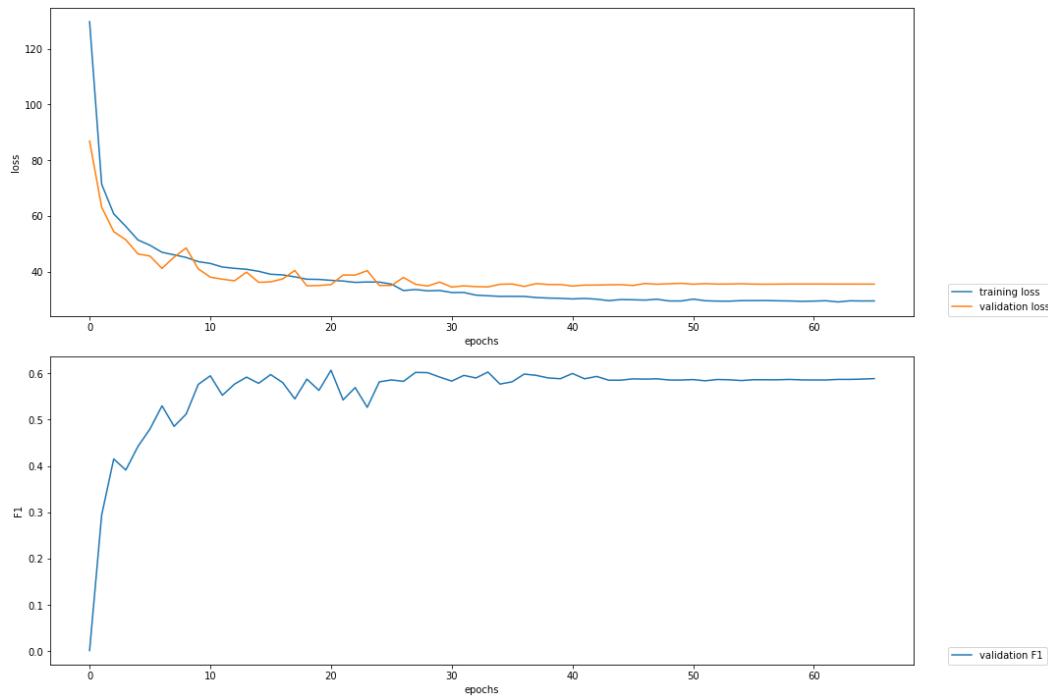
## SE2017

2000 s  
 EPOCH 66 done: loss 29.4983 - lr 0.0001953  
 2021-06-30 15:48:43,829 DEV : loss 35.53535842895508 - score 0.5885

KEY tp: 1004 - fp: 934 - fn: 748 - precision: 0.5181 - recall: 0.5731 - f1-score: 0.5442

KEY tp: 616 - fp: 438 - fn: 361 - precision: 0.5844 - recall: 0.6305 - f1-score: 0.6066  
 tensor(34.1178, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 3183 - fp: 2557 - fn: 2286 - precision: 0.5545 - recall: 0.5820 - f1-score: 0.5679  
 tensor(30.6392, device='cuda:0')



3050 s

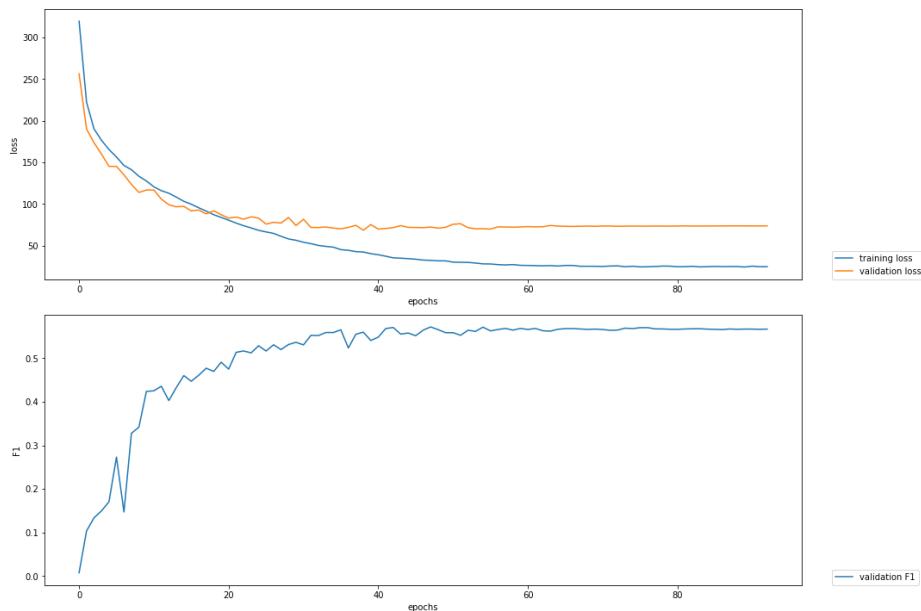
EPOCH 93 done: loss 24.9769 - lr 0.0001953

2021-07-01 09:40:36,020 DEV : loss 73.77323913574219 - score 0.5667

KEY tp: 1024 - fp: 1254 - fn: 728 - precision: 0.4495 - recall: 0.5845 - f1-score: 0.5082

KEY tp: 630 - fp: 597 - fn: 347 - precision: 0.5134 - recall: 0.6448 - f1-score: 0.5717  
tensor(70.5837, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 4541 - fp: 1413 - fn: 928 - precision: 0.7627 - recall: 0.8303 - f1-score: 0.7951  
tensor(17.2368, device='cuda:0')



WWW

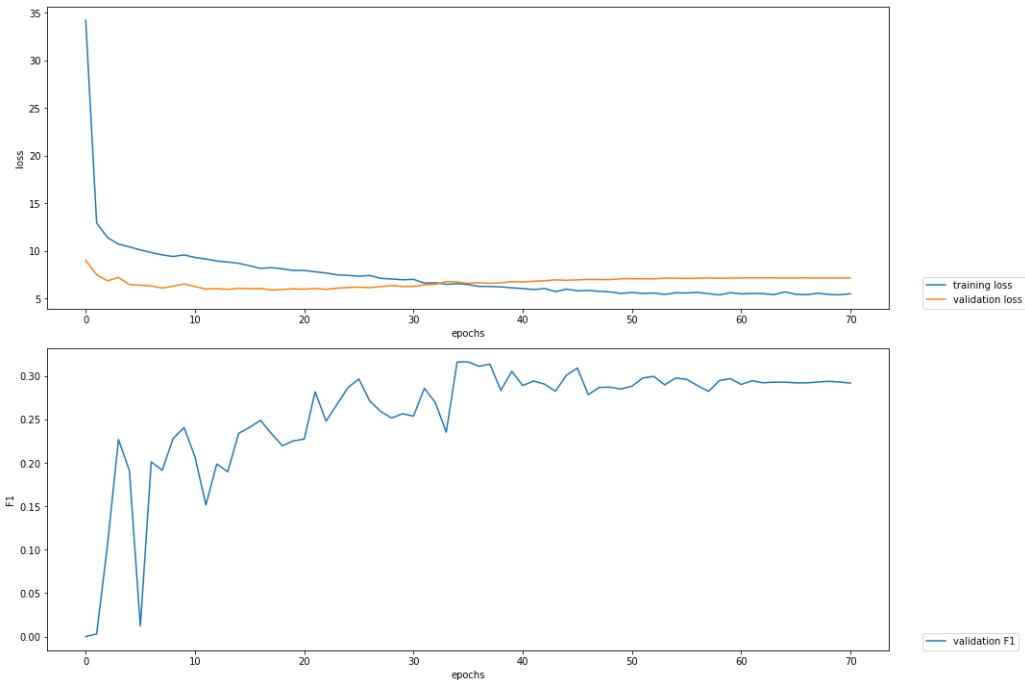
3900 s

EPOCH 71 done: loss 5.4999 - lr 0.0001953  
 2021-06-30 16:17:32,507 DEV : loss 7.164697170257568 - score 0.292

KEY tp: 171 - fp: 286 - fn: 443 - precision: 0.3742 - recall: 0.2785 - f1-score: 0.3193

KEY tp: 176 - fp: 275 - fn: 485 - precision: 0.3902 - recall: 0.2663 - f1-score: 0.3165  
 tensor(6.8917, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 1114 - fp: 457 - fn: 751 - precision: 0.7091 - recall: 0.5973 - f1-score: 0.6484  
 tensor(4.4545, device='cuda:0')

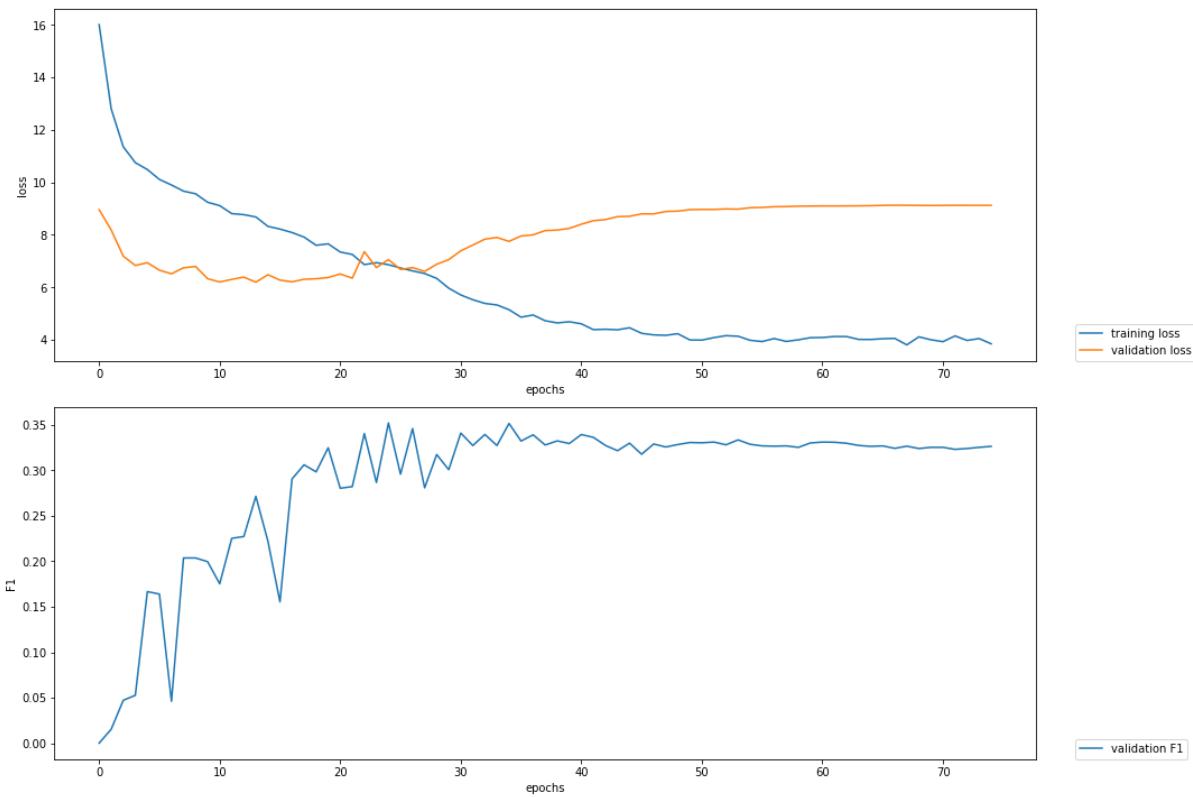


4080 s  
 EPOCH 75 done: loss 3.8476 - lr 0.0001953  
 2021-07-01 09:41:49,685 DEV : loss 9.123988151550293 - score 0.3265

KEY tp: 226 - fp: 492 - fn: 388 - precision: 0.3148 - recall: 0.3681 - f1-score: 0.3393

KEY tp: 242 - fp: 471 - fn: 419 - precision: 0.3394 - recall: 0.3661 - f1-score: 0.3523  
 tensor(7.3639, device='cuda:0')

KEY tp: 1358 - fp: 824 - fn: 507 - precision: 0.6224 - recall: 0.7282 - f1-score: 0.6711  
 tensor(4.8298, device='cuda:0')



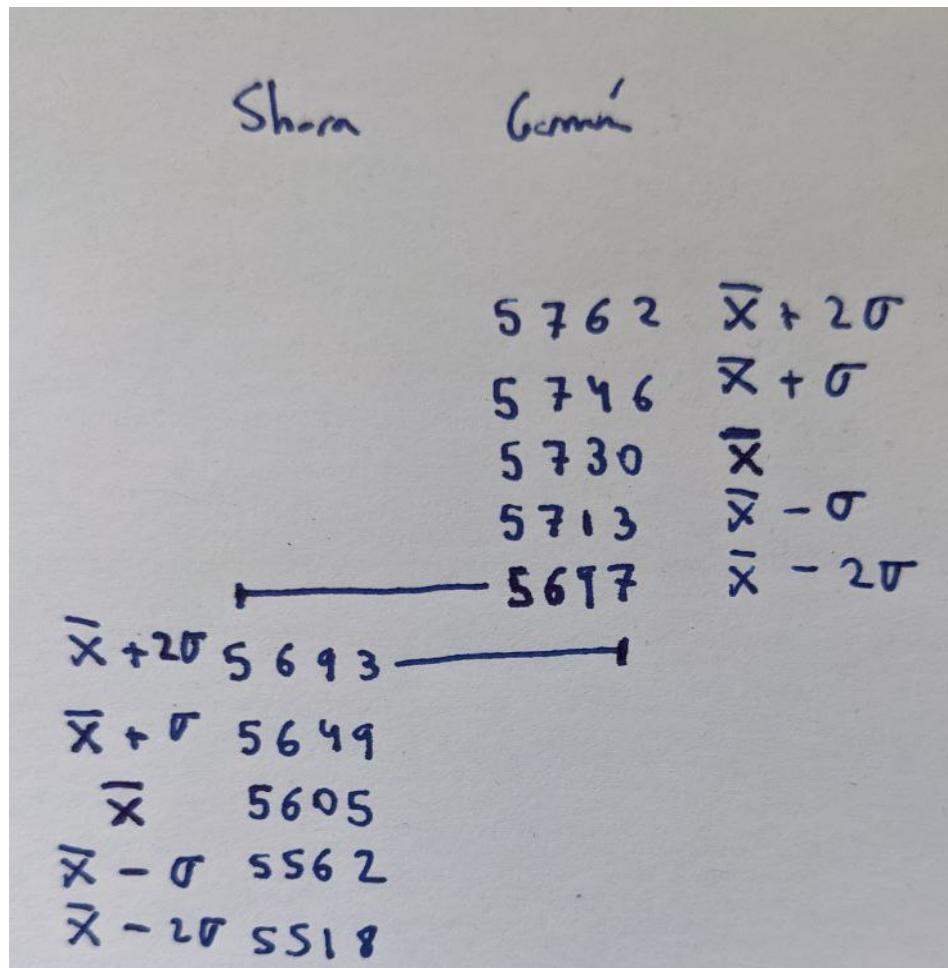
## Estudio de los resultados

Prueba_A	Prueba_B
0,5661	0,5739
0,5608	0,5748
0,5661	0,5704
0,5626	0,5747
0,559	0,5732
0,5538	0,5740
0,5591	0,5754
0,5664	0,5727
0,5599	0,5693
0,5616	0,5741
0,5555	0,5730
0,5544	0,5725
0,5588	0,5713
0,5679	0,5732
0,5568	0,5725

MEAN	0,560587	0,573
STD	0,004368	0,001611
M + S	0,564954	0,574611
M - S	0,556219	0,571389

Prueba_A	Prueba_B
	0,5739
0,5661	
0,5608	0,5748
0,5661	0,5704
0,5626	0,5747
0,559	0,5732
0,5538	0,5740
0,5591	0,5754
0,5664	0,5727
0,5599	0,5693
0,5616	0,5741
0,5555	0,5730
0,5544	0,5725
0,5588	0,5713
0,5679	0,5732
0,5568	0,5725

MEAN	0,560587	0,573
STD	0,004368	0,001611
M + 2S	0,569322	0,576222
M - 2S	0,551851	0,569778



Recursos:

## Yake en Cacic 0.196

we conclude that good keyphrases of a document should satisfy the following properties:

1. Understandable. The keyphrases are understandable to people. This indicates the extracted keyphrases should be grammatical. For example, “machine learning” is a grammatical phrase, but “machine learned” is not.
2. Relevant. The keyphrases are semantically relevant with the document theme. For example, for a document about “machine learning”, we want the keyphrases all about this theme.
3. Good coverage. The keyphrases should

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cover the whole document well. Suppose we have a document describing “Beijing” from various aspects of “location”, “atmosphere” and “culture”, the extracted keyphrases should cover all the three aspects, instead of just a partial subset of them.

As described in (Wan and Xiao, 2008b), when two annotators were asked to label keyphrases on 308 documents, the Kappa statistic for measuring interagreement among them was only 0.70.

There are three approaches to address keyphrase extraction:  
(i) traditional two-step ranking method, (ii) sequence labeling and (iii) generation using neural networks.

Word embeddings have already shown promising results in the process of keyphrase extraction from scientific articles (Wang et al., 2015, 2014). However, Wang et al. did not use domain-specific word embeddings and had suggested that training them might lead to improvements. This motivated us to experiment with do

Rui Wang, Wei Liu, and Chris McDonald. 2014. Corpus-independent generic keyphrase extraction using word embedding vectors. In Software Engineering Research Conference. volume 39.  
Rui Wang, Wei Liu, and Chris McDonald. 2015. Using word embeddings to enhance keyword identification for scientific publications. In Australasian Database Conference. Springer, pages 257–268.

INSPEC

We choose the publicly available dataset, Hulth20031, a collection

of 2,000 abstracts of Computer Science journal articles, each of approximately 100-150 words, extracted from Inspec. Each document has two human assigned keyword lists - author assigned keywords (restricted to a certain number) and reader assigned ones (freely assigning), where 78% readers' assigned ones appear in the texts, in contrast to only 25% for authors' assigned keywords. The total number of keywords assigned by readers is 19,276, and 8,945 by authors, in which only 1,207 are in common. Moreover, we find that author assigned keywords tend to be more abstractive, often describing broad fields, whereas the reader assigned ones tend to be more extractive.

Ordenados:

Temas:

### KEYWORDS

#### **2003\_improved**

supervised machine learning

adding linguistic knowledge  
to the representation (such as syntactic  
features), rather than relying only on  
statistics (such as term frequency and ngrams),  
a better result is obtained

NP-chunks gives a better precision  
than n-grams, and by adding the POS  
tag(s) assigned to the term as a feature

#### **2009\_clustering**

unsupervised method  
for keyphrase extraction

method finds exemplar terms by leveraging  
clustering techniques, which guarantees  
the document to be semantically covered  
by these exemplar terms

keyphrases are extracted from the document  
using the exemplar terms

outperforms state-of-the-art graphbased  
ranking methods (TextRank) by  
9.5% in F1-measure.

Keyphrases in articles of journals and books  
are usually assigned by authors.  
most articles on the web usually do not have  
human-assigned keyphrases. Therefore, automatic  
keyphrase extraction is an important research task.

The supervised approach (Turney, 1999) regards

keyphrase extraction as a classification task.

For the supervised keyphrase extraction approach, a document set with human-assigned keyphrases is required as training set. Human labelling is time-consuming.

The supervised methods need manually annotated training set, which may sometimes not be practical, especially in the web scenario.

A straightforward method for keyphrase extraction is to select keyphrases according to frequency criteria.

Different learning algorithm, Naive Bayes method, is applied in (Frank et al., 1999) with improved results on the same data used in (Turney, 1999). Hulth (Hulth, 2003; Hulth, 2004) adds more linguistic knowledge, such as syntactic features, to enrich term representation, which significantly improves the performance.

Starting with TextRank (Mihalcea and Tarau, 2004), graph-based ranking methods are becoming the most widely used unsupervised approach for keyphrase extraction.

We should also note that, although the precision and recall of most current keyphrase extractors are still much lower compared to other NLP tasks, it does not indicate the performance is poor because even different annotators may assign different keyphrases to the same document.

## **2010\_HUMB**

Analysis of the structure of the article.

2. Selection of candidate terms.
3. Calculation of features.
4. Application of a ML model for evaluating each candidate term independently.
5. Final re-ranking for capturing relationships between the term candidates.

Utiliza varios modelos de ML (Decision tree, Multi-Layer perceptron, Support Vector Machine)

---

Key terms (or keyphrases or keywords) are metadata providing general information about the content of a document. Their selection by authors or readers is, to a large extent, subjective which makes automatic extraction difficult.

### **2013\_TopicRank**

graph-based ranking model is applied to assign a significance score to each topic. Keyphrases are then generated by selecting a candidate from each of the top ranked topics.

This new method is an improvement of the TextRank method applied to keyphrase extraction (Mihalcea and Tarau, 2004). In the TextRank method, a document is represented by a graph where words are vertices and edges represent co-occurrence relations. A graph-based ranking model derived from PageRank (Brin and Page, 1998) is then used to assign a significance score to each word.

ranking topics instead of words is a more straightforward way to identify the set of keyphrases that covers the main topics of a document.

---

Although scientific articles usually provide them, most of the documents have no associated keyphrases. Therefore, the problem of automatically assigning keyphrases to documents is an active field of research.

Supervised methods recast keyphrase extraction as a binary classification task (Witten et al., 1999),

While supervised approaches have generally proven to be more successful,

the need for training data and the bias towards the domain on which they are trained remain two critical issues

whereas unsupervised methods apply different kinds of techniques such as language modeling (Tomokiyo and Hurst, 2003), clustering (Liu et al., 2009) or graph-based ranking (Mihalcea and Tarau, 2004).

## **2015\_SGRank**

Híbrido estadístico - gráfico. Se realizan n-grams, se puntúan según una versión de tf-idf, los mejores candidatos se analizan según otras heurísticas estadísticas (posición de la primera ocurrencia, longitud del término) se le aplica un algoritmo basado en grafo que devuelve el rank. \*Valores Pre y Rec aprox

hybrid statistical-graphical algorithm that capitalizes on the heuristics of both families of algorithms

1) Construct a keyphrase extraction algorithm based on optimal statistical features and 2) Combine it with a graph-based algorithm for further improvements. The advantage of graph-based methods is that they take into account term co-occurrence patterns that are not generally utilized by statistical methods which take a bag of n-grams approach to document representation.

Two major families of unsupervised keyphrase extraction algorithms may be characterized as statistical and graph-based

keyphrase extraction can be used to facilitate the automatic construction of concept maps (Leake et al., 2003)conceptMap or ontologies (Fortuna et al., 2006)ontologias

Keyphrase extraction is also used in content-based recommender systems which help users in discovering information relevant to their previously expressed interests (Lops et al., 2011).

There are two prominent families of unsupervised keyphrase extraction algorithms. The older of these two is clustered around the tf-idf term weighting metric where word statistics such as frequency of occurrence in the document or rareness in the corpus are used to distinguish potential keyphrases. The more recently developed of the two families has been built on the

foundation of the TextRank algorithm (Mihalcea & Tarau, 2004). In algorithms of this family a graphical representation of the text is constructed with words as nodes and edges reflecting cooccurrence relations. This graph is then used to run node ranking algorithms such as PageRank (Page et al., 1999) that assign weights to the node-words reflecting their semantic importance to the text.

term frequency-inverse document frequency (tf-idf) term weighting function (Salton et al, 1975). Given a corpus of documents the tf-idf weight of term t in document d is mathematically expressed as  $tf\text{-}idf(t,d) = tf(t,d) * idf(t)$  where  $tf(t,d)$  is the frequency of term t in document d and  $idf(t) = \log(N/df(t))$  where N is the total number of documents in the corpus and  $df(t)$  is the number of documents in the corpus that contain term t (Jones, 1972). The term frequency heuristic is based on the intuition that terms which occur more often in a document are more likely to be important to its meaning. The idf function captures the rareness heuristic, that is, words which occur in many documents in the corpus are unlikely to be important to the meaning of any specific one.

## **2016\_keyphrase**

addressing keyphrase extraction as a *sequential labeling* task

Uso de una capa CRF. Método de sequence modeling.No pone el uso de 10 keyphrases

Several applications in data mining and NLP involve predicting an output sequence of labels  $y = \langle y_1 \dots y_N \rangle$  given an input sequence of tokens:  $t = \langle t_1 \dots t_N \rangle$  where each input position  $i : 1 \dots N$  is modeled by vectors of features  $\langle x_1 \dots x_N \rangle$  (Sarawagi, 2005). For example, given a text sequence (of words), Named-Entity Recognition (NER) involves predicting labels for each word from the set {person, organization, location, other} using various dictionary, linguistic, and surface-pattern features at each position.

Taggers involving complex, interdependent features are often trained using discriminative learning algorithms such as **Conditional Random Fields (or CRFs)**. CRFs comprise state-of-the-art models for several sequence tagging tasks and hence we use them for learning a keyphrase tagger (Sutton and McCallum, 2012).

Mas info en el paper

## **2017\_MIKE**

Multidimensional information to improve the keyphrase extraction performance

Modelo gráfico. Resuelve el problema a modo de problema de optimización..

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The supervised approaches generally treat the keyphrase extraction as a binary classification task, in which a learning model is trained on the features of labelled keyphrases to determine whether a candidate phrase is a keyphrase.

Current state-of-the-art supervised models include Naïve Bayes [8, 9, 13], Decision Trees [34, 37], Maximum Entropy [45], Random Forest [1], Multi-layer Perceptron [28], Support Vector Machines (SVM) [28], Conditional Random Fields [15], Integer Linear Program [7, 10], Deep Recurrent Neural Networks [46] etc.

In contrast, unsupervised approaches directly treat keyphrase extraction as a ranking problem, scoring each candidate using different kinds of techniques such as language modelling [36], clustering [27] or graph-based ranking [12, 14, 26, 31, 35, 38]. In particular, the graph-based algorithms are widely used in the unsupervised scenario. These approaches first build a word graph (as illustrated in Fig. 1(2)) in which each node denotes a candidate word and each edge/link represents a relevant relation (e.g., co-occurrence relation) between candidates within a document. Subsequently, various centrality measures [6] or random walk techniques (e.g., Page-Rank [32]) are used on the word graph to rank candidate words.

## **2018\_bidirectional**

or non-NLP tasks such as social network analysis [23] or user modeling [24]. Au-

## tomatic Keyphrase Extraction

Since no algorithm stands out as the

\best" ML algorithm, often authors test many techniques in a single experiment, and then they choose as best ML algorithm the best performing one [2,9] and/or even the least computationally expensive one [19].

a supervised approach, was the best performing algorithm in the SEMVAL 2010 Keyphrase Extraction Task [16].

In the last years, most attention is devoted to the features used in these supervised algorithms. The numbers of features used can range from just two [32] to more than 20 [9]. These features can be divided in categories identified with different kinds of knowledge they encode into the model:

- { statistical knowledge: number of appearances of the KP in the document, TF-IDF, number of sentences containing the KP, etc.;

- { positional knowledge: position of the first occurrence of the KP in the document, position of the last occurrence, appearance in the title, appearance in specific sections (abstract, conclusions), etc.;

- { linguistic knowledge: part-of-speech tags of the KP [14], anaphoras pointing to the KP [2], etc.;

- external knowledge: presence of the KP as a page on Wikipedia [6] or in specialized domain ontologies [19], etc.

In recent years, Deep Learning techniques have shown impressive results in many Natural Language Processing tasks, e.g., Named Entity Recognition, Automatic Summarization, Question Answering, and so on [18,27,25,29]. In Named Entity Recognition, for example, researchers have proposed several Neural Net-

## work Architectures

In [33], the

authors present an approach based on Recurrent Neural Networks, specifically designed for a particular domain, i.e., Twitter data.

### Bidirectional Long Short-Term

Memory RNN (hence Bi-LSTM), which is able to exploit previous and future context of a given word. Our system, since it does not require specific features carefully optimized for a specific domain, can be applied to a wide range of scenarios.

As in the techniques used for Named Entity Recognition, the three neurons are mapped to three possible output classes: NO KP, BEGIN KP, INSIDE KP, which respectively mark tokens that are not keyphrases, the first token of a keyphrase, and the other tokens of a keyphrase.

For example, if our input sentence is "We train a neural network using Keras", and the keyphrases in that sentence are "neural network" and "Keras", the tokens' classes will be We/NO KP train/NO KP a/NO KP neural/BEGIN KP network/INSIDE KP using/NO KP Keras/BEGIN KP".

The input layer of our model is a vector representation of the individual words contained in input document. Several recent studies [5,22] showed that such representations, called word embeddings, are able to represent the semantics of words better than an "one hot" encoding word representation, when trained on large corpus. **However, the datasets for AKE are relatively small, therefore it is difficult to train word embeddings to capture the word semantics. Hence,**

**we adopt Stanford's GloVe Embeddings, which are trained on 6 billion words extracted from Wikipedia and Web texts [26].**

### **2018\_Key2Vec**

Utiliza embeddings específicos del dominio para mejorar los resultados. Utiliza un método basado en grafos parecido a textrank.

### **2019\_Bi-LSTM-CRF**

keyphrase extraction problem as sequence labeling and propose a model that jointly exploits the complementary strengths of Conditional Random Fields that capture label dependencies through a transition parameter matrix consisting of the transition probabilities from one label to the neighboring label, and Bidirectional Long Short Term Memory networks that capture hidden semantics in text through the long distance dependencies.

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More recently, Gollapalli et al. [13] formulated keyphrase extraction as sequence labeling and showed that using linear-chain Conditional Random Fields can improve the performance over baseline models for this task. However, the approach in [13] does not explicitly take into account the long-term dependencies and semantic relationships hidden in text.

focus on keyphrase extraction, i.e., extracting only words that are present in text, and not keyphrase generation, which outputs words that may or may not be present in text

Sequence labeling models for keyphrase extraction have shown promising results in recent studies [4, 13, 44]. For example, Gollapalli et al. [13] trained Conditional Random Fields (CRFs) to extract keyphrases from scholarly documents, using features such as tf-idf

and POS tags to predict a label for each token position in a document **as being a keyphrase token (KP) or not (Non-KP)**. This CRF model is able to capture the dependencies in previous and future tags in the label sequence, however, the semantic dependencies in the input sequence, i.e., the text, are not incorporated.

## INFO SOBRE Bi-LSTM

### **2019\_Keyphrase**

Dhruva Sahrawat

### **2019\_Unsupervised**

BERT + BiLSTM-CRF + document-level attention (extrae la información más relevante de cada oración)

### **2020\_DAKE**

Utiliza BERT y BiLSTM-CRF. Bien explicado cada capa y fase

### **2020\_Keyphrase**

There are three main approaches: (i) traditional twostep ranking method, (ii) sequence labeling method and (iii) generation-based neural network method. A straightforward

way of keyphrase extraction is to decompose this task into two steps: candidate phrases generation and candidate phrases scoring (Witten et al. 2005; Medelyan, Frank, A weighted ranking algorithm is proposed. weighted ranking algorithm ranking algorithm

Figure 1: The overlap phenomenon in keyphrases.

and Witten 2009). In the first step, models generate a list of candidate phrases using the N-grams or phrases with certain part-of-speech patterns. In the second step, candidate phrases are scored by its probability of being a keyphrase in the given document. These two-stage ranking-based methods treat candidate phrases individually, which makes it almost impossible to capture the contextual information of candidates and interactions between different phrases. Further, existing two-stage methods (Witten et al. 2005; Medelyan, Frank, and Witten 2009) are based on feature engineering, which is labor intensive and domain dependent. Another intuitive approach is to regard keyphrase extraction as a sequence labeling task (Zhang et al. 2016). However, sequence labeling approach can hardly tackle keyphrase with overlapping words. As shown in Figure 1, “weighted ranking algorithm” and “ranking algorithm” are both keyphrases that provide semantic information of different granularity. Unfortunately, sequence labeling methods are not able to extract both of them at the same time. With the development

of deep learning, especially sequence-to-sequence methods, generation-based methods (Meng et al. 2017; Chen et al. 2018) have attracted much attention. Admittedly, generation-based approach is capable of dealing with the overlap keyphrases without much labor-intensive feature engineering, but such an approach has two shortcomings. Firstly, generation method can not utilize context information effectively and capture the interaction of phrases. Secondly, generation method produces tokens of keyphrases continuously which suffers the problem of not utilizing phrases-level information. In other words, tokens in a phrase can only make sense when they appear as a whole sequence. Therefore, a desirable solution should be able to capture the information within word sequences and take advantage of this span-based information when predicting the keyphrases.

The proposed SKE model first extracts candidate phrases using the certain part-of-speech patterns (Le, Nguyen, and Shimazu 2016) and records the beginning and ending positions of each candidate phrase as spans. After that, Bert (Devlin et al. 2019) or recurrent neural network based on word vectors is used to represent the high-level concept of phrases. We call the high-level representation span-based representation. Afterward, bidirectional recurrent neural network (i.e., LSTM and GRU) is used to capture the interaction of spanbased

representation to get higher-level phrase representation.

After getting the phrase representation, we are able to use them to classify the candidate phrase.

## BUEN RELATED WORK

### **2020\_WEKE**

the supervised methods treat the keyphrase extraction as a binary classification task, in which a classifier is trained on the features of labeled keyphrases to determine whether a candidate phrase is a keyphrase [5].

In unsupervised methods, on the other hand, various measures, such as tf-idf (term frequency-inverse document frequency), graph-based ranking scores (e.g., degree centrality and PageRank score), are used to score individual candidate words that are later summed up to obtain total scores for phrases [3,4,8,11,21,22].

The PageRank-based models (i.e., random-walk models) are widely used in the unsupervised scenario and considered as the current state of the arts. These models first build a word graph in which each node denotes a candidate word and each edge represents a co-occurrence relation between words within a document. Random walk techniques are subsequently used on the word graph to rank words. Since TextRank [11] firstly computed ranking scores of candidate words using PageRank algorithm [13] on the word graph, many TextRank-based extensions

have been proposed, aiming at integrating various types of information into modified PageRank models to improve the performance of keyphrase extraction. For example, TopicalPageRank (TPR) [8], CiteTextRank [4] and PositionRank [3] integrate topical information, citation context and position information into the PageRank-based framework, respectively.

Although remarkable efforts have been made on PageRank-based framework for keyphrase extraction, these traditional models cannot utilize the local context information of the word graph, which can be considered as the local collocation pattern between words at the semantic level or as the semantic similarity between words. The reason for this is that the PageRank-based ranking model is a way to decide the importance of a node within a given graph, by taking into account global structural information recursively computed from the entire graph, rather than relying only on local structural information [11].

## **2020\_YAKE**

the difficulties of defining relevance and the language diversity itself (e.g., texts of different languages, sizes, and domains) are among the most important challenges. Other issues involve the problem posed by absent keywords, 3 the exact match restriction, 4 and the high number of candidate keywords that can be generated from a single text. 5

In an era of vast but often unlabeled collections, this can be a great advantage over other approaches in cases where access to a training corpus is either limited or restricted.

BUEN RESUMEN UNSUPER Y SUPER

## **Keyword extraction: Issues and methods**

ph.

## Textual keyword extraction and summarization: State-of-the-art

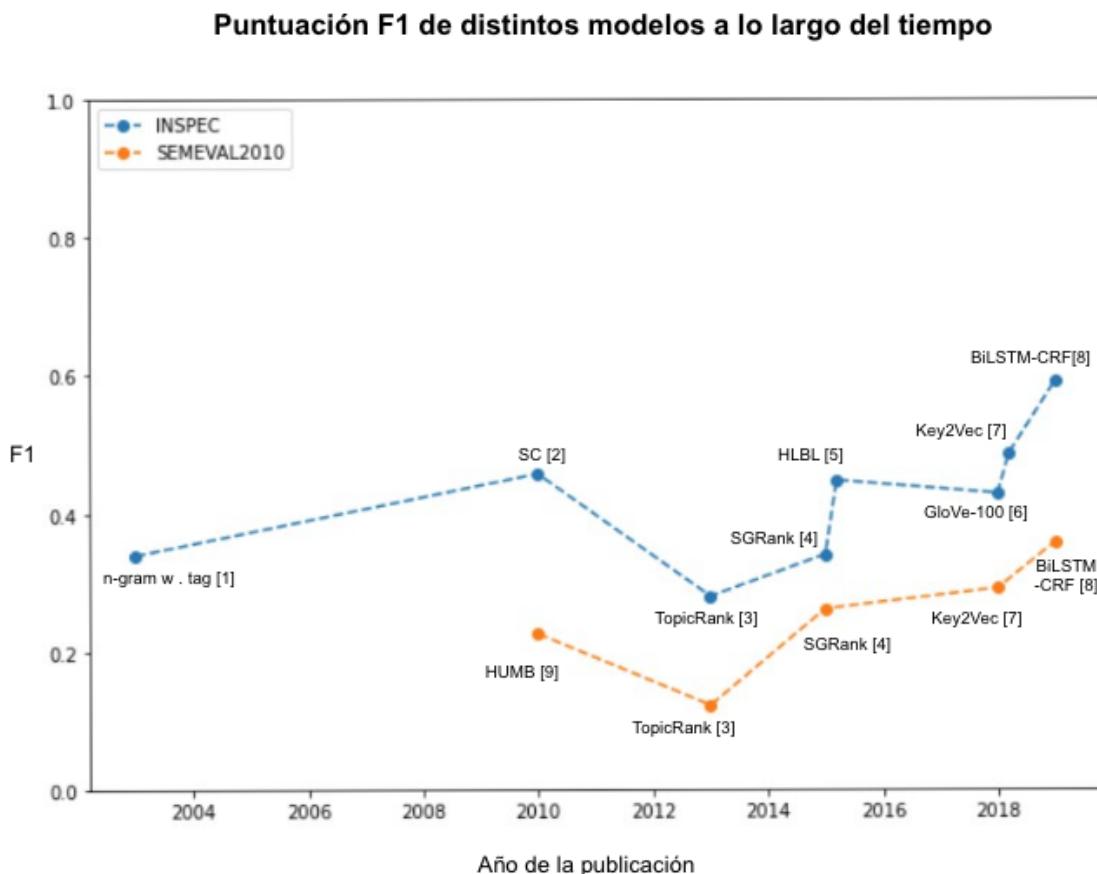
### BUENA EXPLICACIÓN DE LAS MÉTRICAS

**BERT** (*Bidirectional Encoder Representations from Transformers*) o **Representación de Codificador Bidireccional de Transformadores** es una técnica basada en [redes neuronales](#) para el pre-entrenamiento del [procesamiento del lenguaje natural](#) (PLN) desarrollada por [Google](#).<sup>1</sup> BERT fue creado y publicado en 2018 por Jacob Devlin y sus colegas de Google.<sup>2</sup> Google está aprovechando BERT para comprender mejor las búsquedas de los usuarios.<sup>3</sup>

El modelo BERT original se creó usando dos [corpus](#) de lengua inglesa: BookCorpus y [Wikipedia en inglés](#).

BERT (Bidirectional Encoder Representations from Transformers): este modelo de representación de lenguaje creado por Google AI Language fue diseñado para pre-entrenar representaciones bidireccionales de texto no etiquetado teniendo en cuenta el contexto en ambas direcciones [27]. Los modelos de lenguaje desarrollados hasta el momento tenían la limitación de ser unidireccionales, lo cual empeora las capacidades para llevar a cabo tareas de PLN, en las que es crucial incorporar el contexto en ambas direcciones. Para ello, BERT emplea un modelo de lenguaje enmascarado. Este tipo de modelos realiza un enmascarado en determinados tokens<sup>1</sup> de entrada de manera aleatoria, con el objetivo de predecir la identificación del vocabulario original de la palabra enmascarada basándose únicamente en su contexto. La estructura

## Recursos antiguos



[5] *Using word embeddings to enhance keyword identification for scientific publications* - Wang R, Liu W, McDonald C (2015)

Procesamiento del lenguaje natural.

El Procesamiento del Lenguaje Natural (a partir de ahora NLP, de sus siglas en inglés, Natural Language Processing) es una rama de la informática, más en concreto de la inteligencia artificial que tiene como objetivo dar la capacidad a los ordenadores de analizar y comprender tanto el habla como los textos escritos necesarios para la interacción humano-máquina usando el lenguaje natural. El NLP combina conceptos de distintas áreas del conocimiento como son la informática, la lingüística, la psicología, las matemáticas o la ciencia cognitiva.

La lingüística es el estudio científico del lenguaje, incluyendo su gramática, semántica y fonética. La lingüística clásica consiste en idear y evaluar reglas del lenguaje. Estas reglas y estructuras pueden ser modeladas de manera matemática, campo denominado como la lingüística matemática que se centra en el uso de formalismos matemáticos discretos y la teoría para el lenguaje natural. De esta forma nace la lingüística computacional, que utiliza las herramientas que proporciona la informática para el estudio de una manera más eficiente y con el objetivo de que las máquinas sean capaces de comprender el lenguaje humano.

La tendencia con el NLP es la combinación de lingüística computacional (modelado basado en reglas del lenguaje humano) con modelos estadísticos, de aprendizaje automático o aprendizaje profundo.

Sus inicios se remontan a los años 50, donde con la proposición de Alan Turing del test de Turing se trató de abordar el problema del procesamiento del lenguaje natural, durante estos años, el objetivo fue la creación de gramáticas que un ordenador fuese capaz de entender y traducir nuestro lenguaje a estas nuevas gramáticas. No obstante pese a los intentos del National Research Council de estados unidos, con la creación de ALPAC investigando en la problemática, no se consiguió ningún progreso, haciendo el proceso de traducción de una máquina más costoso que por humanos, y no consiguiendo que un ordenador mantuviese una conversación básica. No fue hasta varios años más tarde, a finales de los años 80, que gracias al aumento de la potencia computacional y los orígenes del aprendizaje automático, se retomó esta disciplina. Más en concreto con el uso de redes neuronales, que en 2001, el equipo de Yoshio Bengio, propuso el primer modelo de lenguaje neuronal usando una red neuronal feed-forward (tipo de arquitectura de una red neuronal que tiene el flujo de datos de manera unidireccional sin hacer ciclos). A partir de este momento, con la gran investigación e inversión que se está dando al estudio de las redes neuronales, los resultados del NLP van mejorando de manera simultánea con los avances y las creaciones de estos nuevos modelos hasta la actualidad, donde tanto el NLP como las redes neuronales prometen tener un gran futuro.

## Aplicaciones del NLP

Reconocimiento del habla

Etiquetado gramatical

Desambiguación lingüística

Análisis de sentimiento

Traducción automática

Recuperación de la información

Extracción de la información (Hilar con extracción de términos)

Extracción de términos: