



## **Software Engineering project 2023/2024**

### **Ca' Foscari University of Venice**



### **Installation Guide**

**AgileMasters**



### Document Informations

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Team leader	Alberto Tomasin		<a href="mailto:892614@stud.unive.it">892614@stud.unive.it</a>
Team members	André Ramolivaz Simone Dinato Mirco De Zorzi		<a href="mailto:891923@stud.unive.it">891923@stud.unive.it</a> <a href="mailto:892539@stud.unive.it">892539@stud.unive.it</a> <a href="mailto:891275@stud.unive.it">891275@stud.unive.it</a>

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# 1. Introduction

FinancialFlow is an innovative trading application designed to cater to a diverse audience, ranging from amateur traders to experienced investors. At its core, FinancialFlow offers a dynamic and interactive trading experience, backed by real-time market data and a suite of analytical tools. The app's frontend is developed using Flutter, a versatile framework known for its native performance and seamless cross-platform functionality. On the backend, Django serves as the robust, high-level Python web framework, ensuring secure, fast, and scalable performance. This combination promises a seamless and responsive user experience, with the reliability and efficiency required in the fast-paced world of trading.

## 1.1. Structure

This guide is crafted to assist you, the user, in downloading, installing, and initially configuring FinancialFlow on your device. Aimed primarily at facilitating developers and first-time users, this document will provide:

- Step-by-step instructions on installing FinancialFlow.
- Guidance for initial setup and configuration.
- Essential information for getting started with the app.



## 2. Running using Docker Compose

### 2.1. Prerequisites

To run FinanceFlow using Docker Compose, you need to have Docker and Docker compose installed and working in your machine. You can install them [here](#).

### 2.2. Installation

#### 2.2.1. Clone the repository

Clone the repository into your local machine using the following command:

```
Unset  
git clone https://github.com/3Lance/CT0090
```

#### 2.2.2. Navigate into the directory

By using

```
Unset  
cd path/to/the/cloned/repo
```

you can navigate to the cloned repository.

Then, use your favourite text editor to open it and view source code.

#### 2.2.3. Configuring environment variables

Open the **docker.env** file located in the project's root directory to customise the environment variables to your specific requirements.

#### 2.2.4. Start the containers

Build and start the Docker containers using the following command:

```
Unset  
docker-compose up --build
```

This command is responsible for pulling necessary images, building all the services and starting all the containers.

#### 2.2.5. Access to the backend

Once the container are up and running, you can access the backend by the exposed urls:

- **Backend:** <http://localhost:80000>
- **Websocket:** <ws://localhost:8001>



### 2.2.6. Default admin credentials

Use the following credentials to access the admin panel:

- **U**sr: admin@smolstock.com
- **P**w: smolstock

### 2.2.7. Troubleshooting

- Open the **entrypoint.sh** file using your favourite text editor
- Change the line ending sequence to LF (Line Feed). You can usually do this by configuring your text editor to save the file with LF line endings.
- Save changes to the **entrypoint.sh** file.
- Rebuild containers using the **docker-compose up --build** command.
- Grant execute permission to the entrypoint.sh file using the following command:

Unset

```
sudo chmod +x entrypoint.sh
```



## 3. Running using a local server

### 3.1. Prerequisites

In order for the app to run using a local server, you need to have some tools installed and working:

- **PostgreSQL:** you can download the latest version of PostgreSQL [here](#). To run the app you need to have PostgreSQL version 15 or later.
- **Redis:** make sure you have Redis installed and working in your local machine, if not you can install it [here](#)
- **Python:** the backend is entirely written using [python](#) 3.11, but a recent version works fine.

### 3.2. Installation

#### 3.2.1. Clone the repository

Clone the repository in your local machine using the following command or equivalent:

```
Unset  
git clone https://github.com/3Lance/CT0090
```

#### 3.2.2. Navigate into the directory

By using

```
Unset  
cd path/to/the/cloned/repo
```

you can navigate to the cloned repository.

Then you can open it using your favourite text editor. We suggest using [Visual Studio Code](#) to edit the backend code and Android Studio for the frontend.

#### 3.2.3. Create and activate a virtual environment

```
Unset  
pip install virtualenv  
virtualenv venv  
venv/scripts/activate # on Windows  
source venv/bin/activate # on Unix / Mac
```



### 3.2.4. Install dependencies

In the folder you will find a **requirements.txt** text file, it contains all the python packages used in the project:

Unset

```
pip install -r requirements.txt
```

### 3.2.5. Configure the environment variables

The app needs a **.env** file containing your configurations. Navigate in the **smolstock** folder, create the file and add the following variables:

Unset

```
SECRET_KEY=
```

```
DEBUG=
```

```
DATABASE_NAME=
```

```
DATABASE_USER=
```

```
DATABASE_PASSWORD=
```

```
DATABASE_HOST=
```

```
TWILIO_ACCOUNT_SID=
```

```
TWILIO_AUTH_TOKEN=
```

```
TWILIO_DEFAULT_CALLERID=
```

```
EMAIL_HOST_USER=
```

```
EMAIL_HOST_PASSWORD=
```

```
CYPTOCOMPARE_API_KEY=
```

### 3.2.6. Create the database

Create a PostgreSQL database and connect to it using the credentials specified inside the **.env** file. Once connected, in a terminal with the environment activated, by running the following command you will create the necessary tables:

Unset

```
python manage.py migrate
```





#### 3.2.6.1. Populate coins

In a terminal with the environment activated, and the valid **CRYPTOCOMPARE\_API\_KEY**, you will populate the database with the coins.

Unset

```
python manage.py add_coins_to_db
```

#### 3.2.7. Create a superuser

In a terminal with the environment activated, by executing the following command you will create a superuser:

Unset

```
python manage.py createsuperuser
```

Follow the steps to create a superuser. Alternatively, you can add a superuser using the command:

Unset

```
python manage.py add_superuser --email <email> --password <password>
```

#### 3.2.8. Run the backend server

In a terminal with the environment activated, run the following command:

Unset

```
python manage.py runserver
```

Access the endpoints in your browser by connecting to <http://localhost:8000> and the admin console at <http://localhost:8000/admin>

Use the superuser credentials to access.

#### 3.2.9. Run websocket server

In a separate terminal window with the environment activated, launch the websockets with the command:

Unset

```
python websockets.py
```



You can then connect to the websockets from the shell using the following command:

Unset

```
python -m websockets ws://localhost:8001/
```

### 3.2.10. Run Redis

To run Redis, you simply need to open a terminal and run the following command:

Unset

```
redis-server
```

### 3.2.11. Run celery worker

In a separate terminal window, with the environment activated, run the following command:

Unset

```
celery -A smolstock worker --pool=solo -l info
```

### 3.2.12. Run celery beat

In a separate terminal window, with the environment activated, run the following command:

Unset

```
celery -A smolstock beat -l info
```



## 4. Run the frontend

### 4.1. Prerequisites

To run the app you need to have some tools installed:

- **Flutter:** the app has been written using Flutter version 3.16.7, but a newer version works fine, Flutter sdk can be found [here](#).
- **Dart:** the app uses dart 3.2.4, but a newer version works fine. In case you don't have dart, the most recent version can be downloaded [here](#).
- **Android Studio:** It's the IDE of choice to develop android applications, it can be found at the following [link](#).

### 4.2. Install libraries

Inside Android Studio, open **pubspec.yaml** file in the root directory of the project and download the dependencies.

Alternatively you can do it by running the following command:

```
Unset  
flutter pub get
```

### 4.3. Configure emulator

Open the emulator manager in Android Studio, and create a device.

To develop the app we used a Pixel 7 pro with Android 14.0

Start the device and wait for it to boot up.

### 4.4. Run the app

By running the **main.dart** file the app will build directly in the emulated device.