

Operators

1.Arithmetic operators

```
In [2]: a = 15  
b = 5
```

```
In [3]: print(a + b) #Addition  
print(a - b) #subtraction  
print(a * b) #multiplication  
print(a / b) # float division  
print( a // b) #int division  
print( a % b) #modulus
```

```
20  
10  
75  
3.0  
3  
0
```

Assignment operator

```
In [4]: x =2  
x
```

```
Out[4]: 2
```

```
In [5]: x = x+2 #x is incremented by 2  
x
```

```
Out[5]: 4
```

```
In [7]: x += 2  
x
```

```
Out[7]: 8
```

```
In [8]: x -= 2  
x
```

```
Out[8]: 6
```

```
In [9]: x *= 2  
x
```

```
Out[9]: 12
```

```
In [11]: x /= 2
x
```

Out[11]: 3.0

```
In [16]: x //= 2
x
```

Out[16]: 0.0

```
In [17]: a,b = 5,6
print(a)
print(b)
```

5
6

```
In [18]: a = 5
b = 6
print(a)
print(b)
```

5
6

3.Unary operator

```
In [20]: n = 7
n
```

Out[20]: 7

```
In [21]: m = -(n) #negation
m
```

Out[21]: -7

```
In [22]: n
```

Out[22]: 7

```
In [23]: -n
```

Out[23]: -7

4.Relational operator

```
In [24]: # relational operators are used to compare values
a = 5
b = 6
```

```
In [25]: a < b
```

```
Out[25]: True
```

```
In [26]: a > b
```

```
Out[26]: False
```

```
In [27]: a == b
```

```
Out[27]: False
```

```
In [28]: a != b
```

```
Out[28]: True
```

```
In [29]: b = 5  
a = 5  
a == b
```

```
Out[29]: True
```

```
In [30]: a > b
```

```
Out[30]: False
```

```
In [32]: b >= a
```

```
Out[32]: True
```

```
In [33]: a < b
```

```
Out[33]: False
```

```
In [34]: a <= b
```

```
Out[34]: True
```

```
In [35]: b = 7  
a != b
```

```
Out[35]: True
```

5.Logical operator

```
In [36]: a = 5  
b = 4
```

```
In [37]: a < 8 and b < 5
```

Out[37]: True

```
In [38]: a < 8 and b < 2
```

Out[38]: False

```
In [39]: a < 8 or b < 2
```

Out[39]: True

```
In [40]: a > 8 or b < 2
```

Out[40]: False

```
In [41]: x = False
x
```

Out[41]: False

```
In [42]: not x
```

Out[42]: True

```
In [43]: x = not x
x
```

Out[43]: True

```
In [44]: x
```

Out[44]: True

```
In [45]: not x
```

Out[45]: False

6.Bitwise operator

```
In [92]: # complement (its a 2's complement of a number i.e 1's complement + 1
~12
```

Out[92]: -13

```
In [93]: ~45
```

Out[93]: -46

```
In [94]: ~56
```

Out[94]: -57

In [95]: `~-11`

Out[95]: 10

In [96]: *#bitwise and,or operator*
`12 & 13`

Out[96]: 12

In [97]: `12 | 13`

Out[97]: 13

In [100... `print(1 & 0)`
`print(1 | 0)`

0
1

In [102... *#XOR*
`print(1 ^ 1)`
`print(1 ^ 0)`
`print(0 ^ 1)`
`print(0 ^ 0)`

0
1
1
0

In [103... `12 ^ 13`

Out[103... 1

In [104... `print(bin(25))`
`print(bin(35))`

0b11001
0b100011

In [105... `25 ^ 35`

Out[105... 58

In [106... `bin(58)`

Out[106... '0b111010'

In [107... *#Left shift : shift the bits to the left*
(u get extra bits i.e gaining zeros at the right)
`bin(10)`

Out[107... '0b1010'

```
In [108... 10 << 1
```

```
Out[108... 20
```

```
In [110... 10 << 2
```

```
Out[110... 40
```

```
In [111... 10 << 3
```

```
Out[111... 80
```

```
In [112... 20 << 4
```

```
Out[112... 320
```

```
In [ ]: #Right shift : shifting the bits to the right  
# we are going to loss the bits
```

```
In [113... bin(10)
```

```
Out[113... '0b1010'
```

```
In [115... 10 >> 1
```

```
Out[115... 5
```

```
In [116... 10 >> 2
```

```
Out[116... 2
```

```
In [117... 10 >> 3
```

```
Out[117... 1
```

```
In [118... bin(20)
```

```
Out[118... '0b10100'
```

```
In [119... 20 >> 2
```

```
Out[119... 5
```

Number System

```
In [46]: 25
```

```
Out[46]: 25
```

```
In [47]: bin(25) #binary number system
```

```
Out[47]: '0b11001'
```

```
In [50]: int(0b11001) #decimal system
```

```
Out[50]: 25
```

```
In [51]: bin(30)
```

```
Out[51]: '0b11110'
```

```
In [53]: int(0b110011)
```

```
Out[53]: 51
```

```
In [54]: oct(25) #octal system
```

```
Out[54]: '0o31'
```

```
In [55]: int(0o31)
```

```
Out[55]: 25
```

```
In [56]: oct(32)
```

```
Out[56]: '0o40'
```

```
In [57]: int(0o40)
```

```
Out[57]: 32
```

```
In [58]: bin(7)
```

```
Out[58]: '0b111'
```

```
In [59]: oct(7)
```

```
Out[59]: '0o7'
```

```
In [60]: hex(25) #hexadecimal system
```

```
Out[60]: '0x19'
```

```
In [61]: int(0x19)
```

```
Out[61]: 25
```

```
In [67]: hex(15)
```

```
Out[67]: '0xf'
```

```
In [68]: 0xa
```

```
Out[68]: 10
```

```
In [69]: 0xf
```

```
Out[69]: 15
```

```
In [70]: hex(10)
```

```
Out[70]: '0xa'
```

```
In [71]: hex(256)
```

```
Out[71]: '0x100'
```

```
In [74]: print(bin(25))
         print(int(25))
         print(oct(25))
         print(hex(25))
```

```
0b11001
```

```
25
```

```
0o31
```

```
0x19
```

swapping two numbers

```
In [75]: a = 5
         b = 6
```

```
In [76]: a = b
         b = a
         print(a)
         print(b)
```

```
6
```

```
6
```

```
In [77]: # in above case we lost the value of a
         a = 7
         b = 8
```

```
In [78]: # number swapping with the help of 3rd variable
         temp = a
         a = b
         b = temp
```

```
In [79]: print(a)
         print(b)
```


8
7

```
In [80]: #number swapping without 3rd variable  
a = 6  
b = 3  
a = a+b  
b = a-b  
a = a-b
```

```
In [81]: print(a)  
print(b)
```

3
6

```
In [87]: #swapping using XOR  
a = 5  
b = 6
```

```
In [88]: a = a ^ b #using XOR we can save memory  
b = a ^ b  
a = a ^ b
```

```
In [89]: print(a)  
print(b)
```

6
5

```
In [91]: #swapping using rot_two()  
# it swaps the two top most stack items using rotational concept  
a = 8  
b = 5  
a , b = b , a  
print(a)  
print(b)
```

5
8

Range()

```
In [121... r = range(0,10)  
r
```

```
Out[121... range(0, 10)
```

```
In [122... type(r)
```

```
Out[122... range
```

```
In [123... list(range(10,20))
```

Out[123...] [10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19]

```
In [124...] r1 = list(r)
r1
```

Out[124...] [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]

```
In [125...] even_num = list(range(2,10,2))
even_num
```

Out[125...] [2, 4, 6, 8]

Math Module

```
In [126...] x = sqrt(16)
```

```
-----
NameError                                Traceback (most recent call last)
Cell In[126], line 1
----> 1 x = sqrt(16)

NameError: name 'sqrt' is not defined
```

```
In [127...] import math
x = math.sqrt(16)
x
```

Out[127...] 4.0

```
In [128...] print(math.sqrt(25))
```

5.0

```
In [131...] print(math.floor(3.6)) #floor returns least integer value
```

3

```
In [132...] print(math.ceil(3.6)) #returns maximum integer value
```

4

```
In [133...] print(math.pow(3,2))
```

9.0

```
In [134...] print(math.pi)
```

3.141592653589793

```
In [135...] print(math.e)
```

2.718281828459045

```
In [136...] import math as m
m.sqrt(10)
```

Out[136...] 3.1622776601683795

```
In [137...] from math import sqrt,pow  
pow(2,3)
```

Out[137...] 8.0

```
In [141...] #to import all functions in math moudule  
from math import *  
print(sqrt(16))  
print(pow(7,2))
```

4.0

49.0

input()

```
In [142...] x = input()  
y = input()  
z = x + y  
print(z)
```

4 4

```
In [144...] x = input('enter 1st number')  
y = input('enter 2nd number')  
z = x + y  
print(z)
```

44

```
In [145...] type(x)
```

Out[145...] str

```
In [146...] type(y)
```

Out[146...] str

```
In [147...] x = int(input('Enter the 1st number'))  
y = int(input('Enter the 2nd number'))  
z = x + y  
print(z)
```

8

```
In [150...] ch = input('enter a char')  
print(ch)
```

python

```
In [151...] print(ch[0])
```

p

In [152... `print(ch[1])`

y

In [153... `ch = input('enter a char')[0]`
`print(ch)`

p

In [154... `ch = input('enter a string')[1:4]`
`print(ch)`

yth

In [155... `s = input('enter a string')`
`print(s)`

2 + 3 - 5

In [158... *# Eval function*
`res = eval(input('enter an expression'))`
`print(res)`

1.0