

# USER MANUAL

## LIBRARY : Toolkit\_WorkPackage

This python library contains wrapper functions to the Sir3S\_Toolkit.dll

This package provides 2 different classes, SIR3S\_Model() and SIR3S\_View() to access functions within dll. SIR3S\_Model() deals with all the functions directly dealing with general operation performed on a model(including creating new model). On the other side SIR3S\_View() offers wrapped function to deal with visual representation on the model open. This can be used to add visual elements and modify their properties and it is recommended and advised to use this class in the context of SIRGraf(with the help of python console), for clear visualization.

In this document we will understand each function provided by both classes and their usage techniques and limitations. Although source code exposes enough information about the functions available in the class, it will be in everyone's interest to read and understand the user manual for better usage.

### A. Class: SIR3S\_Model

#### 1. StartTransaction(SessionName:str)

**Summary:** If Modifications on a Model are intended, it is recommended to make a Call of StartTransaction(), then do all the Modifications you need. And then call EndTransaction() as soon as you are finished with Modifications. This helps the Software to keep Track of Modifications, so the User can Undo/Redo them on the main UI (SirGraf)

**Input Parameters:**

SessionName(string) - give a meaningful name to start a transaction; Empty string or None will lead to error

**Output Parameters:**

None

#### 2. EndTransaction()

**Summary:** If Modifications on a Model are intended, it is recommended to make a Call of StartTransaction(), then do all the Modifications you need. Ant then call EndTransaction() as soon as you are finished with Modifications. This helps the Software to keep Track of Modifications, so the User can Undo/Redo them on the main UI (SirGraf)

**Input Parameters:**

None

**Output Parameters:**

None

**3. StartEditSession(SessionName:str)**

**Summary:** Recommended for fast bulk Changes (e.g. Changing the Values of 40 thousand Nodes in a single Task). Similar to StartTransaction(), EndEditSession() should be called after the Caller is done with all his bulk Changes.

**Input Parameters:**

SessionName(string) - give a meaningful name to start a transaction; Empty string or None will lead to error

**Output Parameters:**

None

**4. EndEditSession()**

**Summary:** Closes an already started EditSession. Should always be called after a Call of StartEditSession() and all the Modifications applied.

**Input Parameters:**

None

**Output Parameters:**

None

**5. GetCurrentTimeStamp()**

**Summary:** This is a wrapper method to access the get method for the property CurrentTimestamp from toolkit

**Input Parameters:**

None

**Output Parameters:**

None

## 6. **SetCurrentTimeStamp(timestamp:str)**

**Summary:** This is a wrapper method to access the set method for the property CurrentTimeStamp from toolkit

### **Input parameters:**

TimeStamp(string) - Time stamp value to be set

### **Output parameters:**

None

## 7. **GetValue(Tk:str, propertyName:str)**

**Summary:** Reads the Value of the Property of an Element and also return the Type name [string/float/double/int/bool] of that Property

### **Input Parameters:**

Tk – Tk of the element

propertyName - The Name of the Property

### **Output Parameters:**

value – returns the expected value

## 8. **SetValue (Tk:str, propertyName:str, value:str)**

**Summary:** Sets the Value of the Property of an Element

### **Input Parameters:**

Tk – Tk of the element

propertyName - The Name of the Property

value – value to be set

### **Output Parameters:**

None

## 9. **OpenModelXml (Path:str, SaveCurrentModel:bool)**

**Summary:** Opens a SIR 3S Modell from a XML File. Eventually currently open Model will be closed before

**Input Parameters:**

Path – The full Path to the XML File

SaveCurrentModel - If TRUE, an eventually currently open Model will be saved before closing

**Output Parameters:**

None

**10. OpenModel(dbName: str, providerType: Interfaces.SirDBProviderType, Mid: str, saveCurrentlyOpenModel: bool, namedInstance: str, userID: str, password: str)**

**Summary:** General Method for opening Model in XML File, Access DB, ORACLE DB, SQLServer DB, and SQLite DB

**Input Parameters:**

dbName – For ACCESS, XML and SQLITE the Full Path to the Database File,  
For SQLServer, the Database Name (eg. 'ModelDB').

For Oracle the Instance Name or Alias (eg. 'localhost/XE', 'ProdDB')

providerType - Provider Type (Enumeration)

should be one of the following:

'SirDBProviderType.XMLFILE' for XML File,

'SirDBProviderType.ACCESS' for ACCESS-Database,

'SirDBProviderType.ORACLE' for ORACLE-Database,

'SirDBProviderType.SQLite' for SQLite-Database,

'SirDBProviderType.SQLSERVER' for SQL Server-Database,

In Case of SQLEXPRESS, we favourite mounting SQLEXPRESS Data Files into a SQLEXPRESS

Database Instance and handle it similar as regular SQL Server Database.

Mid – Model Identifier

saveCurrentlyOpenModel - If TRUE, an eventually currently open Model will be saved before closing

namedInstance - Named Instance, only required for SQLServer.

userID - User Id for Authentication, only needed for ORACLE and for SQLServer only if SQLServer Authentication is required.

Password - Password for Authentication, only needed for ORACLE and for SQLServer only if SQLServer Authentication is required.

For SQLServer, just input an empty String if Server accepts trusted Connection

**Output Parameters:**

None

**11. ExecCalculation(waitForSirCalcToExit: bool)**

**Summary:** Executes Model Calculation with SirCalc.

**Input Parameters:**

waitForSirCalcToExit – If this Parameter is set to True, the Program Flow would wait until the Sircal-Process exits before continuing

**Output Parameters:**

None

**12. GetTimeStamps ()**

**Summary:** Gets an Array with all available Timestamps as ISO formatted Strings

**Input Parameters:**

None

**Output Parameters:**

timestamps - Array with all available Timestamps as ISO formatted Strings

tsStat - Timestamp for stationary Results

tsMin - Timestamp for minimum Results

tsMax - Timestamp for maximum Results

**13. GetTksofElementType (ElementType: Interfaces.Sir3SObjectTypes)**

**Summary:** Retrieves a List with all TK (if ElementType has any, otherwise PK)

**Input Parameters:**

ElementType - The Type of Element in the Repository

**Output Parameters:**

Tk\_list - list of all Tk's belonging to the elements of type 'ElementType'

#### **14. GetNetworkType ()**

**Summary:** Gets the Network Type of the current Model

**Input Parameters:**

None

**Output Parameters:**

Networktype - Network type defined in the enum is returned

#### **15. IsMainContainer(fkCont: str)**

**Summary:** Tests if the provided Key (TK) is the Key of the main Container of the Model

**Input Parameters:**

fkCont - the provided Key

**Output Parameters:**

isMainContainer - boolean value is returned

#### **16. GetMainContainer ()**

**Summary:** Finds the Main Container of the Model and returns its Key (TK)

**Input Parameters:**

None

**Output Parameters:**

Tk(type: boolean) - Tk of the main container is returned

objType(type: Enum Interfaces.Sir3SObjectTypes) - Object type is returned

#### **17. GetElementInfo(Tk: str)**

**Summary:** Gets a short ToolTip Text for a SIR 3S Element

**Input Parameters:**

Tk – Key of the element

**Output Parameters:**

None

#### **18. GetNumberOfElements(ElementType:Interfaces.Sir3SObjectTypes)**

**Summary:** Get the Number of Elements in the Repository of a provided Type

**Input Parameters:**

ElementType– Type of the element

**Output Parameters:**

NumberOfElements(type: integer) - Total number of elements of type 'ElementType'

#### **19. GetPropertiesofElementType(ElementType: Interfaces.Sir3SObjectTypes)**

**Summary:** Retrieve a List of all Property names defined on a SIR 3S Object Type

**Input Parameters:**

ElementType– Type of the element

**Output Parameters:**

Property\_list(type: list) - list of all properties belonging to the element of type 'ElementType'

#### **20. GetObjectTypeof\_Key(Key: str)**

**Summary:** Retrieves the Object Type of any random key.

Example: On a Node, we have fkFstf ="5455551997615855".

So what is the type of that fk?

It has to be "Sir3SObjectTypes.FluidThermalPropertyGroup"

**Input Parameters:**

Key – Key of the element

**Output Parameters:**

objecttype(type: Enum Interfaces.Sir3SObjectTypes) - Returns the type of object the input Key belongs to

#### **21. DeleteElement(Tk: str)**

**Summary:** Deletes the Element identified by its Key (tk/pk).

Privileges for deleting are checked.

**Input Parameters:**

Tk – Key of the element

**Output Parameters:**

None

**22. InsertElement(ElementType: Interfaces.Sir3SObjectTypes)**

**Summary:** Inserts a new Object/Element of a certain Type and returns its Key (PK or TK )

**Input Parameters:**

ElementType– Type of the element

**Output Parameters:**

Tk(type: string) - Tk of the element inserted

**23. NewModel(dbName: str, providerType: Interfaces.SirDBProviderType, netType:Interfaces.NetworkType, modelDescription: str, namedInstance: str, userID: str, password: str)**

**Summary:** Creates a new Model of specified Network Type, opens it and returns the Model Identifier (eg. 'M-1-0-1') of the new Model.

**Input Parameters:**

dbName(type: string) - Full Path to the Database File

providerType(type: Enum Interfaces.SirDBProviderType) - Provider type from the enum

netType(type: Interfaces.NetworkType) - Network type

modelDescription(type: string) - Description of the model to be created

namedInstance(type: string) - Instance Name of the SQL Server

userID(type: string) - User Id for Authentication, only needed for ORACLE and for SQLServer only if SQLServer Authentication is required

password(type: string) - Password for Authentication, only needed for ORACLE and for SQLServer only if SQLServer Authentication is required

**Output Parameters:**

Tk(type: string) - Tk of the element inserted



#### **24. ConnectConnectingElementWithNodes(Tk:str, keyOfNodel:str, keyOfNodeK: str)**

**Summary:** Totally connects a Link (Link with 2 Connectors or Pipe) with 2 Nodes. Privileges for editing technical Data are checked. The Link and both the I- and K-Side Node must reside within the same Container (View/fkCont)

##### **Input Parameters:**

Tk(type: String) - Tk of the connecting object

keyOfNodel(type: string) - Tk of node I(one of the element that needs to be connected)

keyOfNodeK(type: string) - Tk of node K(other element that needs to be connected)

##### **Output Parameters:**

None

#### **25. ConnectBypassElementWithNode(Tk: str, keyOfNodel: str)**

**Summary:** Connects a Bypass-Element with a Node. Privileges for editing technical Data are checked. The Bypass and the Node must reside within the same Container (View/fkCont)

##### **Input Parameters:**

Tk(type: String) - The Key (TK) of the Bypass-Element

keyOfNodel(type: string) - Tk of node I(one of the element that needs to be connected)

##### **Output Parameters:**

None

#### **26. SaveChanges()**

**Summary:** Saves all Changes done on the Model back into Database (or XML File)

##### **Input Parameters:**

None

##### **Output Parameters:**

None

## 27. AddTableRow(tablePkTk: str)

**Summary:** Inserts a new Table Row into the Rows Collection of a provided Table and returns the PK (TK if any) of the new inserted Row and also the Element Type of that new Row

### **Input Parameters:**

tablePkTk(type: string) - Key of the table

### **Output Parameters:**

Tk(type: string) - Tk of the inserted row

objectType(type: Enum Interfaces.SirDBProviderType)

## 28. GetTableRows(tablePkTk: str)

**Summary:** Gets a List of all Rows of a SIR 3S Table

### **Input Parameters:**

tablePkTk(type: string) - Key of the table

### **Output Parameters:**

Tk\_list(type: list) - List of Tk's of all rows of the table

objectType(type: Enum Interfaces.SirDBProviderType)

## 29. RefreshViews()

**Summary:** Causes the Presenter to rebuild the Element Cell List and refresh all open Views.

### **Input Parameters:**

None

### **Output Parameters:**

None

### **30. SetInsertPoint(elementKey: str, x:np.float64, y:np.float64)**

**Summary:** Set the Insert Point of a Symbol-Object (eg. Node, Valve, Tank, etc...). The Insertpoint of a Symbol-Object is the Position the on which Object is placed in the View.

#### **Input Parameters:**

elementKey(type: string) - Key of the symbol-object

x(type: double) - x co-ordinate for the object

y(type: double) - y co-ordinate for the object

#### **Output Parameters:**

None

### **31. SetElementColor\_RGB(elementKey: str, red: int, green: int, blue: int, fillOrLineColor: bool)**

**Summary:** Sets the Color of an Element in RGB.

#### **Input Parameters:**

elementKey(type: string) - Key of the symbol-object

red(type: integer) - The R-Part of the Color (0...255)

green(type: integer) - The G-Part of the Color (0...255)

blue(type: integer) - The B-Part of the Color (0...255)

fillOrLineColor(type: boolean) - True if the Filling Color is to be set, False if only the Line Color is to be set.

#### **Output Parameters:**

None

### **32. SetElementColor(elementKey: str, color: int, fillOrLineColor: bool)**

**Summary:** Sets the Color of an Element.

#### **Input Parameters:**

elementKey(type: string) - Key of the symbol-object

color(type: integer) - The RGB Integer Representation of the Color ( COLORREF in GDI )

fillOrLineColor(type: boolean) - True if the Filling Color is to be set, False if only the Line Color is to be set

**Output Parameters:**

None

**33. AlignElement(elementKey: str)**

**Summary:** Aligns an Element, so its graphical Position (Insert Point) shall be equal to its technical Data Position (Xkor, Ykor)

**Input Parameters:**

elementKey(type: string) - Key of the symbol-object

**Output Parameters:**

None

**34. GetResultValue(elementKey: str, propertyName: str)**

**Summary:** Gets the Result Value of an element

**Input Parameters:**

elementKey(type: string) - Key of the symbol-object

propertyName(type: string) - The Name of the Result Property

**Output Parameters:**

value(type: string) - Value for the given elements property

valueType(type: string) - Type of the value returned

**35. GetResultProperties\_from\_elementType(elementType: Interfaces.Sir3SObjectTypes, onlySelectedVectors: bool)**

**Summary:** Get a List of all possible Result Property Names of an Element Type

**Input Parameters:**

elementType(type: Interfaces.Sir3SObjectTypes) - The Element Type

onlySelectedVectors(type: boolean) - If this Parameter is set to TRUE, only the Names of selected Vector Channels for this ElementType shall be returned, otherwise all possible Results Property Names for this Element Type shall be returned.

**Output Parameters:**

Result\_list(type: list of strings) - List of Result Property Names of an Element Type

**36. GetResultProperties\_from\_elementKey(elementKey: str)**

**Summary:** Get a List of all Result Properties Names of an Element. The Names of selected Vector Channels for the Type of this Element and also all individually selected Results for this Element shall be returned.

**Input Parameters:**

elementKey(type: string) - The Element key

**Output Parameters:**

Result\_list(type: list of strings) -List of all Result Properties Names of an Element

**37. GetMinResult(elementType:Interfaces.Sir3SObjectTypes, propertyName: str)**

**Summary:** Gets the minimal Result Value of an Element Type and also the Key (tk/pk) of the corresponding Element

**Input Parameters:**

elementKey(type: string) - The Element key

propertyName(type: string) - The Name of the Result Property

**Output Parameters:**

MinResult(type: string) - the minimal Result Value of an Element Type

tkElement(type: string) - The Key (pk/tk) of the corresponding Element

valueType(type: string) - The Data type of the Result

**38. GetMaxResult(elementType:Interfaces.Sir3SObjectTypes, propertyName: str)**

**Summary:** Gets the maximal Result Value of an Element Type and also the Key (tk/pk) of the corresponding Element

**Input Parameters:**

elementKey(type: string) - The Element key

propertyName(type: string) - The Name of the Result Property

**Output Parameters:**

Maxsult(type: string) - the maximal Result Value of an Element Type

tkElement(type: string) - The Key (pk/tk) of the corresponding Element

valueType(type: string) - The Data type of the Result

**39. GetMinResult\_for\_timestamp(timestamp:str,elementType:  
Interfaces.Sir3SObjectTypes, propertyName: str)**

**Summary:** Gets the minimal Result Value of an Element Type and also the Key (tk/pk) of the corresponding Element at a particular Timestamp

**Input Parameters:**

timestamp(type: string) - the timestamp for which result is needed

elementKey(type: string) - The Element key

propertyName(type: string) - The Name of the Result Property

**Output Parameters:**

MinResult(type: string) - the minimal Result Value of an Element Type at a particular Timestamp

tkElement(type: string) - The Key (pk/tk) of the corresponding Element

valueType(type: string) - The Data type of the Result

**40. GetMaxResult\_for\_timestamp(timestamp:str,elementType:  
Interfaces.Sir3SObjectTypes, propertyName: str)**

**Summary:** Gets the maximal Result Value of an Element Type and also the Key (tk/pk) of the corresponding Element at a particular Timestamp

**Input Parameters:**

timestamp(type: string) - the timestamp for which result is needed

elementKey(type: string) - The Element key

propertyName(type: string) - The Name of the Result Property

**Output Parameters:**

MaxResult(type: string) - the maximal Result Value of an Element Type at a particular Timestamp

tkElement(type: string) - The Key (pk/tk) of the corresponding Element

valueType(type: string) - The Data type of the Result

**41. AddNewNode(tkCont: str, name: str, typ: str, x: np.float64, y: np.float64, z: np.float32, qm\_PH: np.float32, symbolFactor: np.float64, description: str, idRef: str, kvr: int)**

**Summary:** Comfortable Method for inserting a new Node

**Input Parameters:**

tkCont(type: string) - The TK of the Container (View) in which the new Object shall be inserted. Entering a Value of "-1" means the Main View of the Model.

name(type: string) - Name of the new node

typ(type: string) - type of the new node

x(type: float64) - X Coordinate

y(type: float64) - Y Coordinate

z(type: float32) - Geodetic Height

qm\_PH(type: float32) - Value for Extraction/Feeding (in Case QKON) or Pressure (in Case PKON or PKQN)

symbolfactor(type: float64) - The Symbol Factor of the new Node.

description(type: string) - Description

idRef(type: string) - ID in Reference System

kvr(type: integer) - SL/RL Flag. Should be 0 (undefined), 1 (SL) or 2 (RL)

**Output Parameters:**

Tk\_new(type: string) - The Key (TK) of the added Node, otherwise '-1' if something went wrong

**42. AddNewPipe(tkCont: str, tkFrom: str, tkTo: str, L: np.float32, linestring: str, material: str, dn: str, roughness: np.float32, idRef: str, description: str, kvr: int)**

**Summary:** Comfortable Method for inserting a new Pipe

**Input Parameters:**

tkCont(type: string) - The TK of the Container (View) in which the new Object shall be inserted. Entering a Value of "-1" means the Main View of the Model.

tkFrom(type: string) - Tk (Key) of the Start Node

tkTo(type: string) - Tk (Key) of the End Node

L(type: float32) - The Pipe Length, mandatory for Computation

linestring(type: string) - An optional string with intermediate Points for Geometry formatted like 'LINESTRING (120 76, 500 300, 620 480)'. The Insert Points of From and To will be added on both Ents of the Geometry

material(type: string) - Name or Tk (key) of the Pipe Diameter Table

dn(type: string) - The Nominal Diameter or the Tk of the Nominal Diameter

roughness(type: float32) - Roughness of Pipe

description(type: string) - Description

idRef(type: string) - ID in Reference System

kvr(type: integer) - SL/RL Flag. Should be 0 (undefined), 1 (SL) or 2 (RL)

#### **Output Parameters:**

Tk\_new(type: string) - The Key (TK) of the added pipe, otherwise '-1' if something went wrong

**43. AddNewConnectingElement(tkCont: str, tkFrom: str, tkTo: str, x: np.float64, y: np.float64, z: np.float32, elementType: Interfaces.Sir3SObjectTypes, dn: np.float32, symbolfactor: np.float64, angleDegree: np.float32, idRef: str, description: str)**

**Summary:** Comfortable Method for inserting a new Connecting Element

#### **Input Parameters:**

tkCont(type: string) - The TK of the Container (View) in which the new Object shall be inserted. Entering a Value of "-1" means the Main View of the Model.

tkFrom(type: string) -Tk (Key) of the Start Node

tkTo(type: string) - Tk (Key) of the End Node

x(type: float64) - X Coordinate

y(type: float64) - Y Coordinate

z(type: float32) - Z Coordinate

elementType(type: Sir3SObjectTypes) - Element type

dn(type: string) - The Nominal Diameter or the Tk of the Nominal Diameter

symbolfactor(type: float64) - The Symbol Factor of the new Node.



angleDegree(type: float32) - The Symbol Angle in Degree

idRef(type: string) - ID in Reference System

description(type: string) – Description

**Output Parameters:**

Tk\_new(type: string) - The Key (TK) of the added connecting element, otherwise '-1' if something went wrong

**44. AddNewBypassElement(tkCont: str, tkFrom: str, x: np.float64, y: np.float64, z: np.float32, symbolfactor: np.float64, elementType: Interfaces.Sir3SObjectTypes, idRef: str, description: str)**

**Summary:** Comfortable Method for inserting a new Bypass Element

**Input Parameters:**

tkCont(type: string) - The TK of the Container (View) in which the new Object shall be inserted. Entering a Value of "-1" means the Main View of the Model.

tkFrom(type: string) -Tk (Key) of the Start Node

x(type: float64) - X Coordinate

y(type: float64) - Y Coordinate

z(type: float32) - Z Coordinate

elementType(type: Sir3SObjectTypes) - Element type

symbolfactor(type: float64) - The Symbol Factor of the new Node.

idRef(type: string) - ID in Reference System

description(type: string) – Description

**Output Parameters:**

Tk\_new(type: string) - The Key (TK) of the added Bypass element, otherwise '-1' if something went wrong

## **B. Class: SIR3S\_View**

### **1. GetMainContainer ()**

**Summary:** Finds the Main Container of the Model and returns its Key (TK)

**Input Parameters:**

None

**Output Parameters:**

Tk(type: boolean) - Tk of the main container is returned

objType(type: Enum Interfaces.Sir3SObjectTypes) - Object type is returned

### **2. AddExternalPolyline(xArray: list, yArray: list, iColor: int, lineWidthMM: np.float64, dashedLine: bool, containerTK: str )**

**Summary:** Insert a new External Polyline and returns its Key. External Objects are not persisted in the Database

**Input Parameters:**

xArray - Array with X-Coordinates of the Polyline

yArray - Array with Y-Coordinates of the Polyline

iColor - The Line Color of the Polyline

dashedLine - True if line is dashed

containerTK - The Key of the Container (View) to store the new Polyline into.

**Output Parameters:**

Tk(type: boolean) - Tk of the line added

### **3. AddExternalPolylinePoint(Tk: str, x: np.float64, y: np.float64 )**

**Summary:** Appends a further Point to an existing external Polyline. External Objects are not persisted in the Database

**Input Parameters:**

Tk – Key of the polyline

x - X-Coordinate of the new Point

y - Y-Coordinate of the new Point

**Output Parameters:**

None

**4. SetExternalPolyLineWidthAndColor(Tk: str, lineWidthMM: np.float64, iColor: int)**

**Summary:** Sets some major Properties on an external Polyline

**Input Parameters:**

Tk - The Key of the Polyline

widthMM - Line Width in mm

iColor - Color of the Polyline

**Output Parameters:**

None

**5. AddExternalPolygon(xArray: list, yArray: list, lineColor: int, fillColor: int, lineWidthMM: np.float64, isFilled: bool, containerTK: str )**

**Summary:** Insert a new External Polygon and returns its Key. External Objects are not persisted in the Database

**Input Parameters:**

xArray - Array with X-Coordinates of the Polygon

yArray - Array with Y-Coordinates of the Polygon

lineColor - The Line Color of the Polygon

fillColor - The filling Color of the Polygon (if its set to be filled)

lineWidthMM - The Line Width of the Polygon in mm

isFilled - True if the Polygon shall be filled

containerTK - The Key of the Container (View) to store the new Polygon into.

**Output Parameters:**

Tk(type: boolean) - Tk of the polygon added

## **6. AddExternalPolygonPoint(Tk: str, x: np.float64, y: np.float64 )**

**Summary:** Appends a further Point to an existing external Polygon. External Objects are not persisted in the Database

### **Input Parameters:**

Tk – Key of the polyline

x - X-Coordnate of the new Point

y - Y-Coordnate of the new Point

### **Output Parameters:**

None

## **7. SetExternalPolygonProperties(Tk: str, lineWidthMM: np.float64, lineColor: int, fillColor: int, isFilled: bool)**

**Summary:** Sets some major Properties on an external Polygon

### **Input Parameters:**

Tk - The Key of the Polygon

widthMM - Line Width in mm

lineColor - Line Color

fillColor - Filling Color (if set to be filled)

isFilled - Fill the Polygon or not

### **Output Parameters:**

None

## **8. AddExternalText(x: np.float64, y: np.float64, textColor: int, text: str, angleDegree: np.float32, heightPt: np.float32, isBold: bool, isItalic: bool, isUnderline: bool, containerTK: str)**

**Summary:** Insert a new External Text and returns its Key. External Objects are not persisted in the Database

### **Input Parameters:**

X - X-Coordinate of the Text

Y - Y-Coordinate of the Text

textColor - Text Color

strText - The TEXT (Content of the Text)

angleDegree - Text Angle in Degree

heightPt - Text Height in Points

isBold - True if bold Text

isItalic - True if italic Text

isUnderline - True if underlined Text

containerTK - The Key of the Container (View) to store the new text into.

**Output Parameters:**

Tk(type: boolean) - Tk of the text added

**9. SetExternalTextText(Tk: str, text: str)**

**Summary:** Sets the Content of an external Text

**Input Parameters:**

Tk - The Key of the external Text

strText - The Content

**Output Parameters:**

None

**10. SetExternalTextProperties(Tk: str, x: np.float64, y: np.float64, textColor: int, text: str, angleDegree: np.float32, heightPt: np.float32, isBold: bool, isItalic: bool, isUnderline: bool)**

**Summary:** Sets some major Properties on an external Text

**Input Parameters:**

Tk - The Key of the external Text

X - X-Coordinate of the Text

Y - Y-Coordinate of the Text

textColor - Text Color

strText - Content of the Text

angleDegre - Text Angle in Degree

heightPt - Text Height in Points

isBold - True for bold Text

isItalic - True for italic Text

isUnderline - True for underlined Text

**Output Parameters:**

None

**11. AddExternalArrow( x: np.float64, y: np.float64, lineColor: int, fillColor: int, lineWidthMM: np.float64, isFilled: bool, symbolFactor: np.float64, containerTK: str)**

**Summary:** Insert a new External Arrow and returns its Key. External Objects are not persisted in the Database

**Input Parameters:**

X - X-Coordinate of the Arrow

Y - Y-Coordinate of the Text

lineColor - arrow Color

fillColor - The filling Color of the Arrow (if its set to be filled)

lineWidthMM - The Line Width of the arrow in mm

isFilled - True if the arrow shall be filled

symbolFactor - Symbol Factor (for scaling the Symbol)

containerTK - The Key of the Container (View) to store the new arrow into.

**Output Parameters:**

Tk(type: boolean) - Tk of the arrow added

**12. SetExternalArrowProperties(Tk: str, x: np.float64, y: np.float64, lineColor: int, fillColor: int, lineWidthMM: np.float64, isFilled: bool, symbolFactor: np.float64)**

**Summary:** Sets some major Properties on an external Arrow

**Input Parameters:**

Tk - The Key of the external Arrow

X - X-Coordinate of the Arrow

Y - Y-Coordinate of the Arrow

lineColor - arrow Color

fillColor - The filling Color of the Arrow (if its set to be filled)

lineWidthMM - The Line Width of the arrow in mm

isFilled - True if the arrow shall be filled

symbolFactor - Symbol Factor (for scaling the Symbol)

**Output Parameters:**

None

**13.AddExternalRectangle(left: np.float64, top: np.float64, right: np.float64, bottom: np.float64,lineColor: int, fillColor: int, lineWidthMM: np.float64, isFilled: bool, isRounded: bool, containerTK: str)**

**Summary:** Insert a new External rectangle and returns its Key. External Objects are not persisted in the Database

**Input Parameters:**

left - X-Coordinate of the top left

top - Y-Coordinate of the top left

right – X-Coordinate of the right bottom

bottom – Y-Coordinate of the right bottom

lineColor - rectangle Color

fillColor - The filling Color of the rectangle (if its set to be filled)

lineWidthMM - The Line Width of the rectangle in mm

isFilled - True if the rectangle shall be filled

symbolFactor - Symbol Factor (for scaling the Symbol)

containerTK - The Key of the Container (View) to store the new rectangle into.

**Output Parameters:**

Tk(type: boolean) - Tk of the rectangle added

**14. SetExternalRectangleProperties(Tk: str, left: np.float64, top: np.float64, right: np.float64, bottom: np.float64, lineColor: int, fillColor: int, lineWidthMM: np.float64, isFilled: bool, isRounded: bool)**

**Summary:** Sets some major Properties on an external rectangle

**Input Parameters:**

left - X-Coordinate of the top left

top - Y-Coordinate of the top left

right – X-Coordinate of the right bottom

bottom – Y-Coordinate of the right bottom

lineColor - rectangle Color

fillColor - The filling Color of the rectangle (if its set to be filled)

lineWidthMM - The Line Width of the rectangle in mm

isFilled - True if the rectangle shall be filled

isRounded - True if the Rectangle should have rounded Corners

**Output Parameters:**

None

**15. AddExternalEllipse(self, left: np.float64, top: np.float64, right: np.float64, bottom: np.float64, lineColor: int, fillColor: int, lineWidthMM: np.float64, isFilled: bool, containerTK: str)**

**Summary:** Insert a new External ellipse and returns its Key. External Objects are not persisted in the Database

**Input Parameters:**

left - X-Coordinate of the top left

top - Y-Coordinate of the top left

right – X-Coordinate of the right bottom

bottom – Y-Coordinate of the right bottom

lineColor - ellipse Color

fillColor - The filling Color of the ellipse (if its set to be filled)



lineWidthMM - The Line Width of the ellipse in mm

isFilled - True if the ellipse shall be filled

containerTK - The Key of the Container (View) to store the new rectangle into.

**Output Parameters:**

Tk(type: boolean) - Tk of the ellipse added

**16. SetExternalEllipseProperties(self, Tk: str, left: np.float64, top: np.float64, right: np.float64, bottom: np.float64, lineColor: int, fillColor: int, lineWidthMM: np.float64, isFilled: bool)**

**Summary:** Sets some major Properties on an external ellipse

**Input Parameters:**

left - X-Coordinate of the top left

top - Y-Coordinate of the top left

right - X-Coordinate of the right bottom

bottom - Y-Coordinate of the right bottom

lineColor - ellipse Color

fillColor - The filling Color of the ellipse (if its set to be filled)

lineWidthMM - The Line Width of the ellipse in mm

isFilled - True if the ellipse shall be filled

**Output Parameters:**

None

**17. PrepareColoration()**

**Summary:** Should always be called as first each Time a Network Coloration or external Visual Objects need to be created

**Input Parameters:**

None

**Output Parameters:**

None

### **18. InitColorTable(iColors: list, maxColors: int)**

**Summary:** Creates a linear Gradient Color Palete from the provided Colors and the maximal Number of Colors.

#### **Input Parameters:**

iColors - Color List, the Gradient shall be based on

maxColors - The maximal Number of Colors. The following Numbers are recommended: 16, 32, 64, 128 and 256.

#### **Output Parameters:**

retVal(bool) – init color table is success or not

### **19. GetColor(valMin: np.float64, valMax: np.float64, val: np.float64)**

**Summary:** Gets a Color at a given Index from the Color Palete

#### **Input Parameters:**

valMin - Scale Minimum Value

valMax - Scale Maximum Value

val - The current Value

#### **Output Parameters:**

retVal(bool) – return value of GetColor method

idx – Index of the color

### **20. GetColorTableEntries(result\_i: np.float64, result\_k: np.float64, scaleMin: np.float64, scaleMax: np.float64)**

**Summary:** Gets all Colors that fit between Results on 2 consecutive Points, given the min and max Values of the Scale. This Call should always be done after InitColorTable()

#### **Input Parameters:**

result\_i - Result Value at a Point

result\_k - Result Value at the next neighbouring Point

scaleMin - The Minimum Value of the Scale

scaleMax - The Maximum Value of the Scale

**Output Parameters:**

retVal – return table entry

**21. SetWidthScaleProperties(valMin: np.float64, widthMin: np.float64, valMax: np.float64, widthMax: np.float64)**

**Summary:** Sets Criteria for Calculating Pipe Width when Coloration

**Input Parameters:**

valMin - The Result-Value corresponding to the minimum Width

widthMin - The minimum Width

valMax - The Result-Value corresponding to the maximum Width

widthMax - The maximum Width

**Output Parameters:**

retVal(bool) - True, always

**22. GetWidthFactor(actualValue: np.float64)**

**Summary:** Calculates the Pipe Width Scaling Factor, based on the actual Result on Pipe and the Values set in SetWidthScaleProperties(). If SetWidthScaleProperties() has not been called yet, a Value of 1 will be returned, indicating that the Pipe will be drawn with its normal Width.

**Input Parameters:**

actualValue - The actual Result on Pipe

**Output Parameters:**

retVal(float64) - The Pipe Width Scaling Factor

**23. ColoratePipe(Tk: str, lengths: list, Colors: list, widthFactors: list)**

**Summary:** Method for colouring a Pipe with a single constant Color

**Input Parameters:**

Tk - The Tk of the Pipe

Color - The Constant Color for Coloration

widthFactors - Array of Factors for Width Scaling (1 Factor per Segment).  
Should have the Length of 'lengths' minus 1!

**Output Parameters:**

None

**24. ResetColoration()**

**Summary:** Resets the Coloration, so the UI shall draw Pipes as normally configured

**Input Parameters:**

None

**Output Parameters:**

None

**25. DoColoration ()**

**Summary:** Forces the UI to perform Pipe Coloration

**Input Parameters:**

None

**Output Parameters:**

None

**26. StartTransaction(SessionName:str)**

**Summary:** If Modifications on a Model are intended, it is recommended to make a Call of StartTransaction(), then do all the Modifications you need. And then call EndTransaction() as soon as you are finished with Modifications. This helps the Software to keep Track of Modifications, so the User can Undo/Redo them on the main UI (SirGraf)

**Input Parameters:**

SessionName(string) - give a meaningful name to start a transaction; Empty string or None will lead to error

**Output Parameters:**

None

**27. EndTransaction()**

**Summary:** If Modifications on a Model are intended, it is recommended to make a Call of StartTransaction(), then do all the Modifications you need. Ant then call EndTransaction() as soon as you are finished with Modifications. This helps the Software to keep Track of Modifications, so the User can Undo/Redo them on the main UI (SirGraf)

**Input Parameters:**

None

**Output Parameters:**

None

**28. StartEditSession(SessionName:str)**

**Summary:** Recommended for fast bulk Changes (e.g. Changing the Values of 40 thousand Nodes in a single Task). Similar to StartTransaction(), EndEditSession() should be called after the Caller is done with all his bulk Changes.

**Input Parameters:**

SessionName(string) - give a meaningful name to start a transaction; Empty string or None will lead to error

**Output Parameters:**

None

**29. EndEditSession()**

**Summary:** Closes an already started EditSession. Should always be called after a Call of StartEditSession() and all the Modifications applied.

**Input Parameters:**

None

**Output Parameters:**

None

### **30. SaveChanges()**

**Summary:** Saves all Changes done on the Model back into Database (or XML File)

**Input Parameters:**

None

**Output Parameters:**

None