

Convex Hull

**Jarvis March
- Implementation**

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```
void Jarvis( Point P[], int n )
```

```
❖ for ( int k = 0; k < n; k++ )
```

```
P[k].extreme = FALSE;
```

```
int lt1 = LTL(S, n); int k = lt1;
```

```
do { //start with LTL
```

```
P[k].extreme = TRUE; int s = -1;
```

```
for ( int t = 0; t < n; t++ ) //check
```

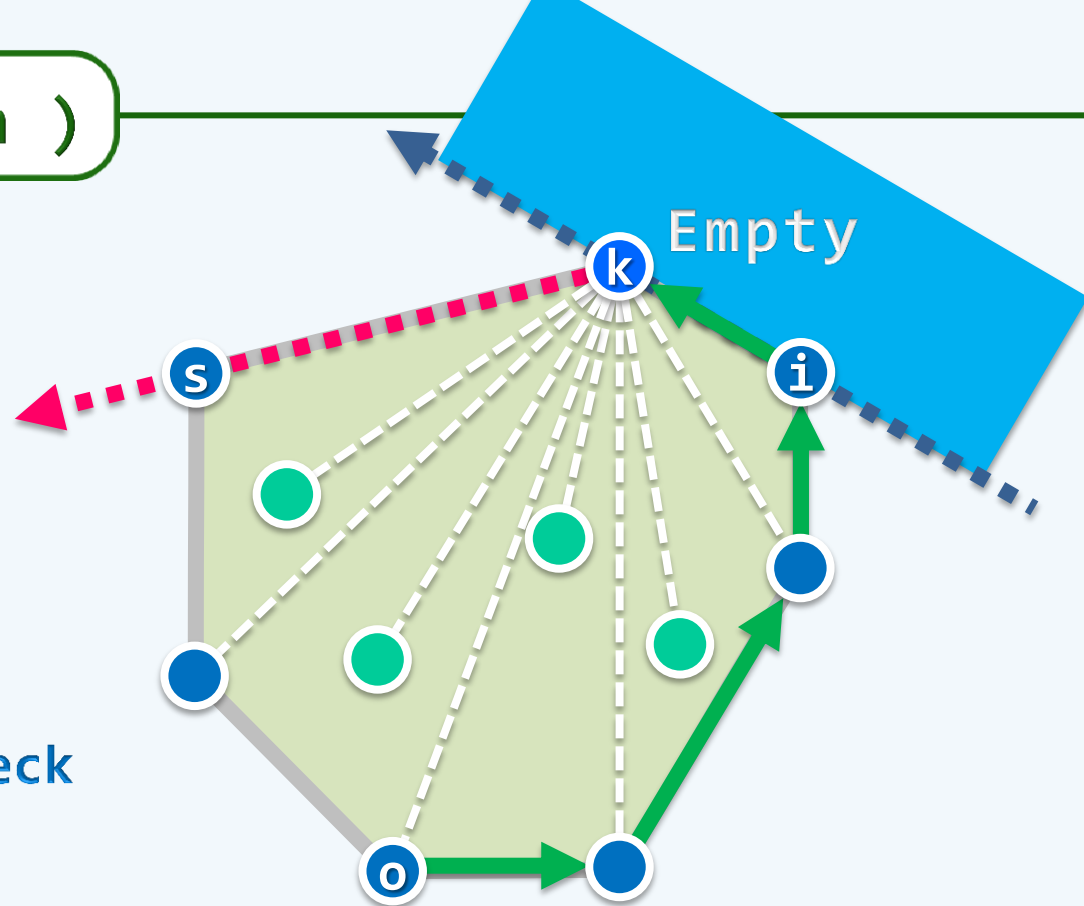
```
if ( t != k && //each
```

```
( s == -1 || !ToLeft( P[k], P[s], P[t] ) ) ) //candidate t
```

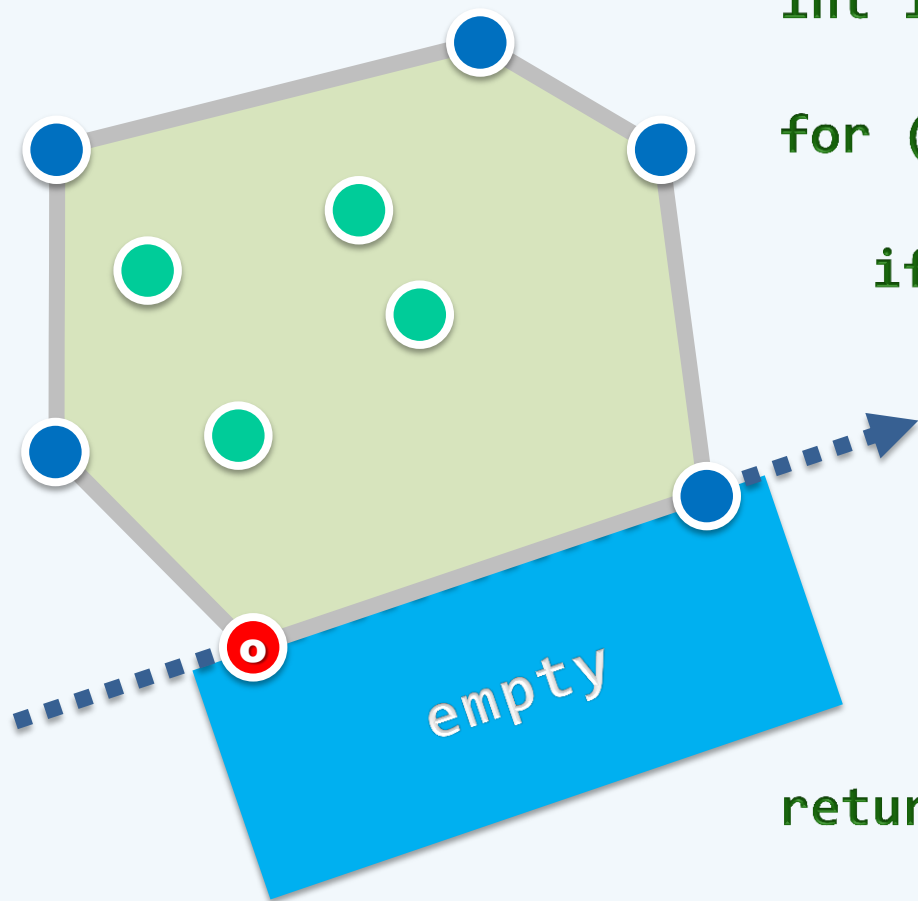
```
s = t; //update s if t lies right to pq
```

```
P[k].succ = s; k = s; //new EE (p, q) identified
```

```
} while ( lt1 != k); //quit when LTL reached
```



Finding LTL



```
int LTL( Point P[], int n ) { //n > 2

    int lt1 = 0; //the lowest-then-leftmost point

    for ( int k = 1; k < n; k++ ) //test all points
        if ( P[k].y < P[lt1].y || //lower
            ( P[k].y == P[lt1].y && //break y-tie
              P[k].x < P[lt1].x ) ) //by x
            lt1 = k;

    return lt1;
}
```