

Triangulation

Triangulating Monotone Polygons

- Stack-Chain Consistency

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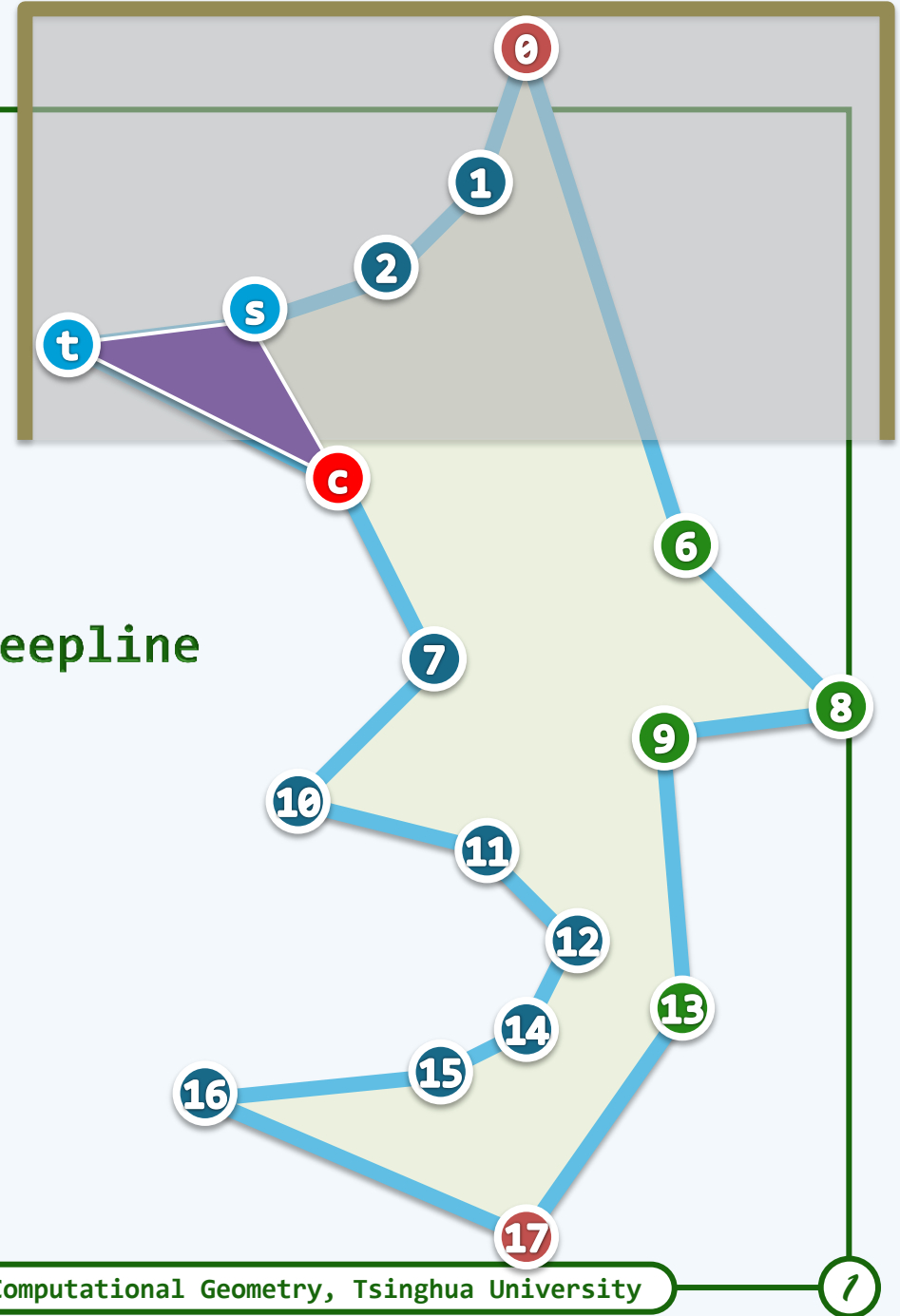
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Vertex Stack

❖ While L goes top-down,
each vertex will be
connected sooner or later
to some vertex below the current sweepline

❖ We maintain a `stack` S
to store those vertices which

- have been examined so far, but
- are not completely processed yet



Vertex Stack

❖ \boxed{c} : the current vertex

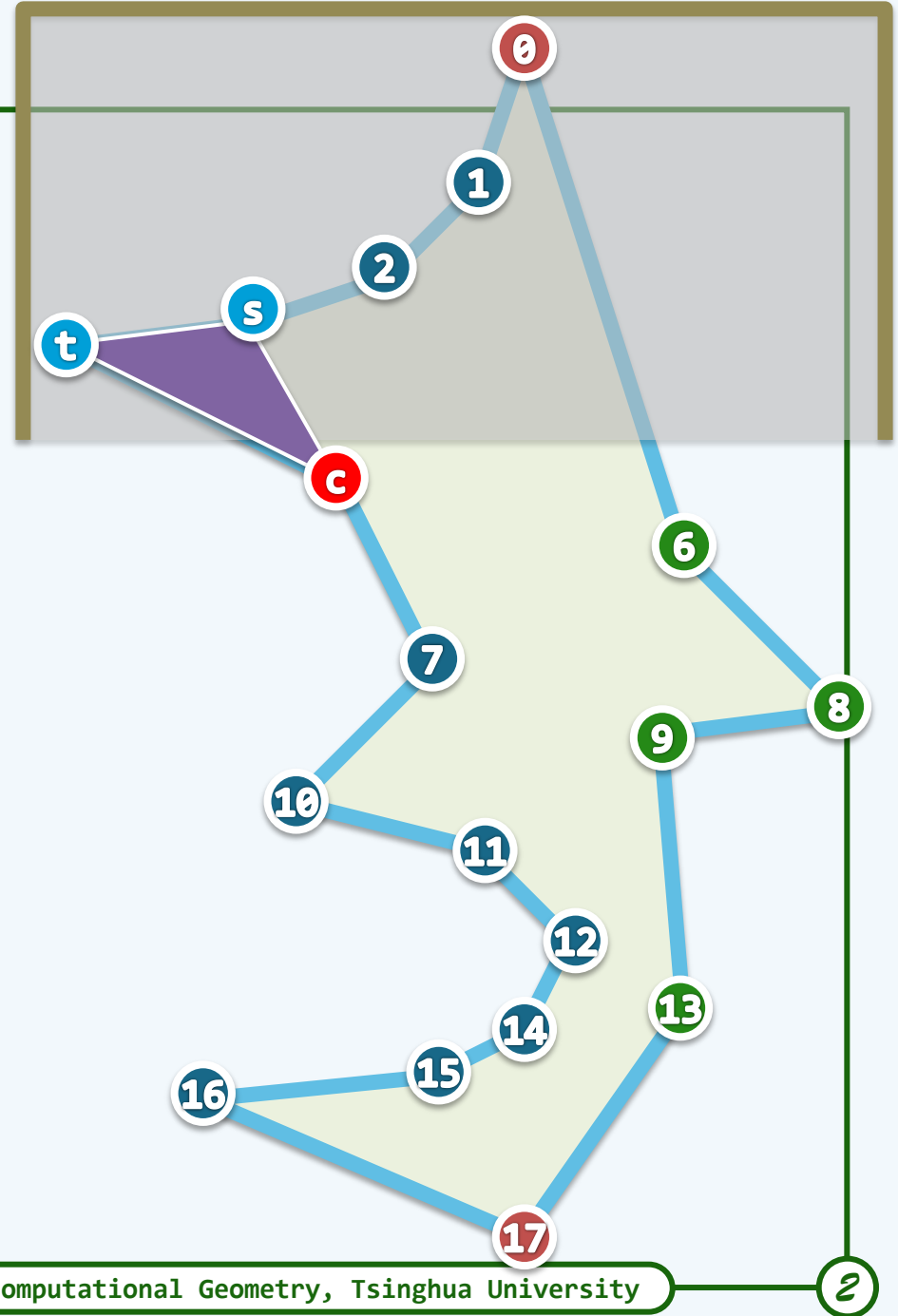
\boxed{t} : the top vertex of S

\boxed{s} : the vertex next to \boxed{t} in S

❖ The events are classified into 3 types,

based on the relative position

of \boxed{c} , \boxed{t} and \boxed{s}



Stack-Chain Consistency

❖ At any moment during the algorithm

1. all vertices in S are sorted by height
2. all vertices in S lie on the **same** monotone chain
3. any 3 consecutive vertices in S define a **reflex** angle
4. the vertex of next event is **adjacent** to either
 - the stack **top** (i.e., on the **same** chain) or
 - the **bottom** (i.e., on the **opposite** chain)

