Delaunay Triangulation

Randomized Incremental Construction

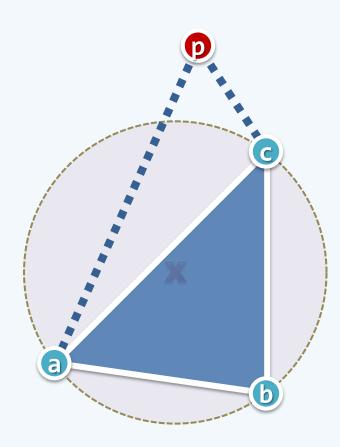
- In-Circle Test

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In-Circle Test

- *Recall that when all sites are in general position, we have that a triangle $\Delta(a, b, c)$ belongs to DT(S) iff
 - its circumcircle is empty inside
- ❖ In the design of the RIC algorithm a basic issue is that before updating the triangulation when a new site p is added,
 - 1) how to test whether p lies interior to the circumcircle of $\Delta(a, b, c)$? and
 - 2) how fast could we do it?



Determinant

Let InCircle(a, b, c, p) =
$$\begin{vmatrix} a_x & a_y & a_x^2 + a_y^2 & 1 \\ b_x & b_y & b_x^2 + b_y^2 & 1 \\ c_x & c_y & c_x^2 + c_y^2 & 1 \\ p_x & p_y & p_x^2 + p_y^2 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$$

- \clubsuit p lies in the circumcircle of Δ (a, b, c) iff
 - InCircle(a, b, c, p) \rightarrow 0
- **❖** Note that

such an in-circle test

just needs |O(1)| time

