CUDA-OpenGL interoperability

Visualization

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Introduction

Computer graphics applications

Visualization

- Graphics-oriented hardware
- Use CUDA to perform calculations and then display visual results
- Efficient compute-visualization pipeline
 - No extra memory movements involved
 - Unlocks CPU cycles for other application tasks

OpenGL

OpenGL

Open Graphics Library

- OpenGL is an interface for the graphic hardware programmer
- API:
 - Primitives: points, lines and polygons
 - Properties: colors, lighting, textures
 - View: camera position and perspective

OpenGL

Example

```
glBindTexture( GL_TEXTURE_2D, textureID);
glColor3f(1.0f,0,0); <
                             OpenGL is state-based,
glBegin(GL QUADS);
                             parameters are sticky.
  glTexCoord2i( 0, h);
  glVertex3f(0,0,0);
  glTexCoord2i(0,0);
  glVertex3f(0,1.0f,0);
  glTexCoord2i(w,0);
  glVertex3f(1.0f,1.0f,0);
  glTexCoord2i(w,h);
 glVertex3f(1.0f,0,0);
glEnd();
SwapBuffers(hDC):
```

CUDA + OpenGL interop

Interoperability

- CUDA for calculations, data generation, image manipulation,...
- OpenGL to draw the pixels & vertices on the screen
- Efficient interaction/coordination
 - Share data via a common memory in the framebuffer

Interoperability

- CUDA C uses memory management techniques similar to those of C (malloc, pointers,...)
- OpenGL stores data in generic and abstract buffers called buffer objects.
- The interaction between CUDA/OpenGL is based on a simple concept:
 - Map/Unmap an OpenGL buffer for CUDA interoperability



Example

Example

Steps to configure OpenGL with CUDA:

- 1. Create a GL window
- 2. Create a GL context
- 3. Configure the GL viewport and coordinate system
- 4. Create a CUDA context
- 5. Generate one or more GL buffers to share with CUDA
- 6. Register buffers on CUDA

Example

Steps to configure OpenGL with CUDA:

- 1. Create a window (OpenGL)
 - Every S.O. does it differently, in WIN 32 it is:
 - CreateWindowEx() Win32
 - It needs a Windows HDC:

```
HDC hDC;
hDC=GetDC(hWnd)
```

We can use GLUT/GLFW to manage the creation/destruction of windows.

Example

Steps to configure OpenGL with CUDA:

2. Create a GL context

```
// create a wGL rendering context
HGLRC hGLRC;
hGLRC=wglCreateContext(hDC);
// Enable rendering context
wglMakeCurrent(hDC,hGLRC);
// load OpenGL extensions to use buffers
glewInit();
```

Example

Steps to configure OpenGL with CUDA:

3. Configure the GL viewport and the coordinate system

```
// configure viewport size
glViewport(0, 0, width, height);
// setup projection mode
glMatrixMode(GL_PROJECTION);
glLoadIdentity();
glOrtho(0,1.0f,0,1.0f,-1.0f,1.0f);
glMatrixMode(GL_MODELVIEW);
glLoadIdentity();
```

Example

```
Steps to configure OpenGL with CUDA:
```

3. Configure the GL viewport and the coordinate system

```
••••
```

```
// Enable depth test
glEnable(GL_DEPTH_TEST);
// Clean color and viewport
glClearColor(1.0f, 1.0f, 1.0f, 1.5f);
glClear(GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT | GL_DEPTH_BUFFER_BIT);
```

Example

Steps to configure OpenGL with CUDA:

- 4. Create a CUDA context
 - OpenGL context must be created first
 - Create a CUDA context:
 - Driver API: Use cuGLCtxCreate() instead of cuCtxCreate()
 - Runtime API: use cudaGLSetGLDevice() before using the GL API
 - The CUDA/OpenGL interaction is defined in :
 - cudagl.h for the Driver API
 - cuda_gl_interop.h CUDA C Runtime

Example

Steps to configure OpenGL with CUDA: 5. Create OpenGL buffers

```
GLuint bufferID;

// buffer ID

glGenBuffers(1,&bufferID);

// set UNPACK for the current buffer

glBindBuffer(GL_PIXEL_UNPACK_BUFFER, bufferID);

// memory assignment

glBufferData(GL_PIXEL_UNPACK_BUFFER, width * height * 4, NULL, GL_DYNAMIC_COPY);
```

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Example

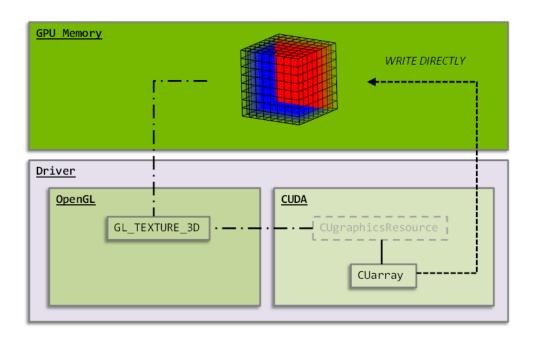
Steps to configure OpenGL with CUDA:

- 6. Registrar los buffers en CUDA
- Driver API:
 - cuGLRegisterBufferObject(GLuint bufferobj);
 - cuGLUnregisterBufferObject(GLuint bufferobj);
- Runtime API:
 - cudaGLRegisterBufferObject(GLuint bufObj);
 - cudaGLUnregisterBufferObject(GLuint bufObj);

Example

```
Map/Unmap
// map
float4 *dptr;
cudaGraphicsMapResources(1, vbo_resource, 0);
size_t num_bytes;
cudaGraphicsResourceGetMappedPointer((void **)&dptr, &num_bytes,
                                       *vbo resource));
// cuda kernel
launch_kernel(dptr, mesh_width, mesh_height, g_fAnim);
// unmap
cudaGraphicsUnmapResources(1, vbo_resource, 0);
// draw
Draw()
```

Example Map/Unmap



https://github.com/nvpro-samples/gl_cuda_interop_pingpong_st

CUDA-OpenGL interoperability

Visualization

Thanks for your attention!

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