Formula that you should remember for the exam

For calculation that involves formula outside this sheet will provide you the formula in the exam.

This is provided for you to study only. We will NOT provide you this sheet in the exam.

Data Mining

1. Equal-width binning

$$\texttt{width}\ w = \frac{\max - \min}{n}$$

2. Normalization Formulas

$$x_i' = rac{(x_i - \min)}{\max - \min}(\max_{new} - \min_{new}) + \min_{new} \ x_i' = rac{x_i}{10^j}$$

- 3. Linear Regression
- Residuel:

$$e_i = |y_i - h_ heta(y_i)|$$

• Cost function:

$$J(heta_0, heta_1) = rac{1}{2m}\Sigma_{i=1}^m(h_ heta(x_i)-y_i)^2$$

• Linear Regression on One-Dimensional Data:

$$egin{align} heta_1 &= rac{\Sigma_{i=1}^m (x_i - ar{x})(y_i - ar{y})}{\Sigma_{i=1}^m (x_i - ar{x})^2} \ heta_0 &= ar{y} - heta_1 ar{x} \end{aligned}$$

4. Perceptron Algorithm

$$f(x)=\Sigma_{j=0}^nw_jx_j>0, y=1$$
 $f(x)=\Sigma_{j=0}^nw_jx_j<0, y=-1$

- 5. KNN
- Distance:

$$d(x,x')=\sqrt{\Sigma_{i=1}^n(x_i-x_i')^2}$$

- 6. KMean
- New Mean:

$$c_k' = rac{1}{|C_k|} \Sigma_{x_i \in C_k} x_i$$

- 7. Hierarchical Clustering
- MAX, MIN, AVERAGE, CENTROID

Statistical

Basic Statistics

• Mean

$$ar{x} = rac{1}{n}\Sigma_{i=1}^n x_i$$

- Median
- Range

$$R = \max - \min$$

• Population variance

$$\sigma^2 = rac{1}{n}\Sigma_{i=1}^n(x_i-ar{x})^2$$

• Sample variance

$$s^2=rac{1}{n-1}\Sigma_{i=1}^n(x_i-ar{x})^2$$

• Population standard deviation

$$\sigma = \sqrt{rac{1}{n}\Sigma_{i=1}^n(x_i-ar{x})^2}$$

• Sample standard deviation

$$s=\sqrt{rac{1}{n-1}\Sigma_{i=1}^n(x_i-ar{x})^2}$$

• IQR

$$IQR = Q3 - Q1$$

Outliner

$$x_i < Q1 - 1.5 \cdot exttt{IQR}$$

$$x_i > Q3 + 1.5 \cdot exttt{IQR}$$

Inferential Statistics

• Standard Error

$$\sigma_{ar{x}} = rac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}$$

• Confidence Interval (95%)

$$egin{aligned} [ar{x}-2\sigma_{ar{x}},ar{x}+2\sigma_{ar{x}}] \ [ar{x}-2rac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}},ar{x}+2rac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}] \end{aligned}$$

• Single T-Test, Paired T-test

$$t=rac{ar{x}-\mu}{s_{ar{x}}}=rac{ar{x}-\mu}{rac{s}{\sqrt{n}}}$$

• Indpendent Samples T-Test

$$egin{aligned} t &= rac{ar{x} - ar{y}}{\sqrt{S_{ t Pooled}^2ig(rac{1}{m} + rac{1}{n}ig)}} \ S_{ t Pooled}^2 &= rac{ ext{df}_{ t x}}{ ext{df}_{ t total}} s_x^2 + rac{ ext{df}_{ t y}}{ ext{df}_{ t total}} s_y^2 \ &= rac{(m-1)s_x^2 + (n-1)s_y^2}{m+n-2} \end{aligned}$$

One-Way ANOVA

$$ext{MST} = rac{ ext{SST}}{p-1} = rac{\sum_{i=1}^{p} n_i (ar{x_i} - ar{x})^2}{p-1} \ ext{MSE} = rac{ ext{SSE}}{n-p} = rac{\sum_{i=1}^{p} \sum_{j=1}^{n_i} (x_{ij} - ar{x_i})^2}{n-p} \ = rac{1}{n-p} ((Y_{11} - ar{Y}_1)^2 + (Y_{21} - ar{Y}_1)^2 + \cdots + (Y_{n_11} - ar{Y}_1)^2 + (Y_{12} - ar{Y}_2)^2 + (Y_{22} - ar{Y}_2)^2 + \cdots + (Y_{n_22} - ar{Y}_2)^2 + \cdots + (Y_{n_pp} - ar{Y}_p)^2) \ \cdot \cdots + (Y_{n_pp} - ar{Y}_p)^2 + \cdots + (Y_{n_pp} - ar{Y}_p)^2) \ F = rac{ ext{MST}}{ ext{MSE}} \$$

Post-Hoc Test

$$ext{Tukey}$$
 s $ext{HSD} = rac{ar{Y_i} - ar{Y_j}}{\sqrt{rac{ ext{MSE}}{n}}}$

Security and Privacy

• Prevalence by UCT

Prevalence = Average of GroupA - Average of GroupB

• Prevalence by NST

$$\mathtt{Prevalence} = \frac{\Sigma \mathtt{s_i}}{\Sigma \mathtt{k_i}}$$

, where s_i is the number of people he/she knows are engagingin sensitive activity and k_i is total number of people he/she knows.

• Prevalence by NRRT

$${\tt Prevalence}\ s = (P-ct)/(1-c)$$

, where P is the proportion of people answer "Yes", c is probability of answer "Yes" in first question (Coffee), t is the number of people who answer "Yes" in alternative non-sensitive question (Taxi).

• Prevalence by RRT

Prevalence
$$s = (1-\theta-P)/(1-2\theta)$$

, where P is the proportion of people answer "Yes", heta is the ratio of the positive question.