Twitter zzh-gj-jz association

26 May, 2022

In this analysis I will first extract tweets mentioning "#zhangzhehan", "#gongjun" or "#junzhe" and then check the overlap between accounts tweeting about these topics. After playing around a bit I decided to use only hashtags instead of full names to focus on dedicated tweets instead of casual mentions.

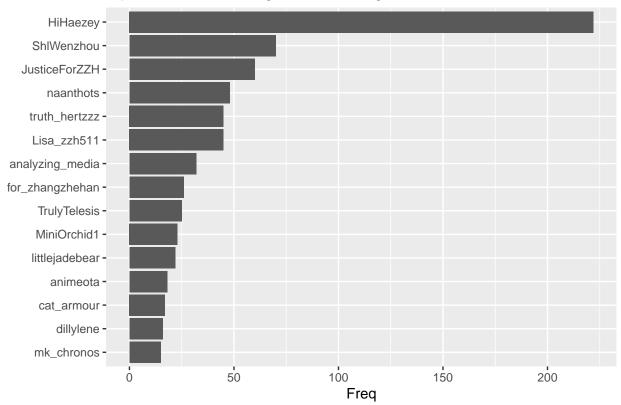
First let's get the tweets via Twitter API. Please note that there is a rate limit of up to 18000 tweets per day. Nonetheless, I never manage to get the maximum of 6000 tweets per query for some reason. Therefore this search is limited to the last couple of days.

I will then plot the accounts with the most tweets about these topics.

```
###extract tweets
tweets_extract_plot<-function(words,title){</pre>
  tweets<-search_tweets2(words,n = 6000,lang = "en",include_rts = FALSE)</pre>
  n_tweets<-nrow(tweets)</pre>
  stats<-paste(title,collapse=" ")</pre>
  stats<-paste(stats,", n=",n_tweets,"tweets")</pre>
  plot<-table(tweets$screen_name)%>%
    as.data.frame() %>%
    arrange(desc(Freq)) %>%
    top_n(15) %>%
    mutate(Var1 = reorder(Var1, Freq)) %>%
    ggplot(aes(x = Var1, y = Freq)) +
    geom_col() +
    xlab(NULL) +
    coord_flip() +
    ggtitle(paste("top accounts tweeting about",stats))
  print(plot)
  return(tweets)
zzh_tweets<-tweets_extract_plot(c("#zhangzhehan"),"#zhangzhehan")</pre>
```

Selecting by Freq

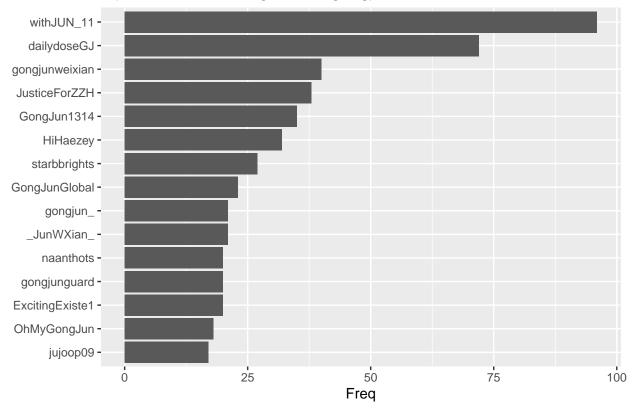
top accounts tweeting about #zhangzhehan, n= 1383 tweets



gj_tweets<-tweets_extract_plot(c("#gongjun"),"#gongjun")</pre>

Selecting by Freq

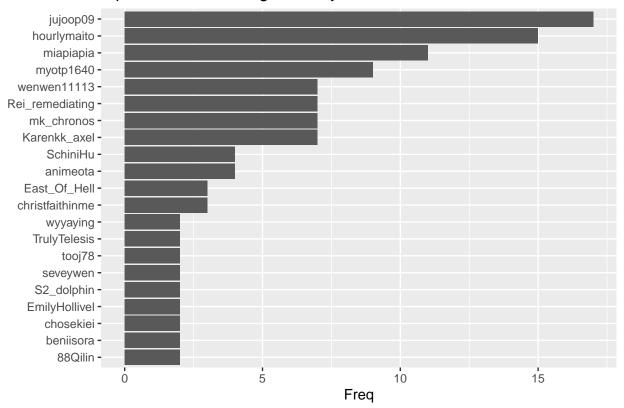
top accounts tweeting about #gongjun, n= 1090 tweets



jz_tweets<-tweets_extract_plot(c("#junzhe"),"#junzhe")</pre>

Selecting by Freq

top accounts tweeting about #junzhe, n= 177 tweets

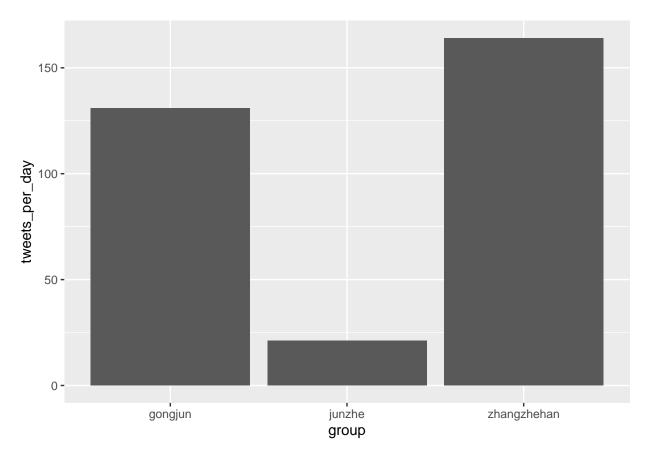


Quick info on which timespan the datasets cover and how many tweets per day

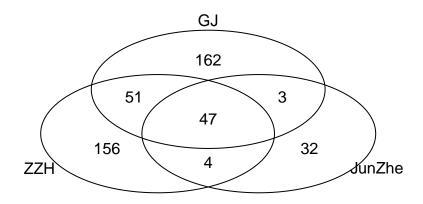
Time difference of 8.431296 days
[1] "tweets per day: 164.03"

```
#calculate rate of tweets per hour
tweet_stats<-function(data,title){</pre>
  print(paste("dataset:",title))
  print(paste("number of tweets:",nrow(data)))
  start<-data[nrow(data),]$created_at
  end<-data[1,]$created_at
  print(paste("start:",start))
  print(paste("end:",end))
  diff = end - start
  print(diff)
  #tweets per day
  tw_p_day<-round(nrow(data)/as.numeric(diff),2)</pre>
  print(paste("tweets per day:",tw_p_day))
 return(tw_p_day)
st_zzh<-tweet_stats(zzh_tweets,"#zhangzhehan")</pre>
## [1] "dataset: #zhangzhehan"
## [1] "number of tweets: 1383"
## [1] "start: 2022-05-17 23:46:18"
## [1] "end: 2022-05-26 10:07:22"
```

```
st_gj<-tweet_stats(gj_tweets,"#gongjun")</pre>
## [1] "dataset: #gongjun"
## [1] "number of tweets: 1090"
## [1] "start: 2022-05-18 01:39:45"
## [1] "end: 2022-05-26 09:37:33"
## Time difference of 8.331806 days
## [1] "tweets per day: 130.82"
st_jz<-tweet_stats(jz_tweets,"#junzhe")</pre>
## [1] "dataset: #junzhe"
## [1] "number of tweets: 177"
## [1] "start: 2022-05-18 01:32:49"
## [1] "end: 2022-05-26 10:05:23"
## Time difference of 8.355949 days
## [1] "tweets per day: 21.18"
bargraph<-data.frame(group=c("zhangzhehan", "gongjun", "junzhe"), tweets_per_day=c(st_zzh,st_gj,st_jz))
ggplot(bargraph,aes(x=group,y=tweets_per_day))+
 geom_col()
```



Next let's make a Venn diagram to see the overlap between accounts tweeting about #junzhe, #zhangzhehan or #gongjun. I have to use 2 Venn diagram packages because gplots gives me the numbers+intersections but only venneuler lets me make a beautiful diagram with proportional circle areas.



```
length(unique(zzh_tweets$screen_name))
## [1] 258
length(unique(jz_tweets$screen_name))
```

[1] 86

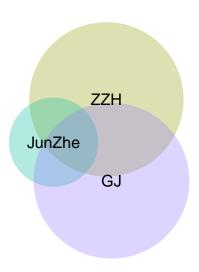
```
length(unique(gj_tweets$screen_name))
```

[1] 263

```
x <- attr(v.table, "intersections")
names_venn<-sapply(seq_along(x), function(i) paste(names(x)[[i]]))
numbers_venn<-lapply(seq_along(x), function(i) length(x[[i]]))
names_venn<-str_replace(names_venn, ":", "&")
names_venn<-str_replace(names_venn, ":", "&")
numbers_venn<-as.numeric(numbers_venn)
names(numbers_venn)</pre>
```

Loading required package: rJava

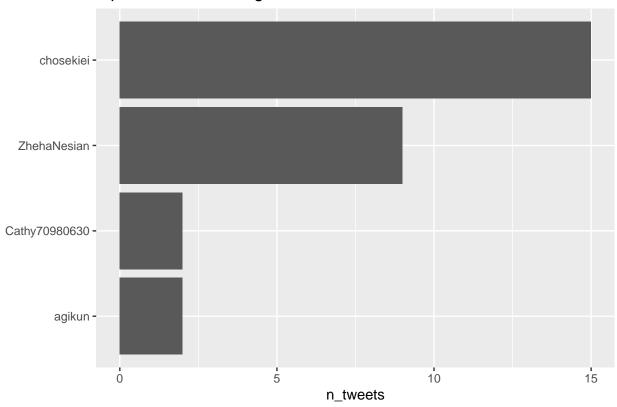
```
v <- venneuler(numbers_venn)
plot(v)</pre>
```



This Venn diagram only shows numbers of accounts tweeting about the three hashtags However I also want to see how many tweets are coming from each section of the Venn diagram.

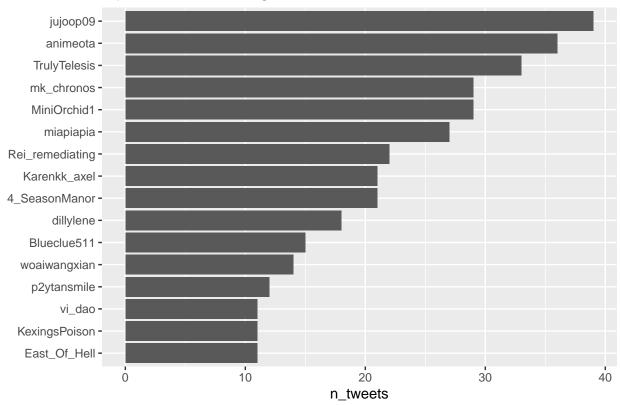
```
#merge lists of tweets
zzh_tweets$group<-c("#zhangzhehan")</pre>
gj tweets$group<-c("#gongjun")</pre>
jz_tweets$group<-c("#junzhe")</pre>
tweets_all<-rbind(zzh_tweets,gj_tweets,jz_tweets)</pre>
#get tweet counts per user
tw_counts_user<-table(tweets_all$screen_name)%>%
    as.data.frame() %>%
    arrange(desc(Freq))
names(tw_counts_user)<-c("user","n_tweets")</pre>
#get account names from venn slices
venn_slices <- attr(v.table,"intersections")</pre>
#tweet counts for accounts in each venn slice
get_tweet_counts<-function(index,data,tweets_count){</pre>
  data<-as.data.frame(data)</pre>
  names(data)<-c("user")</pre>
  data<-merge(data,tweets_count,by=c("user"))</pre>
  tweets sum<-sum(data$n tweets)</pre>
  data %>%
    arrange(desc(n_tweets)) %>%
    top_n(15) %>%
    mutate(user = reorder(user, n_tweets)) %>%
    ggplot(aes(x = user, y = n_tweets)) +
    geom_col() +
    xlab(NULL) +
    coord_flip() +
    ggtitle(paste("top accounts tweeting about",index,", n=",tweets_sum,"tweets"))
}
lapply(seq_along(venn_slices), function(i) get_tweet_counts(names(x)[[i]], x[[i]],tw_counts_user))
## Selecting by n_tweets
## Selecting by n_tweets
## Selecting by n_tweets
## Selecting by n tweets
## Selecting by n_tweets
## Selecting by n_tweets
## Selecting by n_tweets
## [[1]]
```

top accounts tweeting about ZZH:JunZhe , n=28 tweets



[[2]]

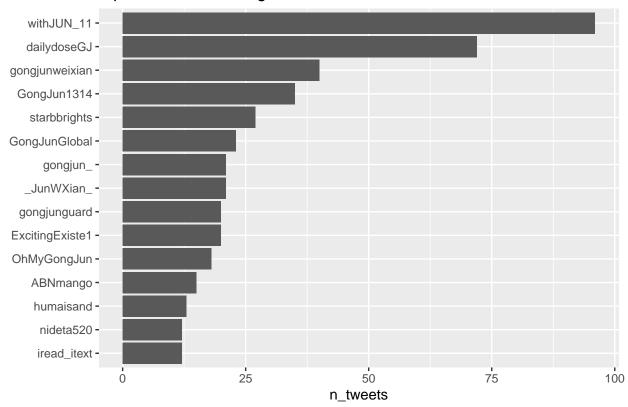
top accounts tweeting about ZZH:JunZhe:GJ, n= 494 tweets



##

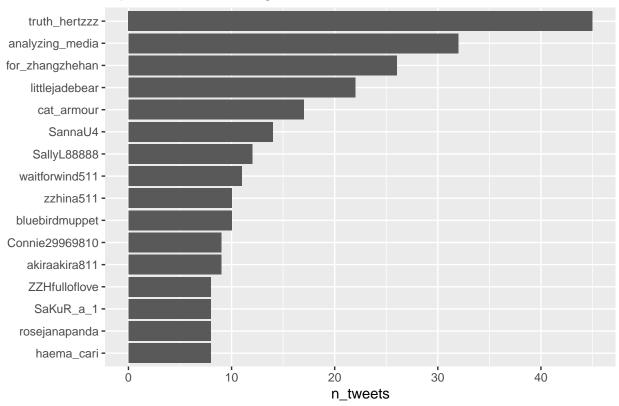
[[3]]

top accounts tweeting about GJ , n= 749 tweets



[[4]]

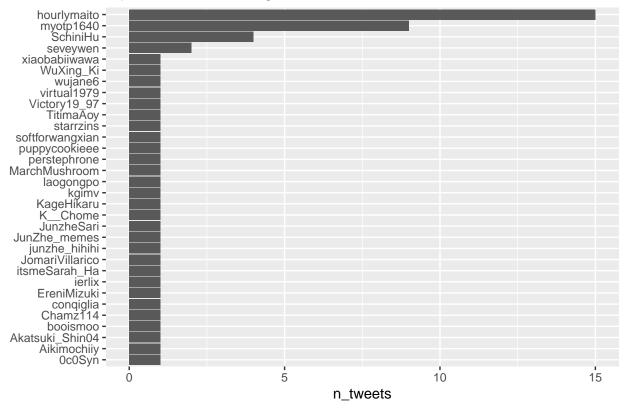




##

[[5]]

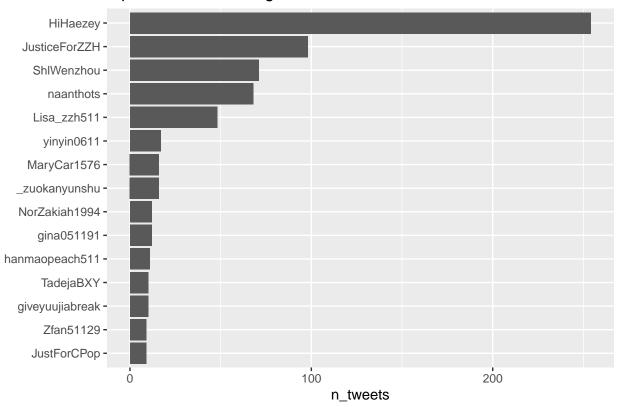




##

[[6]]

top accounts tweeting about ZZH:GJ, n= 808 tweets



[

[[7]]

top accounts tweeting about JunZhe:GJ, n=7 tweets

