

# [ Computer Architecture Midterm Project ]

## [ Benha Bank queue Monitor]

[ The team]

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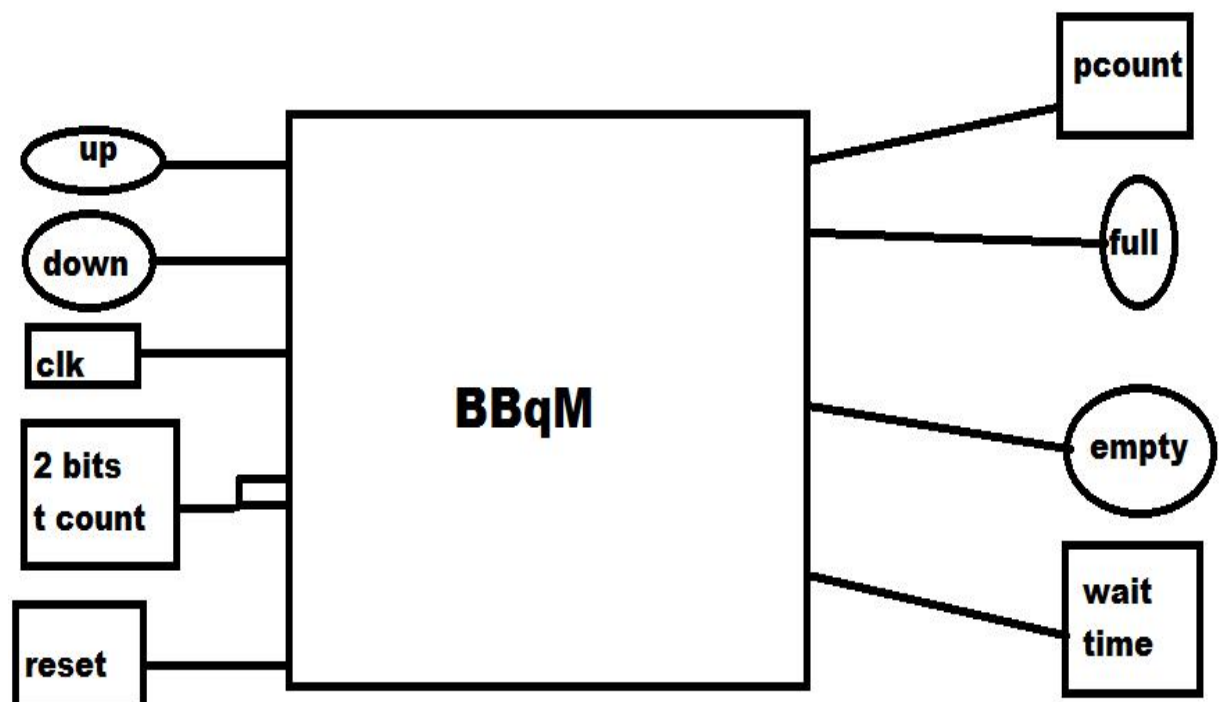
Supervised by :  
Eng : mayada

## Overview :

this system is an embedded system to monitor the client queue in front of the tellers. The proposed system describes a branch of a bank , located in a BFCAl.

It has a specific method that controls the number of people waiting in the queue ,the number of tellers available to serve people ,and shows the waiting time for each one in the queue on a seven segment .

## The Icon for the system(BBqM):-



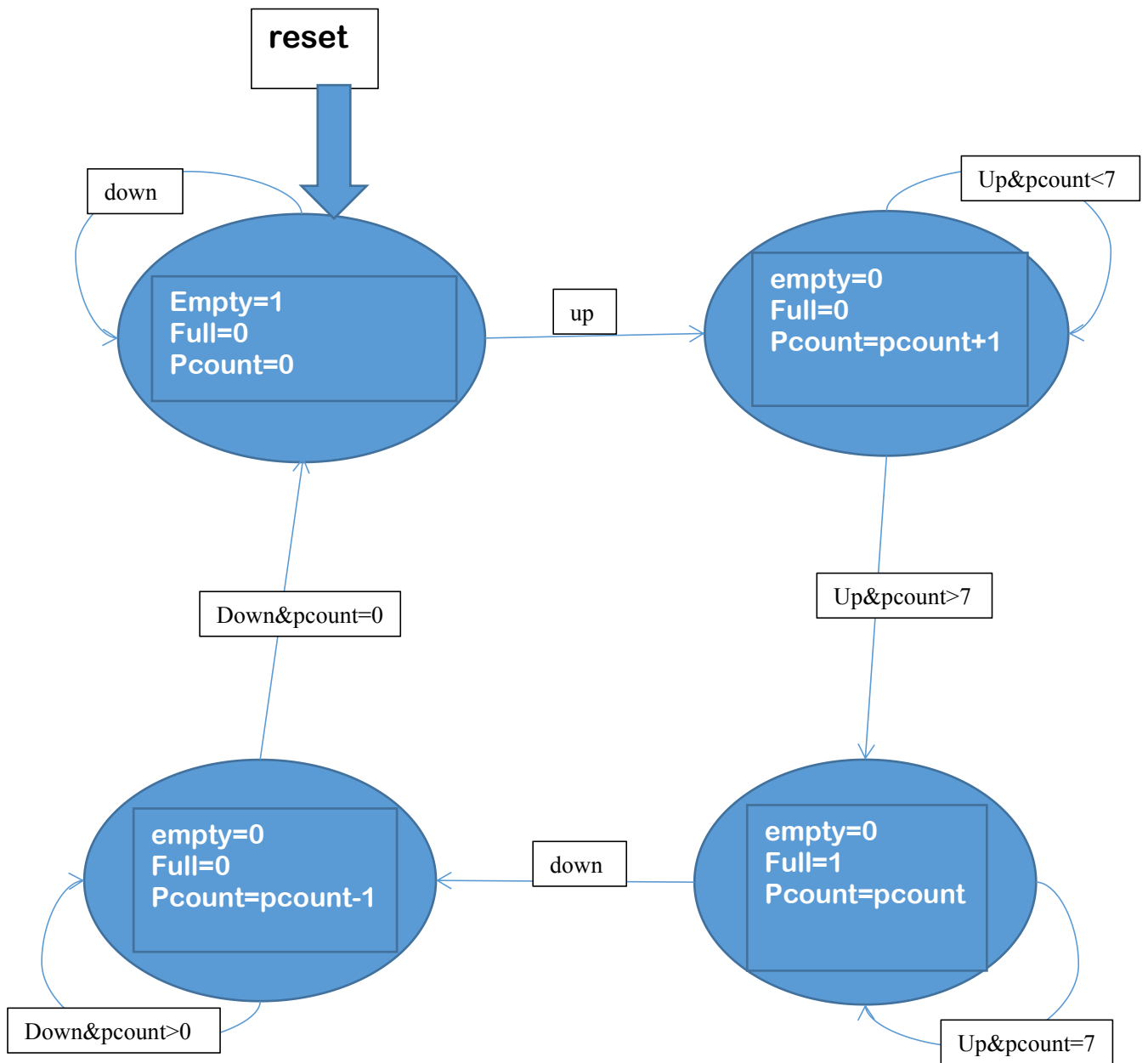
## **System Inputs :-**

<b>inputs</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Possible values</b>
<b>Up</b>	This input is taken from a push button . It indicates that someone enters the waiting room .	[0,1]
<b>Down</b>	This input is taken from a push button . It indicates that some one is out from the waiting room ,heading to a teller.	[0,1]
<b>Clk</b>	This input is taken from the FPGA clock . It counts 50_000_000 in one second . It passes over a clock divider to control its speed .	[10mill second ] //for this the clock counts 250000 then triggers // generate a clock every 500000 HZ
<b>Reset</b>	This is taken from a switch . It sets the whole system to zero .	[0,1]
<b>2 bit Tcount</b>	This input indicates the number of tellers available to serve people .it has a look_up table in the Rom that shows the waiting time for each one.	[01,10,11]

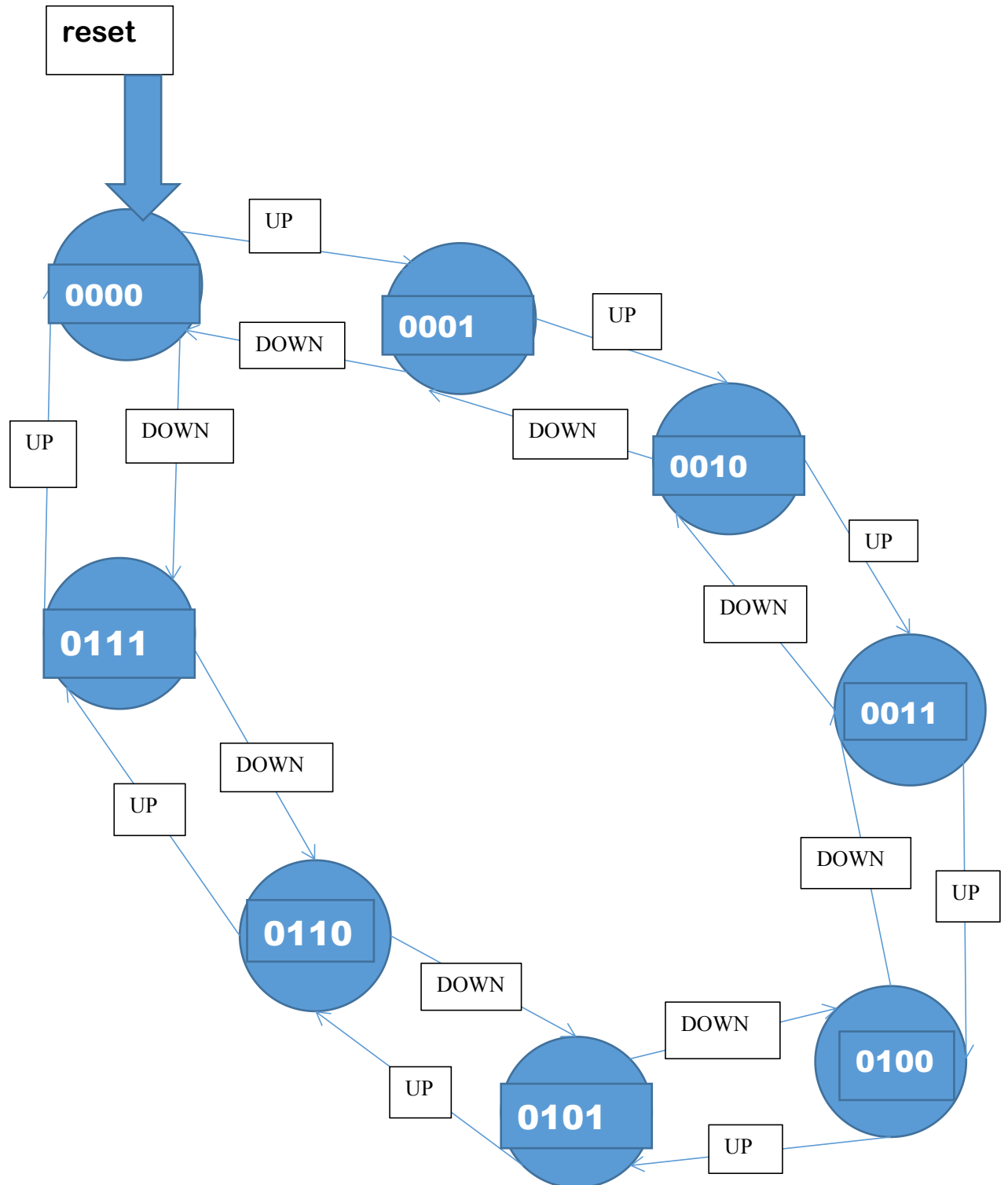
## **System Outputs :-**

<b>Output</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Possible values</b>
<b>Pcount</b>	This is the number of people in the waiting room . It is displayed on a 7segment .	[0:7]
<b>Full</b>	This is a led that lights on when the waiting room is full , (the queue is full and someone tries to enter.	[on,off]
<b>Empty</b>	This is a led that lights when the queue is empty and someone tries getting people out.	[on,off]
<b>Wait time</b>	This is a two 7segments that displays the waiting time from the look-up table in the Rom with respect to the Pcount entering.	2digit decimal number

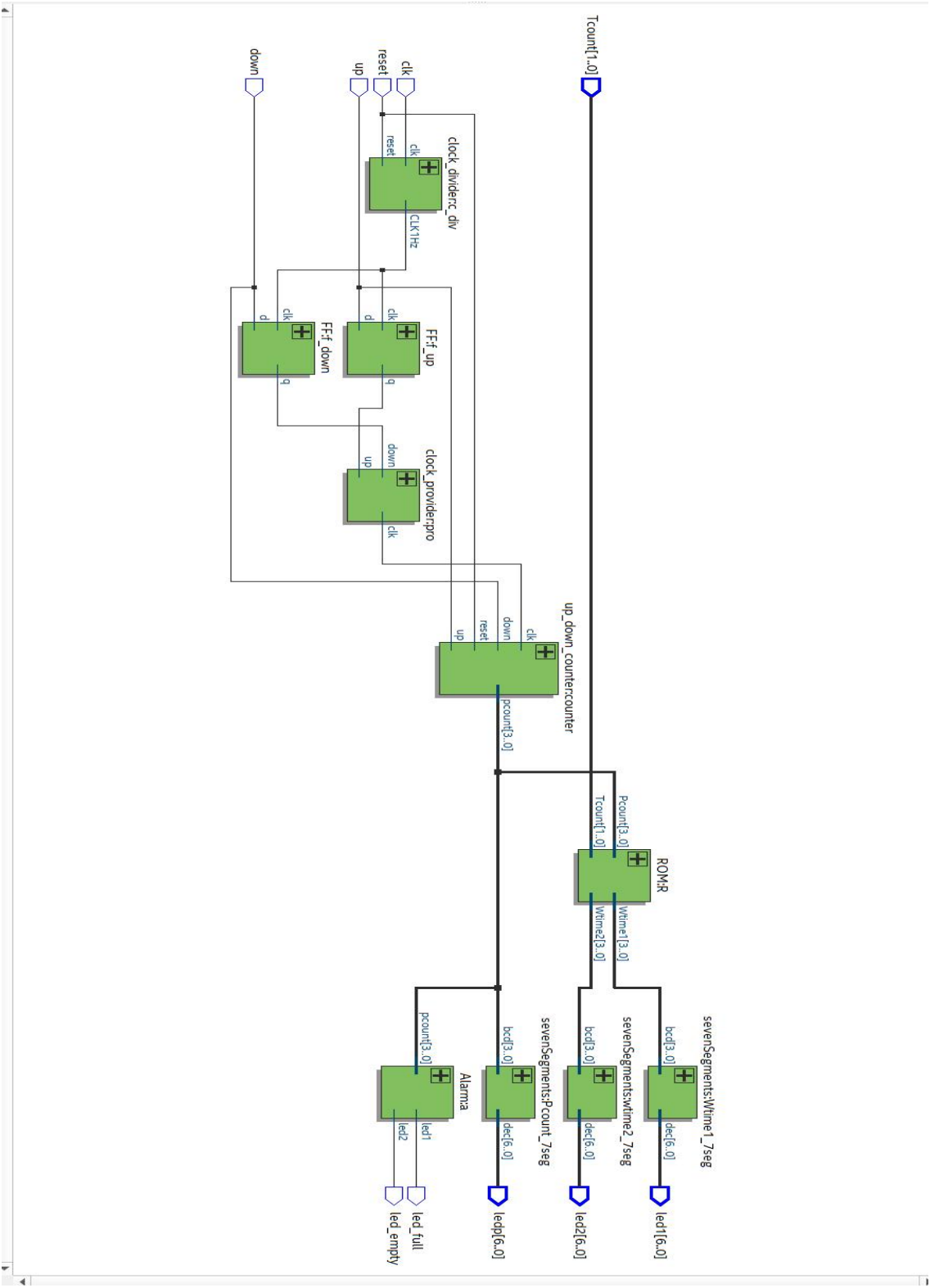
## BBQM FSM :-



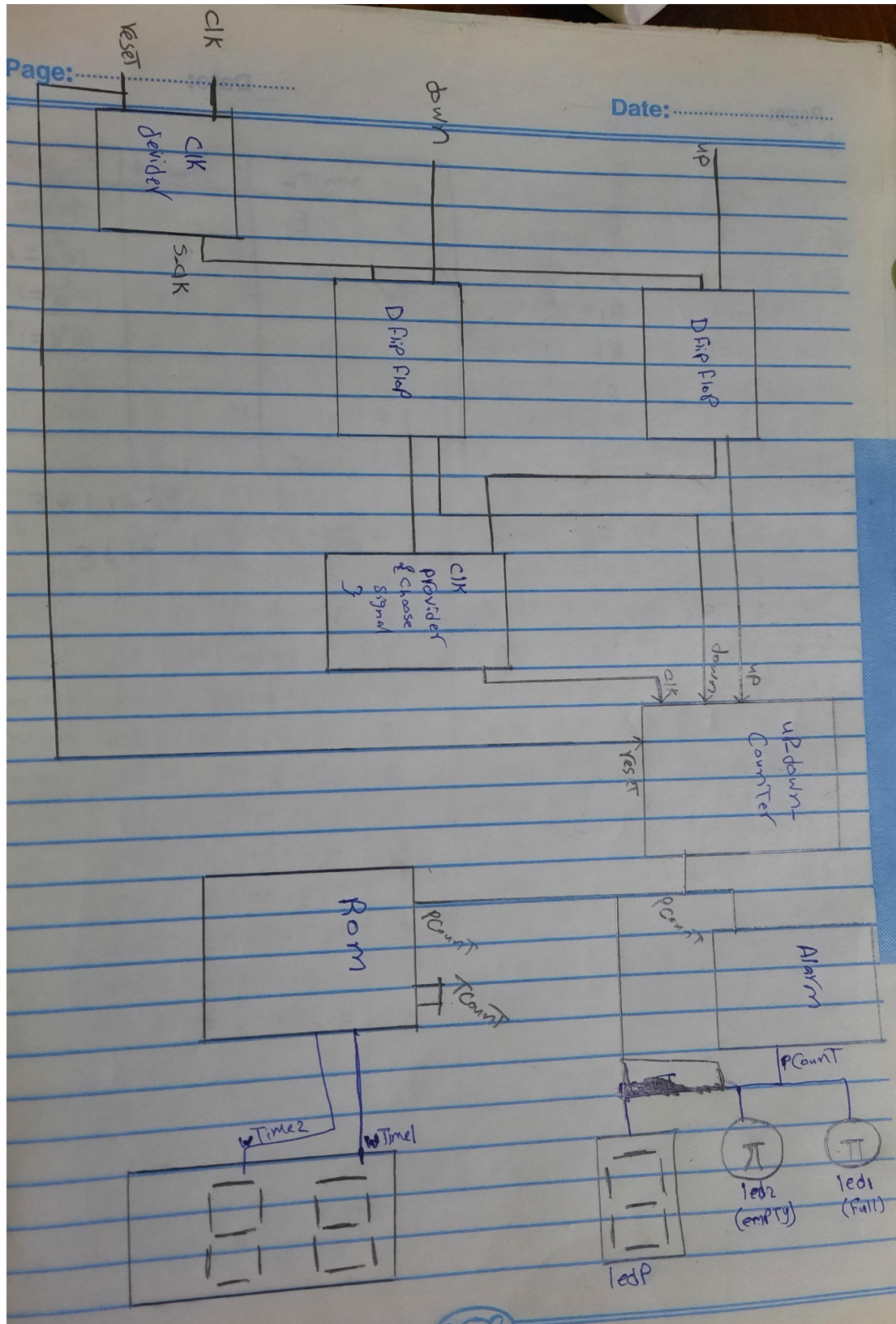
## Up\_down\_counter FSM:-



# The BBqM™ structure.

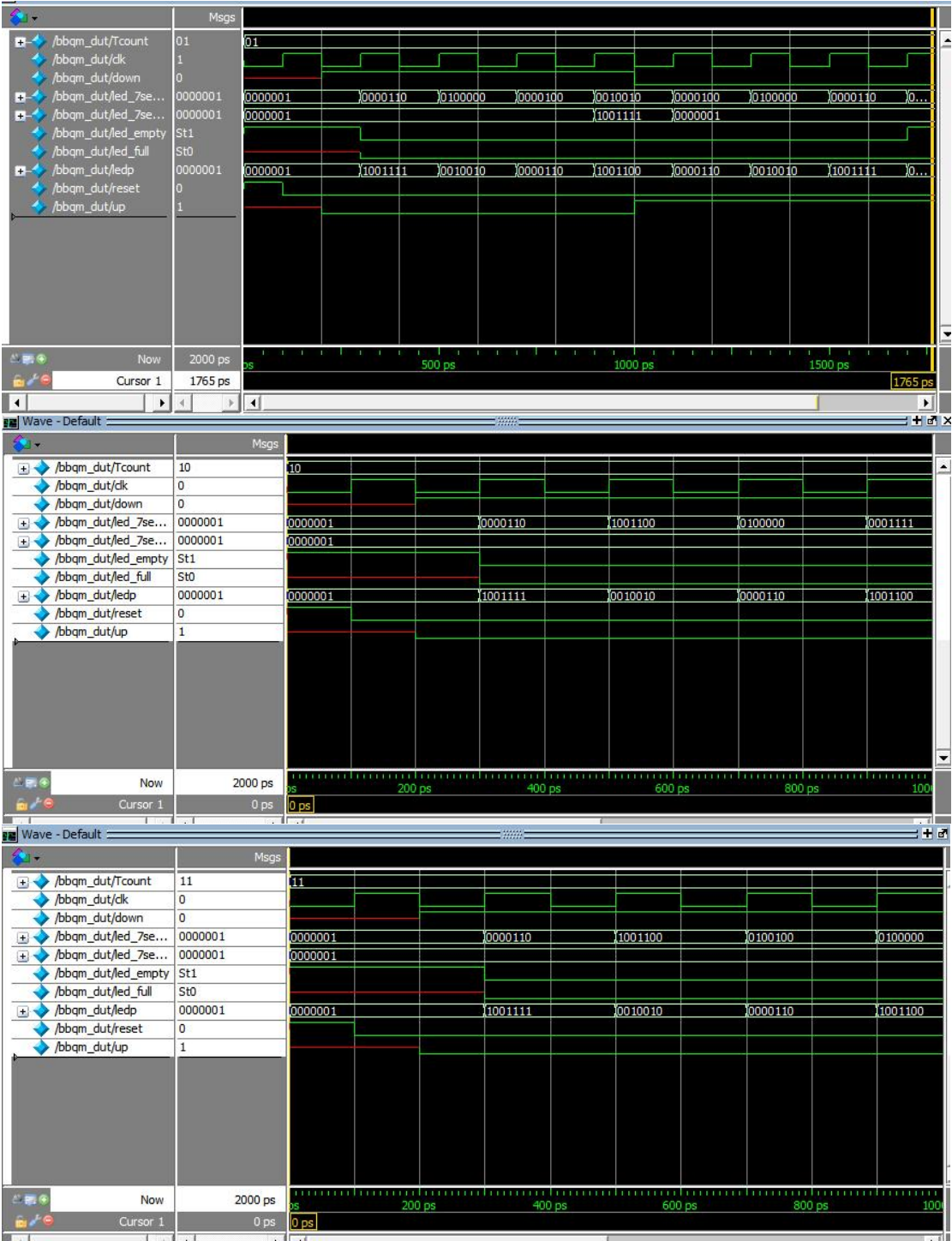


## Bbqm structure

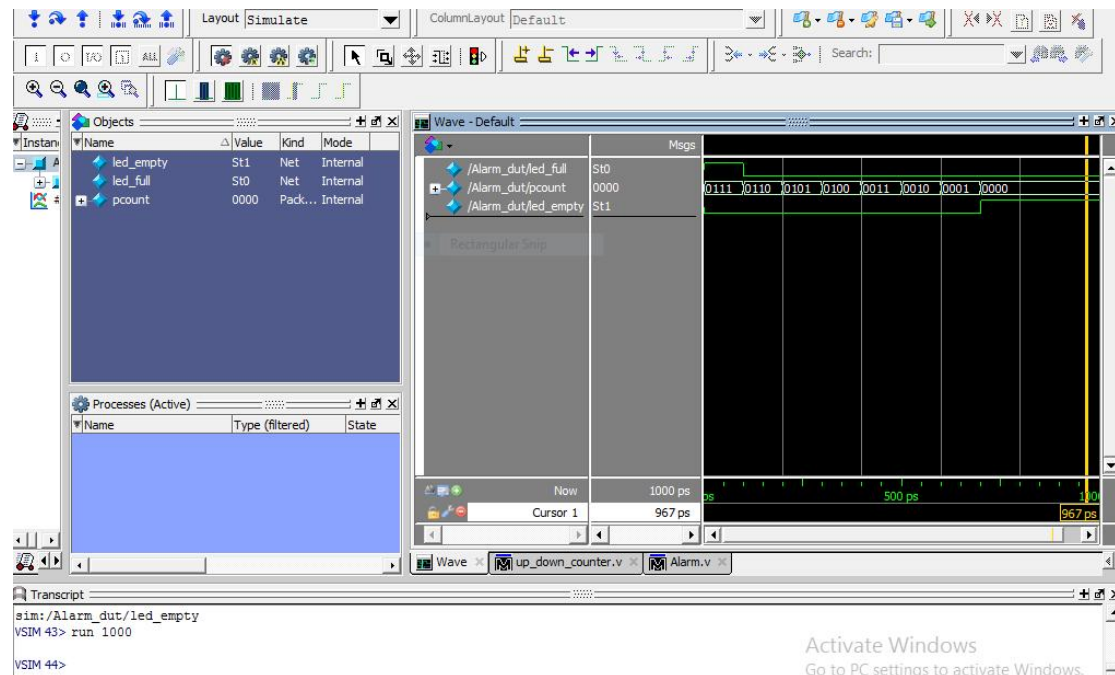




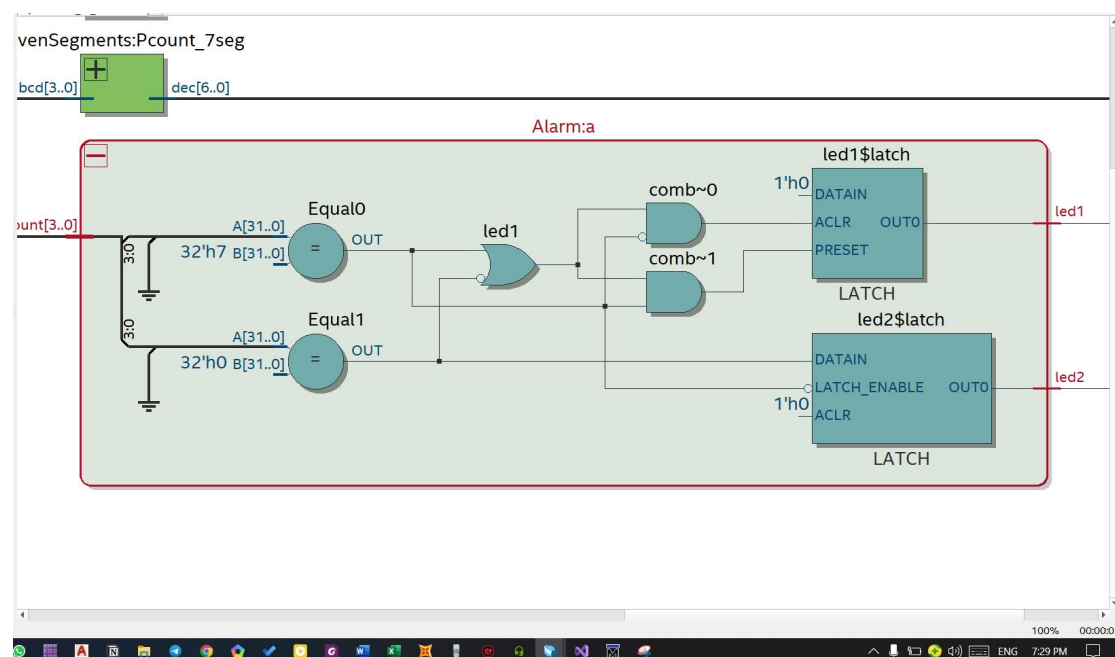
# BBqM test bench:-



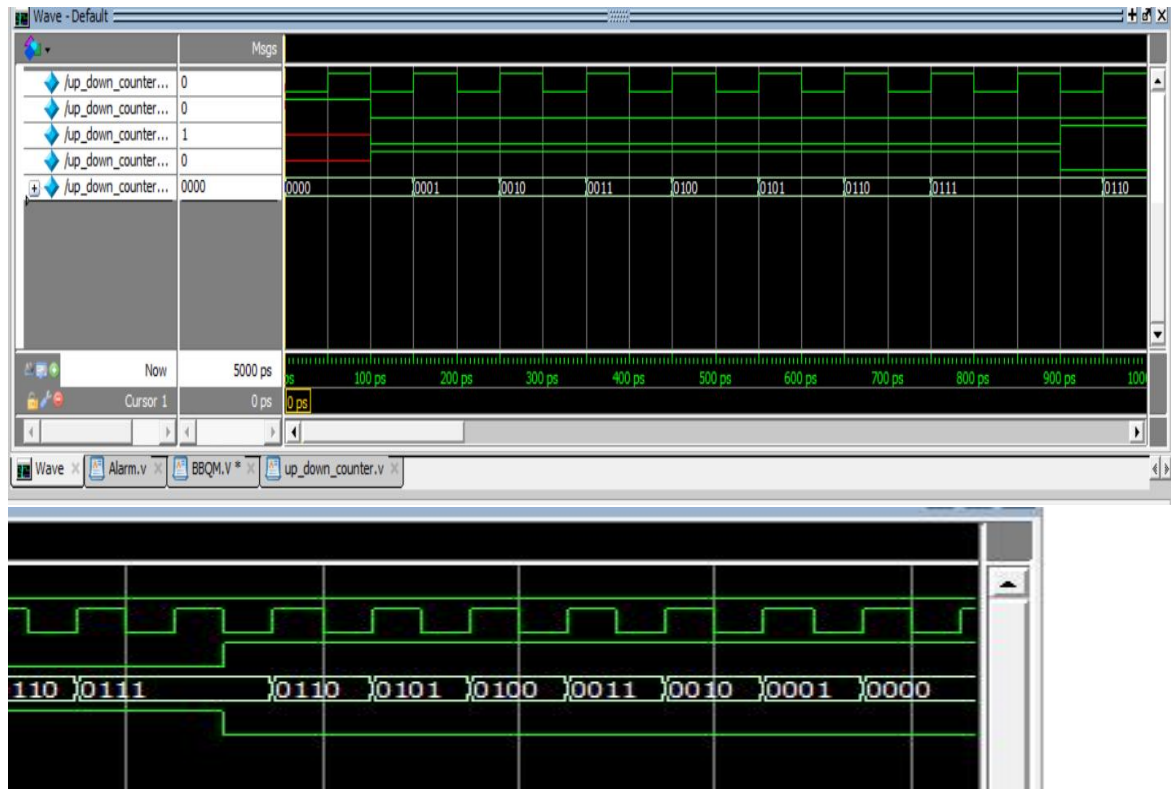
# Alarm test bench



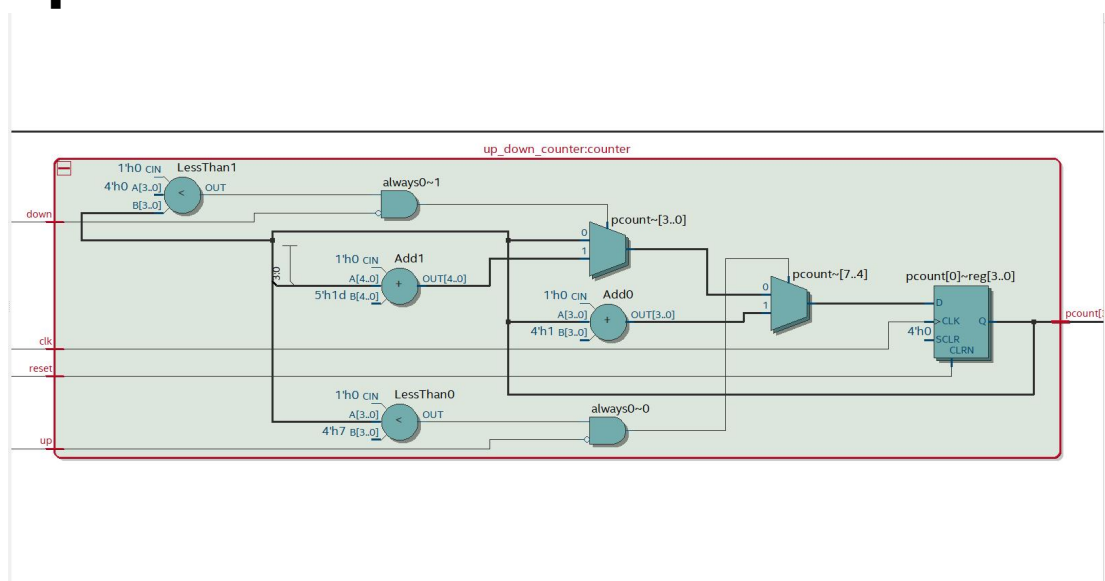
# Alarm structure



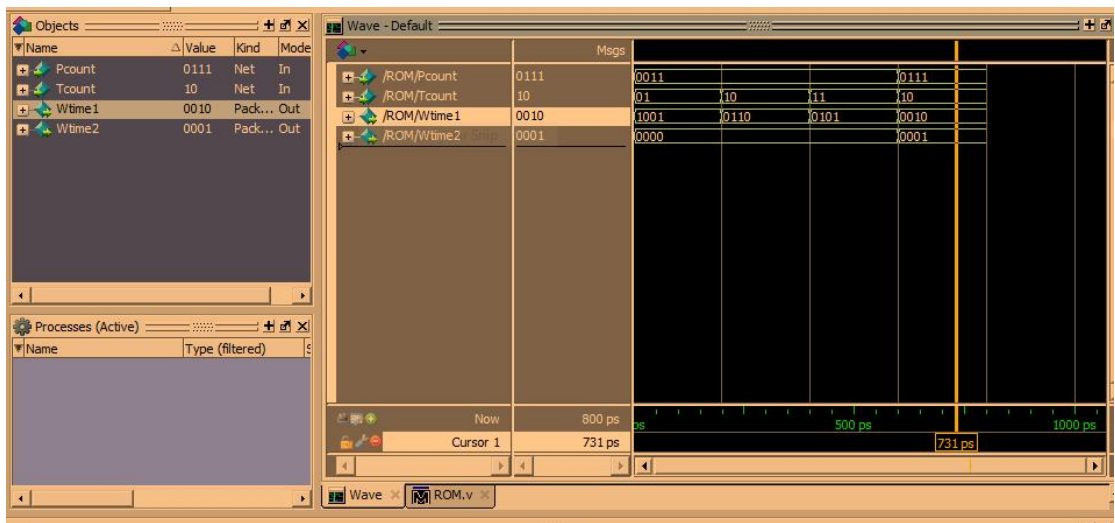
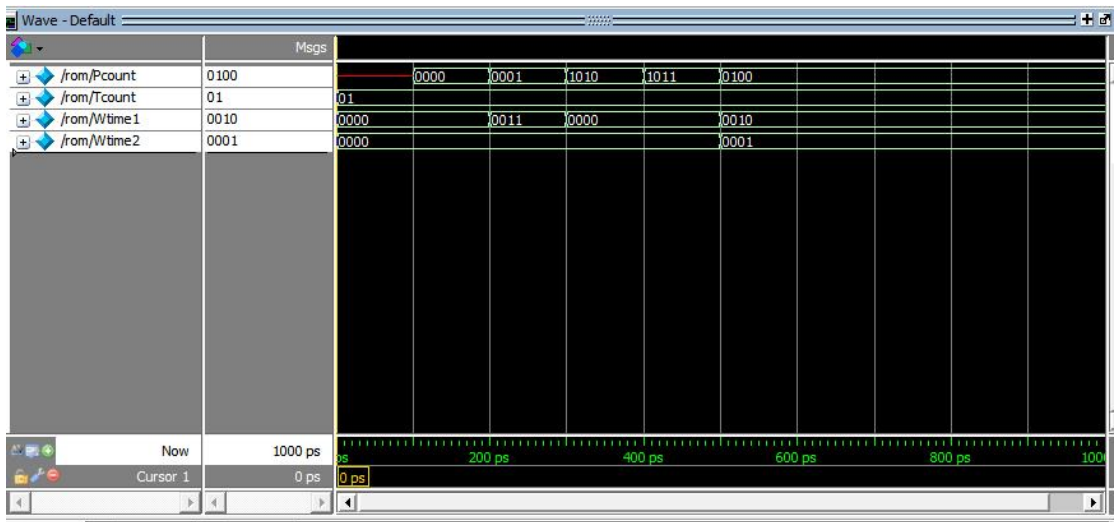
## Up -down-counter test bench



## Up-down-counter structure



# Rom test bench



## **Alarm test table**

<b>Pcount</b>	<b>Led_full</b>	<b>Led_empty</b>
0000	0	1
0001	0	0
0010	0	0
0011	0	0
0100	0	0
0101	0	0
0110	0	0
0111	1	0

## **Rom test table**

<b>Tcount</b>	<b>Pcount</b>	<b>Wtime1</b>	<b>Wtime2</b>
<b>01</b>	<b>0000</b>	<b>0000</b>	<b>0000</b>
<b>01</b>	<b>0001</b>	<b>0000</b>	<b>0011</b>
<b>10</b>	<b>0000</b>	<b>0000</b>	<b>0000</b>
<b>10</b>	<b>0001</b>	<b>0000</b>	<b>0011</b>
<b>11</b>	<b>0000</b>	<b>0000</b>	<b>0000</b>
<b>11</b>	<b>0001</b>	<b>0000</b>	<b>0011</b>
<b>11</b>	<b>0010</b>	<b>0000</b>	<b>0100</b>

**And so on as the look up table**



## Look-up table for Rom

Page: ..... Date: .....

TCount[1:0]	PCount[3:0]	Value	Wait Time [7:0] 2 <sup>nd</sup> segment
1 = 2 <sup>b</sup> 01	1 = 4 <sup>b</sup> 0001	3	$3(1+1-1)/1 = 8^b$ 0000 0011
1 = 2 <sup>b</sup> 01	2 = 4 <sup>b</sup> 0010	6	$3(1+2-1)/2 = 8^b$ 0000 0110
1 = 2 <sup>b</sup> 01	3 = 4 <sup>b</sup> 0011	9	$3(1+3-1)/3 = 8^b$ 0000 1001
1 = 2 <sup>b</sup> 01	4 = 4 <sup>b</sup> 0100	12	$3(1+4-1)/4 = 8^b$ 0001 0010
1 = 2 <sup>b</sup> 01	5 = 4 <sup>b</sup> 0101	15	$3(1+5-1)/5 = 8^b$ 0001 0101
1 = 2 <sup>b</sup> 01	6 = 4 <sup>b</sup> 0110	18	$3(1+6-1)/6 = 8^b$ 0001 1000
1 = 2 <sup>b</sup> 01	7 = 4 <sup>b</sup> 0111	21	$3(1+7-1)/7 = 8^b$ 0010 0001
2 = 2 <sup>b</sup> 10	1 = 4 <sup>b</sup> 0001	3	$3(2+1-1)/1 = 8^b$ 0000 0011
2 = 2 <sup>b</sup> 10	2 = 4 <sup>b</sup> 0010	4	$3(2+2-1)/2 = 8^b$ 0000 0100
2 = 2 <sup>b</sup> 10	3 = 4 <sup>b</sup> 0011	6	$3(2+3-1)/3 = 8^b$ 0000 0110
2 = 2 <sup>b</sup> 10	4 = 4 <sup>b</sup> 0100	7	$3(2+4-1)/4 = 8^b$ 0000 0111
2 = 2 <sup>b</sup> 10	5 = 4 <sup>b</sup> 0101	9	$3(2+5-1)/5 = 8^b$ 0000 1001
2 = 2 <sup>b</sup> 10	6 = 4 <sup>b</sup> 0110	10	$3(2+6-1)/6 = 8^b$ 0001 0000
2 = 2 <sup>b</sup> 10	7 = 4 <sup>b</sup> 0111	12	$3(2+7-1)/7 = 8^b$ 0001 0010
3 = 2 <sup>b</sup> 11	1 = 4 <sup>b</sup> 0001	3	$3(3+1-1)/1 = 8^b$ 0000 0011
3 = 2 <sup>b</sup> 11	2 = 4 <sup>b</sup> 0010	4	$3(3+2-1)/2 = 8^b$ 0000 0100
3 = 2 <sup>b</sup> 11	3 = 4 <sup>b</sup> 0011	5	$3(3+3-1)/3 = 8^b$ 0000 0101
3 = 2 <sup>b</sup> 11	4 = 4 <sup>b</sup> 0100	6	$3(3+4-1)/4 = 8^b$ 0000 0110
3 = 2 <sup>b</sup> 11	5 = 4 <sup>b</sup> 0101	7	$3(3+5-1)/5 = 8^b$ 0000 0111
3 = 2 <sup>b</sup> 11	6 = 4 <sup>b</sup> 0110	8	$3(3+6-1)/6 = 8^b$ 0000 1000
3 = 2 <sup>b</sup> 11	7 = 4 <sup>b</sup> 0111	9	$3(3+7-1)/7 = 8^b$ 0000 1001
	PCount = 0	0	WTime = 8 <sup>b</sup> 0000 0000

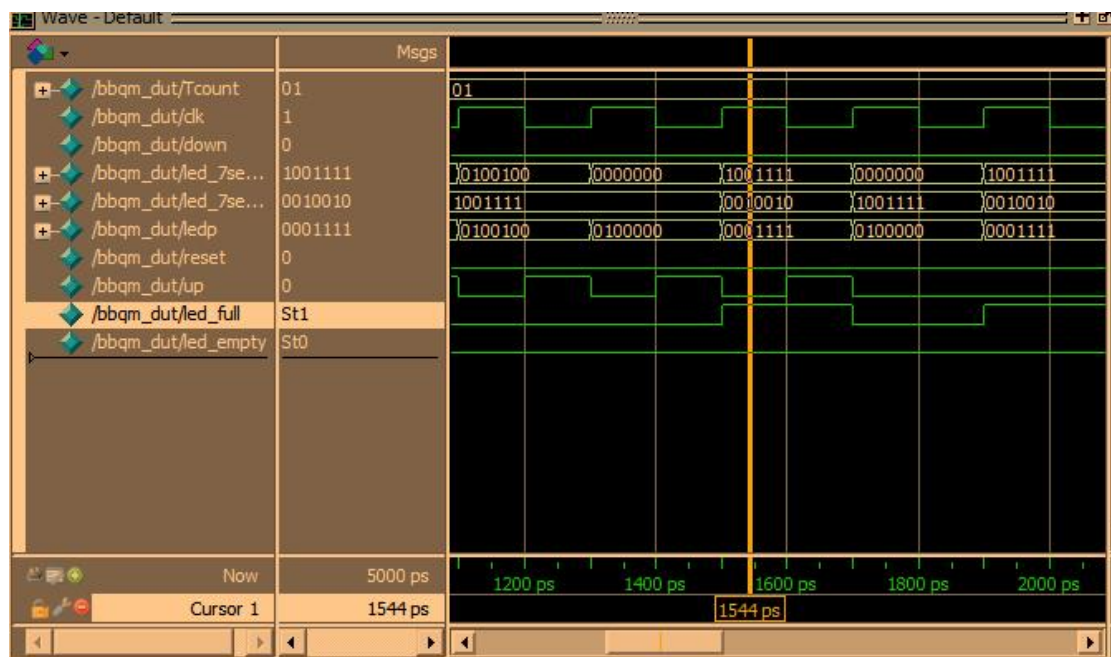
## Test table for BBqM

clk	Reset	up	down	Tcount	Led_7segw1	Led_7segw2	Led_7segp	Led full	Led empty
0	1	x	x	01	0000001	0000001	0000001	x	1
1	0	0	1	01	0000110	0000001	1001111	0	0
1	0	0	1	01	0100000	0000001	0010010	0	0
1	0	0	1	01	0000100	0000001	0000110	0	0
1	0	0	1	01	0010010	1001111	1001100	0	0
1	0	0	1	01	0100100	1001111	0100100	0	0

**And so on for Tcount {01,10,11}**

## Led Full test table

clk	Reset	up	down	Tcount	Led_7segw1	Led_7segw2	Led_7segp	Led full	Led empty
1	0	0	0	01	1001111	0010010	0001111	1	0



# Led empty test table

clk	Reset	up	down	Tcount	Led_7segw1	Led_7segw2	Led_7segp	Led full	Led empty
1	0	1	0	01	0000001	0000001	0000001	0	1

