

**Lab 8**

# Python Loops

**Lecturer: Hussien Omer AL \_ Baiti**

# Main points of loop

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- Initialize value .
- End value .
- Condition .
- Increment / Decrement .

# Types of Python Loops

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- While Loop in Python.
- For Loop in Python.
- Nested Loops.
- Loop Control Statements.



**While Loop**



# While loop structure

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- The syntax of while loop in Python is:

**Init value**

**While condition :**

**body of while statements**

**Increment / Decrement**

## Cont..

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- With the **while** loop we can execute a set of statements as long as a condition is true.

```
i = 0
while i < 3:
    print("hello")
    i += 1
```

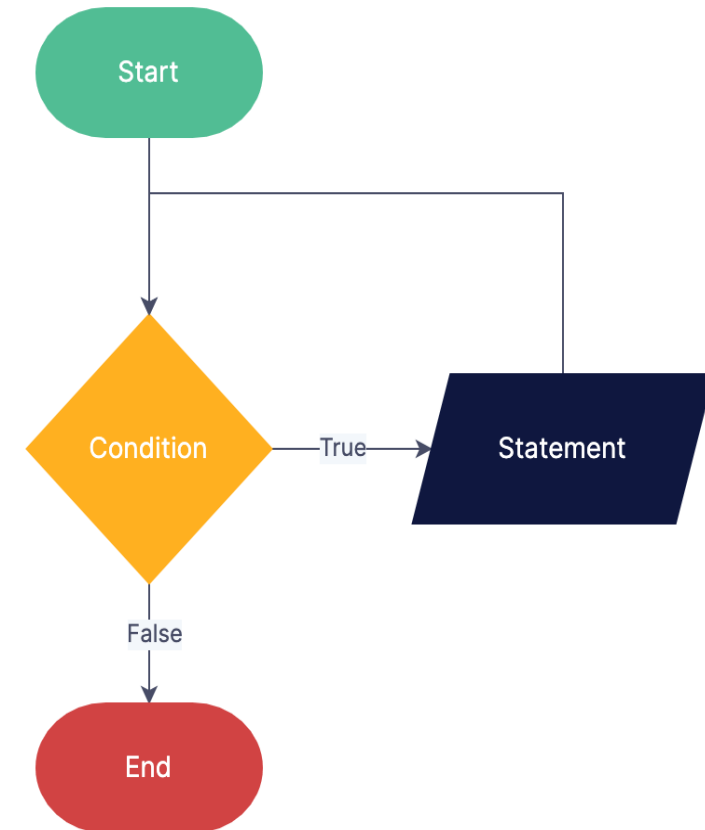
```
hello
hello
hello
```

# Flow while loop diagram

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- The while evaluates condition.
- If condition is evaluated to True,  
the code inside the body of while is executed.
- If condition is evaluated to False,  
go out of while loop .

## While Loop Flowchart



# Example 1

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- Write python program to print numbers from ( 0 – 10 )

```
i = 0
while i <= 10:
    print(i,end="\t")
    i += 1
```

## ■ Output

```
C:\Users\SuperLap\PycharmProjects\pythonProject\ver
0    1    2    3    4    5    6    7    8    9    10
Process finished with exit code 0
```



# Using else statement with While Loop in Python

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- The else clause is only executed when your while condition becomes false. If you break out of the loop, or if an exception is raised, it won't be executed.

- **Syntax of While Loop with else statement:**

while condition:

    # execute these statements

else:

    # execute these statements

# Example 2

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- What the output of following program.

```
count = 0
while count < 3:
    count = count + 1
    print("Hello every one")
else:
    print("In Else Block")

print("you out of while block")
```

# Cont..

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## ■ Output

```
C:\Users\SuperLap\PycharmProjects\I
```

```
Hello every one
```

```
Hello every one
```

```
Hello every one
```

```
In Else Block
```

```
you out of while block
```

# Infinite While Loop in Python

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- First program :

```
count = 0
while count == 0:
    print("Hello every body")
```

- Second program :

```
i = 0
while i < 5:
    print("infinite loop")
    i -= 1
```

# The break Statement

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- With the `break` statement we can stop the loop even if the while condition is true:

```
while True:
    num = int(input("select 0 key to stop program"))
    if num == 0 :
        break
    else:
        print("error enter again")
```

# Example 3

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- What the output of following program.

```
i = 0
while i < 10:
    if i > 5:
        break
    print(i, end="\t")
    i += 1
```

# The continue Statement

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- With the `continue` statement we can stop the current iteration, and continue with the next:

```
i = -1
while i < 10:
    i += 1
    if i == 5:
        continue
    print(i, end="\t")
```

GOOD

LUCK

