



HADHRAMOUT UNIVERSITY
COLLEGE OF COMPUTERS & INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY
FINAL EXAMINATION



Academic year: 2020-2021

Day and Date:

Examiner: Hussien . O . A . Ibaiti

Time allowed: 2

Exam Semester : First

Level: Third

Department: IT

Subject: Data Structure

(B)

Answer following questions by use one class only:

1) Write function that print your name in reverse way by using Stack concept.

Note:

- User accepted string out side class by object and don't use `def` `init` [2 Marks]
- Print string out side class [2 Marks]

2) Write function to add set of letters to list by using DQ concept.

Note:

- If user enter consonant letters add to rear side if enter vowels letters add to front side [4 Marks]
- If user enter number add to front [2 Marks]

3) Write a function to revers the words that are less than 4 from a given list of words . don't use revers function

Example:

lst = ['apple', 'car', 'box', 'window', 'milk', 'one']

output => ['apple', 'rac', 'xob', 'window', 'milk', 'eno']

Note:

- use accept items inside class [1 Marks]
- user sorted items inside class [2 Marks]
- print items out side class [2 Marks]

Class DS:

L = []

IL = []

def revName(self, s):

st = ""

self.L = []

for i in s:

self.L.append(i)

for j in range(len(self.L)):

x = self.L.pop()

self.L.append(x)

for i in range(len(self.L)):

st = self.L.pop()

st = x + st

st = st + st

return st

def deque(self):

dequ = []

front = rear = -1

for i in range(3):

key = input("enter: ")

if front < 0:

if key not in "00uUiiEaA" and key not in "0123456789":

dequ.append(key)

else:

dequ.insert(0, key)

front += 1

else:

if key not in "00uUiiEaA" and key not in "0123456789":

dequ.append(key)

else:

dequ.insert(0, key)

rear += 1

return dequ

np, in, is, are, still

22.5

Data Structures - Monthly Test

Name: _____

Department: IT A 8/10

Q. 1: Put (✓) or (X) on the appropriate sentences, with correct the false ones:

1- Stacks are classified into primitive and non-primitive. Graph alien or data structures which have one end called TOP. X

2- If the elements are connected in a linear sequence memory locations, it called linear data structure. ✓

3- Circle queue is an example of non-linear data structure. X

4- An Queue can be accessed only at one of its ends called (top), for either adding or deleting. X

5- Adding an element to the Queue is called enqueue, ✓

6- Correctness means every step of the algorithm should be clear and well defined. X

7- In the queue the operation Front is return the last element in it. X (7)

Q. 2: Compare (قارن) between stack and queue in short:

Comparison Points (نقاط المقارنة)	Stack	Queue
Principle المبدأ	(First In Last out) or (Last In First out)	(First in First out) (Last in Last out)
Adding الإضافة	Push by one end (TOP)	by Front Rear
Deleting الحذف	by one end (TOP), POP()	by use Front POP()
First element أول عنصر	First -	L.Front() ✓
Last element آخر عنصر	L.TOP() ✓	L.Rear() ✓

Q. 3: Mention (ذكر) two applications of circle queue?

- 1- traffic systems.
- 2- CPU scheduling
- 3- memory management

Q. 4: Write a recursive function to find the Greatest Common Divisor (GCD), where, the function takes 2 parameters as input, the following recursive definition determines the GCD of x and y:

$$\text{gcd}(x, y) = \begin{cases} x & \text{if } y = 0 \\ \text{gcd}(y, x \% y) & \text{if } y \neq 0 \end{cases}$$

بالفعل


```
def Gcd(x, y):
```

```
    if y == 0:
```

```
        return x
```

```
    else:
```

```
        return Gcd(y, x % y)
```

```
Print(Gcd(12, 4))
```

Ex
 $Gcd(12, 4)$

↳ $12 / 4 = 3 \quad \% \Rightarrow 0$

↓ $y \neq 0$

$Gcd(4, 0)$

↳ $\text{return } y = 0$

جواب 4
return x

G 2 A 8:100 (A)

Write a program to reverse the words that are less than 4 from a given list of words. don't use reverse function

Example:

lst = ['apple', 'car', 'box', 'window', 'milk', 'one']

output => ['apple', 'rac', 'xob', 'window', 'milk', 'eno']

Note (

- 1) User specific list size out side class by object
- 2) user accept items inside class
- 3) create function to search about words that interact with it from inside class
- 4) print items out side class

G2 A Si

(A)

Write a Python program that takes a list from user with unique odd items

Example:

lst = [1, 2, 2, 3, 3, 3, 4, 5, 5]

output :- [1, 2, 2, 3, 4, 5]

Note {

- 1) Use stack concept
- 2) use class concept
- 3) print/list out side class

Class stack:

L = [1, 2, 2, 3, 3, 3, 4, 5, 5]

top = len(L) - 1

def pop(self, x):

global top

top -= 1

return self.pop(x)

def push(self, i):

global top, newl

newl.append(i)

def check(self):

newl = []

for i in range(len(self.L)):

if self.L[i] % 2 == 0 and self.L[i] not in newl:

newl.append(self.L[i])

elif self.L[i] % 2 == 0:

newl.append(self.L[i])

return newl

oop = stack()

Print(oop.check())

Not stack concept