radare2

Radare2 - a framework for reverse engineering

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maxime morin

- 22 y/o french expat @ Luxembourg
- Food, Travel and Languages <3
- I hate Bullshit
- Malware.lu CERT team leader (2days/week) and incident response
 © European Commission CSIRC (3days/week)
- User of radare2 (impossibru!)
- I'm creating tests + documentation

anton kochkov

- Living in Moscow, Russia
- Reverse Engineering, Languages and Travel
- Reverse engineer, firmware security analyst at SecurityCode Ltd.
- Member of r2 crew

julien voisin

- Living in Paris
- I like to reverse/pwn things
- Mostly bugfixer and warning silencer

jeffrey crowell

- Boston, MA, USA
- Shellphish CTF

generality on radare2 framework

- r1 2006, r2 2009
- Multi-(OSes—Archs—Bindings—FileFormats—...)
- 10 tools based on the framework
- Around 149 contributors from various fields
- GSOC + RSOC
- CLI/VisualMode/GUI/WebGUI
- around 350K LOC

installation

installation

- · Always use git version!
- Use the provided VM on SSH (radare:radare / root:radare)
- git clone http://github.com/radare/radare2 && cd radare2 && ./sys/install.sh
- Use the Windows installer http://bin.rada.re/radare2.exe

- rax2
- rabin2
- rasm2
- radiff2
- rafind2
- rahash2
- radare2
- r2pm
- rarun2/ragg2/ragg2-cc

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utilities: rax2

rax2 — Base converter

\$ rax2 10

0xa

\$ rax2 33 0x41 0101b

0x21 65 0x5

\$ rax2 -s 4142434445

ABCDE

\$ rax2 0x5*101b+5

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utilities: rabin2

rabin2 — Binary program info extractor

\$ rabin2 -e

Entrypoints

\$ rabin2 -i

Shows imports

\$ rabin2 -zz

Shows strings

\$ rabin2 -g

Show all possible information

- rax2
- rabin2
- rasm2
- radiff2
- rafind2
- rahash2
- radare2
- r2pm
- rarun2/ragg2/ragg2-cc

utilities: rasm2

rasm2 — assembler and disassembler tool

\$ rasm2 -a x86 -b 32 'mov eax, 33'

Assemble

\$ rasm2 -d 9090

Disassemble

\$ rasm2 -L

List supported asm plugins

\$ rasm2 -a x86 -b 32 'mov eax, 33' -C

Output in C format

- rax2
- rabin2
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- radiff2
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- radare2
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- rarun2/ragg2/ragg2-cc

utilities: radiff2

radiff2 — unified binary diffing utility

\$ radiff2 original patched

Code diffing

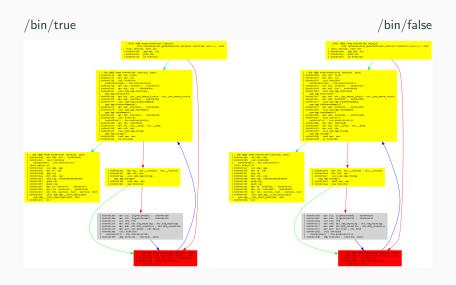
\$ radiff2 -C original patched

Code diffing using graphdiff algorithm

\$ radiff2 -g main -a x86 -b32 original patched

Graph diff output of given symbol, or between two functions, at given offsets: one for each binary.

utilities: radiff2 — graph example



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- rahash2
- radare2
- r2pm
- rarun2/ragg2/ragg2-cc

utilities: rafind2

rafind2 — Advanced commandline hexadecimal editor

\$ rafind2 -X -s passwd dump.bin

Search for the string passwd

- rax2
- rabin2
- rasm2
- radiff2
- rafind2
- rahash2
- radare2
- r2pm
- rarun2/ragg2/ragg2-cc

utilities: rahash2

rahash2 — block based hashing utility

\$ rahash2 -a all binary.exe

Display hashes of the whole file with all algos

\$ rahash2 -B -b 512 -a md5

Compute md5 per block of 512

\$ rahash2 -B -b 512 -a entropy

Compute md5 per block of 512

\$ echo -n "admin" | rahash2 -a md5 -s "

Compute md5 of the string admin

- rax2
- rabin2
- rasm2
- radiff2
- rafind2
- rahash2
- radare2
- r2pm
- rarun2/ragg2/ragg2-cc

radare2 — command line

1 command <—>1 reverse-engineering'notion

Keep in mind that:

- 1. Every character has a meaning i.e (w = write, p = print)
- 2. Every command is a succession of character i.e pdf = p <->print d <->disassemble f <->function
- 3. Every command is documented with **cmd?**, i.e pdf?,?, ???, ???, ?\$?, ?@?

the # command — hashing command

- 1. Open a file with radare2 radare2 file.exe
- 2. Get Usage on the command #? Usage: #algo <size>@ addr
- 3. List of all existing algorithms ##
- 4. SHA1 #sha1
- 5. Hashing from the begin #sha1 @ 0
- with a hash block size corresponding to the size of the file #sha1 \$s
 0 0x0

This command is same as rahash2 -a sha1 file.exe

flags

- Flags are used to specify a name for an offset: f?.
- Add a function af+ hand craft a function (requires afb+)
- f. name @ offset set local function label named 'blah'

• R2 is an block-based hexadecimal editor. Change the blocksize with the 'b' command.

the i command — information command

- 1. Get Usage on the command i?
- 2. Same as rabin2
- 3. izj for displaying in json
- 4. internal commands: 7 ls, {}, ...

radare2 — 'major' command example: pf

Quick Demo

radare2 - types command example

Quick Demo

radare2 — cli main commands

- 1. r2 -A or r2 then aaa : Analysis
- 2. s : Seek
- 3. pdf: Print disassemble function
- 4. af? : Analyse function
- 5. ax? : Analyse XREF
- 6. /? : Search
- 7. ps?: Print strings
- 8. C?: Comments
- 9. w?: Write

radare2 — visual mode

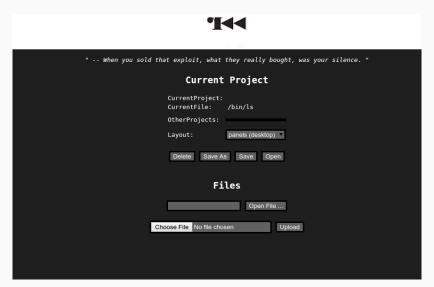
radare2 — visual mode main commands

- 1. V?: Visual help
- 2. p/P: rotate print modes
- 3. move using arrows/hjkl
- 4. o: seek to
- 5. e: r2configurator
- 6. v: Function list
- 7. _: HUD
- 8. V: ASCII Graph
- 9. 0-9: Jump to function
- 10. u: Go back

radare2 — webui

radare2 webui

r2 -A -c=H filename



radare2 — debugger

- 1. radare2 -d
- 2. Quickly switch to Visual debugger mode: Vpp
- 3. OllyDBG/IDApro shortcuts friendly

utilities

- rax2
- rabin2
- rasm2
- radiff2
- rafind2
- rahash2
- radare2
- r2pm
- rarun2/ragg2/ragg2-cc

r2pm

R2PM — radare2 package manager

- 1. r2pm -s (list all plugins)
- 2. r2pm -i retdec

debugging

- Native local debug (r2 -d)
- r2 agent (rap:// protocol)
- GDB remote protocol support
- WinDBG remote protocol support

rarun2 && ragg2 && ragg2-cc

1. Will be shown in Julien and Crowell'parts

now your turn!

- Crackmes: IOLI-Crackme, flare-on 2015 challenges
- Exploitation: pwnablekr "bof", simple ret2libc demo, ropasaurus
- Malware(1/3): Practical malware analysis samples
- Malware(2/3): Any RAT samples see decoder on: https://github.com/kevthehermit/RATDecoders/
- Malware(3/3): AVCaesar.lu, MalekalDB
- Firmware/BIOS/UEFI: TODO

documentation

- Website: http://rada.re/
- Blog: http://radare.today
- Book: http://radare.gitbooks.io/radare2book/content
- Cheatsheet: https://github.com/pwntester/cheatsheets/ blob/master/radare2.md

scripting capabilities

Available for a lot of programming languages

Radare2 Bindings —

R2Pipe —

Demo time!

using r2 for exploit

popular tools

- gdb + peda search memory, dereference stack/registers, debug.
- ida find xrefs/calls, debug
- ropgadget search for gadgets
- r2 can do all of this...

getting binary info

- "checksec" get info : pie, stack canaries, nx
- find strings find references to calls, etc.
- find writable/executable sections

getting binary info

```
0x004048c5]> i~canary
 0x004048c5]> iz~qnu.orq
vaddr=0x00417278 paddr=0x00017278 ordinal=369 sz=39 len=38 section=.rodata type=asci
ftware/coreutils/
vaddr=0x00418587 paddr=0x00018587 ordinal=422 sz=22 len=21 section=.rodata type=asci
vaddr=0x004185b8 paddr=0x000185b8 ordinal=424 sz=203 len=202 section=.rodata type=as
NU GPL version 3 or later <http://gnu.org/licenses/gpl.html>.\nThis is free software
edistribute it.\nThere is NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by law.\n\n
vaddr=0x004187d0 paddr=0x000187d0 ordinal=432 sz=64 len=63 section=.rodata type=asci
U software: <http://www.gnu.org/gethelp/>\n
 0 \times 004048 c5] > iS | grep perm=...x
idx=10 vaddr=0x00402168 paddr=0x00002168 sz=26 vsz=26 perm=--r-x name=.init
idx=11 vaddr=0x00402190 paddr=0x00002190 sz=1808 vsz=1808 perm=--r-x name=.plt
idx=12 vaddr=0x004028a0 paddr=0x000028a0 sz=64730 vsz=64730 perm=--r-x name= text
idx=13 vaddr=0x0041257c paddr=0x0001257c sz=9 vsz=9 perm=--r-x name=.fini
idx=27 vaddr=0x00400000 paddr=0x000000000 sz=113364 vsz=2097152 perm=m-r-x name=phdr0
```

"telescoping" register

- "telescoping" registers
- "telescoping" stack references
- we lose our analysis capabilities on gdb

```
xf7fa20a0 --> 0xffffd1bc --> 0xffffd3dc ("COLOREGBG=15:0")
 BX: 0xf7fa0000 --> 0x1b6da4
 X: 0x1cf8e285
 DX: 0xfffffd144 --> 0xf7fa0000 --> 0x1b6da4
                                        ebp.ebp)
    0 \times fffffd118 \longrightarrow 0 \times 0
                                        esp.@xfffffff0)
  0x56555689 <func+93>:
  0x5655568a <main>: push
  0x5655568b <main+1>: mov
                                ebp, esp
  0x5655568d <main+3>: and
  0x56555690 <main+6>: sub
  0x56555693 <main+9>: mov
                                DWORD PTR [esp], 0xdeadbeef
  0x5655569a <main+16>:
  0x5655569f <main+21>:
                                        eax.0x0
                                                                           esp. 0x10)
     0xffffd124 --> 0xffffd1b4 --> 0xffffd3b3 ("/home/jeff/ctf/wargame/pwnablekr/bof/bof")
     0xfffffd128 --> 0xfffffd1bc --> 0xfffffd3dc ("COLOREGBG=15:0")
0024| 0xffffd130 --> 0x0
0028| 0xffffd134 --> 0x0
```

"telescoping" register

- we can do the same thing with r2
- display references to code/ascii/etc. from registers/stack
- quite useful for dynamic analysis.
- keep flags, symbols, etc.
- drr (registers) pxr N @ esp/rsp (stack)

```
and esp. 0xfffffff0' 'bof' (.text) (/home/jeff/ctf/wargame/pwnablekr/bof/bof
        fffffff oeax
     8xf77410a0 eax R W [0]=0x80950020 (unk1)
         73f000 ebx library R W [0]=0x80950020 (/lib/i386-linux-gnu/libc-2.21.so)
     0xffd69244 edx stack R W [0]=0x80950020 ([stack])
     0xffd69218 ebp stack R W [0]=0x80950020 ([stack])
 ebp 0xffd69218 ebp stack R W [0]=0x80950020 ([stack])
 esi 0x00000000 esi
edi 0xf779d530 edi program R X
Lags 0x00000292 eflags (.symtab)
0xf779d689 c3
          9×1779d68a
                                         mov ebp, esp
                                         and esp, 0xfffffff0
                                         sub esp. 0x10
                                        mov dword [esp] @xdeadbeef ; [@xdeadbeef:4]=-1
                                         поч сах. 0
                                         'add esp. 0x10' 'libc-2,21,so' (/lib/i386-linux-gnu/libc-2,21,so)
ffd6922c 0x00000000
```

knowing context is useful

- does your register point to a string you control?
- what's in the stack?
- keep flags, symbols, etc.
- use from within visual mode 'e dbg.slow = true'

pattern generate

- DeBruijn patterns.
- made famous by metasploit pattern_create.rb
- cyclic patterns, find offset in string.
- Where's our faked struct/string/etc. being referenced?
- Where did we crash?
- ragg2 -P -r or woD to write
- ragg2 -q or woO to find your offset.

debugger

- native, or remote (windows, gdb, ...)
- d?
- db addr/flag
- dc[u] debug, continue [until]
- visual mode "?" c for cursor, b for breakpoints
- starts in the loader, "dcu entry0" before doing any analyis.

debug 'profiles'

- r2 -de dbg.profile=file.rr2 exec.elf
- set custom arguments, redirect stdin/out to files/sockets
- useful for reproducing environments

context + patterns

- bof from pwnable.kr¹
- super simple challenge, overflow a buffer
- offset at a certain place must be.
- let's use rarun2 + references + patterns!

¹Pwnable kr (2015).

context + patterns

```
ninishwoods bof/bof » r2 -de dbg.profile=bof.rr2 bof
Error: provided size must be size > 0
Error: provided size must be size > 0
Process with PID 16015 started...
Attached debugger to pid = 16015, tid = 16015
Debugging pid = 16015, tid = 16015 now
Using BADDR 0xf7726000
Assuming filepath ./bof
bits 32
Attached debugger to pid = 16015, tid = 16015
-- I script in C, because I can.
[0xf7702a90]> dcu (sym.func+40)
Continue until 0xf7726654
overflow me :
hit breakpoint at: f7726654
Debugging pid = 16015, tid = 1 now
[0xf7726654]> pd 1
           0xf7726654 817d08bebafe. cmp dword [ebp + 8], 0xcafebabe; [0xcafebabe:4]=-1
0xf7726654]> wo0 0x41534141
[0xf7726654]>
```

write your own expl;)

shellcoding

- ragg2 isn't just for generating patterns
- front-end for generating shellcodes
- still up to you to ensure null-free, etc.

shellcoding

- relocatable
- testable (compile directly into elf)
- call arbitrary syscalls easily!
- x86, amd64, arm, windows, mac, linux, ios

shellcoding

• ragg2 file.r -s to show the emmitted asm.

code reuse

- return to libc
- rop
- r2 can make this easy

code reuse

- magic shell-spawning gadget
- thanks dragon sector for making this well-known
- exists in amd64 glibc, libruby, and more...
- let's find it with r2

code reuse

- demo
- r2 -A /path/to/libc
- axt sym.execve
- through xrefs, find it.
- simple demo program on vm does 1 call of your base10 input address

rop

- can't always use this magic gadget
- rsi must point to something argv-like
- sometimes need to find some odd bespoke gadget!
- r2 can dump gadgets
- regular expression search
- dump to json, write your own tool via r2pipe.

stack layout

- when you "ret"
- ebp is increased by 4, jump to new_ebp 4
- add esp,4
- jmp dword ptr [esp-4]

searching for gadgets

- sequence of instructions followed by "end/stop" gadget
- (arbitrary instructions) ret/call/jmp/etc...
- finding the right ones is hard, r2 has regexp support
- we can set variable filters.

demo time

- super basic rop expl.
- combine finding sections, patterns, rop search.
- r2 makes this easy

searching for gadgets

```
0x08048340] > "/R/ pop;pop;pop;ret$"
                      c41c5b les ebx, [ebx + ebx*2]
 0x080484b3
 0x080484b6
                              pop esi
                          5 e
 0x080484b7
                          5 f
                              pop edi
 0x080484b8
                          5 d
                              pop ebp
 0x080484b9
                          с3
                              ret
 0x080484b4
                        1c5b sbb al, 0x5b
 0x080484b6
                          5 e
                              pop esi
 0x080484b7
                          5 f
                              pop edi
 0x080484b8
                          5 d
                              pop ebp
 0x080484b9
                          с3
                              ret
 0x080484b5
                          5 b
                              pop ebx
 0x080484b6
                          5 e
                              pop esi
 0x080484b7
                          5 f
                              pop edi
 0x080484b8
                          5 d
                              pop ebp
 0x080484b9
                          с3
                              ret
```



gdb protocol

Just run gdbserver somewhere

and connect r2 to it:

• r2 -D gdb -d /bin/ls gdb://99.44.23.50:4589

gdb protocol + wine

Winedbg allows to run windows command

using the gdbserver too:

- winedbg –gdb –no-start malware.exe
- r2 -a x86 -b 32 -D gdb -d malware.exe gdb://localhost:44840

windbg

r2 allows to connect WinDBG/KD²

For example, to debug windows kernel via the serial port:

- bcdedit /debug on
- bcdedit /dbgsettings serial debugport:1 baudrate:115200

then connect r2:

• r2 -a x86 -b 32 -D wind windbg:///tmp/windbg.pipe

For now, connecting to the QEMU and VirtualBox are tested

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²WinDbg in radare2 (2014).

debugging omap bootrom

Just run it in the modified qemu³

- ./configure -target-list=arm-softmmu ; make ; sudo make install
- qemu-system-arm -M milestone -m 256 -L . -bios bootrom.bin
 -mtdblock mbmloader-1.raw -d in_asm,cpu,exec -nographic -s -S
- r2 -D gdb -b arm gdb://localhost:9999

Same approach could be used for any customized hardware

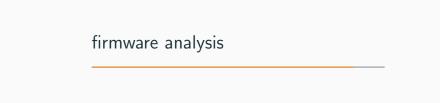
³Anton Kochkov (2013). *QEMU patched for loading OMAP bootroms*. https://github.com/XVilka/qemu.

gdb protocol + wine

Winedbg allows to run windows command

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uefi analysis

- Dump the image using flashrom or hardware
- Unpack the image using UEFITool⁴
- Open the selected PE or TE file using r2

⁴Nicolaj Shlej (2013). https://github.com/LongSoft/UEFITool.

old legacy bios analysis

- Load the whole image or unpack it using bios_extract⁵
- Open it using the correct segment and offset
- r2 load the whole BIOS image automatically
- r2 asrock_p4i65g.bin
- >. asrock_p4i65g.r2

⁵Bios_extract (2015).

the t command — types management

- 1. Get Usage on the command t?6
- 2. to to load the types from the C header file
- 3. tl link type to the memory, tf shows it like the pf
- 4. add j to get the output in the json format

⁶ Radare2 types command (2014).

searching guids

- 1. We need r2pipe (python) for that #?
- 2. . command to load the pipe script
- 3. >. search_guids.py
- 4. this script using the EFI guids list from the snarez's repo⁸

⁷R2pipe API (2014).

 $^{^8}$ snare (2014). https://github.com/snare/ida-efiutils.

embedded controller - 8051

Lets start from the static analysis

- r2 -a 8051 ite_it8502.rom
- >. ite_it8502.r2

embedded controller - 8051 - esil vm⁹

- r2 -a 8051 ite_it8502.rom
- ite_it8502.r2
- run 'e io.cache=true' to use the cache for write operations
- run 'aei' command to init ESIL VM
- run 'aeim' command to init ESIL VM stack
- run 'aeip' command to start from the current offset
- run 'aecu [addr]' to emulate until the [addr] is reached

⁹ESIL emulation in radare2 (2014).

embedded controller - 8051 - esil2reil

Lets start again from the same place

- r2 -a 8051 ite_it8502.rom
- ite it8502 r2
- run 'pae 36' to show the esil expression of the 'set_SMBus_frequency'
- run 'aetr `pae 36' to convert the previous esil output to REIL¹⁰
- store this to some file and use the 'openreil' utility to SMT it

¹⁰Dmytro Oleksiuk (2015). https://github.com/Cr4sh/openreil.

references

not a lot of them I

references

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- Shlej, Nicolaj (2013). https://github.com/LongSoft/UEFITool.
- snare (2014). https://github.com/snare/ida-efiutils.
- WinDbg in radare2 (2014).