#### Develop Packages in R Part 1: Make code into R package

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https://github.com/forwards/workshops/

https://rladies.org/

https://forwards.github.io



#### Preliminaries

#### The material is mostly drawn from



The bad news:

It's going to be

frustrating



http://hyperboleandahalf.blogspot.com/2010/09/four-levels-of-social-entrapment.html



#### The good news:

Frustration is typical and temporary

#### Why make a package?

- You want to test
- You want to generalise
- You want to document
- You want to share

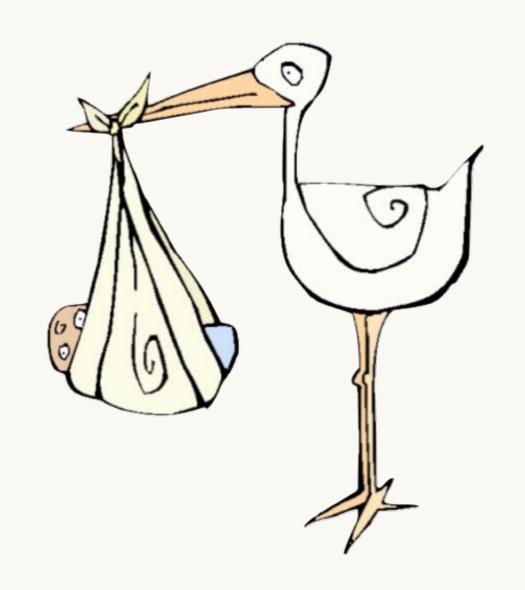
### Get to know your R installation

R.home()

list.files(R.home())

R. version

## Where do R packages come from?

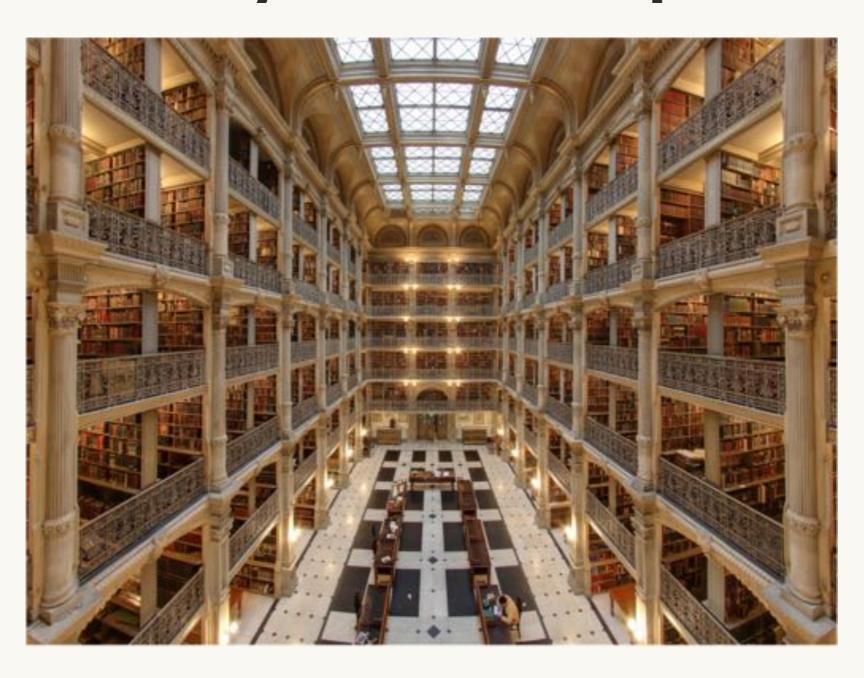


## CRAN and GitHub, mostly

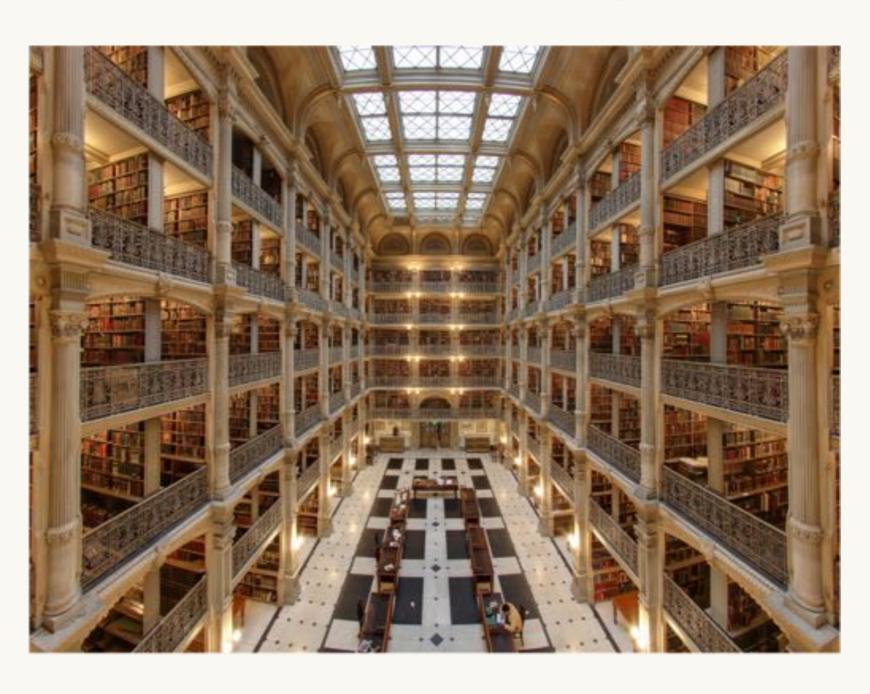
```
library(devtools)
install github("jane/foo")
```

install.packages("foo")

## Where do R packages live on your computer?



## R packages live in a library



## Get to know your R library(ies?)

### Th

The default library

.Library

.libPaths()

All the libraries
R knows about

For many useRs, these are same

Other useRs maintain multiple libraries

E.g., You can put add-on packages in a user-level library:

/Users/isabella/resources/R/library

### Make sure you have recent versions of these packages

```
old.packages()
packageVersion()
install.packages("devtools")
install.packages("pkgdown")
install.packages("roxygen2")
install.packages("testthat")
install.packages("tidyverse")
install.packages("usethis")
```

### My first package

#### Your turn

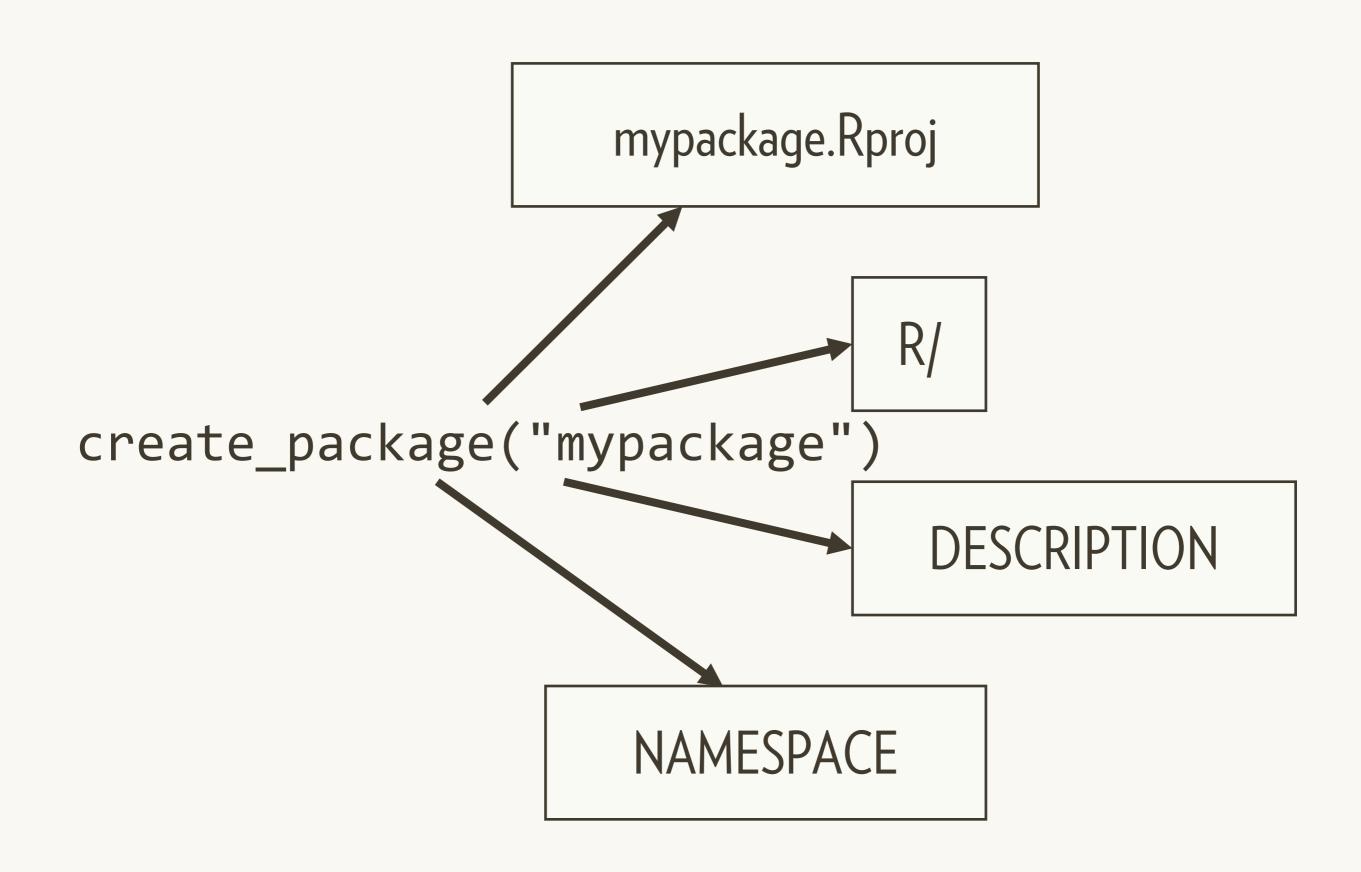
```
# Create a package on your Desktop:
usethis::create_package("~/Desktop/mypackage")

# Or on RStudio.cloud (create within main project)
usethis::create_package("mypackage")
```

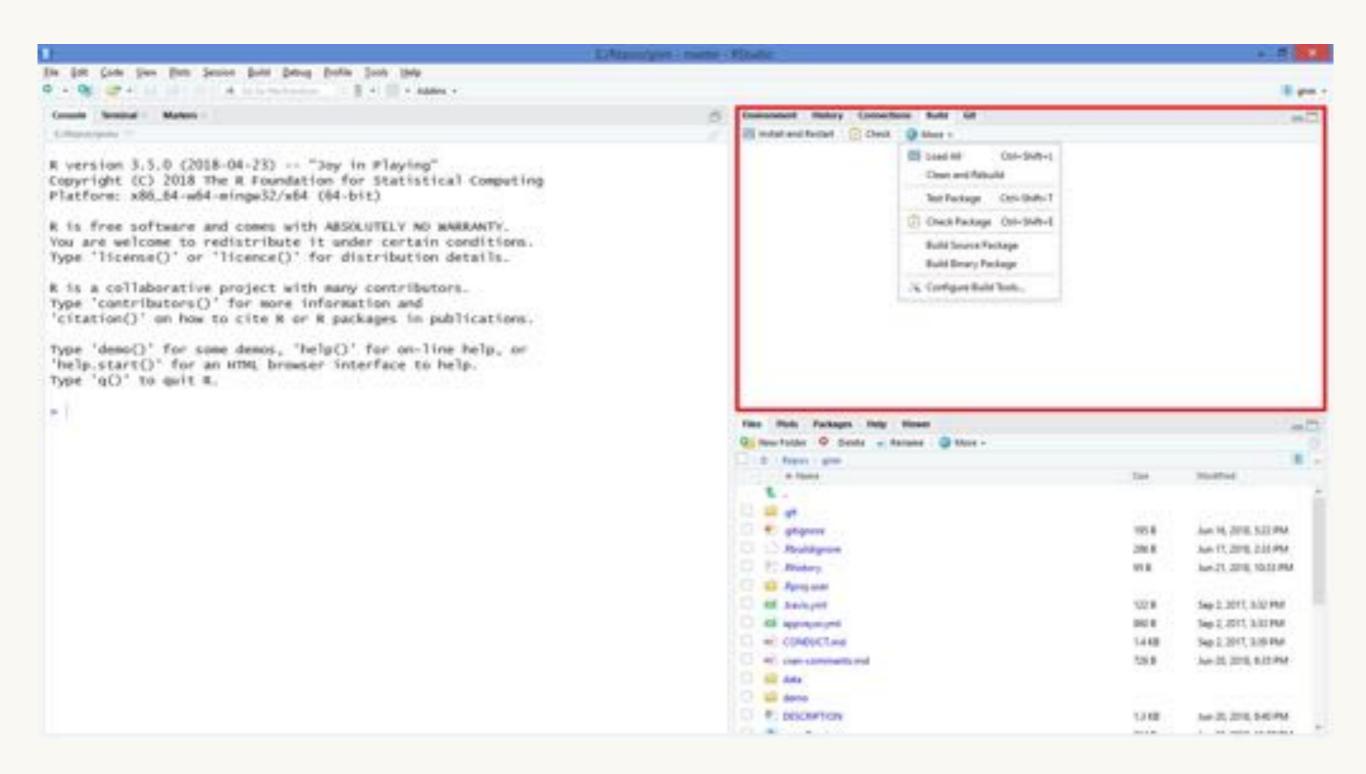
This will create a new R project and start a new session.

What other files and directories are created?

What happens we run create\_package()?



#### RStudio helpers: build (& git) menus



#### DESCRIPTION

```
Package: mypackage
Version: 0.0.0.9000
Title: What the Package Does (One Line, Title Case)
Description: What the package does (one paragraph).
Authors@R: person("First", "Last", ,
"first.last@example.com", c("aut", "cre"))
License: What license it uses
Encoding: UTF-8
LazyData: true
ByteCompile: true
```

#### Your turn

Use the package available to check if the package name mypackage is available:

available::available("mypackage")

Try with other names for your package.

### Development workflow

# How is developing a package same / different from developing a script?

#### How same?

Iterate early and often!

Change it, try it, change it, try it, ad nauseum

#### How different?

Write functions, not "top-level" code.

Dependencies are different,

no library() calls

Install & Restart (or simulate that),

don't source()

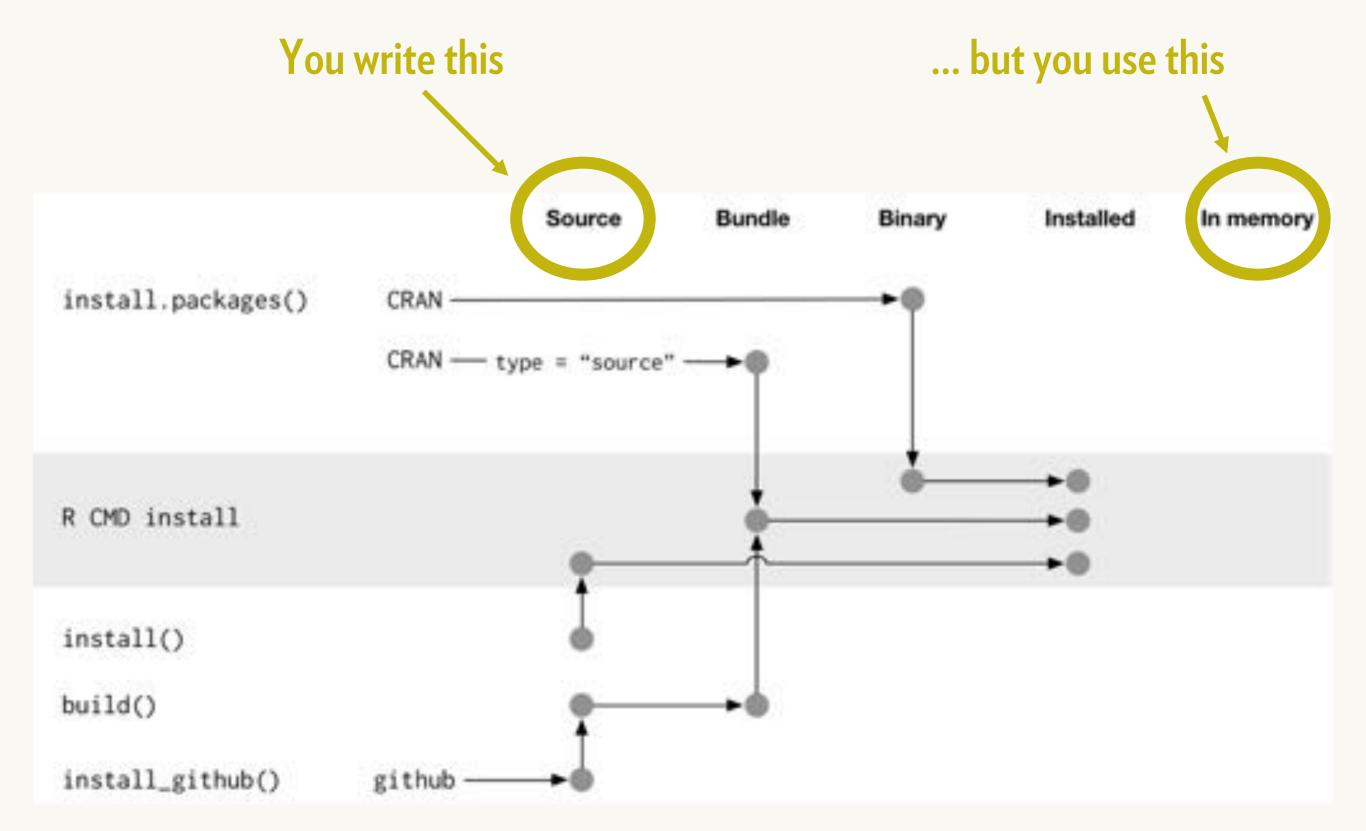


Figure from Hadley Wickham's book, R packages

http://r-pkgs.had.co.nz

https://github.com/hadley/r-pkgs/blob/master/diagrams/installation.png

#### How do packages get into memory?

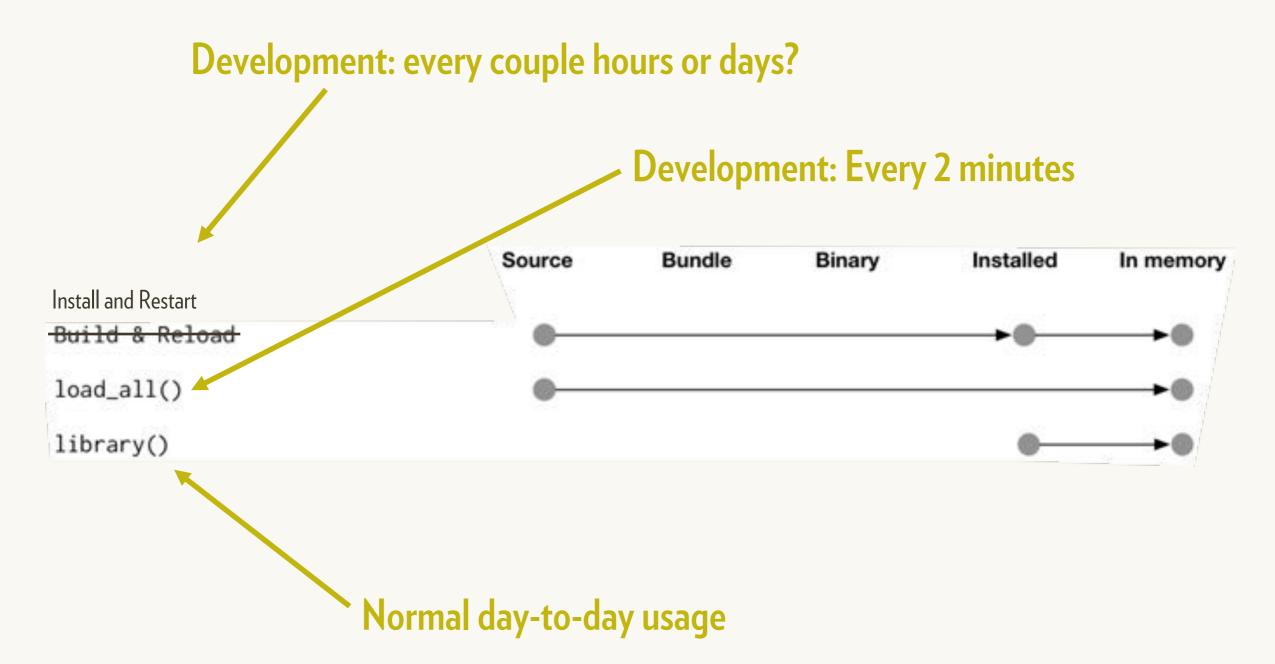
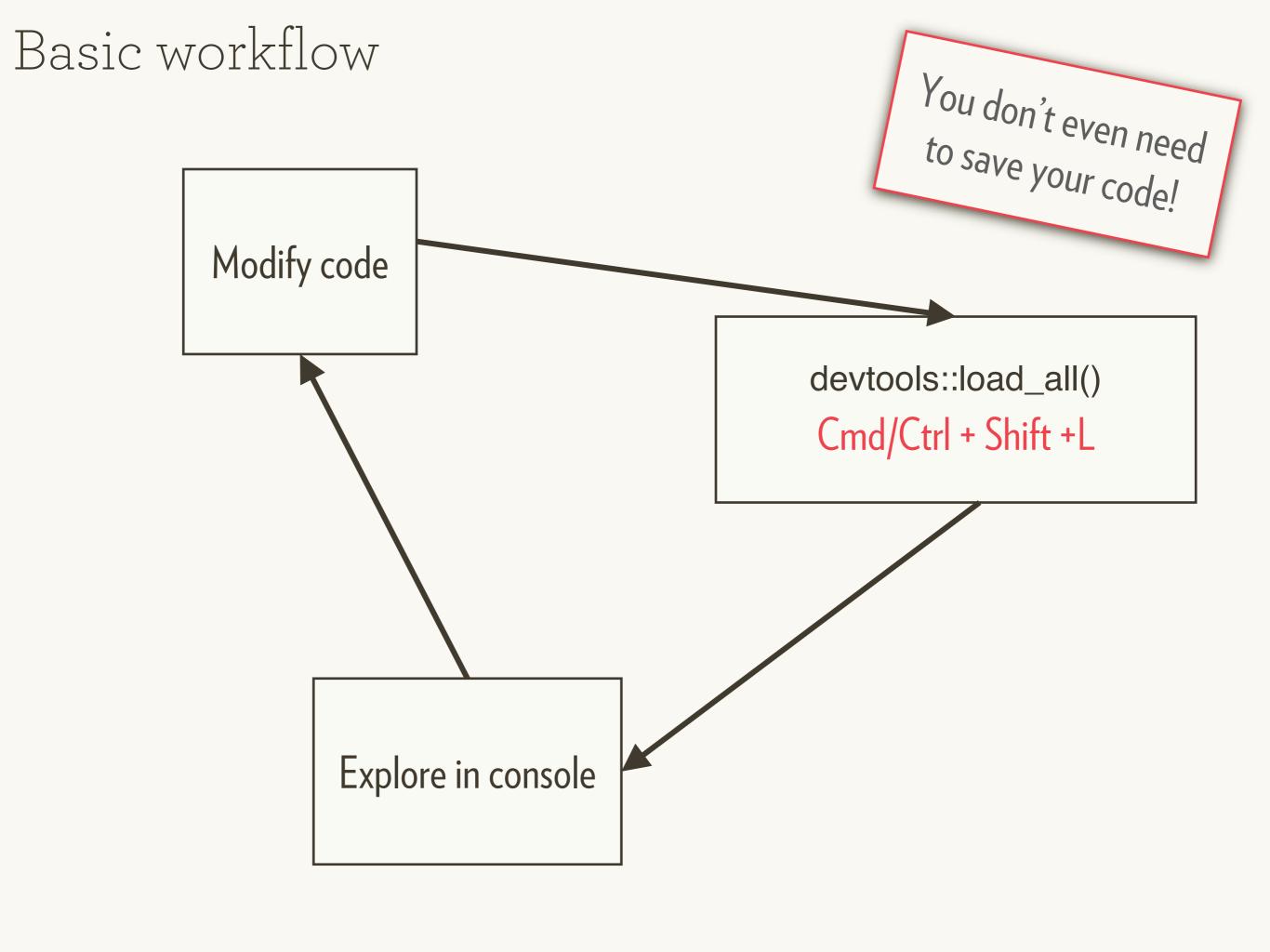


Figure from Hadley Wickham's book, R packages

http://r-pkgs.had.co.nz

https://github.com/hadley/r-pkgs/blob/master/diagrams/loading.png



#### Your turn

#### [Uses <a href="https://github.com/forwards/mylittlepony">https://github.com/forwards/mylittlepony</a>]

- Open mylittlepony. Rproj.
- Load all the functions using, devtools::load\_all() then run rpony(10)

Uhoh! I have forgotten to include Fluttershy in the list of ponies.

 Add her, reload the code, and verify that your change worked.

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