i2c_adc_ads7828 v2.0.1

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1 Arduino library for TI ADS7828 I2C A/D converter.

Version

2.0.1

Date

26 Sep 2016

Source Code Repository:

https://github.com/4-20ma/i2c_adc_ads7828

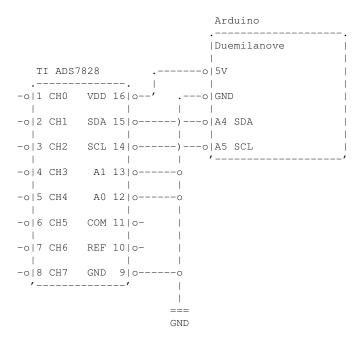
Programming Style Guidelines:

http://geosoft.no/development/cppstyle.html

Features

The ADS7828 is a single-supply, low-power, 12-bit data acquisition device that features a serial I2C interface and an 8-channel multiplexer. The Analog-to-Digital (A/D) converter features a sample-and-hold amplifier and internal, asynchronous clock. The combination of an I2C serial, 2-wire interface and micropower consumption makes the ADS7828 ideal for applications requiring the A/D converter to be close to the input source in remote locations and for applications requiring isolation. The ADS7828 is available in a TSSOP-16 package.

Schematic



Caveats

Conforms to Arduino IDE 1.5 Library Specification v2.1 which requires Arduino IDE >= 1.5.

Support

Please <u>submit</u> an <u>issue</u> for all questions, bug reports, and feature requests. Email requests will be politely redirected to the issue tracker so others may contribute to the discussion and requestors get a more timely response.

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2 Optional Functions List (Troubleshooting)

Member ADS7828::commandByte ()

This function is for testing and troubleshooting.

Member ADS7828::start ()

This function is for testing and troubleshooting and can be used to determine whether a device is available (similar to the TCP/IP ping command).

Member ADS7828::start (uint8_t)

This function is for testing and troubleshooting.

Member ADS7828Channel::commandByte ()

This function is for testing and troubleshooting.

Member ADS7828Channel::index ()

This function is for testing and troubleshooting.

Member ADS7828Channel::sample ()

This function is for testing and troubleshooting.

Member ADS7828Channel::start ()

This function is for testing and troubleshooting.

Member ADS7828Channel::total ()

This function is for testing and troubleshooting.

Member ADS7828Channel::update ()

This function is for testing and troubleshooting.

3 Todo List

Member ADS7828Channel::start ()

Determine whether this function is needed.

Member ADS7828Channel::update ()

Determine whether this function is needed.

4 Required Functions List

Member ADS7828::begin ()

Call from within setup () to enable I2C communication.

Member ADS7828::update (uint8_t)

Call this or one of the update() / updateAll() functions from within loop () in order to read data from device(s).

Member ADS7828::update ()

Call this or one of the update() / updateAll() functions from within 100p () in order to read data from device(s).

Member ADS7828::updateAll ()

Call this or one of the update() functions from within loop() in order to read data from device(s). This is the most commonly-used device update function.

Member ADS7828Channel::value ()

This is the most commonly-used channel function.

5 Class Index

5.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

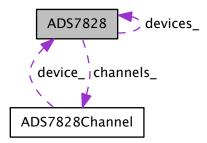
ADS7828 5

ADS7828Channel 13

6 Class Documentation

6.1 ADS7828 Class Reference

Collaboration diagram for ADS7828:



Public Member Functions

ADS7828 (uint8_t)

Constructor with the following defaults:

- ADS7828 (uint8_t, uint8_t)
- ADS7828 (uint8_t, uint8_t, uint8_t)
- ADS7828 (uint8 t, uint8 t, uint16 t, uint16 t)
- uint8_t address ()

Device address as defined by pins A1, A0.

ADS7828Channel * channel (uint8_t)

Return pointer to channel object.

uint8_t commandByte ()

Return command byte for device object (PD1 PD0 bits only).

• uint8_t start ()

Initiate communication with device.

- uint8_t start (uint8_t)
- uint8_t update ()

Update all unmasked channels on device.

uint8_t update (uint8_t)

Static Public Member Functions

• static void begin ()

Enable I2C communication.

static ADS7828 * device (uint8_t)

Return pointer to device object.

• static uint8_t updateAll ()

Update all unmasked channels on all registered devices.

Public Attributes

• uint8 t channelMask

Each bit position containing a 1 represents a channel that is to be read via update() / updateAll().

Private Member Functions

• void init (uint8_t, uint8_t, uint8_t, uint16_t, uint16_t)

Common code for constructors.

• uint16_t read ()

Request and receive data from most-recent A/D conversion from device.

Static Private Member Functions

• static uint16_t read (uint8_t)

Request and receive data from most-recent A/D conversion from device.

• static uint8_t start (uint8_t, uint8_t)

Initiate communication with device.

• static uint8_t update (ADS7828 *)

Initiate communication with device.

• static uint8_t update (ADS7828 *, uint8_t)

Initiate communication with device.

Private Attributes

uint8_t address_

Device address as defined by pins A1, A0.

• ADS7828Channel channels_[8]

Array of channel objects.

• uint8_t commandByte_

Command byte for device object (PD1 PD0 bits only).

Static Private Attributes

• static ADS7828 * devices_ [4] = {}

Array of pointers to registered device objects.

• static const uint8_t BASE_ADDRESS_ = 0x48

Factory pre-set slave address.

Related Functions

(Note that these are not member functions.)

static const uint8 t DIFFERENTIAL = 0 << 7

Configure channels to use differential inputs (Command byte SD=0).

• static const uint8 t SINGLE ENDED = 1 << 7

Configure channels to use single-ended inputs (Command byte SD=1).

static const uint8_t REFERENCE_OFF = 0 << 3

Configure channels to turn internal reference OFF between conversions (Command byte PD1=0).

static const uint8_t REFERENCE_ON = 1 << 3

Configure channels to turn internal reference ON between conversions (Command byte PD1=1).

static const uint8_t ADC_OFF = 0 << 2

Configure channels to turn A/D converter OFF between conversions (Command byte PD0=0).

static const uint8 t ADC ON = 1 << 2

Configure channels to turn A/D converter ON between conversions (Command byte PD0=1).

static const uint8_t DEFAULT_CHANNEL_MASK = 0xFF

Default channel mask used in ADS7828 constructor.

static const uint16 t DEFAULT MIN SCALE = 0

Default scaling minimum value used in ADS7828 constructor.

static const uint16_t DEFAULT_MAX_SCALE = 0xFFF

Default scaling maximum value used in ADS7828 constructor.

6.1.1 Detailed Description

Examples:

examples/one device/one device.ino, and examples/two devices/two devices.ino.

6.1.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Constructor with the following defaults:

- differential inputs (SD=0)
- internal reference OFF between conversions (PD1=0)
- A/D converter OFF between conversions (PD0=0)
- min scale=0
- max scale=4095

Parameters

```
address device address (0..3)
```

Usage:

```
// construct device with address 2 ADS7828 adc(2);
```

See also

ADS7828::address()

```
283 {
284 init(address, (DIFFERENTIAL | REFERENCE_OFF |
ADC_OFF),
285 DEFAULT_CHANNEL_MASK, DEFAULT_MIN_SCALE,
DEFAULT_MAX_SCALE);
286 }

6.1.2.2 ADS7828() [2/4]

ADS7828::ADS7828 (
uint8_t address,
```

uint8_t options)

This is an overloaded member function, provided for convenience. It differs from the above function only in what argument(s) it accepts.

Parameters

```
options command byte bits SD, PD1, PD0
```

Usage:

See also

ADS7828Channel::commandByte()

This is an overloaded member function, provided for convenience. It differs from the above function only in what argument(s) it accepts.

Parameters

channelMask | bit positions containing a 1 represent channels that are to be read via update() / updateAll()

Usage:

```
// device address 0, update all channels via updateAll() (bits 7..0 are set)
ADS7828 adc0(0, 0, 0xFF);

// device address 1, update channels 0..3 via updateAll() (bits 3..0 are set)
ADS7828 adc1(1, 0, 0b00001111);

// device address 2, update channels 0, 1, 2, 7 via updateAll() (bits 7, 2, 1, 0 are set)
ADS7828 adc2(2, 0, 0b10000111);
...
```

See also

ADS7828::channelMask

This is an overloaded member function, provided for convenience. It differs from the above function only in what argument(s) it accepts.

Parameters

min	minimum scaling value applied to value()
max	maximum scaling value applied to value()

Usage:

```
...
// device address 2, channel default minScale 0, maxScale 100
ADS7828 adc(2, 0, DEFAULT_CHANNEL_MASK, 0, 100);
```

See also

ADS7828Channel::minScale, ADS7828Channel::maxScale

```
348 {
349   init(address, options, channelMask, min, max);
350 }
```

6.1.3 Member Function Documentation

6.1.3.1 address()

```
uint8_t ADS7828::address ( )
```

Device address as defined by pins A1, A0.

Return values

0x00	A1=0, A0=0
0x01	A1=0, A0=1
0x02	A1=1, A0=0
0x03	A1=1, A0=1

Usage:

```
...
ADS7828 adc(3);
uint8_t deviceAddress = adc.address();
```

Examples:

examples/two_devices/two_devices.ino.

```
366 {
367     return address_;
368 }
```

6.1.3.2 channel()

```
ADS7828Channel * ADS7828::channel ( uint8_t ch)
```

Return pointer to channel object.

Parameters

```
ch channel number (0..7)
```

Returns

pointer to ADS7828Channel object

Usage:

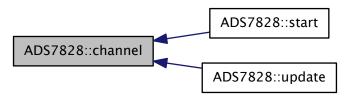
```
...
ADS7828 adc(0);
ADS7828Channel* temperature = adc.channel(0);
```

Examples:

examples/one_device/one_device.ino.

```
382 {
383    return &channels_[ch & 0x07];
384 }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



6.1.3.3 commandByte()

```
uint8_t ADS7828::commandByte ( )
```

Return command byte for device object (PD1 PD0 bits only).

Optional Function (Troubleshooting) This function is for testing and troubleshooting.

Return values

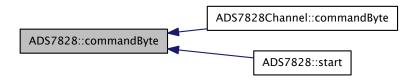
0x00	Power Down Between A/D Converter Conversions
0x04	Internal Reference OFF and A/D Converter ON
0x08	Internal Reference ON and A/D Converter OFF
0x0C	Internal Reference ON and A/D Converter ON

Usage:

```
ADS7828 adc(0);
uint8_t command = adc.commandByte();
...

401 {
402    return commandByte_;
403 }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



```
6.1.3.4 start() [1/3]
uint8_t ADS7828::start ( )
```

Initiate communication with device.

Optional Function (Troubleshooting) This function is for testing and troubleshooting and can be used to determine whether a device is available (similar to the TCP/IP ping command).

Return values

0	success
1	length too long for buffer
2	address send, NACK received (device not on bus)
3 data send, NACK received	
4	other twi error (lost bus arbitration, bus error,)

Usage:

```
ADS7828 adc(3);

// test whether device is available uint8_t status = adc.start();

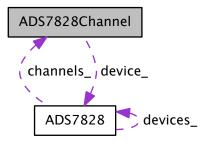
...

424 {
425    return start(0);
426 }
```

Here is the call graph for this function:

6.2 ADS7828Channel Class Reference

Collaboration diagram for ADS7828Channel:



Public Member Functions

- ADS7828Channel (ADS7828 *const, uint8_t, uint8_t, uint16_t, uint16_t)
- uint8_t commandByte ()

Return command byte for channel object.

• ADS7828 * device ()

Return pointer to parent device object.

• uint8_t id ()

Return ID number of channel object (+IN connection).

• uint8_t index ()

Return index position within moving average array.

void newSample (uint16_t)

Add (unscaled) sample value to moving average array, update totalizer.

• void reset ()

Reset moving average array, index, totalizer to zero.

• uint16_t sample ()

Return most-recent (unscaled) sample value from moving average array.

• uint8_t start ()

Initiate A/D conversion for channel object.

• uint16_t total ()

Return (unscaled) totalizer value for channel object.

uint8_t update ()

Initiate A/D conversion, read data, update moving average for channel object.

• uint16_t value ()

Return moving average value for channel object.

Public Attributes

• uint16_t maxScale

Maximum value of moving average (defaults to 0x0FFF).

• uint16_t minScale

Minimum value of moving average (defaults to 0x0000).

Private Attributes

• uint8_t commandByte_

Command byte for channel object (SD C2 C1 C0 bits only).

ADS7828 * device_

Pointer to parent device object.

• uint8_t index_

Index position within moving average array.

uint16_t samples_[1<< 4]

Array of (unscaled) sample values.

• uint16_t total_

(Unscaled) running total of moving average array elements.

Static Private Attributes

static const uint8_t MOVING_AVERAGE_BITS_ = 4
 Quantity of samples to be averaged = 2^{MOVING_AVERAGE_BITS}_.

6.2.1 Detailed Description

Examples:

examples/one_device/one_device.ino, and examples/two_devices/two_devices.ino.

6.2.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

6.2.2.1 ADS7828Channel()

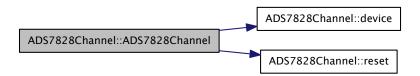
```
ADS7828Channel::ADS7828Channel (
    ADS7828 * const device,
    uint8_t id,
    uint8_t options,
    uint16_t min,
    uint16_t max )
```

Remarks

Invoked by ADS7828 constructor; this function will not normally be called by end user.

```
34 {
35     this->device_ = device;
36     this->commandByte_ = (bitRead(options, 7) << 7) | (bitRead(id, 0) << 6) |
37         (bitRead(id, 2) << 5) | (bitRead(id, 1) << 4);
38         this->minScale = min;
39         this->maxScale = max;
40         reset();
41 }
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



6.2.3 Member Function Documentation

6.2.3.1 commandByte()

```
uint8_t ADS7828Channel::commandByte ( )
```

Return command byte for channel object.

Optional Function (Troubleshooting) This function is for testing and troubleshooting.

Returns

command byte (0x00..0xFC)

Usage:

```
ADS7828 adc(0);
ADS7828Channel* temperature = adc.channel(0);
uint8_t command = temperature->commandByte();
...

56 {
57    return commandByte_ | device_->commandByte();
58 }
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:

```
6.2.3.2 device()
```

```
ADS7828 * ADS7828Channel::device ()
```

Return pointer to parent device object.

Returns

pointer to parent ADS7828 object

Usage:

```
...
ADS7828 adc(0);
ADS7828Channel* temperature = adc.channel(0);
ADS7828* parentDevice = temperature->device();
```

Examples:

examples/two devices/two devices.ino.

```
72 {
73    return device_;
74 }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:



```
6.2.3.3 id()
```

```
uint8_t ADS7828Channel::id ( )
```

Return ID number of channel object (+IN connection).

Single-ended inputs use COM as -IN; Differential inputs are as follows:

- 0 indicates CH0 as +IN, CH1 as -IN
- 1 indicates CH1 as +IN, CH0 as -IN
- · 2 indicates CH2 as +IN, CH3 as -IN
- ...
- 7 indicates CH7 as +IN, CH6 as -IN

Returns

```
id (0..7)
```

Return values

0	command byte C2 C1 C0 = 000
1	command byte C2 C1 C0 = 100
2	command byte C2 C1 C0 = 001
3	command byte C2 C1 C0 = 101
4	command byte C2 C1 C0 = 010
5	command byte C2 C1 C0 = 110
6	command byte C2 C1 C0 = 011
7	command byte C2 C1 C0 = 111

Usage:

```
ADS7828 adc(0);
ADS7828Channel* temperature = adc.channel(0);
uint8_t channelId = temperature->id();
```

Examples:

examples/two_devices/two_devices.ino.

6.2.3.4 index()

```
uint8_t ADS7828Channel::index ( )
```

Return index position within moving average array.

Optional Function (Troubleshooting) This function is for testing and troubleshooting.

Returns

```
index (0..2 MOVING_AVERAGE_BITS_ - 1)
```

Usage:

```
ADS7828 adc(0);
ADS7828Channel* temperature = adc.channel(0);
uint8_t channelIndex = temperature->index();
...

121 {
122    return index_;
123 }
```

6.2.3.5 newSample()

Add (unscaled) sample value to moving average array, update totalizer.

Parameters

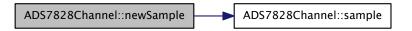
```
sample | sample value (0x0000..0xFFFF)
```

Remarks

Invoked by ADS7828::update() / ADS7828::updateAll() functions; this function will not normally be called by end user.

```
131 {
132     this->index_++;
133     if (index_ >= (1 << MOVING_AVERAGE_BITS_)) this->
        index_ = 0;
134     this->total_ -= samples_[index_];
135     this->samples_[index_] = sample;
136     this->total_ += samples_[index_];
137 }
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:

```
ADS7828Channel::newSample ADS7828::update
```

6.2.3.6 reset()

```
void ADS7828Channel::reset ( )
```

Reset moving average array, index, totalizer to zero.

Usage:

```
ADS7828 adc(0);
ADS7828Channel* temperature = adc.channel(0);
temperature->reset();
...

150 {
151    this->index_ = this->total_ = 0;
152    for (uint8_t k = 0; k < (1 << MOVING_AVERAGE_BITS_); k++)
153    {
154        this->samples_[k] = 0;
155    }
156 }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

```
ADS7828Channel::ADS7828Channel
```

6.2.3.7 sample()

```
uint16_t ADS7828Channel::sample ( )
```

Return most-recent (unscaled) sample value from moving average array.

Optional Function (Troubleshooting) This function is for testing and troubleshooting.

Returns

sample value (0x0000..0xFFFF)

Usage:

```
ADS7828 adc(0);
ADS7828Channel* temperature = adc.channel(0);
uint16_t sampleValue = temperature->sample();
...

171 {
172    return samples_[index_];
173 }
```

Here is the caller graph for this function:

```
ADS7828Channel::sample ADS7828Channel::newSample ADS7828::update
```

6.2.3.8 start()

```
uint8_t ADS7828Channel::start ( )
```

Initiate A/D conversion for channel object.

Optional Function (Troubleshooting) This function is for testing and troubleshooting.

Todo Determine whether this function is needed.

Return values

	0	success	
	1	length too long for buffer	
	2	address send, NACK received (device not on bus)	
F	3	data send, NACK received	
	4	other twi error (lost bus arbitration, bus error,)	

Usage:

```
ADS7828 adc(0);
ADS7828channel* temperature = adc.channel(0);
uint8_t status = temperature->start();
...

193 {
194    return device_->start(id());
195 }
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:

```
6.2.3.9 total()
uint16_t ADS7828Channel::total ( )
```

Return (unscaled) totalizer value for channel object.

Optional Function (Troubleshooting) This function is for testing and troubleshooting.

Returns

totalizer value (0x0000..0xFFFF)

Usage:

```
ADS7828 adc(0);
ADS7828Channel* temperature = adc.channel(0);
uint16_t totalValue = temperature->total();
...
210 {
211   return total_;
212 }
6.2.3.10 update()
```

```
uint8_t ADS7828Channel::update ( )
```

Initiate A/D conversion, read data, update moving average for channel object.

Optional Function (Troubleshooting) This function is for testing and troubleshooting.

Todo Determine whether this function is needed.

Return values

0	success	
1	length too long for buffer	
2	address send, NACK received (device not on bus) data send, NACK received	
3		
4	other twi error (lost bus arbitration, bus error,)	

Usage:

```
ADS7828 adc(0);
ADS7828Channel* temperature = adc.channel(0);
uint8_t status = temperature->update();
...
232 {
233   device_->update(id());
234 }
```

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:

```
6.2.3.11 value()
uint16_t ADS7828Channel::value ( )
```

Return moving average value for channel object.

Required Function This is the most commonly-used channel function.

Returns

scaled value (0x0000..0xFFFF)

Usage:

```
...
ADS7828 adc(0);
ADS7828Channel* temperature = adc.channel(0);
uint16_t ambient = temperature->value();
...
```

Examples:

 $examples/one_device/one_device.ino, \textbf{ and } examples/two_devices/two_devices.ino.$

```
249 {
250    uint16_t r = (total_ >> MOVING_AVERAGE_BITS_);
251    return map(r, DEFAULT_MIN_SCALE, DEFAULT_MAX_SCALE, minScale, maxScale);
252 }
```

6.2.4 Member Data Documentation

6.2.4.1 maxScale

```
uint16_t ADS7828Channel::maxScale
```

Maximum value of moving average (defaults to 0x0FFF).

Usage:

```
...
ADS7828 device(0);
ADS7828Channel* temperature = device.channel(0);
uint16_t old = temperature->maxScale; // get current value and/or
temperature->maxScale = 100; // set new value
```

Examples:

examples/one_device/one_device.ino, and examples/two_devices/two_devices.ino.

6.2.4.2 minScale

```
uint16_t ADS7828Channel::minScale
```

Minimum value of moving average (defaults to 0x0000).

Usage:

```
...
ADS7828 device(0);
ADS7828Channel* temperature = device.channel(0);
uint16_t old = temperature->minScale; // get current value and/or
temperature->minScale = 0; // set new value
```

Examples:

examples/one device/one device.ino, and examples/two devices/two devices.ino.

6.2.4.3 samples_

```
uint16_t ADS7828Channel::samples_[1<< 4] [private]</pre>
```

Array of (unscaled) sample values.

Note

Bit shift must match MOVING_AVERAGE_BITS_.

6.2.4.4 MOVING_AVERAGE_BITS_

```
const uint8_t ADS7828Channel::MOVING_AVERAGE_BITS_ = 4 [static], [private]
```

Quantity of samples to be averaged = $2^{MOVING_AVERAGE_BITS}$.

Note

MOVING_AVERAGE_BITS_ must match samples_ bit shift.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- · i2c_adc_ads7828.h
- i2c_adc_ads7828.cpp

7 Example Documentation

7.1 examples/one_device/one_device.ino

```
one_device.ino - example using i2c_adc_ads7828 library
  Library:: i2c_adc_ads7828
  Author:: Doc Walker <4-20ma@wvfans.net>
  Copyright:: 2009-2016 Doc Walker
  Licensed under the Apache License, Version 2.0 (the "License");
  you may not use this file except in compliance with the License.
  You may obtain a copy of the License at
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  limitations under the License.
#include <i2c_adc_ads7828.h>
// device 0
// Address: A1=0, A0=0
// Command: SD=1, PD1=1, PD0=1
ADS7828 device(0, SINGLE_ENDED | REFERENCE_ON |
     ADC_ON, 0x0F);
ADS7828* adc = &device;
ADS7828Channel* ambientTemp = adc->channel(0);
ADS7828Channel* waterTemp = adc->channel(1);
ADS7828Channel* filterPressure = adc->channel(2);
ADS7828Channel* waterLevel = adc->channel(3);
void setup()
  // enable serial monitor
  Serial.begin(19200);
  // enable I2C communication
```

```
ADS7828::begin();
  // adjust scaling on an individual channel basis
  ambientTemp->minScale = 0;
  ambientTemp->maxScale = 150;
  waterTemp->minScale = 0;
  waterTemp->maxScale = 100;
  filterPressure->minScale = 0;
  filterPressure->maxScale = 30;
  waterLevel->minScale = 0;
  waterLevel->maxScale = 100;
void loop()
  // update all registered ADS7828 devices/unmasked channels
 ADS7828::updateAll();
  // output moving average values to console
  Serial.print("\n Ambient: ");
  Serial.print(ambientTemp->value(), DEC);
  Serial.print("\n Water temp: ");
  Serial.print(waterTemp->value(), DEC);
  Serial.print("\n Filter pressure: ");
 Serial.print(filterPressure->value(), DEC);
Serial.print("\n Water level: ");
 Serial.print(waterLevel->value(), DEC);
Serial.print("\n- - - - - - - - - -
                                                - - - - - \n");
  // delay
 delay(1000);
```

7.2 examples/two_devices/two_devices.ino

```
two_devices.ino - example using i2c_adc_ads7828 library
  Library:: i2c_adc_ads7828
  Author:: Doc Walker <4-20ma@wvfans.net>
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  WITHOUT WARRANTIES OR CONDITIONS OF ANY KIND, either express or implied.
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  limitations under the License.
*/
#include <i2c_adc_ads7828.h>
// device 1
// Address: A1=0, A0=1
// Command: SD=1, PD1=1, PD0=1
ADS7828 device1(1, SINGLE_ENDED | REFERENCE_ON |
      ADC_ON, 0xFF);
// device 2
// Address: A1=1, A0=0
// Command: SD=1, PD1=1, PD0=1
// Scaling: min=0, max=1000
ADS7828 device2(2, SINGLE_ENDED | REFERENCE_ON |
```

```
ADC_ON, 0xFF, 0, 1000);
void setup()
  // enable serial monitor
 Serial.begin(19200);
  // enable I2C communication
 ADS7828::begin();
void loop()
 uint8_t a, ch;
  // update all registered ADS7828 devices/unmasked channels
 ADS7828::updateAll();
  // iterate through device 1..2 channels 0..7
  for (a = 1; a <= 2; a++)
    for (ch = 0; ch < 8; ch++)
     serialPrint (ADS7828::device(a) ->channel(ch));
 Serial.print("\n");
  // output moving average values to console
 Serial.print("\n- - - - - - \n");
  // delay
 delay(1000);
void serialPrint(ADS7828Channel* ch)
  // device address (0..3)
 Serial.print("\nAD:");
 Serial.print(ch->device()->address(), DEC);
  // channel ID (0..7)
  Serial.print(", CH:");
 Serial.print(ch->id(), DEC);
  // moving average value (scaled)
 Serial.print(", v:");
Serial.print(ch->value(), DEC);
  // minimum scale applied to moving average value
  Serial.print(", mn:");
  Serial.print(ch->minScale, DEC);
  // maximum scale applied to moving average value
  Serial.print(", mx:");
  Serial.print(ch->maxScale, DEC);
```

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