Your Next Week

Saturday April 11 9 AM — DUE Class 08 Code Challenge — DUE Class 08 Lab — DUE Class 09 Reading — Class 09 MIDNIGHT — DUE Class 09 Learning Journal	 Sunday April 12 MIDNIGHT — DUE Career: Professional and Personal Development — DUE Class 08-09 Feedback 	6:30 PM	Tuesday April 14 6:30 PM — DUE Class 09 Mock Interviews — DUE Class 09 Lab — DUE Class 10 Reading — Class 10A
Wednesday April 15 6:30 PM — Class 10B MIDNIGHT — DUE Class 10 Learning Journal	Thursday April 16 6:30 PM — Co-working		 Saturday April 18 9 AM — DUE Class 10 Code Challenge — DUE Class 10 Lab — DUE Class 11 Reading — Class 11 — Instructor Syncs MIDNIGHT — DUE Class 11 Learning Journal

Lab 08 Review

Code Challenge 08 Review

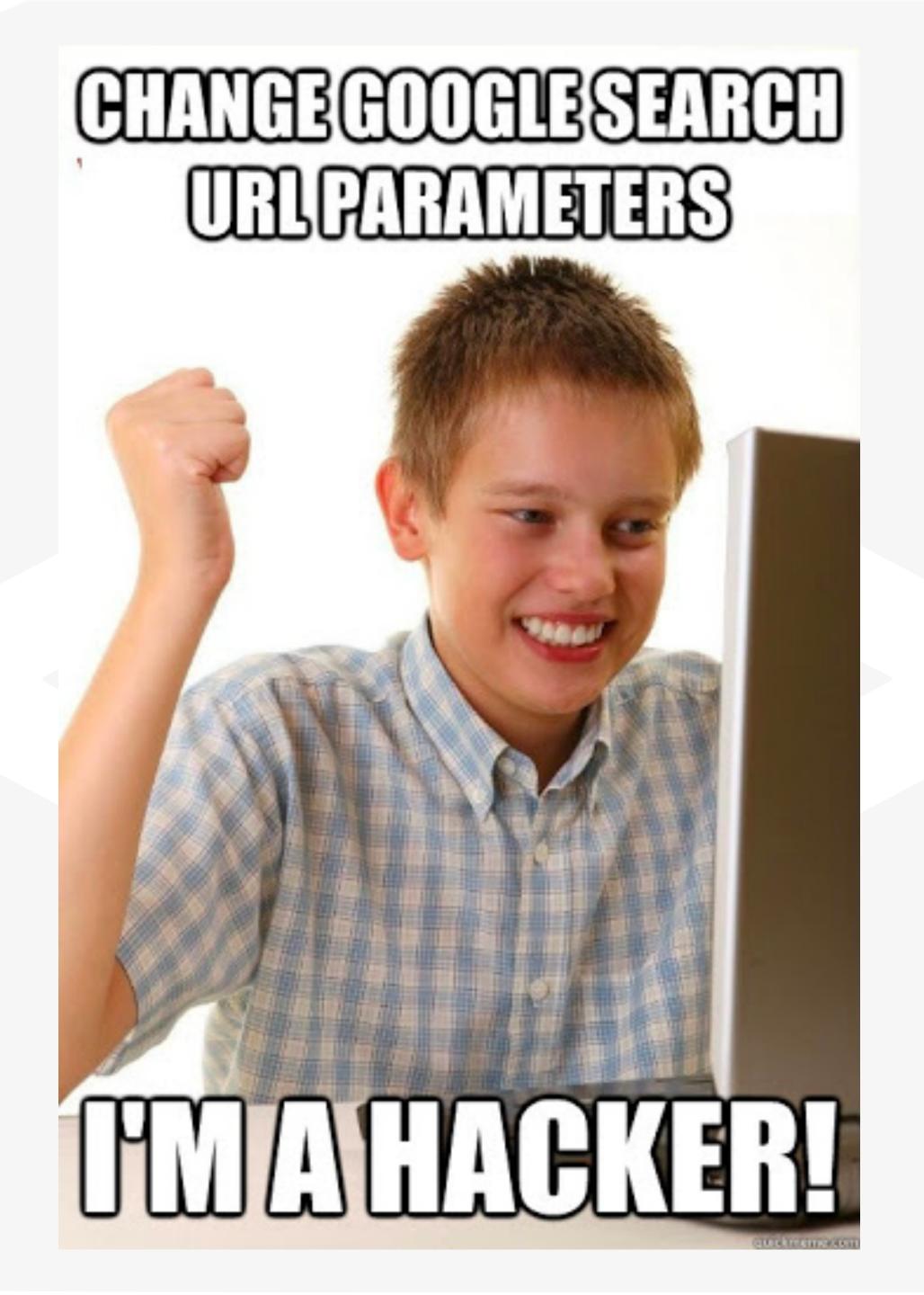
Class 09

API Server

seattle-javascript-401n16

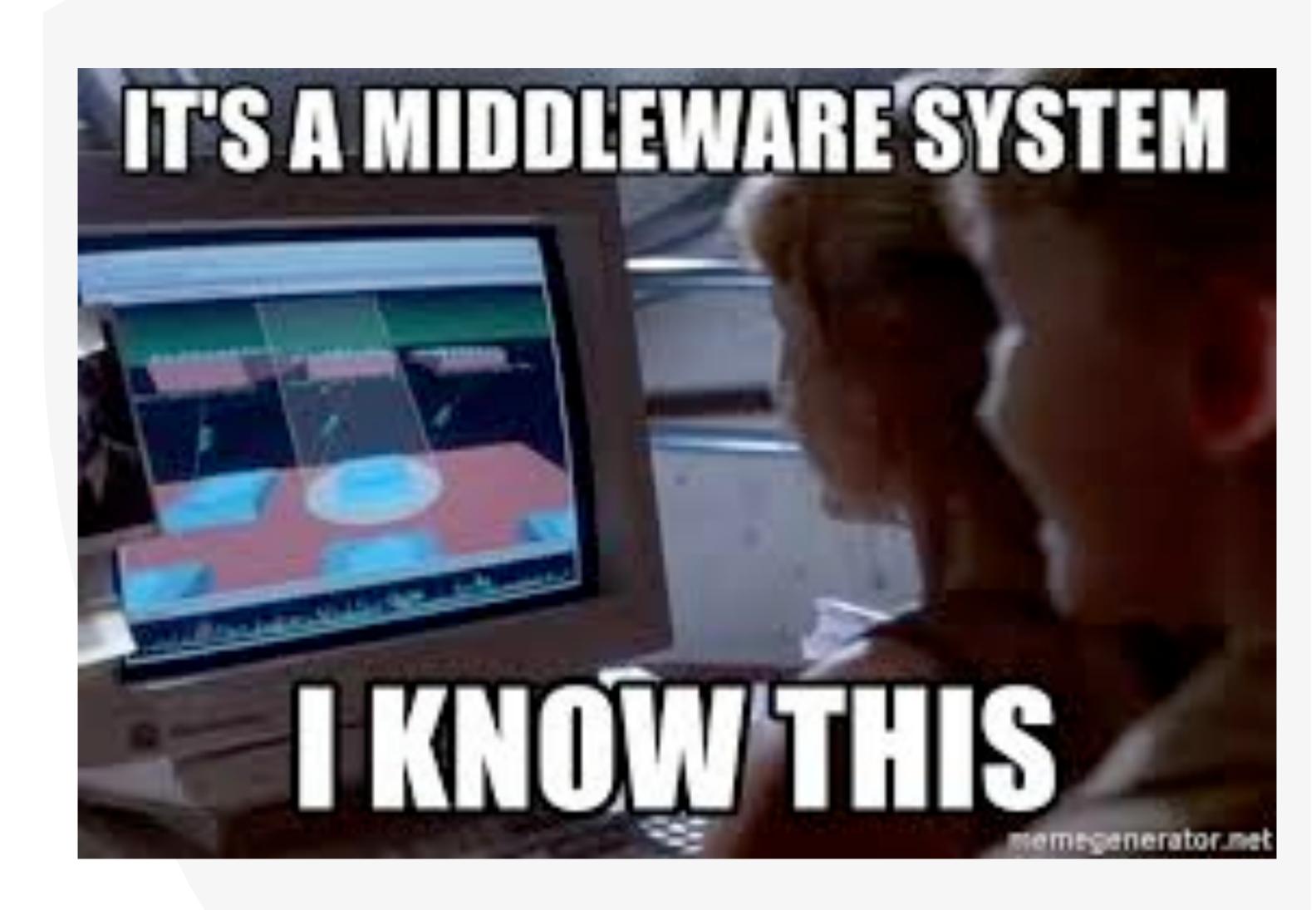
Params

- We've used params to get data from the path
- Anything with a colon = variable to store
- We can also add middleware for routes where a specific param exists!
- Opens the door for generalizing



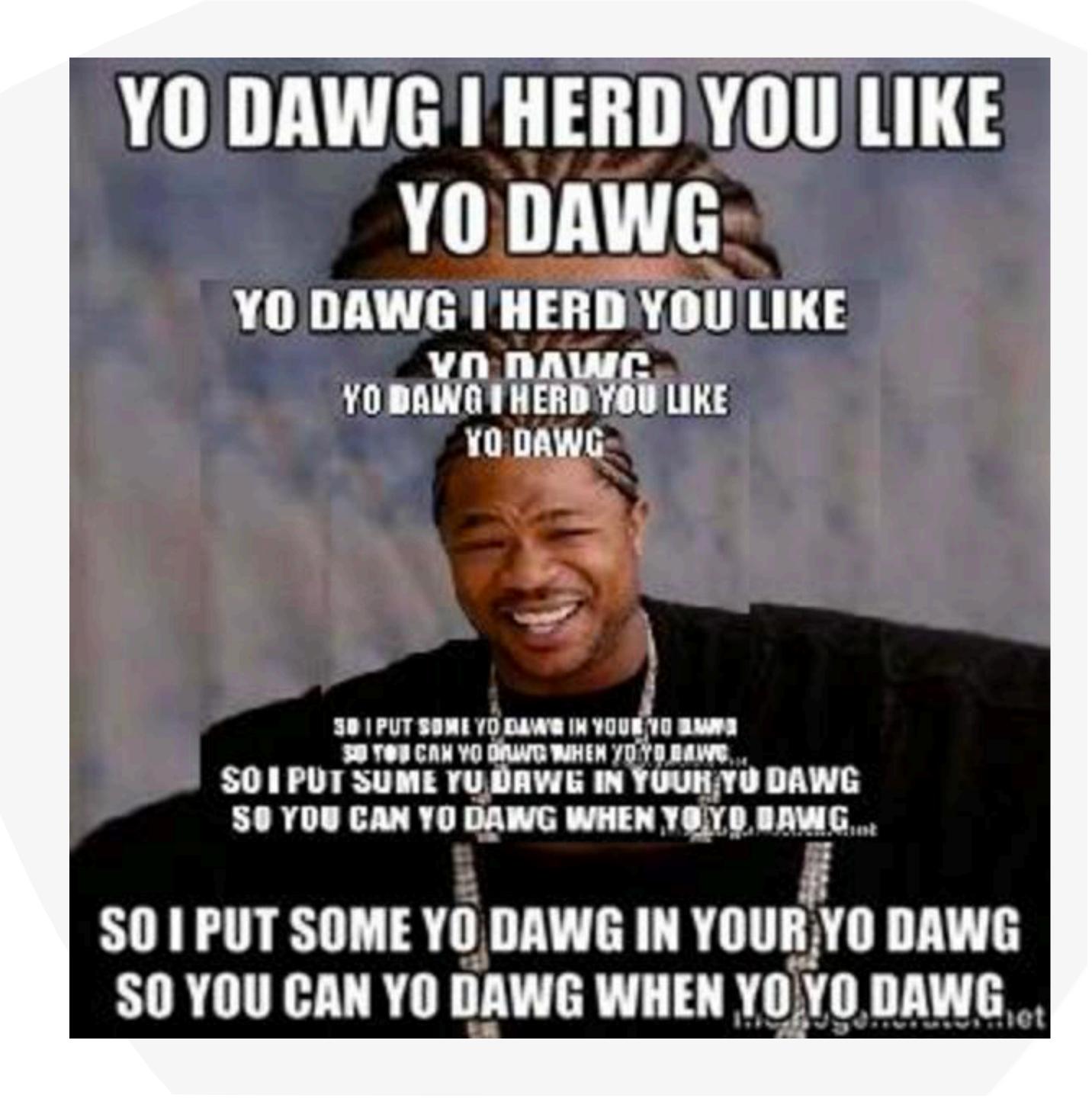
Mongoose Documents

- Remember a document is a record
- MongoDB is non-relational
 - Doesn't enforce any relationship between collections
 - Mongoose can "fake" this



Sub Documents

- A document within a document!
- Basically, a "relationship" is when
 - A record needs to reference another record in another collection
 - When loading a record, we also want to load another record in another collection



Reference Relation

- Most of the time, we create a "relationship" by using just IDs
 - Product belongs to a category
 - Product has a category field
 - This field is set to an ID of a category record
 - When you read a product, you can then read the category with the given ID



Virtual Join

- Comes from SQL
- The idea of "joining two tables"
- Basically, creating a link between records of different collections
- Mongoose fakes this by doing another "find" operation
- Mashes the results together
- populate() is how we trigger it



Virtual Property

- Virtual = not real
- A field that is not "actually" stored in that record
 - Instead the field is generated using a getter and setter
 - We define what code to run when someone tries to "get"
 - We define what real properties to change when someone tries to "set"



Lab 09 Overview

Code Challenge 09 Overview