API

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Behavior Node Type

Name	Description	
Composite Node	It has one or more child nodes and controls which child node to update.	
Action Node	This is the leaf node. It execute action such as follow player, attack, escape or others you define.	
Conditional Node	It has one child node and check the condition whether child is updatable. when having no child, Conditional Node is the leaf node like Action Node.	
Decorator Node	It has one child node and will modify the return value according to the return value of the child node	
Name	Description	

evaluateOnRunning true: evaluate the condition if the previous status is Status.Running.

Built In Composite Node

I have prepared several built in Composite Node.

Sequence

- Updates the child nodes in order from the top.
- Returns failure immediately if the child node returns failure.
- Returns running immediately and calls the child at the next update timing if the child node returns running.
- Returns success if all child nodes return success.

Sequence has following parameter.

Name	Description
abortOnConditionChanged	true: Aborts the running node when a node with a higher priority than the running node becomes infeasible. Specifically, the execution result of Conditional. CanUpdate, which is a descendant of a node with a higher
	priority than the running node, is used.

Selector

- Updates the child nodes in order from the top.
- Returns success immediately if the child node returns success.
- Returns running immediately and calls the child at the next update timing if the child node returns running.
- Returns failure if all child nodes return failure.

Selector has following parameter.

Name	Description
abortOnConditionChanged	true: Aborts the running node when a node with a higher priority than the running node becomes executable. Specifically, the execution result of Conditional.CanUpdate, which is a descendant of a node with a higher priority than the running node, is used.

Parallel

- Updates all child nodes.
- Returns running if any child node returns running.
- Returns failure if any child node returns failure.
- Otherwise, returns success.

Random

- The child nodes are elected and executed according to the probability based on the uniform distribution.
- Select one for each update. However, if the running status is returned during the last update, the node will continue to run.

Rotator

- Updates the child nodes in order. Unlike Sequencer, one child node is executed by one update instead of executing all child nodes by one update.
- For example, if there are three child nodes, the first Update will execute the top node, the next Update will execute the second node, and the next Update will execute the third node.
- The next run will run the top node again.
- If a child node returns a running state, it exits without executing subsequent child nodes, and the child node continues to run on the next update.

Rotator has following parameter.

Name Description It is a flag whether to return the next execution target node from the top when the resetOnAbort execution condition of the ancestor Conditional Node changes and the running node is interrupted.

Create New Behaviors

Create Action

- Create C# Script and extends AkiBT.Action
- Override OnUpdate and return status(Success/Running/Failure).
- Override Awake called by AkiBT.BehaviorTree.Awake if needed.
- Override Start called by AkiBT.BehaviorTree.Start if needed.
- Override Abort to reset field or any state when the parent condition changed..
- Action has Node gameObject field with AkiBT.BehaviorTree attached.
- Private [SerializeField] field and public field can be set on Behavior Tree editor window.

```
public class Wait : Action
{
    [SerializeField]
    private float waitTime;
    private float elapsedTime = 0.0f;
    protected override Status OnUpdate()
        elapsedTime += Time.deltaTime;
        if (elapsedTime < waitTime)</pre>
            return Status. Running;
        }
        elapsedTime = 0.0f;
        return Status.Success;
    }
    // abort when the parent conditional changed on previous status is running.
    public override void Abort()
        elapsedTime = 0.0f;
}
```

Create Conditional

Create C# Script and extends AkiBT.Conditional

• Override IsUpdatable and return result(true/false). when IsUpdatable returns update child.

- Override OnAwake called by AkiBT.BehaviorTree.Awake if needed.
- Override OnStart called by AkiBT.BehaviorTree.Start if needed.
- Conditional Node has gameObject field with AkiBT.BehaviorTree attached.
- Private [SerializeField] field and public field can be set on Behavior Tree editor window.

```
public class IsHateGt: Conditional
{
    [SerializeField]
    private int threshold;

    private Enemy enemy;

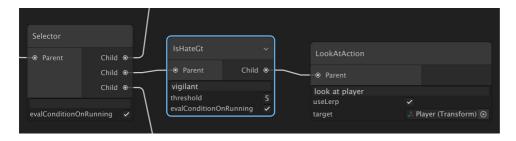
    protected override void OnAwake()
    {
        enemy = gameObject.GetComponent<Enemy>();
    }

    protected override bool IsUpdatable()
    {
        return enemy.Hate > threshold;
    }
}
```

• Conditional Node can be leaf node like Action Node.



• Conditional Node can be branch node.



- Create C# Script and extends AkiBT.Composite
- Override OnUpdate and return status(Success/Running/Failure).
- Override OnAwake called by AkiBT.BehaviorTree.Awake if needed.
- Override OnStart called by AkiBT.BehaviorTree.Start if needed.
- To abort the running node when the condition changed override Abort.
- Composite Node has gameObject field with AkiBT.BehaviorTree attached.
- Private [SerializeField] field and public field can be set on Behavior Tree editor window.

```
[AkiInfo("Composite:随机选择,等待结点结束运行后重新选择")]
[AkiLabel("Random随机选择")]
public class Random : Composite
{
   private NodeBehavior runningNode;
   protected override Status OnUpdate()
        // proceed to update same node when the previous status is running
       if (runningNode != null)
            return HandleStatus(runningNode.Update(), runningNode);
       // update random children
       var result = UnityEngine.Random.Range(∅, Children.Count);
       var target = Children[result];
       return HandleStatus(target.Update(), target);
   }
   private Status HandleStatus(Status status, NodeBehavior updated)
   {
        //save running node for next update.
        runningNode = status == Status.Running ? updated : null;
       return status;
    }
    // abort when the parent conditional changed on previous status is running.
   public override void Abort()
   {
       if (runningNode != null)
       {
            runningNode.Abort();
           runningNode = null;
   }
}
```

Create Decorator

• Decorator node is used to modify the return value and reduce the number of Conditional or Composite nodes used

- Create C# Script and extends AkiBT.Decorator
- Override OnDecorate(Status childStatus) to modify the return value according to the return value of the child node.
- Decorator inherits the CanUpdate of the child node, that is, if the child node is Conditional, the node
 will inherit its judgment value. If you want to modify CanUpdate, you can override OnDecorate(bool
 childCanUpdate)
- Override OnAwake called by AkiBT.BehaviorTree.Awake if needed.
- Override OnStart called by AkiBT.BehaviorTree.Start if needed.
- Composite Node has gameObject field with AkiBT.BehaviorTree attached.
- Private [SerializeField] field and public field can be set on Behavior Tree editor window.

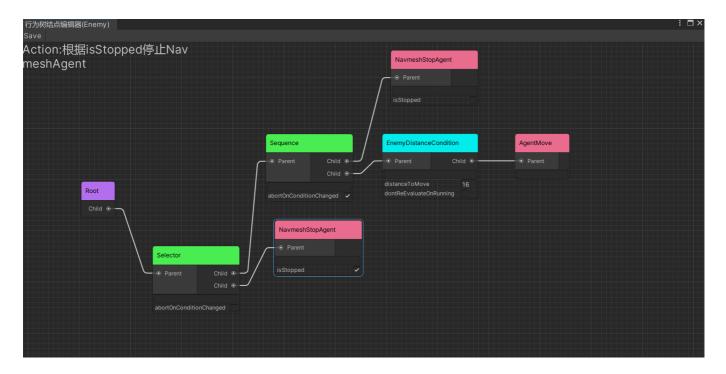
```
[AkiInfo("Decorator:子结点返回Success则反转为Failure,为Failure则反转为Successs,返回Running则保持Running")]
[AkiLabel("Invertor反转")]
public class Invertor : Decorator
{
    protected override Status OnDecorate(Status childeStatus)
    {
        if(childeStatus==Status.Success)
            return Status.Failure;
        else if(childeStatus==Status.Failure)
            return Status.Success;
        else
            return childeStatus;
    }
}
```

特性 Attributes

1. AkiInfo用以描述结点行为,可以显示在结点编辑器中.

You can use Akilnfo attribute to describe the behavior detail of the node for information.

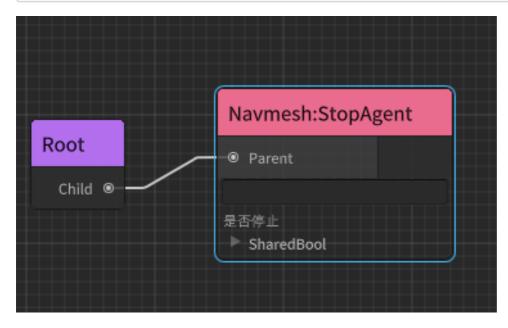
```
[AkiInfo("Action:根据isStopped停止NavmeshAgent")]
public class NavmeshStopAgent : Action
{
    private NavMeshAgent _navMeshAgent;
}
```



2. AkiLabel用以替换编辑器中的结点名称,新版本中你同样可以使用AkiLabel替换编辑器中的字段名称.

AkiLabel attribute is added for replacing label of node's title or field especially for Chinese.

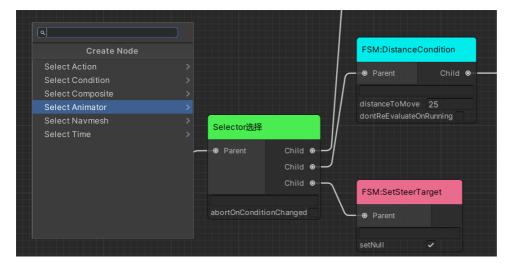
```
[AkiLabel("Navmesh:StopAgent")]
public class NavmeshStopAgent : Action
{
    private NavMeshAgent _navMeshAgent;
    [SerializeField,AkiLabel("是否停止")]
    private SharedBool isStopped;
}
```



3. AkiGroup特性用以对结点进行分类

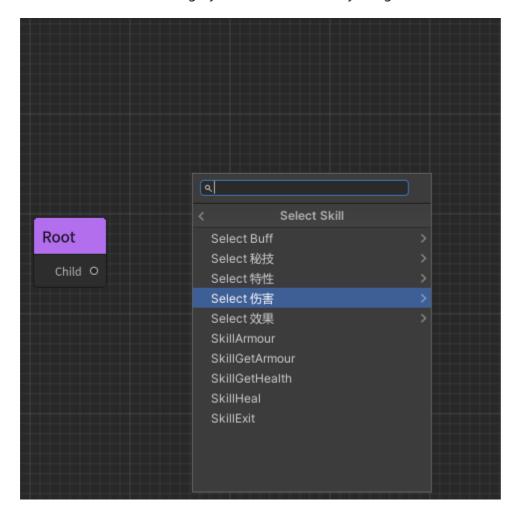
AkiGroup is an advanced attribute using in Node Searching, you can add this attribute to make it easier and more clear to find certain node.

```
[AkiGroup("Animator")]
public class AnimatorSetBool : AnimatorAction
{
}
```



• 你可以使用'/'符号进行子分类

You can also subcategory the SearchWindow by using '/'.



1. 使用共享变量需要在Awake中初始化从而绑定父级行为树中的变量。

```
public class GetGameObjectPosition : Action
{
    [SerializeField]
    private SharedTObject<GameObject> target;
    [SerializeField]
    private SharedVector3 result;
    public override void Awake()
    {
        InitVariable(target);
        InitVariable(result);
    }
    protected override Status OnUpdate()
    {
        if (target.Value != null) result.Value = target.Value.transform.position;
        return Status.Success;
    }
}
```

- 1. 除了值类型外,你可以使用SharedObject来共享任何继承自UnityEngine.Object类型的对象。如要限制类型可以使用SharedTObject<T>这样在编辑器中的下拉栏中你将只能引用具有相同类型的SharedObject
- 2. 在黑板中,你可以通过创建SharedObject并限制其类型来提升类型安全性并且使字段只能拖拽相应类型的对象。

