

Enabling interactive data exploration



What is ClickHouse?

- RDBMS for analytics
 - o SQL
 - o FOSS
- Distributed
 - Cross-datacenter replication
 - Tolerant to a single-datacenter failure
- Linear scaling
 - o 100s of servers
 - 100G-1000G records daily
- Blazing fast
 - interactive data exploration

These slides have a lot of <u>links!</u>

Download them at <insert link and code>



History

- Yandex.Metrica (think Google Analytics)
 - o 30B rows daily, 3PB total, 700 machines
 - Processing speed up to 2TB/s
- Used a MyISAM solution with pre-aggregation
 - Didn't scale for the growing load
 - Could only build pre-defined reports
- Started developing own columnar DB in 2009
- Enables "double real time" reporting
 - Add new events in real time
 - Build custom reports in real time
- Becomes the main engine in 2012
- Open-sourced in 2016

Adoption

- Yandex-wide
 - business analytics
- Thousands of companies worldwide
 - analyzing 1M DNS queries per second
 (Cloudflare)
 - <u>geospatial processing</u> (Carto)
 - <u>real-time ad analytics platform</u> (LifeStreet)
 - storage performance analysis and monitoring (Infinidat)
 - AdTech, FinTech, sensors, logs, event streams, time series, etc.

Unusual applications:

- Blockchain transaction history
 - o <u>blockchair.com</u>
 - o <u>bloxy.info</u>
- CERN LHCb experiment
- Bioinformatics

When to use

- stream of well-structured, immutable events
 - (mostly) fixed schema
 - append-only
 - heavy-weight ALTER UPDATE/DELETE as a "GDPR escape hatch"
- flexible real-time reporting
 - o queries finish in seconds, not hours
 - no preprocessing needed
 - o enables ad-hoc experiments

When NOT to use

- OLTP
 - no transactions
 - single INSERT is atomic, but no cross-query atomicity
 - very heavy UPDATEs
- key/value storage
 - sparse indexes
 - not suitable for point reads

- document/blob storage
 - o optimized for records < 100 kB
- highly normalized data
 - optimized for star schema

How fast?

1.1 Billion Taxi rides benchmark: 1.1G records, 51 columns, 500 GB uncompressed CSV

| Query 1 | Query 2 | Query 3 | Query 4 | Setup |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|--|
| 0.005 | 0.01 | 0.10 | 0.188 | BrytlytDB 2.1 & 5-node IBM Minsky cluster |
| 0.051 | 0.15 | 0.05 | 0.794 | kdb+/q & 4 Intel Xeon Phi 7210 CPUs |
| 0.241 | 0.83 | 1.21 | 1.781 | ClickHouse, 3 x c5d.9xlarge cluster |
| 0.762 | 2.47 | 4.13 | 6.041 | BrytlytDB 1.0 & 2-node p2.16xlarge cluster |
| 1.034 | 3.06 | 5.35 | 12.748 | ClickHouse, Intel Core i5 4670K |
| 1.56 | 1.25 | 2.25 | 2.97 | Redshift, 6-node ds2.8xlarge cluster |
| 2 | 2.00 | 1.00 | 3 | BigQuery |
| 2.362 | 3.56 | 4.02 | 20.412 | Spark 2.4 & 21 x m3.xlarge HDFS cluster |
| 14.389 | 32.15 | 33.45 | 67.312 | <u>Vertica, Intel Core i5 4670K</u> |

Why so fast?

Read less data

- Data locality
 - columnar storage
 - sorted by PK
- Compression

Process data faster

- Parallelism
 - multithreading
 - distributed queries
- Efficient computation
 - 17 different GROUP BY algorithms
 - vectorized query execution with SIMD

Deployment

- Repos for major Linux distros
- Docker containers
- One self-contained binary
 - works everywhere
- ZooKeeper if you need replication
- Test it on your laptop
 - runs with minimal resources

- Stable release every two weeks
 - Thousands of scenarios tested for each change
- No data migration on update
 - Just run a new server

Data ingestion

- INSERTs
- Many <u>data formats</u>
 - CSV, JSON, Parquet, CapnProto,ORC, ...

- Batching for optimal performance
 - Buffer table engine
 - Kafka table engine
 - <u>Third-party solutions</u> chproxy, kittenhouse etc.

Analyzing data

- A rich SQL dialect
 - strong typing
 - <u>higher order functions</u> like arrayMap
 - variety of <u>aggregate function</u> —
 quantiles, cardinality estimators etc.
 - o <u>sampling</u>
 - <u>Nested</u> type for key/value records
 - <u>LowCardinality</u> type for dictionary encoding

- Bl tools support
 - <u>Holistics</u> (Singapore-based)
 - o <u>Tableau</u>
 - Apache Superset
 - others via ODBC/SQLAlchemy/...

clickhouse-local

The full power of ClickHouse engine over a data file.

```
$ clickhouse local
  --file ~/hits v1.tsv
  --structure 'WatchID UInt64, JavaEnable UInt8, ...'
  --query 'SELECT UserID, SearchPhrase, count() FROM table GROUP BY UserID,
SearchPhrase'
Read 8873898 rows, 7.88 GiB in 5.208 sec., 1704038 rows/sec., 1.51 GiB/sec.
             UserID SearchPhrase
                                                   count()
8410854169855355129 пальные кость играть терхи
                                                         3
```

Interfacing with other systems

Connect to ClickHouse

- Native binary protocol
 - o Drivers for Python, Go, C++, ...
- RESTful <u>HTTP</u>
- ODBC
- JDBC
- MySQL wire protocol
- PostgreSQL
 - o <u>clickhouse fdw</u>
 - o <u>pg2ch</u> (logical replication)

Connect from ClickHouse

- File
- HDFS
- URL
- MySQL
- ODBC
- External dictionaries

Getting help

- Check the docs at our site
- Create issues on <u>github</u>
- Ask on <u>Stack Overflow</u>
- Email us at <u>clickhouse-feeback@yandex-team.ru</u>
- Join <u>English</u> and <u>Russian</u> chats in Telegram
- Get commercial support from <u>Altinity</u> and others
- and more

Thank you!

Questions?

- https://clickhouse.yandex
- https://github.com/ClickHouse/ClickHouse
- <u>clickhouse-feedback@yandex-team.ru</u>

