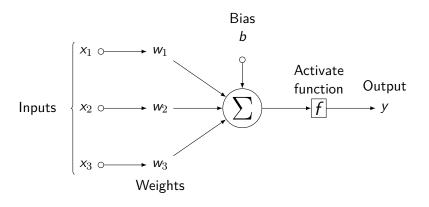
Data Mining Lectures - Neural Networks

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Neural Networks: Neuron

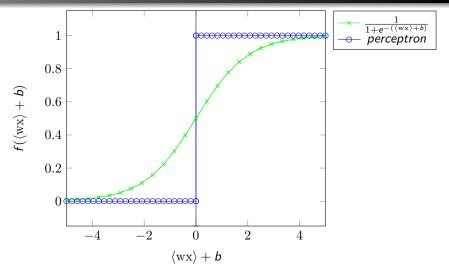


$$y = f(\langle wx \rangle + b) = f(\sum_{i \in \{1,2,3\}} w_i x_i + b)$$

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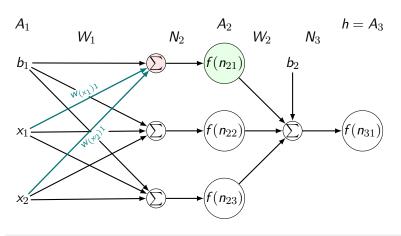
EARIN

Neural Networks: Sigmoid function



The sigmoid function f(a) and its derivative f'(a) = f(a) * (1 - f(a)) has the main role in error backpropagation.

Neural Networks: neuron layers



$$a_{21} = f(n_{21}) = f(w_{(x_1)1}x_1 + w_{(x_2)1}x_2 + b_{11})$$

Approximation Error

Mean Squared Error

$$E_{\text{total}} = \sum_{p \in T} E_{MSE}^p$$
 where p is an element in a training set T

$$E_{MSE}^{h} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j \in M} (\hat{y}_h - h)^2$$

Backpropagation of error to weights

$$\triangle w_{mh} \sim -\nabla_w \cdot E_{MSF}^h$$

where w_{mh} is the connection weight from the neuron m to the neuron h.

Error backpropagation to the output neuron weights

The gradient of MSE influences the weights of connections to the output neuron

$$\triangle w_{mh} = -\eta \frac{\partial E(w_{mh})}{\partial w_{mh}}$$

where η is the training coefficient.

The backpropagation algorithm search for the minimum of the error function in weight

$$\frac{\partial E\left(w_{mh}\right)}{\partial w_{mh}} = \frac{\partial E}{\partial N_3} \cdot \frac{\partial N_3}{\partial w_{mh}} = -\delta_h \cdot \frac{\partial N_3}{\partial w_{mh}}$$

The derivative chain rule

$$\frac{\partial E\left(w_{mh}\right)}{\partial w_{mh}} = \frac{\partial E}{\partial N_3} \cdot \frac{\partial N_3}{\partial w_{mh}} = \frac{\partial E}{\partial h} \cdot \frac{\partial h}{\partial N_3} \cdot \frac{\partial N_3}{\partial w_{mh}}$$

Error backpropagation to the output neuron weights

The partial derivative of E_{MSF}^h with respect to the net output h

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial h} = \frac{\partial}{\partial h} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i \in M} (\hat{y}_h - h)^2 = -(\hat{y}_h - h) = (h - \hat{y}_h)$$

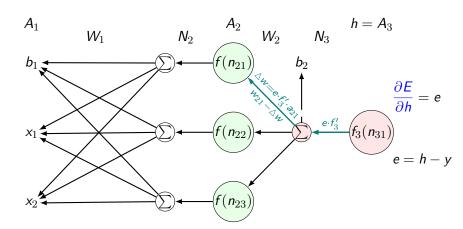
The partial derivative of the sigmoid function

$$\frac{\partial h}{\partial N_3} = \frac{\partial f(N_3)}{\partial N_3} = h(1 - h)$$

The partial derivative of the dot product $N_3 = \langle A_2 W_2 \rangle$

$$\frac{\partial N_3}{\partial w_{mh}} = a_{2m}$$

Neural Networks: error backpropagation



$$\Delta w_{mh} = \eta \cdot \frac{\partial E(w_{mh})}{\partial w_{mh}} = \eta \cdot \frac{\partial E}{\partial h} \cdot \frac{\partial h}{\partial N_3} \cdot \frac{\partial N_3}{\partial w_{mh}}$$
$$\Delta W_2 = \eta \cdot (h - \hat{y}_h) \cdot h(1 - h) \cdot A_2$$

Error backpropagation to the output neuron weights

The partial derivative of E_{MSE}^h with respect to the output neuron weights

$$\frac{\partial E\left(w_{mh}\right)}{\partial w_{mh}} = -\delta_h \cdot \frac{\partial N_3}{\partial w_{mh}} = -\delta_h \cdot a_{2m} = (h - \hat{y}_h) \cdot h(1 - h) \cdot a_{2m}$$

Widrow-Hoff rule – δ -rule

$$\triangle w_{mh} = \eta \cdot \delta_h \cdot a_{2m} \qquad \triangle W_{mh} = \eta \cdot \delta_h \cdot A_2$$

R code

delta3 =
$$(h - y)*h*(1 - h)$$

W2 <- W2 - alfa*delta3 %*% $t(A_2)$

Error backpropagation to the hidden neuron weights

$$\frac{\partial E\left(w_{nm}\right)}{\partial w_{nm}} = \frac{\partial E}{\partial N_2} \cdot \frac{\partial N_2}{\partial w_{nm}} = \frac{\partial E}{\partial A_2} \cdot \frac{\partial A_2}{\partial N_2} \cdot \frac{\partial N_2}{\partial w_{nm}}$$

The partial derivative of E^m_{MSE} with respect to the hidden layer outputs A_2 ($h_1=h$ - it is only one output neuron)

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial A_2} = \frac{\partial (E_{h_1} + E_{h_2})}{\partial A_2} = \frac{\partial E^h}{\partial N_3} \cdot \frac{\partial N_3}{\partial A_2} = -\delta_h \cdot W_2$$

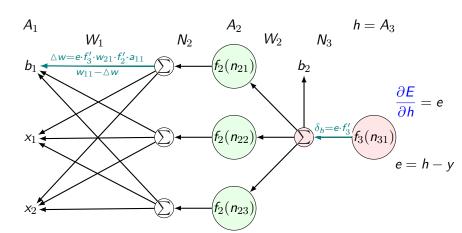
The partial derivative of the sigmoid function

$$\frac{\partial A_2}{\partial N_2} = \frac{\partial f(N_2)}{\partial N_2} = A_2(1 - A_2)$$

The partial derivative of the dot product $N_2 = \langle A_1 W_1 \rangle$

$$\frac{\partial N_2}{\partial w_{nm}} = a_{1n}$$

Neural Networks: error backpropagation



$$\triangle w_{nm} = \eta \cdot \frac{\partial E (w_{nm})}{\partial w_{nm}} = \eta \cdot \frac{\partial E}{\partial N_2} \cdot \frac{\partial N_2}{\partial w_{nm}} = \eta \cdot \frac{\partial E}{\partial A_2} \cdot \frac{\partial A_2}{\partial N_2} \cdot \frac{\partial N_2}{\partial N_2}$$
$$\triangle W_1 = \eta \cdot \delta_m \cdot A_1 = \delta_h \cdot W_2 \cdot A_2 (1 - A_2) \cdot A_1$$

Error backpropagation to the hidden neuron weights

The partial derivative of E^m_{MSE} with respect to the hidden neuron weights

$$\frac{\partial E\left(w_{nm}\right)}{\partial w_{nm}} = -\delta_{m} \cdot \frac{\partial N_{2}}{\partial w_{nm}} = -\delta_{m} \cdot a_{1n} = -\delta_{h} \cdot W_{2} \cdot A_{2}(1 - A_{2}) \cdot a_{1n}$$

Widrow-Hoff rule – δ -rule for the hidden layer

$$\Delta w_{nm} = \eta \cdot \delta_m \cdot a_{1n} = \eta \cdot \delta_h \cdot W_2 \cdot A_2 (1 - A_2) \cdot a_{1n}$$

$$\delta_m = \delta_h \cdot W_2 \cdot A_2 (1 - A_2) \qquad \Delta W_1 = \eta \cdot \delta_m \cdot A_1$$

R code