# **Question Authoring Cheat Sheet**

Editor: numbas.mathcentre.ac.uk.

Documentation: bit.ly/numbasdocs.

### Part Types

Information only	Normally used in Steps; no student input.
Gap-fill	Place multiple inputs inside the prompt text.
Mathematical expression	Algebraic answer; instant rendering of input.
Number entry	Accept a number within a range; can require certain number of sig. fig.s or d.p.
Matrix entry	Answer is a matrix of numbers; individual cells marked like number entry.
Match text pattern	Free text input. Must match given regular expression.
Choose one from a list	Student picks one answer from a multiple choice list.
Choose several from a list Match choices with answers	Student picks any number of answers from a list; can specify max. and min. choices.  2D grid; match items from two lists. Can allow one answer per choice or many.
answers	allow one answer per choice of many.

You can add additional Step parts to any part. These should provide extra hints, or break the question into smaller steps.

# **Displaying Maths**

LaTeX is only used to render maths, not for text or layout.

Variables and correct answers are defined using JME syntax, not LaTeX.

Inline maths is enclosed in dollar signs:  $x^2 + 1$  produces  $x^2 + 1$ .

Display maths is enclosed in  $\lceil \lceil \rceil$  and  $\lceil \rceil \rceil$  and displayed on its own line.  $\lceil \lceil \rceil \rceil$  produces:

$$x^2 + 1$$

#### Online resources

Test commands with instant rendering: bit.ly/biglatex.

Draw symbols and get the corresponding commands: bit.ly/detexify. More LaTeX commands: bit.ly/latexcommands.

#### LaTeX commands

Command	Output
x \lt y \gt z	x < y > z
A_{x} A^{y}	$A_xA^y$
a = b \neq c	$a=b\neq c$
\frac{x}{y}	$\frac{x}{y}$
x \times y \cdot z	$x  imes y \cdot z$
\alpha, \beta, \dots	$lpha,eta,\dots$
\left( \sum {x=1}^{\infty} x^2 \right)	$\left(\sum_{i=1}^{\infty}x^{2}\right)$

### Content

#### To insert a video

Go to the YouTube / Vimeo page for the video. Copy the URL in the address bar. In the editor, click Insert video and paste in the URL.

#### To insert an image

Click Insert image. Click Upload an image and select the image.

## Randomised content

To substitute text, wrap a variable name in curly braces:

My name is {name} produces output like My name is Bob.

To substitute a simple number in maths, use the  $\sqrt{\text{var}}$  command in LaTeX:  $x + \sqrt{a}$  produces x + 2.

For randomised expressions which might need simplifying, use  $\simplify$ . Expressions inside curly braces are evaluated:  $\simplify$   $\aimplify$   $\ai$ 

#### Variable annotations

Use annotations to display variable names differently inside a simplified expression. For example, |\$\simplify{ vector:x }\$| produces x.

Any LaTeX command can be used as an annotation for notation which is not built-in, e.g.  $\frac{1}{x} \cdot \frac{1}{x} \cdot \frac{1}{x}$  produces  $\vec{x}$ .

Annotations can be chained together. For example,  $\$  simplify unit:v:x  $\$  produces  $\hat{x}$ .

Annotation	Output	Meaning
verb:pi	$\pi$	Verbatim - overrides built-in constants $e,\pi,i.$
op:x	$\mathbf{x}$	Operator name
v:x	$oldsymbol{x}$	Vector
unit:x	$\hat{m{x}}$	Unit vector
dot:x	$\dot{x}$	Dot on top
matrix:A	$\mathbf{A}$	Matrix

### Simplification rules

Usage: \$\simplify[rule1,rule2,...]{ expression }\$

unitFactor	Cancel products of 1.
unitPower	Cancel exponents of 1.
unitDenominator	Cancel fractions with denominator 1.
zeroFactor	Cancel products of 0 to 0.
zeroTerm	Omit zero terms.
zeroPower	Cancel exponents of 0 to 1.
noLeadingMinus	Rearrange expressions so they don't start with a minus.
collectNumber	Collect together numerical products and sums.
simplifyFractions	Cancel fractions to lowest form.
zeroBase	Cancel any power of zero.
constantsFirst	Numbers go to the left of multiplications.
sqrtProduct	Collect products of square roots.
sqrtDivision	Collect fractions of square roots.
sqrtSquare	Cancel square roots of squares, and squares of square roots.
trig	Apply some trigonometric identities.
otherNumbers	Evaluate powers of numbers.
all	Apply all of the above rules, but not the two display rules below.
fractionNumbers	Numbers are displayed as fractions instead of decimals.
rowVector	Vectors are displayed as rows instead of columns.

