

NMAP (Network Mapping) Cheat Sheet

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Nmap (Network Mapping) Cheat Sheet. It is a very famous port scanner available for free. It is not just only a port scanner, it also do various jobs like banner grabbing, OS fingerprinting, Nmap script scanning, evading firewalls, etc. So we are gonna show you some important commands of Nmap.

Step 1: Open up the console and type nmap

It will give you the whole commands of Nmap. But we are here to understanding the commands so we should go ahead.

Here is the cheatsheet of NMAP.

BASIC SCANNING TECHNIQUES

Goal	Command	Example
Scan a Single Target	nmap [target]	nmap 192.168.0.1
Scan Multiple Targets	nmap [target1, target2, etc]	nmap 192.168.0.1 192.168.0.2
Scan a List of Targets	nmap -iL [list.txt]	nmap -iL targets.txt
Scan a Range of Hosts	nmap [range of ip addresses]	nmap 192.168.0.1-10
Scan an Entire Subnet	nmap [ip address/cdir]	nmap 192.168.0.1/24
Scan Random Hosts	nmap -iR [number]	nmap -iR 0
Excluding Targets from a Scan	nmap [targets] --exclude [targets]	nmap 192.168.0.1/24 --exclude 192.168.0.100, 192.168.0.200
Excluding Targets Using a List	nmap [targets] --excludefile [list.txt]	nmap 192.168.0.1/24 --excludefile notargets.txt
Perform an Aggressive Scan	nmap -A [target]	nmap -A 192.168.0.1
Scan an IPv6 Target	nmap -6 [target]	nmap -6 1aff:3c21:47b1:0000:0000:0000:0000:2afe

DISCOVERY OPTIONS

Goal	Command	Example
Perform a Ping Only Scan	nmap -sP [target]	nmap -sP 192.168.0.1
Don't Ping	nmap -PN [target]	nmap -PN 192.168.0.1
TCP SYN Ping	nmap -PS [target]	nmap -PS 192.168.0.1
TCP ACK Ping	nmap -PA [target]	nmap -PA 192.168.0.1
UDP Ping	nmap -PU [target]	nmap -PU 192.168.0.1
SCTP INIT Ping	nmap -PY [target]	nmap -PY 192.168.0.1

ICMP Echo Ping	nmap -PE [target]	nmap -PE 192.168.0.1
ICMP Timestamp Ping	nmap -PP [target]	nmap -PP 192.168.0.1
ICMP Address Mask Ping	nmap -PM [target]	nmap -PM 192.168.0.1
IP Protocol Ping	nmap -PO [target]	nmap -PO 192.168.0.1
ARP Ping	nmap -PR [target]	nmap -PR 192.168.0.1
Traceroute	nmap -traceroute [target]	nmap -traceroute 192.168.0.1
Force Reverse DNS Resolution	nmap -R [target]	nmap -R 192.168.0.1
Disable Reverse DNS Resolution	nmap -n [target]	nmap -n 192.168.0.1
Alternative DNS Lookup	nmap --system-dns [target]	nmap --system-dns 192.168.0.1
Manually Specify DNS Server(s)	nmap --dns-servers [servers] [target]	nmap --dns-servers 201.56.212.54 192.168.0.1
Create a Host List	nmap -sL [targets]	nmap -sL 192.168.0.1/24

ADVANCED SCANNING OPTIONS

Goal	Command	Example
TCP SYN Scan	nmap -sS [target]	nmap -sS 192.168.0.1
TCP Connect Scan	nmap -sT [target]	nmap -sT 192.168.0.1
UDP Scan	nmap -sU [target]	nmap -sU 192.168.0.1
TCP NULL Scan	nmap -sN [target]	nmap -sN 192.168.0.1
TCP FIN Scan	nmap -sF [target]	nmap -sF 192.168.0.1
Xmas Scan	nmap -sX [target]	nmap -sX 192.168.0.1
TCP ACK Scan	nmap -sA [target]	nmap -sA 192.168.0.1
Custom TCP Scan	nmap --scanflags [flags] [target]	nmap --scanflags SYNFIN 192.168.0.1
IP Protocol Scan	nmap -sO [target]	nmap -sO 192.168.0.1
Send Raw Ethernet Packets	nmap --send-eth [target]	nmap --send-eth 192.168.0.1
Send IP Packets	nmap --send-ip [target]	nmap --send-ip 192.168.0.1

PORT SCANNING OPTIONS

Goal	Command	Example
Perform a Fast Scan	nmap -F [target]	nmap -F 192.168.0.1

Scan Specific Ports	<code>nmap -p [port(s)] [target]</code>	<code>nmap -p 21-25,80,139,8080 192.168.1.1</code>
Scan Ports by Name	<code>nmap -p [port name(s)] [target]</code>	<code>nmap -p ftp,http* 192.168.0.1</code>
Scan Ports by Protocol	<code>nmap -sU -sT -p U:[ports],T: [ports] [target]</code>	<code>nmap -sU -sT -p U:53,111,137,T:21-25,80,139,8080 192.168.0.1</code>
Scan All Ports	<code>nmap -p '*' [target]</code>	<code>nmap -p '*' 192.168.0.1</code>
Scan Top Ports	<code>nmap --top-ports [number] [target]</code>	<code>nmap --top-ports 10 192.168.0.1</code>
Perform a Sequential Port Scan	<code>nmap -r [target]</code>	<code>nmap -r 192.168.0.1</code>

VERSION DETECTION

Goal	Command	Example
Operating System Detection	<code>nmap -O [target]</code>	<code>nmap -O 192.168.0.1</code>
Submit TCP/IP Fingerprints	http://www.nmap.org/submit/	
Attempt to Guess an Unknown OS	<code>nmap -O --osscan-guess [target]</code>	<code>nmap -O --osscan-guess 192.168.0.1</code>
Service Version Detection	<code>nmap -sV [target]</code>	<code>nmap -sV 192.168.0.1</code>
Troubleshooting Version Scans	<code>nmap -sV --version-trace [target]</code>	<code>nmap -sV --version-trace 192.168.0.1</code>
Perform a RPC Scan	<code>nmap -sR [target]</code>	<code>nmap -sR 192.168.0.1</code>

TIMING OPTIONS

Goal	Command	Example
Timing Templates	<code>nmap -T[0-5] [target]</code>	<code>nmap -T3 192.168.0.1</code>
Set the Packet TTL	<code>nmap --ttl [time] [target]</code>	<code>nmap --ttl 64 192.168.0.1</code>
Minimum # of Parallel Operations	<code>nmap --min-parallelism [number] [target]</code>	<code>nmap --min-parallelism 10 192.168.0.1</code>
Maximum # of Parallel Operations	<code>nmap --max-parallelism [number] [target]</code>	<code>nmap --max-parallelism 1 192.168.0.1</code>
Minimum Host Group Size	<code>nmap --min-hostgroup [number] [targets]</code>	<code>nmap --min-hostgroup 50 192.168.0.1</code>
Maximum Host Group Size	<code>nmap --max-hostgroup [number] [targets]</code>	<code>nmap --max-hostgroup 1 192.168.0.1</code>
Maximum RTT Timeout	<code>nmap --initial-rtt-timeout [time] [target]</code>	<code>nmap --initial-rtt-timeout 100ms 192.168.0.1</code>
Initial RTT Timeout	<code>nmap --max-rtt-timeout [TTL] [target]</code>	<code>nmap --max-rtt-timeout 100ms 192.168.0.1</code>

Maximum Retries	<code>nmap --max-retries [number] [target]</code>	<code>nmap --max-retries 10 192.168.0.1</code>
Host Timeout	<code>nmap --host-timeout [time] [target]</code>	<code>nmap --host-timeout 30m 192.168.0.1</code>
Minimum Scan Delay	<code>nmap --scan-delay [time] [target]</code>	<code>nmap --scan-delay 1s 192.168.0.1</code>
Maximum Scan Delay	<code>nmap --max-scan-delay [time] [target]</code>	<code>nmap --max-scan-delay 10s 192.168.0.1</code>
Minimum Packet Rate	<code>nmap --min-rate [number] [target]</code>	<code>nmap --min-rate 50 192.168.0.1</code>
Maximum Packet Rate	<code>nmap --max-rate [number] [target]</code>	<code>nmap --max-rate 100 192.168.0.1</code>
Defeat Reset Rate Limits	<code>nmap --defeat-rst-ratelimit [target]</code>	<code>nmap --defeat-rst-ratelimit 192.168.0.1</code>

FIREWALL EVASION TECHNIQUES

Goal	Command	Example
Fragment Packets	<code>nmap -f [target]</code>	<code>nmap -f 192.168.0.1</code>
Specify a Specific MTU	<code>nmap --mtu [MTU] [target]</code>	<code>nmap --mtu 32 192.168.0.1</code>
Use a Decoy	<code>nmap -D RND:[number] [target]</code>	<code>nmap -D RND:10 192.168.0.1</code>
Idle Zombie Scan	<code>nmap -sl [zombie] [target]</code>	<code>nmap -sl 192.168.0.38 192.168.0.1</code>
Manually Specify a Source Port	<code>nmap --source-port [port] [target]</code>	<code>nmap --source-port 1025 192.168.0.1</code>
Append Random Data	<code>nmap --data-length [size] [target]</code>	<code>nmap --data-length 20 192.168.0.1</code>
Randomize Target Scan Order	<code>nmap --randomize-hosts [target]</code>	<code>nmap --randomize-hosts 192.168.0.1-20</code>
Spoof MAC Address	<code>nmap --spoof-mac [MAC 0 vendor] [target]</code>	<code>nmap --spoof-mac Cisco 192.168.0.1</code>
Send Bad Checksums	<code>nmap --badsum [target]</code>	<code>nmap --badsum 192.168.0.1</code>

OUTPUT OPTIONS

Goal	Command	Example
Save Output to a Text File	<code>nmap -oN [scan.txt] [target]</code>	<code>nmap -oN scan.txt 192.168.0.1</code>
Save Output to a XML File	<code>nmap -oX [scan.xml] [target]</code>	<code>nmap -oX scan.xml 192.168.0.1</code>
Grepable Output	<code>nmap -oG [scan.txt] [targets]</code>	<code>nmap -oG scan.txt 192.168.0.1</code>
Output All Supported File Types	<code>nmap -oA [path/filename] [target]</code>	<code>nmap -oA ./scan 192.168.0.1</code>
Periodically Display Statistics	<code>nmap --stats-every [time] [target]</code>	<code>nmap --stats-every 10s 192.168.0.1</code>
133t Output	<code>nmap -oS [scan.txt] [target]</code>	<code>nmap -oS scan.txt 192.168.0.1</code>

TROUBLESHOOTING AND DEBUGGING

Goal	Command	Example
Getting Help	<code>nmap -h</code>	<code>nmap -h</code>
Display Nmap Version	<code>nmap -V</code>	<code>nmap -V</code>
Verbose Output	<code>nmap -v [target]</code>	<code>nmap -v 192.168.0.1</code>
Debugging	<code>nmap -d [target]</code>	<code>nmap -d 192.168.0.1</code>
Display Port State Reason	<code>nmap --reason [target]</code>	<code>nmap --reason 192.168.0.1</code>
Only Display Open Ports	<code>nmap --open [target]</code>	<code>nmap --open 192.168.0.1</code>
Trace Packets	<code>nmap --packet-trace [target]</code>	<code>nmap --packet-trace 192.168.0.1</code>
Display Host Networking	<code>nmap -iflist</code>	<code>nmap -iflist</code>
Specify a Network Interface	<code>nmap -e [interface] [target]</code>	<code>nmap -e eth0 192.168.0.1</code>

NMAP SCRIPTING ENGINE

Goal	Command	Example
Execute Individual Scripts	<code>nmap --script [script.nse] [target]</code>	<code>nmap --script banner.nse 192.168.0.1</code>
Execute Multiple Scripts	<code>nmap --script [expression] [target]</code>	<code>nmap --script 'http-*' 192.168.0.1</code>
Script Categories	all, auth, default, discovery, external, intrusive, malware, safe, vuln	
Execute Scripts by Category	<code>nmap --script [category] [target]</code>	<code>nmap --script 'not intrusive' 192.168.0.1</code>
Execute Multiple Script Categories	<code>nmap --script [category1,category2,etc]</code>	<code>nmap --script 'default or safe' 192.168.0.1</code>
Troubleshoot Scripts	<code>nmap --script [script] --script-trace [target]</code>	<code>nmap --script banner.nse --script trace 192.168.0.1</code>
Update the Script Database	<code>nmap --script-updatedb</code>	<code>nmap --script-updatedb</code>