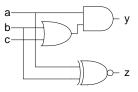
# CHAPTER 4

**Note:** the HDL files given in the following solutions are available on the textbook's companion website at:

http://textbooks.elsevier.com/9780123704979

### Exercise 4.1



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#### Exercise 4.3

### **SystemVerilog**

#### **VHDL**

```
library IEEE; use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.all;
entity xor_4 is
  port(a: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(3 downto 0);
      y: out STD_LOGIC);
end;

architecture synth of xor_4 is
begin
  y <= a(3) xor a(2) xor a(1) xor a(0);
end;</pre>
```

#### Exercise 4.5

### **SystemVerilog**

#### **VHDL**

```
library IEEE; use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.all;
entity minority is
  port(a, b, c: in STD_LOGIC;
      y: out STD_LOGIC;
end;

architecture synth of minority is
begin
  y <= ((not a) and (not b)) or ((not a) and (not c))
      or ((not b) and (not c));
end;</pre>
```

#### Exercise 4.7

### ex4\_7.tv file:

```
0000_111_110
0001_011_0000
0010_110_1101
0011_111_1001
0100_011_0011
0101_101_1011
0110_101_1111
0111_111_0000
1000 111 1111
1001_111_1011
1010_111_0111
1011_001_1111
1100_000_1101
1101_011_1101
1110_100_1111
1111_100_0111
```

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### Option 1:

### **SystemVerilog**

```
module ex4_7_testbench();
 logic
             clk, reset;
  logic [3:0] data;
  logic [6:0] s_expected;
 logic [6:0] s;
 logic [31:0] vectornum, errors;
  logic [10:0] testvectors[10000:0];
  // instantiate device under test
  sevenseg dut(data, s);
  // generate clock
 always
   begin
     clk = 1; #5; clk = 0; #5;
   end
  // at start of test, load vectors
  // and pulse reset
  initial
   begin
     $readmemb("ex4_7.tv", testvectors);
     vectornum = 0; errors = 0;
     reset = 1; #27; reset = 0;
   end
  // apply test vectors on rising edge of clk
  always @(posedge clk)
   begin
     #1; {data, s_expected} =
            testvectors[vectornum];
   end
  // check results on falling edge of clk
   always @(negedge clk)
   if (~reset) begin // skip during reset
      if (s !== s expected) begin
        $display("Error: inputs = %h", data);
        $display(" outputs = %b (%b expected)",
                s, s_expected);
        errors = errors + 1;
      end
     vectornum = vectornum + 1;
      if (testvectors[vectornum] === 11'bx) begin
       $display("%d tests completed with %d errors",
                vectornum, errors);
        $finish;
      end
   end
endmodule
```

```
library IEEE; use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.all;
use STD.TEXTIO.all;
use IEEE.STD LOGIC UNSIGNED.all;
use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_ARITH.all;
entity ex4_7_testbench is -- no inputs or outputs
end;
architecture sim of ex4_7_testbench is
  component seven seg decoder
  port(data:
               in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(3 downto 0);
       segments: out STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(6 downto 0));
  end component;
  signal data: STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(3 downto 0);
  signal s: STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(6 downto 0);
  signal clk, reset: STD_LOGIC;
  signal s_expected: STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(6 downto 0);
  constant MEMSIZE: integer := 10000;
  type tvarray is array(MEMSIZE downto 0) of
    STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(10 downto 0);
  signal testvectors: tvarray;
  shared variable vectornum, errors: integer;
begin
  -- instantiate device under test
  dut: seven_seg_decoder port map(data, s);
  -- generate clock
  process begin
   clk <= '1'; wait for 5 ns;
   clk <= '0'; wait for 5 ns;
  end process;
  -- at start of test, load vectors
  -- and pulse reset
  process is
   file tv: TEXT;
   variable i, j: integer;
   variable L: line;
    variable ch: character;
  begin
    -- read file of test vectors
    i := 0;
    FILE_OPEN(tv, "ex4_7.tv", READ_MODE);
    while not endfile(tv) loop
      readline(tv, L);
      for j in 10 downto 0 loop
        read(L, ch);
        if (ch = '_i) then read(L, ch);
        end if;
        if (ch = '0') then
          testvectors(i)(j) <= '0';</pre>
        else testvectors(i)(j) <= '1';
        end if;
      end loop;
      i := i + 1;
    end loop;
```

(continued from previous page)

```
vectornum := 0; errors := 0;
   reset <= '1'; wait for 27 ns; reset <= '0';
  end process;
  -- apply test vectors on rising edge of clk
  process (clk) begin
    if (clk'event and clk = '1') then
      data <= testvectors(vectornum)(10 downto 7)</pre>
        after 1 ns;
    s_expected <= testvectors(vectornum)(6 downto 0)</pre>
        after 1 ns;
    end if;
  end process;
  -- check results on falling edge of clk
  process (clk) begin
   if (clk'event and clk = '0' and reset = '0') then
      assert s = s_expected
        report "data = " &
         integer'image(CONV_INTEGER(data)) &
          "; s = " &
         integer'image(CONV_INTEGER(s)) &
         "; s_expected = " &
          integer'image(CONV_INTEGER(s_expected));
      if (s /= s_expected) then
        errors := errors + 1;
      end if;
      vectornum := vectornum + 1;
      if (is_x(testvectors(vectornum))) then
       if (errors = 0) then
         report "Just kidding -- " &
                 integer'image(vectornum) &
                 " tests completed successfully."
                 severity failure;
        else
          report integer'image(vectornum) &
                 " tests completed, errors = " & \,
                 integer'image(errors)
                 severity failure;
        end if;
      end if;
    end if;
  end process;
end;
```

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#### Option 2 (VHDL only):

```
VHDL
```

```
library IEEE; use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.all;
use STD.TEXTIO.all;
use work.txt_util.all;
entity ex4_7_testbench is -- no inputs or outputs
end;
architecture sim of ex4 7 testbench is
  component seven_seg_decoder
              in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(3 downto 0);
  port(data:
       segments: out STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(6 downto 0));
  end component;
  signal data: STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(3 downto 0);
  signal s: STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(6 downto 0);
  signal clk, reset: STD_LOGIC;
  signal s_expected: STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(6 downto 0);
  constant MEMSIZE: integer := 10000;
  type tvarray is array(MEMSIZE downto 0) of
    STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(10 downto 0);
  signal testvectors: tvarray;
  shared variable vectornum, errors: integer;
begin
  -- instantiate device under test
 dut: seven_seg_decoder port map(data, s);
  -- generate clock
  process begin
   clk <= '1'; wait for 5 ns;
    clk <= '0'; wait for 5 ns;
  end process;
  -- at start of test, load vectors
  -- and pulse reset
  process is
    file tv: TEXT;
    variable i, j: integer;
    variable L: line;
    variable ch: character;
  begin
    -- read file of test vectors
    i := 0;
    FILE_OPEN(tv, "ex4_7.tv", READ_MODE);
    while not endfile(tv) loop
     readline(tv, L);
      for j in 10 downto 0 loop
        read(L, ch);
       if (ch = '_') then read(L, ch);
        end if;
        if (ch = '0') then
          testvectors(i)(j) <= '0';</pre>
        else testvectors(i)(j) <= '1';</pre>
       end if;
      end loop;
      i := i + 1;
    end loop;
    vectornum := 0; errors := 0;
    reset <= '1'; wait for 27 ns; reset <= '0';
```

```
wait;
  end process;
  -- apply test vectors on rising edge of clk
  process (clk) begin
    if (clk'event and clk = '1') then
      data <= testvectors(vectornum)(10 downto 7)
        after 1 ns;
    s expected <= testvectors(vectornum)(6 downto 0)
        after 1 ns;
    end if;
  end process;
  -- check results on falling edge of clk
  process (clk) begin
   if (clk'event and clk = '0' and reset = '0') then
      assert s = s_expected
        report "data = " & str(data) &
          "; s = " & str(s) &
          "; s_expected = " & str(s_expected);
      if (s /= s_expected) then
        errors := errors + 1;
      end if;
      vectornum := vectornum + 1;
      if (is_x(testvectors(vectornum))) then
        if (errors = 0) then
          report "Just kidding -- " &
                 integer'image(vectornum) &
                 " tests completed successfully."
                 severity failure;
        else
          report integer'image(vectornum) &
                 " tests completed, errors = " &
                 integer'image(errors)
                 severity failure;
        end if;
      end if;
    end if;
  end process;
end;
```

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#### Exercise 4.9

### **SystemVerilog**

```
library IEEE; use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.all;
entity ex4_9 is
 port(a,
      b,
      c: in STD_LOGIC;
      y: out STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(0 downto 0));
end;
architecture struct of ex4_9 is
  component mux8
   generic(width: integer);
 port(d0, d1, d2, d3, d4, d5, d6,
      d7: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(width-1 downto 0);
      s: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(2 downto 0);
      y: out STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(width-1 downto 0));
  end component;
 signal sel: STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(2 downto 0);
begin
 sel <= a & b & c;
 mux8_1: mux8 generic map(1)
             sel, y);
end;
```

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#### Exercise 4.11

A shift register with feedback, shown below, cannot be correctly described with blocking assignments.



#### Exercise 4.13

# **SystemVerilog**

```
library IEEE; use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.all;
entity decoder2_4 is
 port(a: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(1 downto 0);
      y: out STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(3 downto 0));
end;
architecture synth of decoder2_4 is
begin
 process(all) begin
   case a is
                 => y <= "0001";
     when "00"
     when "01"
                 => y <= "0010";
     when "10"
                 => y <= "0100";
     when "11" => y <= "1000";
     when others => y <= "0000";
   end case;
 end process;
end;
```

#### Exercise 4.15

```
(a) Y = AC + \overline{A}\overline{B}C
```

#### **SystemVerilog**

### **VHDL**

```
library IEEE; use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.all;
entity ex4_15a is
  port(a, b, c: in STD_LOGIC;
      y: out STD_LOGIC);
end;

architecture behave of ex4_15a is
begin
  y <= (not a and not b and c) or (not b and c);
end;</pre>
```

(b) 
$$Y = \overline{A}\overline{B} + \overline{A}B\overline{C} + \overline{(A + \overline{C})}$$

### **SystemVerilog**

#### **VHDL**

module ex4\_15c(input logic a, b, c, d,

# (c) $Y = \overline{A}\overline{B}\overline{C}\overline{D} + A\overline{B}\overline{C} + A\overline{B}C\overline{D} + ABD + \overline{A}\overline{B}C\overline{D} + B\overline{C}D + \overline{A}$

### **SystemVerilog**

```
library IEEE; use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.all;
entity ex4_15c is
  port(a, b, c, d: in STD_LOGIC;
    y:    out STD_LOGIC);
end;

architecture behave of ex4_15c is
begin
  y <= ((not a) and (not b) and (not c) and (not d)) or
        (a and (not b) and (not c)) or
        (a and (not b) and c and (not d)) or
        (a and b and d) or
        ((not a) and (not b) and c and (not d)) or
        (b and (not c) and d) or (not a);
end;</pre>
```

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#### Exercise 4.17

# **SystemVerilog**

### **VHDL**

```
library IEEE; use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.all;
entity ex4_17 is
 port(a, b, c, d, e, f, g: in STD_LOGIC;
       у:
                   out STD_LOGIC);
end;
architecture synth of ex4_17 is
 signal n1, n2, n3, n4, n5: STD_LOGIC;
begin
 n1 <= not(a and b and c);
 n2 \le not(n1 \text{ and } d);
 n3 <= not(f and g);
 n4 <= not(n3 or e);
 n5 <= not(n2 or n4);
 y <= not (n5 or n5);
end;
```

### Exercise 4.19

### **SystemVerilog**

```
module ex4_18(input logic [3:0] a,
               output logic
                                 p, d);
 always_comb
    case (a)
       0: \{p, d\} = 2'b00;
       1: \{p, d\} = 2'b00;
       2: \{p, d\} = 2'b10;
       3: \{p, d\} = 2'b11;
       4: \{p, d\} = 2'b00;
       5: \{p, d\} = 2 b10;
       6: \{p, d\} = 2'b01;
       7: \{p, d\} = 2'b10;
       8: \{p, d\} = 2'b00;
       9: \{p, d\} = 2'b01;
      10: \{p, d\} = 2'b00;
      11: \{p, d\} = 2 b10;
      12: \{p, d\} = 2'b01;
      13: \{p, d\} = 2'b10;
      14: \{p, d\} = 2 b00;
      15: \{p, d\} = 2'b01;
    endcase
endmodule
```

```
library IEEE; use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.all;
entity ex4_18 is
 port(a: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(3 downto 0);
      p, d: out STD_LOGIC);
end;
architecture synth of ex4 18 is
signal vars: STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(1 downto 0);
begin
 p <= vars(1);
 d <= vars(0);
 process(all) begin
   case a is
     when X"0"
                => vars <= "00";
     when X"1" => vars <= "00";
     when X"2"
                 => vars <= "10";
     when X"3"
                 => vars <= "11";
     when X"4"
                => vars <= "00";
     when X"5"
                => vars <= "10";
     when X"6"
                => vars <= "01";
     when X"7"
                => vars <= "10";
     when X"8"
                => vars <= "00";
     when X"9"
                 => vars <= "01";
     when X"A"
                 => vars <= "00";
     when X"B"
                 => vars <= "10";
     when X"C" => vars <= "01";
     when X"D" => vars <= "10";
     when X"E"
                => vars <= "00";
     when X"F" => vars <= "01";
     when others => vars <= "00";
   end case;
 end process;
end;
```

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### **SystemVerilog**

```
module priority_encoder2(input logic [7:0] a,
                         output logic [2:0] y, z,
                         output logic
                                             none);
  always_comb
  begin
    casez (a)
       8'b000000000: begin y = 3'd0; none = 1'b1; end
       8'b00000001: begin y = 3'd0; none = 1'b0; end
       8'b0000001?: begin y = 3'd1; none = 1'b0; end
       8'b000001??: begin y = 3'd2; none = 1'b0; end
       8'b00001???: begin y = 3'd3; none = 1'b0; end
       8'b0001????: begin y = 3'd4; none = 1'b0; end
       8'b001?????: begin y = 3'd5; none = 1'b0; end
       8'b01??????: begin y = 3'd6; none = 1'b0; end
       8'b1???????: begin y = 3'd7; none = 1'b0; end
    endcase
    casez (a)
      8'b00000011: z = 3'b000;
      8'b00000101: z = 3'b000;
      8'b00001001: z = 3'b000;
      8'b00010001: z = 3'b000;
      8'b00100001: z = 3'b000;
      8'b01000001: z = 3'b0000;
      8'b10000001: z = 3'b000;
      8'b0000011?: z = 3'b001;
      8'b0000101?: z = 3'b001;
      8'b0001001?: z = 3'b001;
      8'b0010001?: z = 3'b001;
      8'b0100001?: z = 3'b001;
      8'b1000001?: z = 3'b001;
      8'b000011??: z = 3'b010;
      8'b000101??: z = 3'b010;
      8'b001001??: z = 3'b010;
      8'b010001??: z = 3'b010;
      8'b100001??: z = 3'b010;
      8'b00011???: z = 3'b011;
      8'b00101????: z = 3'b011;
      8'b01001????: z = 3'b011;
      8'b10001???: z = 3'b011;
      8'b0011????: z = 3'b100;
      8'b0101?????: z = 3'b100;
      8'b1001????: z = 3'b100;
      8'b011??????: z = 3'b101;
      8'b101?????: z = 3'b101;
      8'b11???????: z = 3'b110;
                  z = 3'b000;
      default:
  end
endmodule
```

```
library IEEE; use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.all;
entity priority_encoder2 is
  port(a: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(7 downto 0);
       y, z: out STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(2 downto 0);
       none: out STD_LOGIC);
end;
architecture synth of priority_encoder is
begin
  process(all) begin
    case? a is
      when "00000000" \Rightarrow v <= "000"; none <= '1';
      when "00000001" => y <= "000"; none <= '0';
      when "0000001-" => y <= "001"; none <= '0';
      when "000001--" => y <= "010"; none <= '0';
      when "00001---" \Rightarrow y <= "011"; none <= '0';
      when "0001----" => y <= "100"; none <= '0';
      when "001----" => y \le "101"; none <= '0';
      when "01----" => y <= "110"; none <= '0';
      when "1-----" => y <= "111"; none <= '0';
                      => y <= "000"; none <= '0';
      when others
    end case?;
    case? a is
      when "00000011" \Rightarrow z <= "000";
      when "00000101" \Rightarrow z <= "000";
      when "00001001" => z <= "000";
      when "00001001" => z <= "000";
      when "00010001" => z <= "000";
      when "00100001" => z <= "000";
      when "01000001" => z <= "000";
      when "10000001" => z <= "000";
      when "0000011-" => z <= "001";
      when "0000101-" => z <= "001";
      when "0001001-" => z <= "001";
      when "0010001-" => z <= "001";
      when "0100001-" => z <= "001";
      when "1000001-" => z <= "001";
      when "000011--" => z <= "010";
      when "000101--" => z <= "010";
      when "001001--" => z <= "010";
      when "010001--" => z <= "010";
      when "100001--" => z <= "010";
      when "00011---" => z <= "011";
      when "00101---" => z <= "011";
      when "01001---" \Rightarrow z <= "011";
      when "10001---" => z <= "011";
      when "0011----" \Rightarrow z <= "100";
      when "0101---" => z <= "100";
      when "1001---" => z <= "100";
      when "011----" => z <= "101";
      when "101----" => z <= "101";
      when "11----" => z <= "110";
      when others
                      => z <= "000";
    end case?;
  end process;
end;
```

#### Exercise 4.23

### **SystemVerilog**

```
module month31days(input logic [3:0] month,
                   output logic
 always_comb
    casez (month)
                y = 1'b1;
      1:
       2:
                y = 1'b0;
                y = 1'b1;
       3:
                y = 1'b0;
       4:
                y = 1'b1;
       5:
                y = 1'b0;
       6:
       7:
                y = 1'b1;
       8:
                y = 1'b1;
                y = 1'b0;
       9:
       10:
                y = 1'b1;
                y = 1'b0;
       11:
                y = 1'b1;
       12:
       default: y = 1'b0;
    endcase
endmodule
```

#### **VHDL**

```
library IEEE; use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.all;
entity month31days is
 port(a:
             in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(3 downto 0);
       y:
             out STD_LOGIC);
end;
architecture synth of month31days is
begin
 process(all) begin
   case a is
      when X"1"
                   => y <= '1';
      when X"2"
                  => y <= '0';
      when X"3"
                  => y <= '1';
      when X"4"
                  => y <= '0';
      when X"5"
                  => y <= '1';
                  => y <= '0';
      when X"6"
      when X"7"
                  => y <= '1';
      when X"8"
                  => y <= '1';
      when X"9"
                  => y <= '0';
      when X"A"
                  => y <= '1';
      when X"B"
                  => y <= '0';
      when X"C"
                  => y <= '1';
      when others \Rightarrow y \Leftarrow '0';
    end case;
  end process;
end;
```

### Exercise 4.25



FIGURE 4.1 State transition diagram for Exercise 4.25

Exercise 4.27

### **SystemVerilog**

#### **VHDL**

```
library IEEE; use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.all;
entity jkflop is
 port(j, k, clk: in
                        STD_LOGIC;
      q:
                  inout STD_LOGIC);
end;
architecture synth of jkflop is
signal jk: STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(1 downto 0);
begin
 jk <= j & k;
 process(clk) begin
   if rising_edge(clk) then
     if j = '1' and k = '0'
       then q \ll 1';
     elsif j = '0' and k = '1'
       then q <= '0';
     elsif j = '1' and k = '1'
       then q <= not q;
     end if;
   end if;
 end process;
end;
```

### Exercise 4.29

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### **SystemVerilog**

```
module trafficFSM(input logic clk, reset, ta, tb,
                  output logic [1:0] la, lb);
  typedef enum logic [1:0] {S0, S1, S2, S3}
    statetype;
  statetype [1:0] state, nextstate;
  parameter green = 2'b00;
  parameter yellow = 2'b01;
  parameter red = 2'b10;
  // State Register
  always_ff @(posedge clk, posedge reset)
    if (reset) state <= S0;
             state <= nextstate;
  // Next State Logic
  always_comb
    case (state)
      S0: if (ta) nextstate = S0;
        else nextstate = S1;
      S1:
                nextstate = S2;
      S2: if (tb) nextstate = S2;
         else nextstate = S3;
      S3:
                nextstate = S0;
    endcase
  // Output Logic
  always_comb
    case (state)
      S0: {la, lb} = {green, red};
      S1: {la, lb} = {yellow, red};
S2: {la, lb} = {red, green};
      S3: {la, lb} = {red, yellow};
    endcase
endmodule
```

```
library IEEE; use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.all;
entity trafficFSM is
 port(clk, reset, ta, tb: in STD_LOGIC;
       la, lb: inout STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(1 downto 0));
end;
architecture behave of trafficFSM is
  type statetype is (S0, S1, S2, S3);
  signal state, nextstate: statetype;
 signal lalb: STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(3 downto 0);
 -- state register
 process(clk, reset) begin
   if reset then state <= S0;
   elsif rising_edge(clk) then
     state <= nextstate;
    end if;
 end process;
 -- next state logic
 process(all) begin
   case state is
     when S0 => if ta then
                     nextstate <= S0;
                 else nextstate <= S1;
                 end if;
      when S1 => nextstate <= S2;
      when S2 => if tb then
                     nextstate <= S2;
                 else nextstate <= S3;
                 end if;
      when S3 => nextstate <= S0;
     when others => nextstate <= S0;
    end case;
  end process;
  -- output logic
  la <= lalb(3 downto 2);</pre>
  lb <= lalb(1 downto 0);</pre>
  process(all) begin
    case state is
      when S0 =>
                  lalb <= "0010";
                   lalb <= "0110";
      when S1 =>
      when S2 =>
                    lalb <= "1000";
      when S3 =>
                    lalb <= "1001";
      when others => lalb <= "1010";
    end case;
  end process;
end;
```

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#### Exercise 4.31

### **SystemVerilog**

#### **VHDL**

```
library IEEE; use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.all;
entity fig3_42 is
 port(clk, a, b, c, d: in STD_LOGIC;
      x, y:
                       out STD_LOGIC);
end;
architecture synth of fig3_40 is
 signal n1, n2, areg, breg, creg, dreg: STD_LOGIC;
begin
 process(clk) begin
   if rising_edge(clk) then
     areg <= a;
     breg <= b;
     creg <= c;
     dreg <= d;
     x <= n2;
     y <= not (dreg or n2);
   end if;
 end process;
 n1 <= areg and breg;
 n2 <= n1 or creg;
end;
```

#### Exercise 4.33

### **SystemVerilog**

```
module fig3_70(input logic clk, reset, a, b,
              output logic q);
  typedef enum logic [1:0] {S0, S1, S2} statetype;
  statetype [1:0] state, nextstate;
  // State Register
 always_ff @(posedge clk, posedge reset)
   if (reset) state <= S0;
             state <= nextstate;
  // Next State Logic
  always_comb
    case (state)
     S0: if (a)
                   nextstate = S1;
        else
                  nextstate = S0;
     S1: if (b) nextstate = S2;
                   nextstate = S0;
        else
     S2: if (a & b) nextstate = S2;
         else
                   nextstate = S0;
                   nextstate = S0;
     default:
    endcase
  // Output Logic
 always_comb
   case (state)
     S0:
                    q = 0;
                   q = 0;
     S1:
     S2: if (a \& b) q = 1;
        else q = 0;
                  q = 0;
     default:
    endcase
endmodule
```

```
library IEEE; use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.all;
entity fig3_70 is
  port(clk, reset, a, b: in STD_LOGIC;
                         out STD_LOGIC);
       q:
end;
architecture synth of fig3 70 is
  type statetype is (S0, S1, S2);
  signal state, nextstate: statetype;
begin
  -- state register
  process(clk, reset) begin
   if reset then state <= S0;
   elsif rising_edge(clk) then
      state <= nextstate;
    end if;
  end process;
 -- next state logic
  process(all) begin
    case state is
      when S0 \Rightarrow if a then
                      nextstate <= S1;
                 else nextstate <= S0;
                 end if;
      when S1 => if b then
                      nextstate <= S2;
                 else nextstate <= S0;
                 end if;
      when S2 \Rightarrow if (a = '1' and b = '1') then
                      nextstate <= S2;
                 else nextstate <= S0;
                 end if:
      when others => nextstate <= S0;
    end case;
  end process;
  -- output logic
  q \le '1' when ( (state = S2) and
                  (a = '1' and b = '1'))
           else '0';
end;
```

### **SystemVerilog**

```
module daughterfsm(input logic clk, reset, a,
                  output logic smile);
  typedef enum logic [1:0] {S0, S1, S2, S3, S4}
   statetype;
  statetype [2:0] state, nextstate;
  // State Register
 always_ff @(posedge clk, posedge reset)
   if (reset) state <= S0;
              state <= nextstate;
  // Next State Logic
 always_comb
   case (state)
     S0: if (a) nextstate = S1;
         else nextstate = S0;
     S1: if (a) nextstate = S2;
         else nextstate = S0;
      S2: if (a) nextstate = S4;
         else nextstate = S3;
     S3: if (a) nextstate = S1;
         else nextstate = S0;
      S4: if (a) nextstate = S4;
         else nextstate = S3;
     default: nextstate = S0;
    endcase
  // Output Logic
 assign smile = ((state == S3) & a) |
                ((state == S4) & ~a);
endmodule
```

```
library IEEE; use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.all;
entity daughterfsm is
 port(clk, reset, a: in STD_LOGIC;
       smile:
                      out STD_LOGIC);
end;
architecture synth of daughterfsm is
  type statetype is (S0, S1, S2, S3, S4);
  signal state, nextstate: statetype;
begin
  -- state register
  process(clk, reset) begin
   if reset then state <= S0;
    elsif rising_edge(clk) then
      state <= nextstate;
    end if;
  end process;
 -- next state logic
 process(all) begin
    case state is
      when S0 \Rightarrow if a then
                      nextstate <= S1;
                 else nextstate <= S0;
                 end if;
      when S1 => if a then
                      nextstate <= S2;
                 else nextstate <= S0;
                 end if;
      when S2 => if a then
                      nextstate <= S4;
                 else nextstate <= S3;
                 end if:
      when S3 => if a then
                      nextstate <= S1;
                 else nextstate <= S0;
                 end if;
      when S4 => if a then
                      nextstate <= S4;
                 else nextstate <= S3;
                 end if;
      when others => nextstate <= S0;
    end case;
  end process;
  -- output logic
  smile \leftarrow '1' when ( ((state = S3) and (a = '1')) or
                      ((state = S4) and (a = '0')))
           else '0';
end;
```

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```
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```

chapter 4

#### Exercise 4.37

### **SystemVerilog**

```
module ex4_37(input logic
                                 clk, reset,
              output logic [2:0] q);
  typedef enum logic [2:0] \{S0 = 3'b000,
                            S1 = 3'b001,
                            S2 = 3'b011,
                            S3 = 3'b010,
                            S4 = 3'b110,
                            S5 = 3'b111,
                            S6 = 3'b101,
                            S7 = 3'b100
    statetype;
  statetype [2:0] state, nextstate;
  // State Register
  always_ff @(posedge clk, posedge reset)
    if (reset) state <= S0;
    else
             state <= nextstate;
  // Next State Logic
  always_comb
    case (state)
     S0: nextstate = S1;
      S1: nextstate = S2;
      S2: nextstate = S3;
      S3: nextstate = S4;
      S4: nextstate = S5;
      S5: nextstate = S6;
      S6: nextstate = S7;
      S7: nextstate = S0;
    endcase
  // Output Logic
  assign q = state;
endmodule
```

#### **VHDL**

```
library IEEE; use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.all;
entity ex4_37 is
 port(clk: in STD_LOGIC;
      reset: in STD_LOGIC;
             out STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(2 downto 0));
end;
architecture synth of ex4_37 is
 signal state: STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(2 downto 0);
  signal nextstate: STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(2 downto 0);
begin
  -- state register
 process(clk, reset) begin
   if reset then state <= "000";
    \verb|elsif rising_edge(clk)| then \\
      state <= nextstate;
   end if;
  end process;
  -- next state logic
  process(all) begin
   case state is
      when "000" => nextstate <= "001";
      when "001" => nextstate <= "011";
      when "011" => nextstate <= "010";
      when "010" => nextstate <= "110";
      when "110" => nextstate <= "111";
      when "111" => nextstate <= "101";
      when "101" => nextstate <= "100";
      when "100" => nextstate <= "000";
      when others => nextstate <= "000";
   end case;
  end process;
  -- output logic
  q <= state;
end;
```

#### Exercise 4.39

#### **Option 1**

### **SystemVerilog**

```
module ex4_39(input logic clk, reset, a, b,
              output logic z);
  typedef enum logic [1:0] {S0, S1, S2, S3}
    statetype;
  statetype [1:0] state, nextstate;
  // State Register
  always_ff @(posedge clk, posedge reset)
    if (reset) state <= S0;
              state <= nextstate;
  // Next State Logic
  always_comb
    case (state)
      S0: case ({b,a})
            2'b00: nextstate = S0;
            2'b01: nextstate = S3;
            2'b10: nextstate = S0;
            2'b11: nextstate = S1;
          endcase
      S1: case ({b,a})
            2'b00: nextstate = S0;
            2'b01: nextstate = S3;
            2'b10: nextstate = S2;
            2'b11: nextstate = S1;
          endcase
      S2: case ({b,a})
            2'b00: nextstate = S0;
            2'b01: nextstate = S3;
            2'b10: nextstate = S2;
            2'b11: nextstate = S1;
          endcase
      S3: case ({b,a})
            2'b00: nextstate = S0;
            2'b01: nextstate = S3;
            2'b10: nextstate = S2;
            2'b11: nextstate = S1;
          endcase
      default:
                  nextstate = S0;
    endcase
  // Output Logic
  always_comb
    case (state)
           z = a \& b;
      so:
      S1:
               z = a \mid b;
            z = a \cdot a \cdot b;

z = a \mid b;
     S2:
      S3:
      default: z = 1'b0;
    endcase
endmodule
```

```
library IEEE; use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.all;
entity ex4_39 is
 port(clk: in STD_LOGIC;
      reset: in STD_LOGIC;
      a, b: in STD_LOGIC;
      7:
             out STD_LOGIC);
end;
architecture synth of ex4_39 is
  type statetype is (S0, S1, S2, S3);
  signal state, nextstate: statetype;
 signal ba: STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(1 downto 0);
begin
 -- state register
 process(clk, reset) begin
   if reset then state <= S0;
   elsif rising_edge(clk) then
     state <= nextstate;
   end if;
 end process;
 -- next state logic
 ba <= b & a;
 process(all) begin
   case state is
     when S0 =>
       case (ba) is
         when "00"
                     => nextstate <= S0;
         when "01"
                     => nextstate <= S3;
         when "10"
                     => nextstate <= S0;
         when "11"
                     => nextstate <= S1;
         when others => nextstate <= S0;
       end case;
     when S1 =>
       case (ba) is
         when "00"
                     => nextstate <= S0;
         when "01"
                     => nextstate <= S3;
         when "10"
                    => nextstate <= S2;
         when "11"
                    => nextstate <= S1;
         when others => nextstate <= S0;
        end case;
      when S2 =>
       case (ba) is
         when "00"
                     => nextstate <= S0;
         when "01"
                    => nextstate <= S3;
         when "10"
                    => nextstate <= S2;
         when "11" => nextstate <= S1;
         when others => nextstate <= S0;
        end case;
      when S3 =>
        case (ba) is
         when "00"
                     => nextstate <= S0;
         when "01" => nextstate <= S3;
         when "10"
                    => nextstate <= S2;
         when "11" => nextstate <= S1;
         when others => nextstate <= S0;
        end case;
      when others
                     => nextstate <= S0;
    end case;
  end process;
```

(continued from previous page)

#### **VHDL**

```
-- output logic
  process(all) begin
    case state is
                  => if (a = '1' and b = '1')
      when S0
                     then z <= '1';
                     else z <= '0';
                     end if;
                  => if (a = '1' or b = '1')
      when S1
                     then z <= '1';
                     else z <= '0';
                     end if;
      when S2
                  => if (a = '1' and b = '1')
                     then z <= '1';
                     else z <= '0';
                     end if;
                  => if (a = '1' or b = '1')
      when S3
                     then z <= '1';
                     else z <= '0';
                     end if;
      when others \Rightarrow z <= '0';
    end case;
  end process;
end;
```

### Option 2

### **SystemVerilog**

```
library IEEE; use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.all;
entity ex4_37 is
 port(clk: in STD_LOGIC;
       a, b: in STD_LOGIC;
              out STD_LOGIC);
       z:
end;
architecture synth of ex4_37 is
 signal aprev, nland, n2or: STD_LOGIC;
begin
  -- state register
 process(clk) begin
    if rising_edge(clk) then
      aprev <= a;
    end if;
  end process;
  z \le (a \text{ or aprev}) \text{ when } b = '1' \text{ else}
       (a and aprev);
end;
```

#### Exercise 4.41

### **SystemVerilog**

```
module ex4_41(input logic clk, start, a,
             output logic q);
  typedef enum logic [1:0] {S0, S1, S2, S3}
    statetype;
  statetype [1:0] state, nextstate;
  // State Register
  always_ff @(posedge clk, posedge start)
    if (start) state <= S0;
             state <= nextstate;
    else
  // Next State Logic
  always_comb
    case (state)
     S0: if (a) nextstate = S1;
         else
                 nextstate = S0;
     S1: if (a) nextstate = S2;
         else nextstate = S3;
      S2: if (a) nextstate = S2;
         else nextstate = S3;
      S3: if (a) nextstate = S2;
         else
                  nextstate = S3;
    endcase
  // Output Logic
  assign q = state[0];
endmodule
```

```
library IEEE; use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.all;
entity ex4_41 is
 port(clk, start, a: in STD_LOGIC;
       q:
                      out STD_LOGIC);
end;
architecture synth of ex4_41 is
  type statetype is (S0, S1, S2, S3);
  signal state, nextstate: statetype;
begin
  -- state register
  process(clk, start) begin
    if start then state <= S0;
   elsif rising_edge(clk) then
      state <= nextstate;
   end if;
 end process;
 -- next state logic
 process(all) begin
    case state is
      when S0 \Rightarrow if a then
                       nextstate <= S1;
                  else nextstate <= S0;
                  end if;
      when S1 => if a then
                       nextstate <= S2;
                  else nextstate <= S3;
                  end if;
      when S2 => if a then
                       nextstate <= S2;
                  else nextstate <= S3;
                  end if;
      when S3 => if a then
                       nextstate <= S2;
                  else nextstate <= S3;
                  end if;
      when others => nextstate <= S0;
    end case;
  end process;
  -- output logic
  q \le '1' \text{ when ((state = S1) or (state = S3))}
       else '0';
end;
```

### **SystemVerilog**

```
module ex4_43(input clk, reset, a,
             output q);
  typedef enum logic [1:0] {S0, S1, S2} statetype;
  statetype [1:0] state, nextstate;
  // State Register
 always_ff @(posedge clk, posedge reset)
   if (reset) state <= S0;
             state <= nextstate;
  // Next State Logic
  always_comb
    case (state)
     S0: if (a) nextstate = S1;
         else nextstate = S0;
     S1: if (a) nextstate = S2;
         else nextstate = S0;
     S2: if (a) nextstate = S2;
         else nextstate = S0;
     default: nextstate = S0;
    endcase
  // Output Logic
 assign q = state[1];
endmodule
```

```
library IEEE; use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.all;
entity ex4_43 is
 port(clk, reset, a: in STD_LOGIC;
                     out STD_LOGIC);
      q:
end;
architecture synth of ex4 43 is
  type statetype is (S0, S1, S2);
  signal state, nextstate: statetype;
begin
  -- state register
 process(clk, reset) begin
   if reset then state <= S0;
   elsif rising_edge(clk) then
     state <= nextstate;
   end if;
 end process;
 -- next state logic
 process(all) begin
    case state is
      when S0 => if a then
                      nextstate <= S1;
                  else nextstate <= S0;
                  end if;
      when S1 => if a then
                      nextstate <= S2;
                  else nextstate <= S0;
                  end if;
      when S2 \Rightarrow if a then
                       nextstate <= S2;
                  else nextstate <= S0;
                  end if;
      when others => nextstate <= S0;
    end case;
  end process;
  -- output logic
  q <= '1' when (state = S2) else '0';</pre>
end;
```

### **SystemVerilog**

```
module ex4_45(input logic
                                clk, c,
              input logic [1:0] a, b,
              output logic [1:0] s);
  logic [1:0] areg, breg;
  logic
               creg;
  logic [1:0] sum;
  logic
              cout;
  always_ff @(posedge clk)
    {areg, breg, creg, s} <= {a, b, c, sum};
  fulladder fulladd1(areg[0], breg[0], creg,
                    sum[0], cout);
  fulladder fulladd2(areg[1], breg[1], cout,
                    sum[1], );
endmodule
```

```
library IEEE; use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.all;
entity ex4_45 is
 port(clk, c: in STD_LOGIC;
      a, b: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(1 downto 0);
              out STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(1 downto 0));
      s:
end;
architecture synth of ex4_45 is
 component fulladder is
   port(a, b, cin: in STD_LOGIC;
        s, cout:
                    out STD_LOGIC);
 end component;
 signal creg: STD_LOGIC;
 signal areg, breg, cout: STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(1 downto
0);
                    STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(1 downto 0);
 signal sum:
begin
 process(clk) begin
   if rising_edge(clk) then
     areg <= a;
     breg <= b;
     creg <= c;
     s <= sum;
   end if;
 end process;
 fulladd1: fulladder
  port map(areg(0), breg(0), creg, sum(0), cout(0));
 fulladd2: fulladder
      port map(areg(1), breg(1), cout(0), sum(1),
cout(1));
end;
```

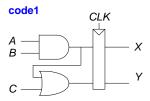
### **SystemVerilog**

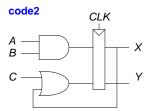
#### **VHDL**

```
library IEEE; use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.all;
entity syncbad is
 port(clk: in STD_LOGIC;
      d: in STD_LOGIC;
      q: out STD_LOGIC);
end;
architecture bad of syncbad is
 process(clk)
   variable n1: STD_LOGIC;
 begin
   if rising_edge(clk) then
     q <= n1; -- nonblocking
     n1 <= d; -- nonblocking
   end if;
 end process;
end;
```

#### Exercise 4.49

They do not have the same function.





#### Exercise 4.51

It is necessary to write

```
q <= '1' when state = S0 else '0';
rather than simply
q <= (state = S0);</pre>
```

because the result of the comparison (state = S0) is of type Boolean (true and false) and q must be assigned a value of type STD\_LOGIC ('1' and '0').

#### Question 4.1

# **SystemVerilog**

**VHDL** 

assign result = sel ? data : 32'b0;

result <= data when sel = '1' else X"00000000";

#### **Question 4.3**

The SystemVerilog statement performs the bit-wise AND of the 16 least significant bits of data with 0xC820. It then ORs these 16 bits to produce the 1-bit result.

David Money Harris and Sarah L. Harris,  $Digital\ Design\ and\ Computer\ Architecture,\ ©\ 2007$  by Elsevier Inc. Exercise Solutions

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