

Chapter 5

14. (a) Device driver.
(b) Device driver.
(c) Device-independent software.
(d) User-level software.

28. Consider,

- (a) The capacity of a zone is $\text{tracks} \times \text{cylinders} \times \text{sectors/cylinder} \times \text{bytes/sect.}$

Capacity of zone 1: $16 \times 100 \times 160 \times 512 = 131072000$ bytes

Capacity of zone 2: $16 \times 100 \times 200 \times 512 = 163840000$ bytes

Capacity of zone 3: $16 \times 100 \times 240 \times 512 = 196608000$ bytes

Capacity of zone 4: $16 \times 100 \times 280 \times 512 = 229376000$ bytes

Sum = $131072000 + 163840000 + 196608000 + 229376000 = 720896000$

- (b) A rotation rate of 7200 means there are 120 rotations/sec. In the 1 msec track-to-track seek time, 0.120 of the sectors are covered. In zone 1, the disk head will pass over 0.120×160 sectors in 1 msec, so, optimal track skew for zone 1 is 19.2 sectors. In zone 2, the disk head will pass over 0.120×200 sectors in 1 msec, so, optimal track skew for zone 2 is 24 sectors. In zone 3, the disk head will pass over 0.120×240 sectors in 1 msec, so, optimal track skew for zone 3 is 28.8 sectors. In zone 4, the disk head will pass over 0.120×280 sectors in 1 msec, so, optimal track skew for zone 3 is 33.6 sectors.

31. (a) $10 + 12 + 2 + 18 + 38 + 34 + 32 = 146$ cylinders = 876 msec.
(b) $0 + 2 + 12 + 4 + 4 + 36 + 2 = 60$ cylinders = 360 msec.
(c) $0 + 2 + 16 + 2 + 30 + 4 + 4 = 58$ cylinders = 348 msec.