



ABAP SDK

Implementation guide for Azure Event hubs

<https://github.com/Microsoft/ABAP-SDK-for-Azure>

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What is Azure Event hub?

Stream millions of events per second

Azure Event Hubs is a hyper-scale telemetry ingestion service which collects, transforms and stores millions of events. As a distributed streaming platform, it gives you low latency and configurable time retention, which enables you to ingress massive amounts of telemetry into the cloud and read the data from multiple applications using publish-subscribe semantics.

For more details on Azure Event hubs, visit [Microsoft Azure Event hub](#)

Prerequisites

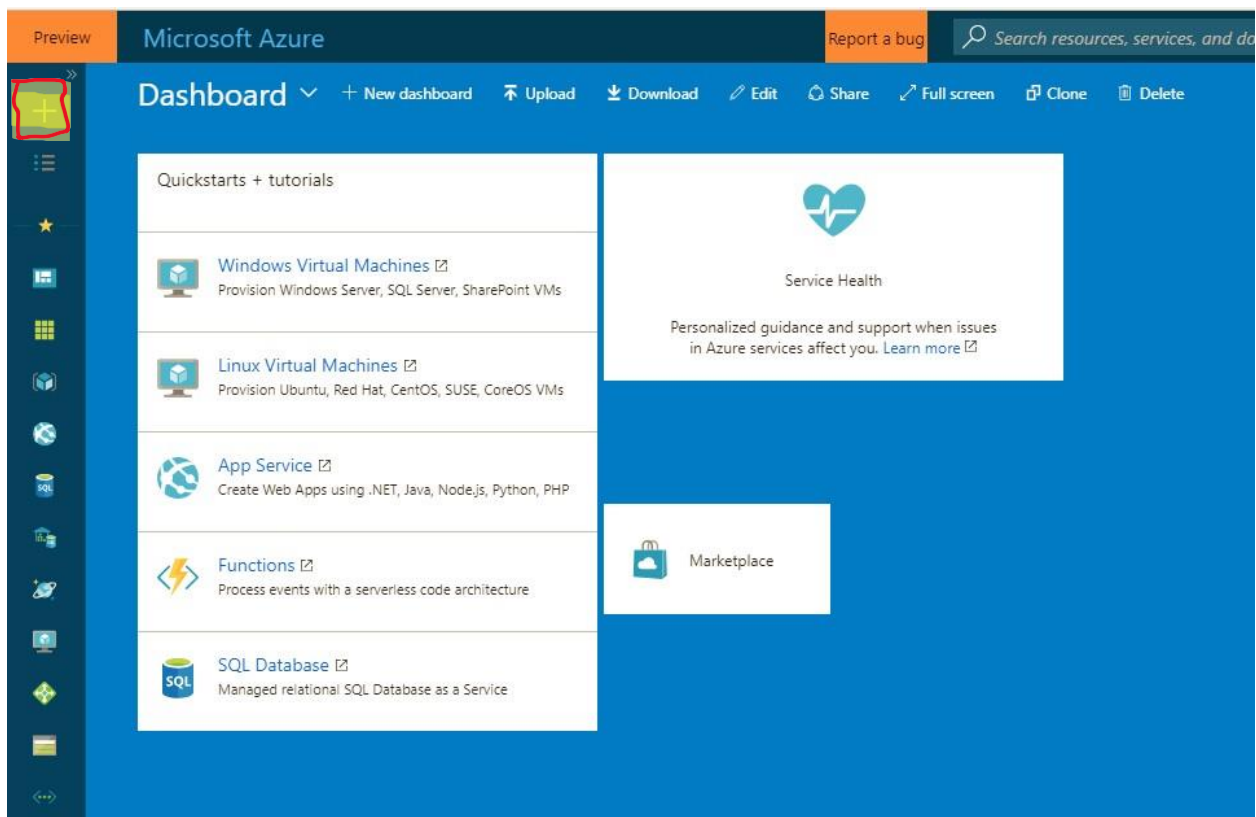
Makesure you have installed ABAP SDK for Azure in your SAP system. Refer document 'ABAP SDK for Azure – Github' for more details.

How to setup Event hub in Azure?

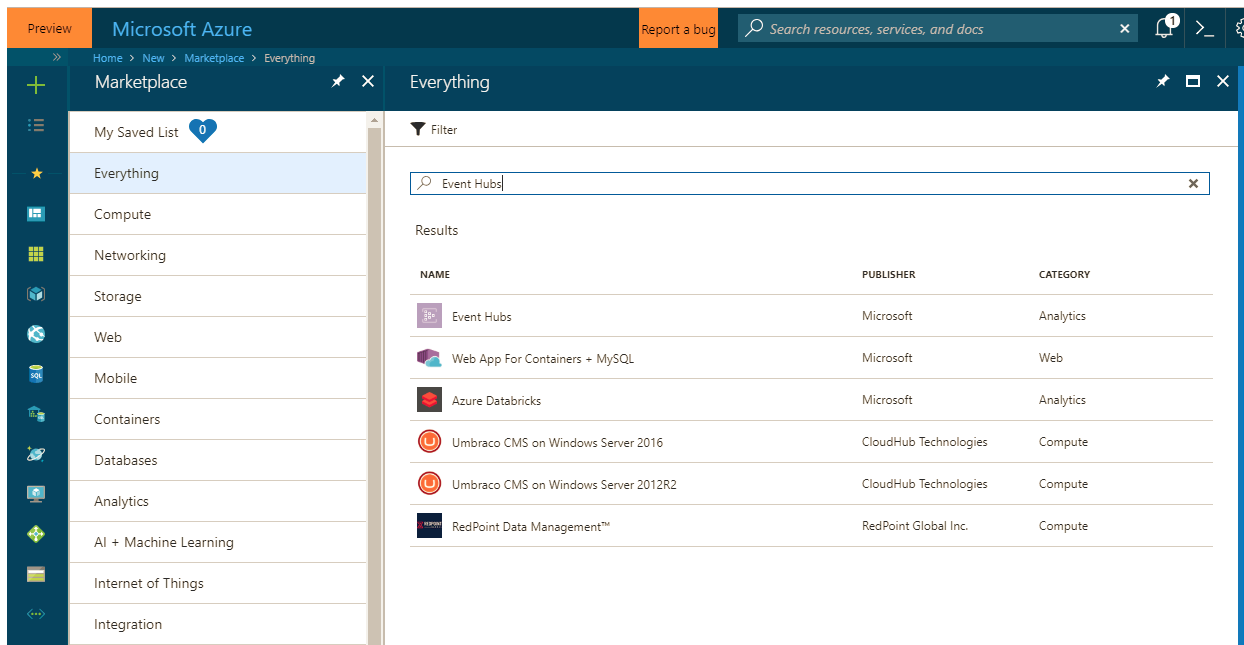
Login to [Microsoft Azure portal](#).

Note: If you do not have an account already. please create a new [Azure account](#). You can start free


Once you are logged into portal, chose push button '+' on the left to create a new Azure service.



Search for Event hubs and Select “Event Hubs” with Microsoft as publisher.



Now choose the Create push button to create new event hub instance in your subscription.

 **Event Hubs**
Microsoft

Azure Event Hubs is a highly scalable publish-subscribe service that can ingest millions of events per second and stream them into multiple applications. This lets you process and analyze the massive amounts of data produced by your connected devices and applications.

Use Event Hubs to:

- Log millions of events per second in near real time.
- Connect devices using flexible authorization and throttling.
- Use time-based event buffering.
- Get a managed service with elastic scale.
- Reach a broad set of platforms using native client libraries.
- Pluggable adapters for other cloud services.

Save for later

SomeEHName
Event Hubs Namespace

Search (Ctrl+J)

Overview

Access control (IAM)

Tags

Diagnose and solve problems

SETTINGS

Shared access policies

Scale

Geo-Recovery

Event Grid

Locks

Automation script

ENTITIES

Event Hubs

+ Event Hub

Delete

Resource group (change)	Status	Location
Website	Active	West Central US
Subscription (change)	Subscription ID	Provisioning state
Visual Studio Enterprise	21ad15f1-af37-4389-af22-f77d586...	Succeeded
Created	Updated	Connection Strings
Tuesday, December 12, 2017, 11:3...	Tuesday, December 12, 2017, 11:3...	Connection Strings

NAMESPACE CONTENTS

PRICING TIER

STANDARD

Show metrics data for the last:

1 hour

6 hours

12 hours

1 day

7 days

30 days

Click for additional metrics

Requests

Messages

Throughput

100

90

80

70

60

50

40

30

20

10

0

12 PM

30 PM

Mon 12

06 AM

Create

Provide appropriate values in the fields and hit push button Create

Preview Microsoft Azure Report a bug Search resources, services, and docs

Home > New > Marketplace > Everything > Event Hubs > Create Event Hubs Namespace

Create Event Hubs Namespace

Event Hubs Namespaces are logical containers for your Event Hubs. [Learn more](#)

NAMESPACE DETAILS

Name ✓

* Pricing tier ([View full pricing details](#))
 ▼

☐ Enable Kafka ⓘ

RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

Subscription ▼

Resource Group ☒ Create new ☐ Use existing
 ✓

Location ▼

THROUGHPUT

Throughput Units are reserved units of capacity for your Event Hubs. [Learn more](#)

Throughput Units 1

☐ Enable Auto-Inflate ⓘ

[Create](#)

This should create a new EventHub. This might take some time, so please wait until it is created successfully. You can check status in Notifications.

Preview Microsoft Azure Report a bug Search resources, services, and docs

Home > New > Marketplace > Everything > Event Hubs

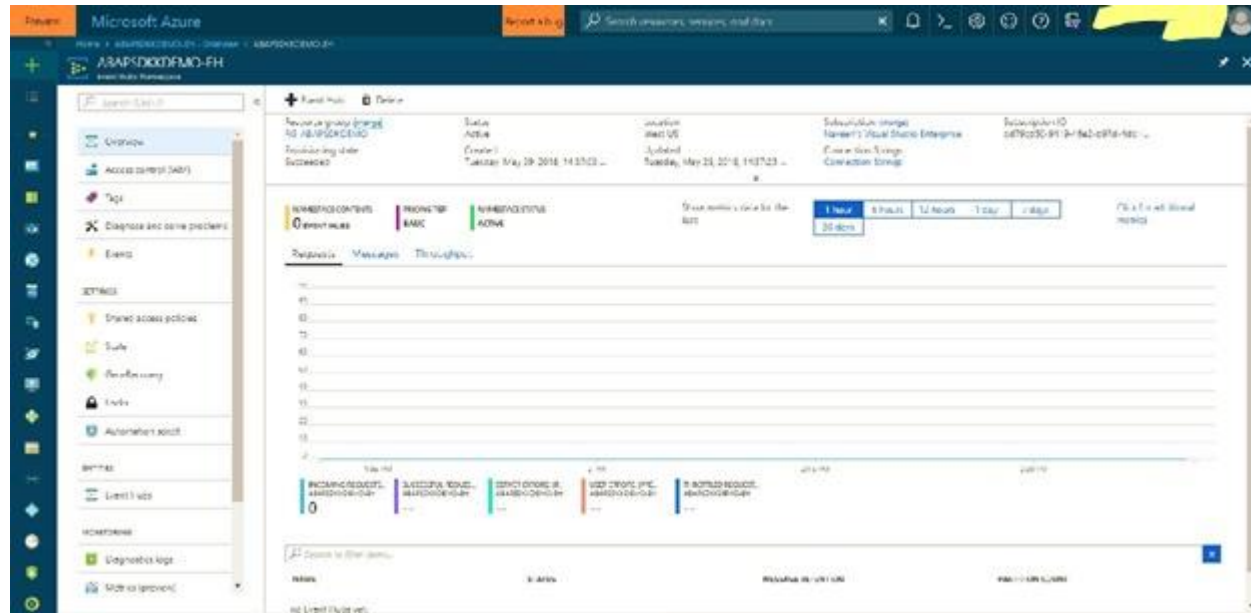
Event Hubs

Deployment succeeded 2:37 PM

Deployment 'ABAPSDKDEMO-EH' to resource group 'RG_ABAPSDKDEMO' was successful.

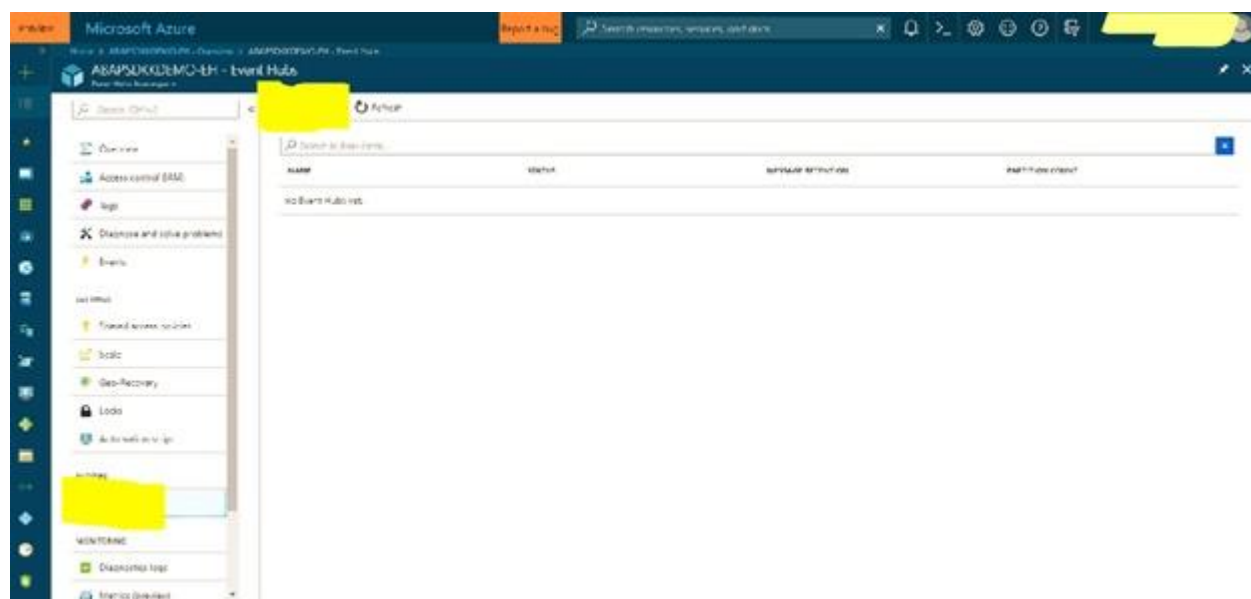
Name	Publisher	Category
Event Hubs	Microsoft	Analytics
SQL API for Containers (SA/SQL)	Microsoft	Web
Azure Data Lake	Microsoft	Analytics
Unraid CMT on Windows Server 2018	Cloudmat Technologies	Compute
Unraid CMT on Windows Server 2019/22	Cloudmat Technologies	Compute
RedPoint Data Management™	RedPoint Global Inc.	Compute

Once it is successfully created, navigate to your Event Hub either by selecting from Navigations pane or from Home screen.



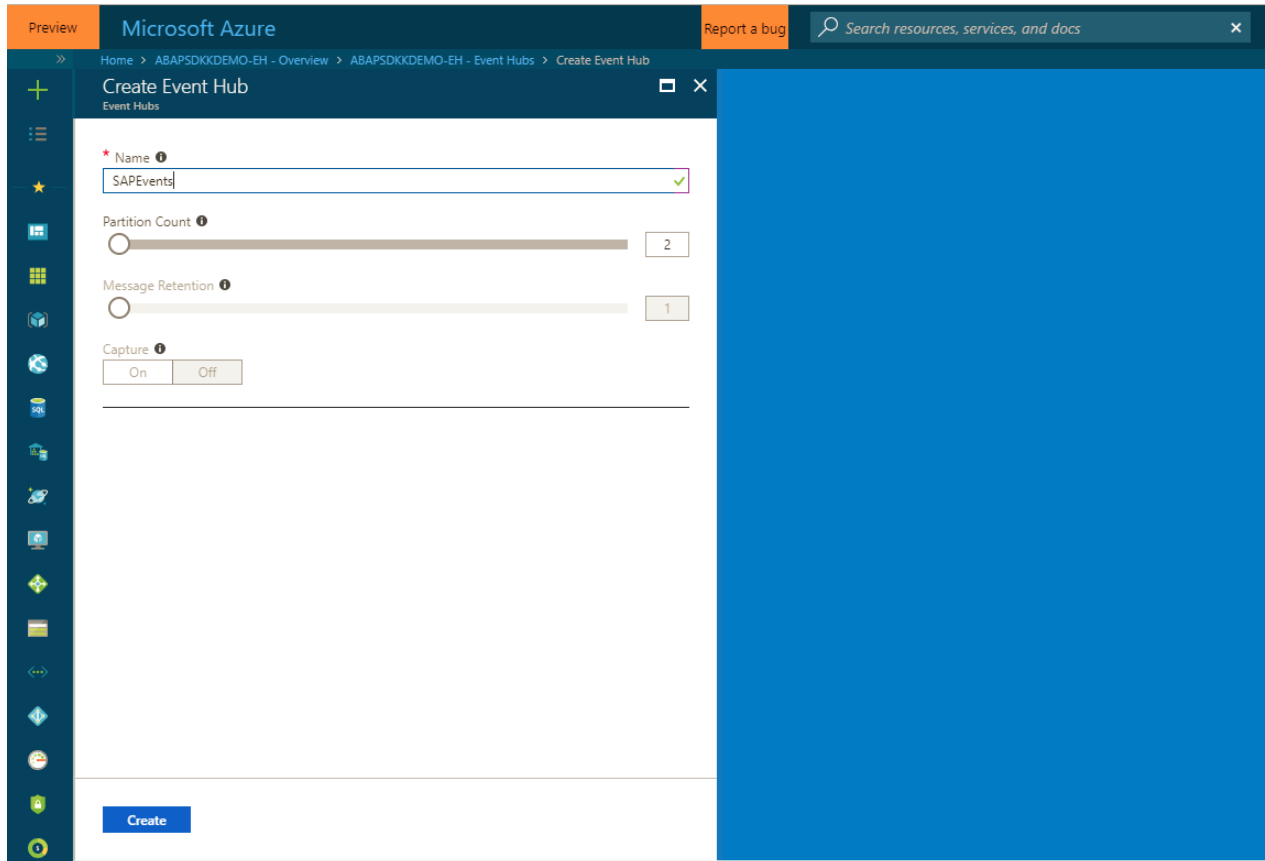
You can see multiple options in Azure Event Hubs. We are not discussing each of them in detail in this document. Please visit [Microsoft Azure Website](https://docs.microsoft.com/en-gb/azure/event-hubs/) for more details.

Once you have entered your Event Hubs Namespace. Now you must create a new Event Hub Entity by selecting Event Hub under entities.



Create a new Event Hub with appropriate name like 'SAPEvents'. You can choose any name of your choice and Create.

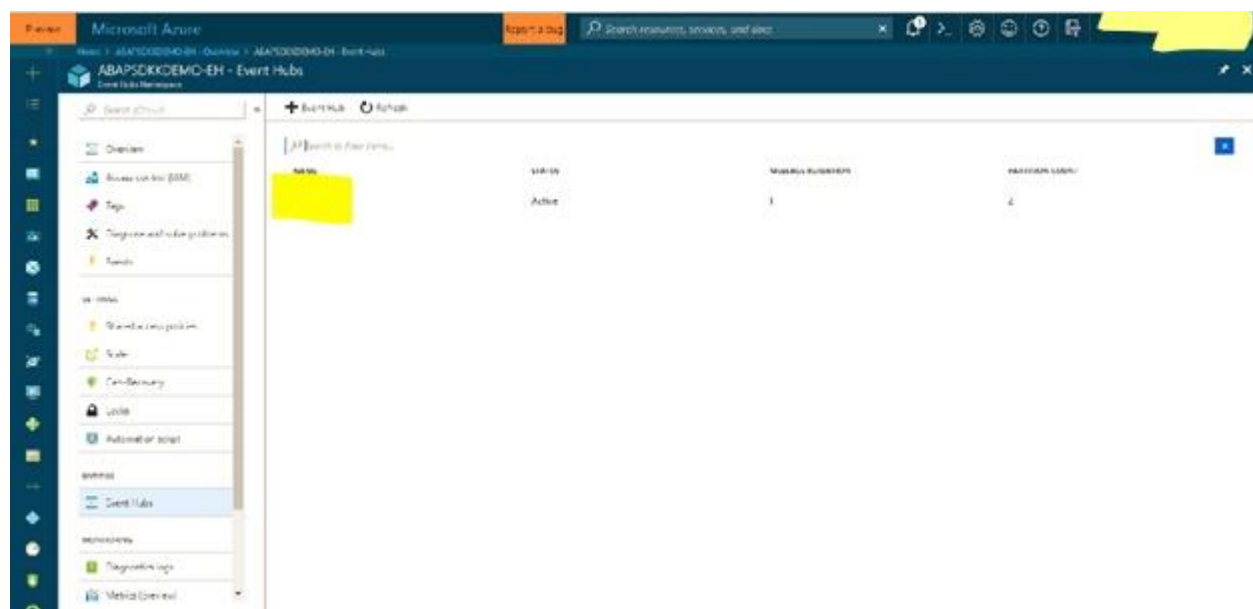
We would post messages from our SAP system to this eventhub.



The screenshot shows the 'Create Event Hub' form in the Microsoft Azure portal. The form is titled 'Create Event Hub' and is part of the 'Event Hubs' namespace. It includes the following fields and controls:

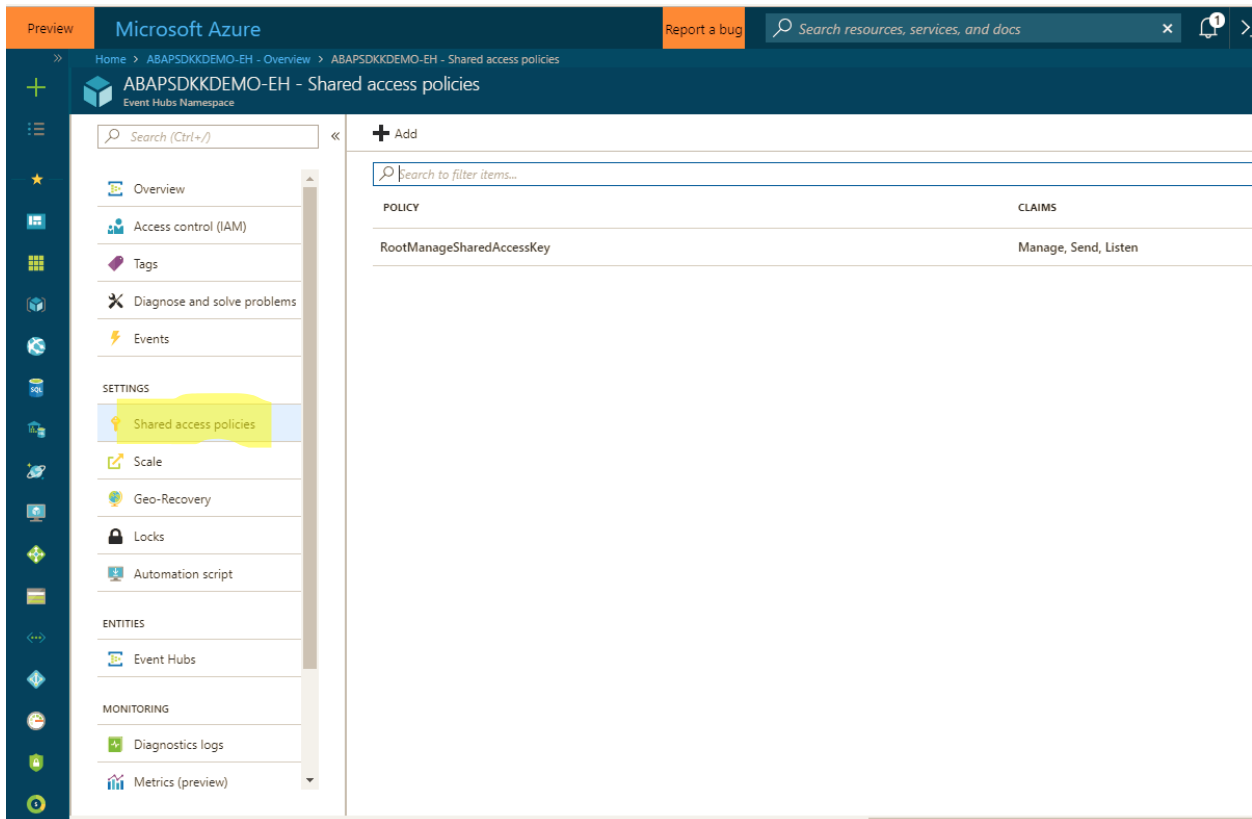
- Name:** A text input field containing 'SAPEvents' with a green checkmark indicating it is valid.
- Partition Count:** A slider control set to 2.
- Message Retention:** A slider control set to 1.
- Capture:** A toggle switch set to 'Off'.
- Create:** A blue button at the bottom left of the form.

This will now create a new Event Hub in your Event Hubs namespace.



Once you are done with creating Event Hub. Now you must create Shared access Policy. By Default, you will have policy 'RootManageSharedAccessKey' which will have complete access to Read, Write and Manage. In case you want to restrict users to only Read and Write, create your own policy accordingly.

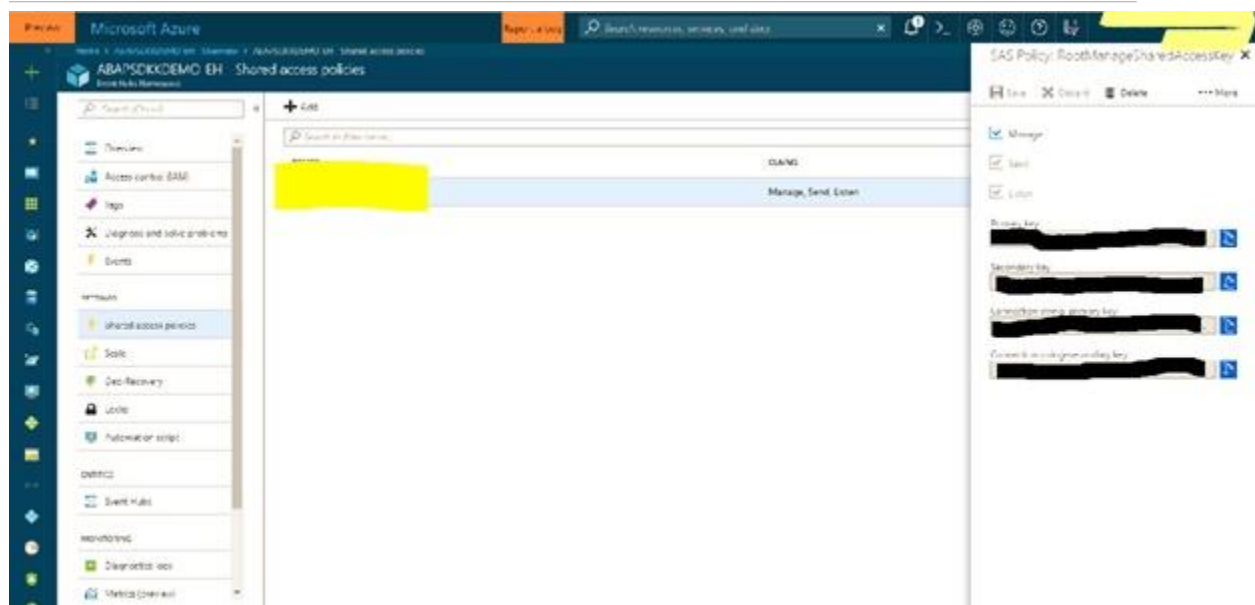
Note: We will use the SAS key of this policy to access Azure Event Hub from SAP through HTTPS protocol.



The screenshot shows the Microsoft Azure portal interface. The top navigation bar includes the 'Microsoft Azure' logo, a search bar, and a 'Report a bug' button. The breadcrumb trail indicates the path: Home > ABAPSDKKDEMO-EH - Overview > ABAPSDKKDEMO-EH - Shared access policies. The left-hand navigation pane lists various settings, with 'Shared access policies' highlighted under the 'SETTINGS' category. The main content area shows a table of shared access policies. The table has two columns: 'POLICY' and 'CLAIMS'. A single policy is listed: 'RootManageSharedAccessKey' with the claim 'Manage, Send, Listen'.

POLICY	CLAIMS
RootManageSharedAccessKey	Manage, Send, Listen

Once you select the policy, this will display SAS keys that will be used to Authenticate Azure Event Hub. These are secret keys and not to be shared with anyone.



With this we are ready with the setup process in Azure portal. We will now configure and code in SAP system to send data from SAP system directly to Azure Event Hub.

How to send data from SAP to Azure Event hub?

Creation of RFC destination to Azure Event hub


Go to transaction SM59 in your SAP system and create new RFC destination of type 'G'. Maintain your Eventhubs namespace endpoint in the Target host and Event Hub name in path prefix as shown below.

Target host: <Eventhub Namespace>.servicebus.windows.net

Port: 443

Path Prefix: /<Eventhub name>/messages

RFC Destination AZURE_ABAPSDKKDEMO-EH

Connection Test 

RFC Destination

Connection Type ☒ HTTP Connection to External Serv Description

Description

Description 1

Description 2

Description 3

Administration Technical Settings Logon & Security Special Options

Target System Settings

Target Host Service No.

Path Prefix

HTTP Proxy Options

Global Configuration

Proxy Host

Proxy Service


Proxy User

Proxy PW Status

Proxy Password

Now go to 'Logon & Security' tab and choose radio button SSL 'Active' and select SSL certificate 'DEFAULT SSL Client (Standard)'.

RFC Destination AZURE_ABAPSDKKDEMO-EH

Connection Test 

RFC Destination

Connection Type HTTP Connection to External Serv Description

Description

Description 1

Description 2

Description 3

Administration Technical Settings Logon & Security Special Options

Logon Procedure

Logon with User

☒ Do Not Use a User

☐ Basic Authentication

User

PW Status

Logon with Ticket

☒ Do Not Send Logon Ticket

☐ Send Logon Ticket Without Target System Reference

☐ Send Assertion Ticket for Dedicated Target System

System ID Client

Security Options

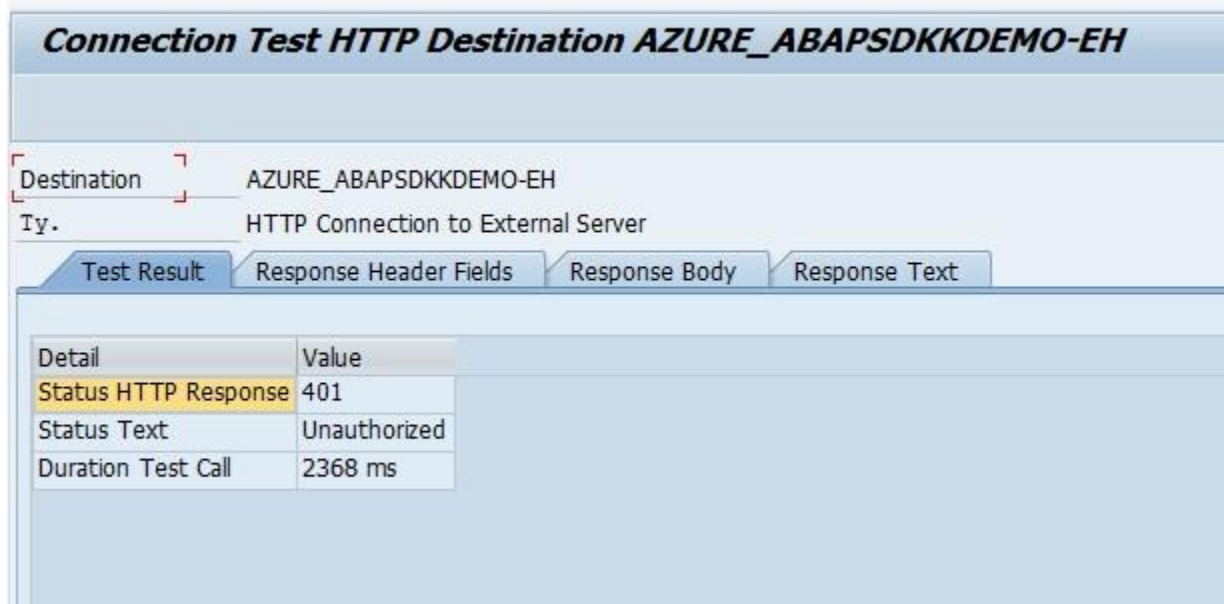
Status of Secure Protocol

SSL ☐ Inactive ☒ Active

SSL Certificate Cert. List

Authorization for Destination

Do a connection test to make sure it is working. A popup might appear asking for user name and password, select Cancel button. Even if you get 401 Not authorized error, do not worry. you are still good and your RFC destination setup is complete.



STRUST Setup

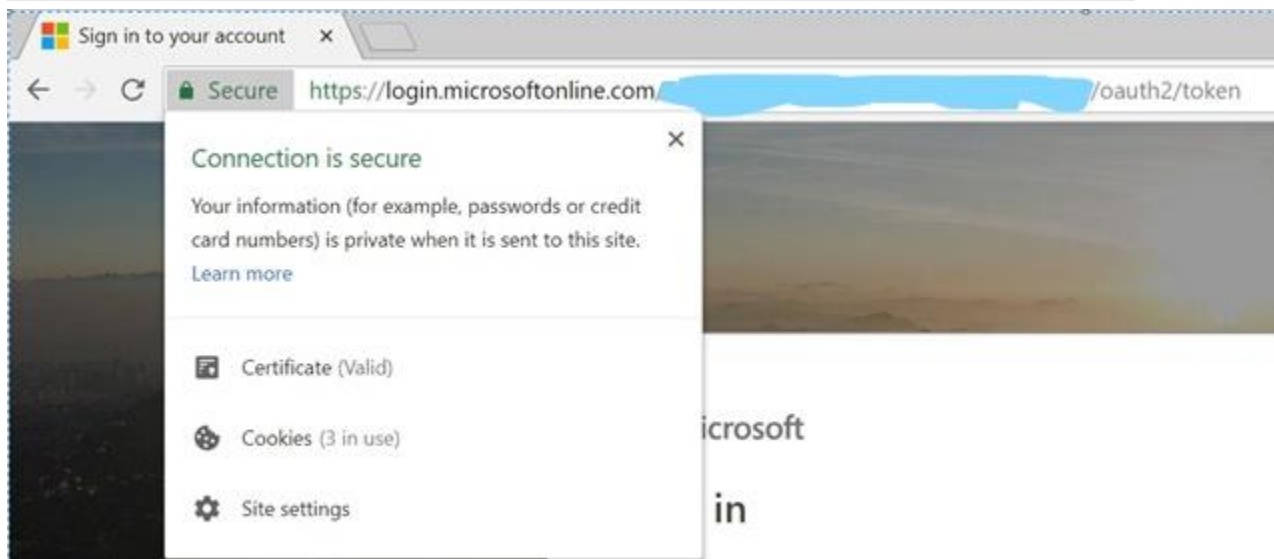
We need to import Microsoft's Certificate and import in STRUST for SSL handshake between SAP system and Azure Eventhub over HTTPS protocol. To download the certificate, in your browser, go to URL with the hostname and path prefix you used for creating RFC destination.

Target host: **login.microsoftonline.com**

Path Prefix: **/<Input Tenant ID>/oauth2/token**

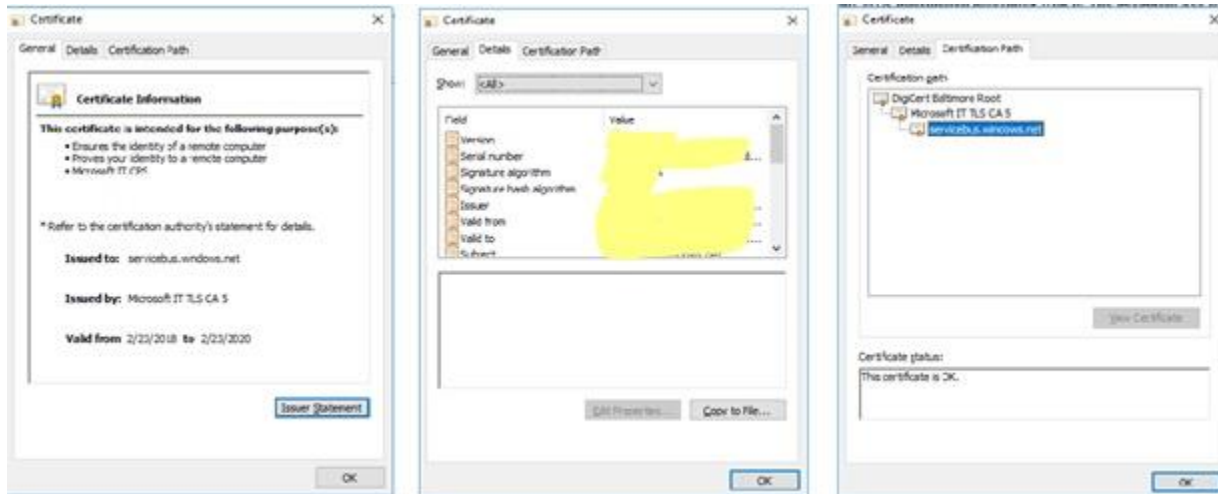


Click on the Lock symbol you find next to refresh button in Chrome browser and select Certificate to view the certificate used for communication.



In the certificate, go to Details tab and Choose button 'Copy to File' to download the certificate to your local machine. Repeat the process and download all the certificate until root. In this case, you need to download three certificates.

1. Servicebus.windows.net
2. Microsoft IT TLS CA 5
3. DigiCert Baltimore Root



when all the certificates are downloaded, Go to STRUST transaction in your SAP system and Import all these certificates in DFAULTPSE.

Note: We are not going through the process of Importing certificates in STRUST in this document. It is straight forward, and your BASIS team can help you to do this activity.

Configuration

ABAP SDK has following main configuration tables and they need to be maintained. We will create a new Interface ID to establish connection between SAP system and target Azure Event Hub. A new Interface ID needs to be created for each Event Hub namespace.

Note: Currently all these Configurations tables must be maintained manually using SM30. We are developing a new Graphical Interface to simplify the configuration steps. This will be released with next versions. Keeping looking for Updates.

ZREST_CONFIG – Master Table for Interface ID Maintenance. You must define a new Interface name and maintain the RFC destination that was created for target Event hub.

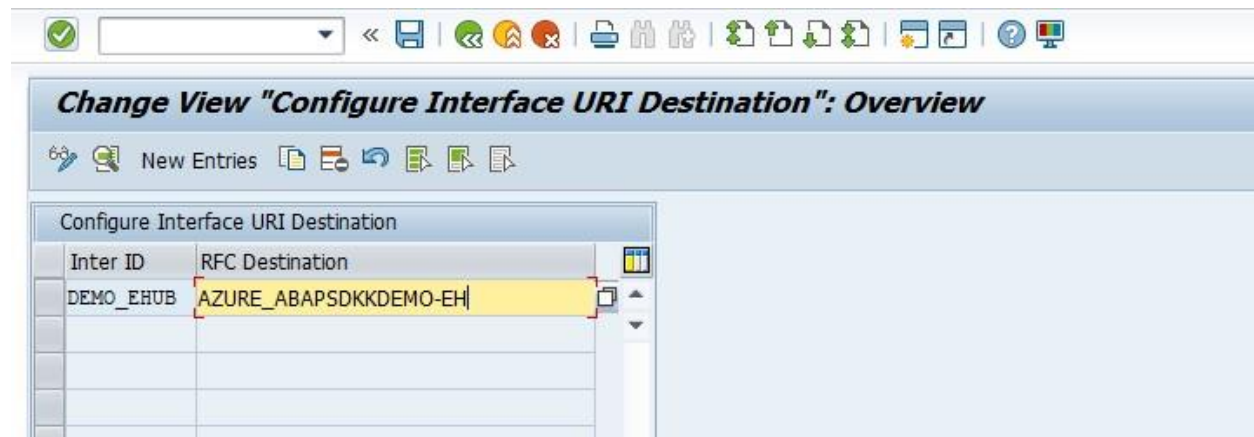
ZREST_CONF_MISC – This is an Interface Miscellaneous table which contains information on Alerts and re-processing of failed messages automatically.

ZADF_CONFIG – This is an Interface extension table. This stores data that is more specific to Azure Services like SAS keys, AAD secrets and processing Method.

ZADF_EHUB_POLICY – This is Event hub specific table that stores Azure Event hub policy details that shall be used during communication.

ZREST_CONFIG

Create a new Interface ID like 'DEMO_EHUB' and Maintain the RFC destination you created earlier.



ZREST_CONF_MISC

Create an entry in table 'ZREST_CONF_MISC' for the above interface Id 'DEMO_EHUB'.

Details of configuration:

- METHOD is 'POST'.
- MAX_RETRY is number of retry in case of service failure.
- EMAIL_ID is the email id for sending alerts.
- MAIL_BODY_TXT is Text Id to be maintained for the mail content.
- RETRY_METHOD is type of retrial (Regular '0' or exponential '1')

Table ZREST_CONF_MISC Display	
MANDT	300
INTERFACE ID	DEMO_EHUB
METHOD	POST
MAX RETRY	2
EMAIL ID	
MAIL BODY TXT	ERROR WHILE SENDING MESSAGE TO EVENTHUB
RETRY METHOD	0

ZADF_CONFIG

Create an entry in table 'ZADF_CONFIG' for the above interface Id 'DEMO_EHUB'.

Details of configuration:

- INTERFACE_TYPE is 'EVENTHUB'.
- SAS_KEY is the shared access key. This you can retrieve from Azure portal. Check page 10 of this document. Primary key is the SAS key. Everytime you generate a new SAS key in portal, you need to change in this config table.
- URI is left blank. This may be required for future versions.
- SERVICE_TYPE can be synchronous(S) or asynchronous(A)
- IS_TRY is a reprocessing flag, maintain as blank or 'X'. it can be configured for reprocessing in case of failure of services.

Table ZADF_CONFIG Display	
MANDT	300
INTERFACE ID	DEMO_EHUB
INTERFACE TYPE	EVENTHUB
SAS KEY	*****
URI	
SERVICE TYPE	S
IS TRY	X

ZADF_EHUB_POLICY

You need to maintain the policy name that you have created in Azure portal in this config table. This is required to generate token for authentication with Azure Event hubs. Refer Page 10 of this document to get the policy name. Azure creates default policy 'RootManageSharedAccessKey', but if you had created your own policy, then maintain that policy name here.

<i>Table ZADF_EHUB_POLICY Display</i>	
MANDT	<input type="text" value="300"/>
INTERFACE ID	<input type="text" value="DEMO_EHUB"/>
POLICY	<input type="text" value="RootManageSharedAccessKey"/>

DEMO Program

Please refer to DEMO program 'ZADF_DEMO_AZURE_EVENTHUB' to send sample data from your SAP system to Azure Event hub.

View sent data in Azure Eventhub

To view data in Azure Event hub, Install [Service bus explorer](#)

You can get more details on How to setup Service Bus explorer in [MSDN Blog](#)

ABAP SDK Monitor

We have provided an Interface Monitor (Transaction ZREST_UTIL), using this monitor you can view history of all the messages that were posted to Azure Services. In case you have scheduled a background job to post messages to Azure, you can view the statuses of the messages in this monitor. This Monitor can be used for troubleshooting and re-processing of the message as well.

Go to transaction ZREST_UTIL and provide your Interface ID in the selection screen and execute to view all the messages

In this monitor, you can view the status of the HTTPs message and its headers, response, payload and so on. In case of errors, you can also re-process the message from this tool.

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Auto re-processing of failed messages

For auto-processing of messages in case of failures, you must schedule a background job for program 'ZREST_SCHEDULER' as a pre-requisite.