

# Python Machine Learning: The 11st Book Circle

## Deep Neural Network Algorithm II: Convolutional Neural Network, Recurrent Neural Network

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# Disclaimer

All opinions and statements in this presentation are mine and do not in any way represent the company  
Any comment or correction of error is welcome, please contact me  
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# Acknowledgement

## Acknowledgement

Special thanks to YJango in Zhihu, his article(in Chinese) in Zhihu provides elegant introduction to CNN. He also produces lots of nice figure which makes CNN to be understood easily and I borrowed some of them in our presentation. I also would like to thank Tiancong Zheng from machine learning group in Zenuity for his recommendation of books regarding modern deep neural network. As an engineer who has statistical signal processing/wireless communication academic background, most of knowledge in neural network learned from university were from Simon Haykin's papers and book which are more related to classical feedforward neural network and statistical adaptive filter, the books Tiancong refereed are extremely good complementary resource for me to get deep insight of modern deep learning.

# The 11st Book Circle of Python Machine Learning

In this presentation belongs to **algorithm** part of the book

- The context in this circle is NOT included in the book
- If you want to know more about Deep Neural Network, I recommend reading book Deep Learning from Ian Goodfellow, Yoshua Bengio and Aaron Courville
- We will try to go through basic mathematics behind Convolutional Neural Network(CNN), Recurrent Neural Network(time RNN).
- All of us need to debug the python code, in order to get practice of implementing machine learning algorithm
- A complete resources for deep neural network and machine learning could be found here [▶ Link](#)

# Overview

- 1 Convolutional Neural Network: Specialized Kind of Feedforward Network
  - Image Recognition and Intro to CNN
  - Architecture of CNN
  - How to Train CNN
- 2 Recurrent Neural Network
  - 1
  - qq
- 3 Tensorflow, Theano, Keras: Python for Deep Neural Network
- 4 Conclusion

# Outline for Section 1

- 1 Convolutional Neural Network: Specialized Kind of Feedforward Network
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# Convolutional Neural Network

From this slide we introduce Convolutional Neural Network. Here are some comments right before we start

- Actually lots of topics regarding deep learning, e.g. convolutional neural network, have weaker/less connection to perfect/beautiful mathematical expression/derivation. They are more relative to intuitive and heuristic designing, especially on the designing of network architecture/structure. It makes the deep neural network problem does NOT look like algorithm design but more logical and mechanism design (At least it is like that as compared with classical machine learning algorithms, adaptive/statistical signal processing and Bayesian filters)

# Convolutional Neural Network

- So we more or less give up mathematical expression/derivation but go for logical reasoning or logically explanation for convolutional neural network
- An easy understood resource regarding convolutional neural network could refer to Ujjwal Karn's blog "[An Intuitive Explanation of Convolutional Neural Networks](#)" [▶ Link](#)
- A better description of convolutional neural network could be found in [note "Module 2: Convolutional Neural Networks" of Feifei Li's course "Convolutional Neural Networks for Visual Recognition" in Stanford University](#) [▶ Link](#)
- Since these materials have extremely good contents on CNN, I might sometimes just refer to the contents of them directly with denoting



# Convolutional Neural Network

- There are more videos and materials could be good to look at, e.g. [Lex Fridman's Deep Learning for Self-Driving Cars at MIT](#) [▶ Link](#) where introduces what is CNN and how the CNN can be designed for self-driving car, and also "[Deep Learning School 2016: Individual Talks](#)" [▶ Link](#) where discusses how the CNN applies for computer vision
- If you still remembered we discussed how many high techniques have been invented in Bell Lab in the SVM section on the 2nd circle of our machine learning presentation, here we have to mention one more important invention, [LeNet](#), the first successful applications of Convolutional Networks were developed by Yann LeCun in 1990s in Bell lab as well!

# Intro CNN for Image Recognition



# Architecture of CNN



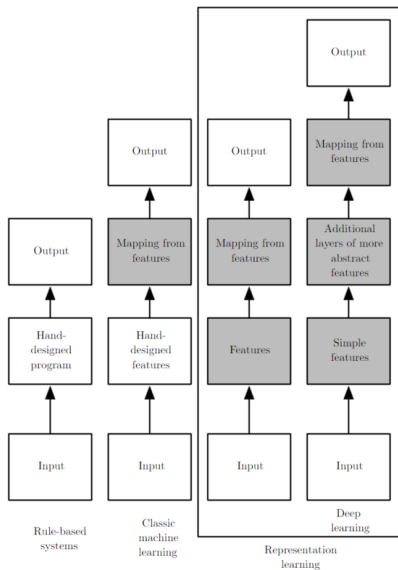
# Architecture of CNN

From the architecture of CNN we noticed the biggest difference between CNN and traditional machine learning algorithms are:

- 1. We leave the feature extraction/selection to machine(Neural Network itself) rather extract features manually
- 2. In CNN we also gather together lower level features to make high level/abstract features

We can summarize these differences by using the figure borrowed from Ian Goodfellow Yoshua Bengio, Aaron Courville's book Deep Learning, on next page

# Architecture of CNN



# How to Train CNN



## Outline for Section 2

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# Recurrent Neural Network











## Note





```

1: Initialize the all elements  $w_d$  in weight  $\mathbf{w}$  to 0
2: for t in T do
3:     Shuffle(); // randomly sort the L samples once
4:     for l in L do
5:         for d in D do
6:             computer  $w_d(t+1) = w_d(t) + \eta(t)(y^{(l)} - \mathbf{x}^{(l)}\mathbf{w})x_d^{(l)}$ 
7:             d = d + 1
8:         end for
9:         l = l + 1
10:    end for
11:    t = t + 1
12: end for

```

- $\eta(t)$  means  $\eta$  is a function of t



# Outline for Section 3

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# Tensorflow

- Here is the collection of some python codes which uses TensorFlow to implement deep neural network as examples

▶ [Link](#)



# Outline for Section 4

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  - 1
  - qq
- 3 Tensorflow, Theano, Keras: Python for Deep Neural Network
- 4 Conclusion

# Conclusion



# Conclusion



# Conclusion



# References



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Ujjwal Karn, An Intuitive Explanation of Convolutional Neural Networks

[▶ Link](#)



Lex Fridman, Deep Learning for Self-Driving Cars, MIT

[▶ Link](#)



Deep Learning School 2016: Individual Talks

[▶ Link](#)

# References



Ian Goodfellow, Yoshua Bengio, Aaron Courville, Deep Learning

[▶ Link](#)



Michael Nielsen, Neural Network and Deep Learning

[▶ Link](#)



Simon Haykin, Neural Network-A Comprehensive Foundation



Simon Haykin, Neural Network and Learning Machine

# Question?