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NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY GOA

Farmagudi, Ponda, Goa 403 401

Programme Name: B.Tech End Semester Examination, April-2021

Course Name: Chemistry

Date: 06/04/20201

Duration: 3 hrs

Course Code: CY150

Time: 9.30 AM

Max. Marks: 100

1. Answer all the questions

- The following cell has been constructed and standard reduction potential 4 Marks at 298 K has been measures as 0.73V. Write the proper cell equation for the given cell and calculate the solubility product constant for Silver bromide in water at 298K Ag(s)|Br⁻(aq)|AgBr(s)||Ag⁺(aq)|Ag(s)
- A cell was constructed with a copper and iron as an electrode dipped into 4 Marks the solution containing their own divalent ions, produces a voltage of 1.6V.

 (a) Estimate the relative concentration of Cu²⁺ and Fe²⁺ ions in the solution.

 (b) Represent this cell properly and identify the cathode and anode (c) identify the direction of flow of current.

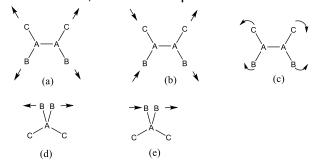
 Given that E° Cu²⁺/Cu = 0.34V; E° Fe²⁺/Fe = -0.44V
- A 40 m long pipe having 1.8 m diameter has been electroplated with Zinc 5 Marks to prevent corrosion. A successful electroplating has been carried out by passing 3.26V between a graphite anode and the pipe dipped in Zn^{2+} solution. Calculate the amount spent on electricity to achieve the plating thickness of 200 micro meters. Note that the government supply electricity at the rate of Rs. 5/KWh. Give that $A_{Zn} = 65.4$, density of zinc is 7.14 g/cm³
- A cell was constructed using magnesium and copper rod dipped in to a 4 Marks solution containing its own ions. Each of the half-cell contains 230 ml of 0.5 M solutions. (a) How many grams of copper is deposited if the cell delivers a current of 0.18 Amp continuously for 29.6 hrs. (b) Calculate the leftover concentration of copper ion in the electrolyte solution after 29.6 hrs.
- A galvanic cell is constructed by connecting two half-cells through a salt 4 Marks bridge, each of the half cells have a silver rod immersed in a 25 ml of solution containing 0.15 M silver nitrate. A 25 ml of 0.15 M sodium chloride solution is mixed in the electrolyte of left-hand side compartment and measured the cell voltage of 0.241 V. Write the half and complete cell reaction and calculate the solubility product constant of AgCl
- The following cell is constructed and started working at the temperature of 4 Marks 25° C. (a) Calculate the EMF produced by this cell at the given concentrations and temperature. (b) The cell continued to work until the concentration of copper reaches 0.45 M and stops working. What is the concertation of I⁻ when the cell got exhausted. Cu(s)|Cu⁺(aq, 0.25M)||I(s)|I⁻(aq, 3.5M)

Given that $E^{\circ}_{Cu+/Cu} = 0.52$; $E^{\circ}_{I/I} = 0.54$

7. A solution containing 7.49x10⁻⁵ M of compound X in a 1.5 cm cell measured 5 Marks absorbance of 0.160 and 0.760 at 465nm and 687 nm respectively. Under

the same condition, a solution containing 4.245×10^{-5} M of compound Y measured absorbance of 0.710 and 0.100. A solution containing a mixture of compound X and Y in 2.0 cm cell measured absorbance of 0.439 and 1.025 at the wavelength mentioned above. Calculate the concentration compound X and Y in the mixture.

Specify whether the vibrational modes indicated on the hypothetical 5 Marks molecule will be observed in IR spectrum and justify your answer. Note that molecule a, b and c are planar.



- 9 The O-H stretching frequency of alcohol is observed at 3400 cm⁻¹ in the IR 5 Marks spectrum. Calculate the force constant of the O-H bond and calculate the wavenumber at which ¹⁸O-H stretching vibration will appear
- A hypothetical organic free radical show four EPR transitions at 3052, 3252, 5 Marks 3452, 3652 Gauss respectively at a frequency of 9452 MHz. (a) Calculate hyperfine coupling constant, and g value for the radical. (b) Calculate the resonance position of this same molecule at a frequency of 35325 MHz
- A hypothetical molecule show a single EPR transition at g = 2.1234. The 5 Marks spectrum was recorded at 32° C with three different microwave frequency; 9.4321, 34.3210 and 95.6789 GHz respectively. Also, the EPR spectrum was recorded at -102° C and -152° C with a microwave frequency 9.4321 GHz. Calculate the population ratio between the spin states at the given temperature and frequency. Given that Boltzmann constant is 1.380649x10⁻²³ J.K⁻¹; Planck constant: 6.62607x10⁻³⁴ J.s; Bohr magneton: 9.274x10⁻²⁴ J.T⁻¹
- Draw the molecular orbital diagram for the given hypothetical molecules 5 Marks and comment on its bond order and magnetic property: a) BO b) MgF
- 13 a) Define BOD 1+1+1+1+1
 - b) What is meant by caustic embrittlement and how it is prevented? =
 - c) Why sewage is warm in anaerobic condition? 5 Marks
 - d) Define resonance energy.
 - e) State the variation principle used in quantum mechanics.
- a) What is the limitation (or drawback) of electron sea model of metallic 1+1+1+1 = bond?
 - b) What is meant by semi synthetic polymer? Give one example.
 - c) Why base of some iron boxes are made with Teflon?
 - d) Why thermal behaviour of polymer is discussed using T_{g} mainly.
- 15 a) Describe the principle involved in Winkler's method of estimation of 3+2= dissolved oxygen content of water. 5 Marks
 - b) Compare soap titration method with EDTA method of determination of hardness of water by at least four points.

- a) State and explain Fajan's rules.
 b) Write the rules which are used in predicting the proper resonating 6 Marks
 - b) Write the rules which are used in predicting the proper resonating 6 Marks structures of molecule or ion or radical.
 - c) Justify that density of ice is less than that of liquid water.
- a) Justify that hybrid orbitals have higher energy but hybrid orbital bonded 1+2+4=
 molecule has lower energy and higher stability.
 7 Marks
 - b) Write the salient features of hybridisation.
 - c) Write the mechanism of Ziegler Natta Catalysis using ring intermediate?
- a) Calculate number average and weight average molecular weight of a 3+2= poly dispersed polymer composed of the following mixture of fractions 5 Marks (mass % and molecular weight of each of the fractions are given):

Mass % 10 30 60

Mol. Weight 10000 100000 200000

- b) 20 ml of sewage water sample for COD is reacted with 25 ml of K₂Cr₂O₇ solution and the unreacted K₂Cr₂O₇ requires 10.3 ml of 0.231 N FAS solution. Under similar conditions, in blank titration 14.7 ml of that FAS is used up. Calculate the COD of the sample.
- 19 Draw and explain the d-orbital splittings for trigonal planar geometry, 6 Marks square pyramidal geometry and square antiprism geometry.
- Deduce and explain the geometries of IF₅, IF₇, and CIF₃ molecules. 7 Marks

****ALL THE BEST****