Living Documentation

Version 1.0.0-SNAPSHOT

Table of Contents

1. Introduction	1
2. Summary	2
3. Features	3
3.1. Manage database with Database Rider Core	3
3.1.1. Scenario: Seed database using yml dataset	3
3.2. Manage database with Database Rider CDI	5
3.2.1. Scenario: Seed database using yml dataset	6
3.3. Manage database with Database Rider Cucumber	8
3.3.1. Scenario: Seed database using Database Rider in Cucumber tests	9
3.4. Manage database with Database Rider and JUnit 5	11
3.4.1. Scenario: Seed database using Database Rider in JUnit5 tests	11
3.5. Dynamic data using scritable datasets	12
3.5.1. Scenario: Seed database with groovy script in dataset	13
3.5.2. Scenario: Seed database with javascript in dataset	14
3.6. Database assertion using expected datasets	15
3.6.1. Scenario: Database assertion with yml dataset	15
3.6.2. Scenario: Database assertion with regular expression in expected dataset	16
3.6.3. Scenario: Database assertion with seeding before test execution	17
3.6.4. Scenario: Failling database assertion	18
3.6.5. Scenario: Database assertion using automatic transaction	19

Chapter 1. Introduction

Database Rider aims for bringing DBUnit closer to your JUnit tests. Here are the main features:

• JUnit rule to integrate with DBUnit via annotations:

```
@Rule
public DBUnitRule dbUnitRule = DBUnitRule.instance(jdbcConnection);①

@Test
@DataSet(value = "datasets/yml/users.yml")
public void shouldSeedDataSet(){
    //database is seed with users.yml dataset
}
```

- 1 The rule depends on a JDBC connection.
- CDI integration via interceptor to seed database without rule instantiation;
- JSON, YAML, XML, XLS, and CSV support;
- Configuration via annotations or yml files;
- Cucumber integration;
- Multiple database support;
- Date/time support in datasets;
- Scriptable datasets with groovy and javascript;
- Regular expressions in expected datasets;
- JUnit 5 integration;
- DataSet export;
- Connection leak detection;
- Lot of examples.

The project is composed by 5 modules:

- Core: Contains the dataset executor and JUnit rule;
- CDI: provides the DBUnit interceptor;
- Cucumber: a CDI aware cucumber runner;
- JUnit5: Comes with an extension for JUnit5.
- Examples module.

Chapter 2. Summary

Scenarios		Steps						Features: 6			
Passed	Failed	Total	Passed	Failed	Skippe d	Pendin g	Undefi ned	Missin g	Total	Durati on	Status
			Mana	ge datab	ase with	Databas	se Rider	Core			
1	0	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	4	000ms	passed
			Mana	age datal	base witl	n Databa	se Rider	CDI			
1	0	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	4	968ms	passed
			Manage	databas	e with D	atabase	Rider Cu	ucumber			
1	0	1	5	0	0	0	0	0	5	000ms	passed
			Manage (database	with Da	tabase R	ider and	JUnit 5			
1	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	3	000ms	passed
			Dyr	namic da	ta using	scritab	le datas	ets			
2	0	2	7	0	0	0	0	0	7	000ms	passed
			Datab	ase asse	rtion us	ing expe	ected da	tasets			
5	0	5	16	0	0	0	0	0	16	000ms	passed
					Tot	als					
11	0	11	39	0	0	0	0	0	39	970ms	

Chapter 3. Features

3.1. Manage database with Database Rider Core

In order to manage database state in JUnit tests As a developer I want to use DBUnit in my tests.

Database Rider Core module brings DBunit to your unit tests via JUnit rules.

Dependencies

To use it just add the following maven dependency:

```
<dependency>
    <groupId>com.github.dbunit-rules</groupId>
    <artifactId>core</artifactId>
        <version>1.0.0-SNAPSHOT</version>
        <scope>test</scope>
</dependency>
```

3.1.1. Scenario: Seed database using yml dataset

Given 3

The following junit rules d (000ms)

```
@RunWith(JUnit4.class)
public class DBUnitRulesIt {
Unresolved directive in documentation.adoc -
include::../../src/test/java/com/github/dbunit/rules/DBUnitRulesIt.java
[tags=rules]
}
```

- ① EntityManagerProvider is a simple Junit rule that creates a JPA entityManager for each test. DBUnit rule don't depend on EntityManagerProvider, it only needs a JDBC connection.
- ② DBUnit rule responsible for reading <code>@DataSet</code> annotation and prepare the database for each test.

And

The following dataset **▲** (000ms)

```
src/test/resources/dataset/yml/users.yml
```

```
user:
    - id: 1
    name: "@realpestano"
    - id: 2
    name: "@dbunit"
tweet:
    - id: abcdef12345
    content: "dbunit rules!"
    date: "[DAY,NOW]"
    user_id: 1
follower:
    - id: 1
    user_id: 1
    follower_id: 2
```

When

The following test is executed: ๗ (000ms)

Unresolved directive in documentation.adoc - include::../../src/test/java/com/github/dbunit/rules/DBUnitRulesIt.java [tags=seedDatabase]



Source code of the above example can be found here.

Then

The database should be seeded with the dataset content before test execution do (000ms)

3.2. Manage database with Database Rider CDI

In order to manage database state in **CDI** based tests As a developer

I want to use DBUnit in a CDI test environment.

DBUnit CDI integration is done through a CDI interceptor which reads @DataSet to prepare database for CDI based tests.

CDI must be enabled in your test, see the following example:

```
A
```

```
@RunWith(CdiTestRunner.class) ①
@DBUnitInterceptor ②
public class DBUnitCDITest {
}
```

- ① CdiTestRunner is provided by Apache Deltaspike but you should be able to use other CDI test runners.
- ② Needed to activate DBUnit interceptor

Dependencies

To use this module just add the following maven dependency:

```
<dependency>
    <groupId>com.github.dbunit-rules</groupId>
    <artifactId>cdi</artifactId>
        <version>1.0.0-SNAPSHOT</version>
        <scope>test</scope>
</dependency>
```

3.2.1. Scenario: Seed database using yml dataset

Given

DBUnit interceptor is enabled in your test beans.xml: **★** (968ms)

src/test/resources/META-INF/beans.xml



Your test itself must be a CDI bean to be intercepted. if you're using Deltaspike test control just enable the following property in test/resources/META-INF/apache-deltaspike.properties:

deltaspike.testcontrol.use_test_class_as_cdi_bean=true

And

The following dataset **★** (000ms)

src/test/resources/dataset/yml/users.yml

```
Unresolved directive in documentation.adoc -
include::../../cdi/src/test/resources/datasets/yml/users.yml[]
```

When

The following test is executed: **■** (000ms)

Unresolved directive in documentation.adoc - include:.../.../cdi/src/test/java/com/github/dbunit/rules/cdi/DBUnitC DIIt.java[tags=seedDatabase]



Source code of the above example can be found here.

Then

The database should be seeded with the dataset content before test execution do (000ms)

3.3. Manage database with Database Rider Cucumber

In order to manage database state in BDD tests As a BDD developer I want to use DBUnit along side my BDD tests.

DBUnit enters the BDD world through a dedicated JUNit runner which is based on Cucumber and Apache DeltaSpike.

This runner just starts CDI within your BDD tests so you just have to use Database Rider CDI interceptor on Cucumber steps, here is the so called Cucumber CDI runner declaration:

Unresolved directive in documentation.adoc include::../../src/test/java/com/github/dbunit/rules/bdd/DBUnitRulesBdd.java[]



As cucumber doesn't work with JUnit Rules, see this issue, you won't be able to use Cucumber runner with *Database Rider Core* because its based on JUnit rules, but you can use DataSetExecutor in @Before, see example here.

Dependencies

Here is a set of maven dependencies needed by Database Rider Cucumber:



Most of the dependencies, except CDI container implementation, are bring by Database Rider Cucumber module transitively.

```
<dependency>
  <groupId>com.github.dbunit-rules</groupId>
  <artifactId>cucumber</artifactId>
     <version>1.0.0-SNAPSHOT</version>
  <scope>test</scope>
</dependency>
```

Cucumber dependencies

```
Unresolved directive in documentation.adoc -
include::../../cucumber/pom.xml[tags=cucumber-deps]
```

1 You don't need to declare because it comes with Database Rider Cucumber module dependency.

DeltaSpike and CDI dependency

```
Unresolved directive in documentation.adoc -
include::../../cucumber/pom.xml[tags=deltaspike-cdi-deps]
```

- 1 Also comes with DBUit Rules Cucumber.
- 2 You can use CDI implementation of your choice.

To use this module just add the following maven dependency:

3.3.1. Scenario: Seed database using Database Rider in Cucumber tests

Given

The following feature do (000ms)

```
Unresolved directive in documentation.adoc - include::../../examples/jpa-productivity-boosters/src/test/resources/features/contacts.feature[]
```

And

The following dataset do (000ms)

```
Unresolved directive in documentation.adoc -
include::../../examples/jpa-productivity-
boosters/src/test/resources/datasets/contacts.yml[]
```

And

The following Cucumber test **d** (000ms)

```
Unresolved directive in documentation.adoc - include:.../.../examples/jpa-productivity-boosters/src/test/java/com/github/dbunit/rules/examples/cucumber/Contac tFeature.java[]
```

When

The following cucumber steps are executed **▲** (000ms)

```
Unresolved directive in documentation.adoc - include::../../examples/jpa-productivity-boosters/src/test/java/com/github/dbunit/rules/examples/cucumber/Contac tSteps.java[]
```

- ① As the Cucumber cdi runner enables CDI, you can use injection into your Cucumber steps.
- ② Here we use the Database Rider CDI interceptor to seed the database before step execution.



Source code for the example above can be found here.

Then

The database should be seeded with the dataset content before step execution **d** (000ms)

3.4. Manage database with Database Rider and JUnit 5

In order to manage database state in JUnit 5 integration tests As a developer

I want to use DBUnit along side my JUnit 5 tests.

DBUnit is enabled in JUnit 5 tests through an extension named **DBUnitExtension**.

Dependencies

To use the extension just add the following maven dependency:

```
<dependency>
  <groupId>com.github.dbunit-rules</groupId>
  <artifactId>junit5</artifactId>
       <version>1.0.0-SNAPSHOT</version>
       <scope>test</scope>
</dependency>
```

3.4.1. Scenario: Seed database using Database Rider in JUnit5 tests

The following dataset do (000ms)

src/test/resources/dataset/users.yml

Unresolved directive in documentation.adoc include::../../junit5/src/test/resources/datasets/users.yml[]

When

The following junit5 test is executed **■** (000ms)

Unresolved directive in documentation.adoc - include::../../junit5/src/test/java/com/github/dbunit/rules/junit5/DBUnitJUnit5It.java[tags=declaration;connectionField;test]

- 1 Enables DBUnit;
- 2 JUnit 5 runner;
- 3 As JUnit5 requires Java8 you can use lambdas in your tests;
- DBUnitExtension will get connection by reflection so just declare a field or a
 method with ConnectionHolder as return type.



Source code of the above example can be found here.

Then

The database should be seeded with the dataset content before test execution in (000ms)

3.5. Dynamic data using scritable datasets

In order to have dynamic data in datasets As a developer I want to use scripts in DBUnit datasets.

Scritable datasets are backed by JSR 223. [2: Scripting for the Java Platform, for more information access the official docs here].

3.5.1. Scenario: Seed database with groovy script in dataset

Groovy script engine is on test classpath ★ (000ms)

```
<dependency>
    <groupId>org.codehaus.groovy</groupId>
    <artifactId>groovy-all</artifactId>
    <version>2.4.6</version>
    <scope>test</scope>
</dependency>
```

And

The following dataset do (000ms)

```
Unresolved directive in documentation.adoc - include::../../core/src/test/resources/datasets/yml/groovy-with-date-replacements.yml[]
```

1 Groovy scripting is enabled by groovy: string.

When

```
Unresolved directive in documentation.adoc - include::../../core/src/test/java/com/github/dbunit/rules/ScriptRepl acementsIt.java[tags=groovy]
```

Then

Dataset script should be interpreted while seeding the database do (000ms)

3.5.2. Scenario: Seed database with javascript in dataset



Javascript engine comes within JDK so no additional classpath dependency is necessary.

The following dataset do (000ms)

```
Unresolved directive in documentation.adoc - include::../../core/src/test/resources/datasets/yml/js-with-calc-replacements.yml[]
```

1 Javascript scripting is enabled by js: string.

When

The following test is executed: **★** (000ms)

```
Unresolved directive in documentation.adoc - include::../../core/src/test/java/com/github/dbunit/rules/ScriptRepl acementsIt.java[tags=javascript-likes]
```

Then

Dataset script should be interpreted while seeding the database d (000ms)

3.6. Database assertion using expected datasets

In order to verify database state after test execution As a developer

I want to assert database state with datasets.

3.6.1. Scenario: Database assertion with yml dataset

The following dataset **▲** (000ms)

expectedUsers.yml

Unresolved directive in documentation.adoc include::../../core/src/test/resources/datasets/yml/expectedUsers.ym
l[]

When

The following test is executed: ๗ (000ms)

Unresolved directive in documentation.adoc - include::../../core/src/test/java/com/github/dbunit/rules/ExpectedDa taSetIt.java[tags=expectedDeclaration;expected]

① Clear database before to avoid conflict with other tests.

Then

3.6.2. Scenario: Database assertion with regular expression in expected dataset

The following dataset do (000ms)

expectedUsersRegex.yml

Unresolved directive in documentation.adoc include::../../core/src/test/resources/datasets/yml/expectedUsersReg
ex.yml[]

When

The following test is executed: **★** (000ms)

```
Unresolved directive in documentation.adoc - include::../../core/src/test/java/com/github/dbunit/rules/ExpectedDa taSetIt.java[tags=expectedRegex]
```

Then

Test must pass because database state is as in expected dataset. ๗ (000ms)

3.6.3. Scenario: Database assertion with seeding before test execution

The following dataset **▲** (000ms)

user.yml

Unresolved directive in documentation.adoc include::../../core/src/test/resources/datasets/yml/user.yml[]

And

The following dataset do (000ms)

expectedUser.yml

```
Unresolved directive in documentation.adoc -
include::../../core/src/test/resources/datasets/yml/expectedUser.yml
[]
```

When

```
Unresolved directive in documentation.adoc - include::../../core/src/test/java/com/github/dbunit/rules/ExpectedDa taSetIt.java[tags=expectedWithSeeding]
```

Then

Test must pass because database state is as in expected dataset.

d (000ms)

3.6.4. Scenario: Failling database assertion

The following dataset **▲** (000ms)

expectedUsers.yml

```
Unresolved directive in documentation.adoc -
include::../../core/src/test/resources/datasets/yml/expectedUsers.ym
l[]
```

When

```
Unresolved directive in documentation.adoc - include::../../core/src/test/java/com/github/dbunit/rules/ExpectedDa taSetIt.java[tags=faillingExpected]
```

Then

Test must fail with following error: **★** (000ms)

col=name) expected:<[]expected user1> but was:<[non]expected user1> at org.dbunit.assertion.JUnitFailureFactory.createFailure(JUnitFailur eFactory.java:39) at org.dbunit.assertion.DefaultFailureHandler.createFailure(Default FailureHandler.java:97) at org.dbunit.assertion.DefaultFailureHandler.handle(DefaultFailure Handler.java:223) at ...

junit.framework.ComparisonFailure: value (table=USER, row=0,



The following dataset **▲** (000ms)

expectedUsersRegex.yml

```
Unresolved directive in documentation.adoc -
include::../../core/src/test/resources/datasets/yml/expectedUsersReg
ex.yml[]
```

When

```
Unresolved directive in documentation.adoc - include::../../core/src/test/java/com/github/dbunit/rules/TransactionIt.java[tags=transaction]
```



Transactional attribute will make Database Rider start a transaction before test and commit the transaction **after** test execution but **before** expected dataset comparison.

Then

Test must pass because inserted users are committed to database and database state matches expected dataset.

d (000ms)