Components and Projection

If **A** is any vector and $\hat{\mathbf{u}}$ is a unit vector then the *component* of **A** in the direction of $\hat{\mathbf{u}}$ is

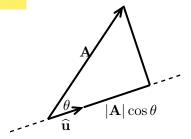
$$\mathbf{A} \cdot \widehat{\mathbf{u}}$$
.

(Note: the component is a scalar.)

If θ is the angle between **A** and $\hat{\mathbf{u}}$ then since $|\hat{\mathbf{u}}| = 1$

$$A \cdot \widehat{\mathbf{u}} = |\mathbf{A}||\widehat{\mathbf{u}}|\cos\theta = |\mathbf{A}|\cos\theta.$$

The figure shows that geometrically this is the length of the leg of the right triangle with hypotenuse **A** and one leg parallel to $\hat{\mathbf{u}}$.



We also call the leg parallel to $\hat{\mathbf{u}}$ the orthogonal projection of \mathbf{A} on $\hat{\mathbf{u}}$.

For a non-unit vector: the component of **A** in the direction of **B** is simply the component of **A** in the direction of $\widehat{\mathbf{u}} = \frac{\mathbf{B}}{|\mathbf{B}|}$. ($\widehat{\mathbf{u}}$ is the unit vector in the same direction as **B**.)

Example: Find the component of **A** in the direction of **B**.

i)
$$|\mathbf{A}| = 2$$
, $|\mathbf{B}| = 5$, $\theta = \pi/4$.

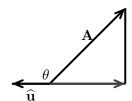
Answer: Referring to the figure above: the component is $|\mathbf{A}|\cos\theta = 2\cos(\pi/4) = \sqrt{2}$. Note, the length of **B** given is irrelevant, since we only care about the unit vector parallel to **B**.

ii)
$$A = i + 2j$$
, $B = 3i + 4j$.

Answer: Unit vector in direction of **B** is $\frac{\mathbf{B}}{|\mathbf{B}|} = \frac{3}{5}\mathbf{i} + \frac{4}{5}\mathbf{j} \Rightarrow \text{component is } \mathbf{A} \cdot \mathbf{B}/|\mathbf{B}| = 3/5 + 8/5 = 11/5.$

iii) Find the component of $\mathbf{A} = \langle 2, 2 \rangle$ in the direction of $\hat{\mathbf{u}} = \langle -1, 0 \rangle$

<u>Answer:</u> The vector $\hat{\mathbf{u}}$ is a unit vector, so the component is $\mathbf{A} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{u}} = \langle 2, 2 \rangle \cdot \langle -1, 0 \rangle = -2$. The negative component is okay, it says the projection of \mathbf{A} and $\hat{\mathbf{u}}$ point in opposite directions.



We emphasize one more time that the component of a vector is a scalar.

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