Week - 5: Functions and Multi-D

```
1. i) Write a python program that defines a matrix
   and prints program: matrix = [
     [1, 2, 3],
     [4, 5, 6],
     [7, 8, 9]
   for row in matrix:
   print(row)
   output:
   [1, 2, 3]
   [4, 5, 6]
   [7, 8, 9]
   ii) Write a python program to perform addition of two
   square matrices program: def add matrices(matrix1, matrix2):
   rows = len(matrix 1)
     columns = len(matrix1[0])
     result = []
   for i in
   range(rows)
        row = []
   for j in
   range(columns):
          row.append(matrix1[i][j] + matrix2[i][j])
        result.append(row)
     return result
   # Define two square
   matrices matrix1 = [
     [1, 2, 3],
     [4, 5, 6],
     [7, 8, 9]
   1
```

```
matrix2 = [
  [9, 8, 7],
  [6, 5, 4],
  [3, 2, 1]
# Perform matrix addition
result matrix = add matrices(matrix1, matrix2)
# Print the
result for row
in
result matrix:
print(row)
Output:
[10, 10, 10]
[10, 10, 10] [10, 10, 10] iii) Write a python program to
perform multiplication of two square matrices. Program:
def
multiply matrices(matrix1,
matrix2):
            rows1 =
len(matrix1)
               columns1 =
len(matrix1[0])
                  rows2 =
len(matrix2)
              columns2 =
len(matrix2[0])
  if columns1 != rows2:
                             raise ValueError("Matrices
cannot be multiplied due to incompatible dimensions.")
  result = []
for i in
range(rows1)
    row = []
                  for j in
                         value = 0
range(columns2):
for k in range(columns1):
value += matrix1[i][k] *
matrix2[k][j]
row.append(value)
    result.append(row)
```

return result

```
# Define two square matrices
matrix1 = [
  [1, 2, 3],
  [4, 5, 6],
  [7, 8, 9]
]
matrix2 = [
  [9, 8, 7],
  [6, 5, 4],
  [3, 2, 1]
]
# Perform matrix multiplication
result_matrix = multiply_matrices(matrix1, matrix2)
# Print the
result for row
in
result_matrix:
pr
in
t(r
o
W
)
ou
tp
ut
[3
0,
24
18
```

```
[84, 69, 54]
   [138, 114, 90]
2. Simple Calculator program by making use of
   functions Program: def add(x, y): return x
   +y
   def
   subtract(x, y):
   return x - y
   def
   multiply(x, y):
   return x * y
   def divide(x, y):
                      if y
   == 0:
              return
   "Cannot divide by zero"
     return x / y
   print("Select
   operation:") print("1.
   Add")
   print("2.
   Subtract")
   print("3.
   Multiply")
   print("4. Divide")
   choice = input("Enter choice (1/2/3/4): ")
   num1 = float(input("Enter first number: "))
   num2 = float(input("Enter second number: "))
   if choice == '1':
     print(num1, "+", num2, "=", add(num1,
   num2)) elif choice == '2':
     print(num1, "-", num2, "=", subtract(num1,
   num2)) elif choice == '3':
     print(num1, "*", num2, "=", multiply(num1,
   num2)) elif choice == '4':
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```
print(num1, "/", num2, "=", divide(num1,
      num2)) else:
      print("Invalid
      Input")
      output:
      Select
      operation:
      1. Add
      2. Subtract
      3. Multiply
      4. Divide
      Enter choice (1/2/3/4): 1
      Enter first number: 1
      Enter second number: 2
      1.0 + 2.0 = 3.0
   3. Find the factorial of a number
      using recursion Program: def
                if(a==0 \text{ or } a==1):
      fact(a):
      return 1
      else:
           return a*fact(a-1)
      num=int(input("enter a
      number "))
      factnum=fact(num)
      print(factnum)
      output:
      enter a number 5
      120
4. Write a function cumulative_product to compute cumulative
product of a list of numbers. Program: def
cumulative product(list1):
        a=len(list1)
                       for i
                         if
      in range(0,a):
      list1[i]==0 or
      list1[i]==1:
              a=1
      else:
                   a=
      a*list1[i]
                  return
      a list1=[1,2,3,4,5]
```

```
c=cumulative_pro
duct(list1)
print(
c)
outp
ut:
120
```

5. Write a function reverse to print the given list in the reverse order.

Program:

```
def
reverse_list
(list1):
    list2=[] for i in
range(len(list1) -1,-1,-
1):
list2.append(list1[i])
return list2
list1=[1,2,3,4,5]
list2=reverse_list(list1)
print(list2) output:
[5, 4, 3, 2, 1]
```