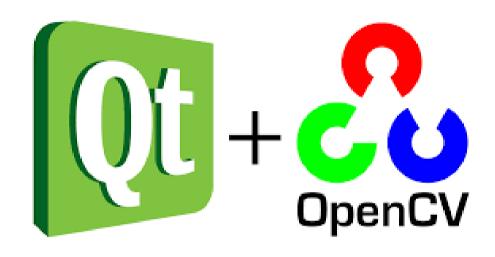
# 影像處理程式開發平台作業



使用 Qt + OpenCV 實作

資工三甲 4A8G0039 楊孟繁學

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# HW3

# GitHub 連結

# Canny Edge Detection (Canny 邊緣檢測)

使用 cv2.Canny()抓取物件邊緣。

Threshold low value: 最低閥值

Ratio value: 高低閥值比 Ksize value: 模糊內核大小



## Hough Line Transform (霍夫轉換)

使用 cv2.Canny()抓取物件邊緣後再使用 cv2.HoughLines()或 cv2.HoughLinesP()找出圖中的直線。

Canny Edge Detection:

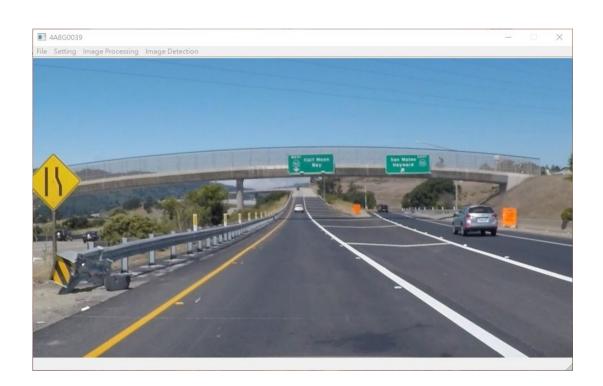
Threshold low value: 最低閥值

Ratio value: 高低閥值比

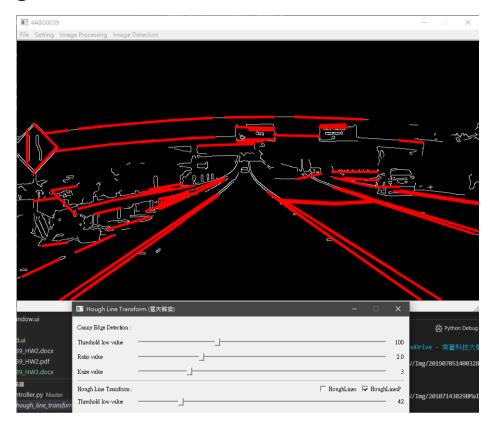
Ksize value: 模糊內核大小

Hough Line Transform:

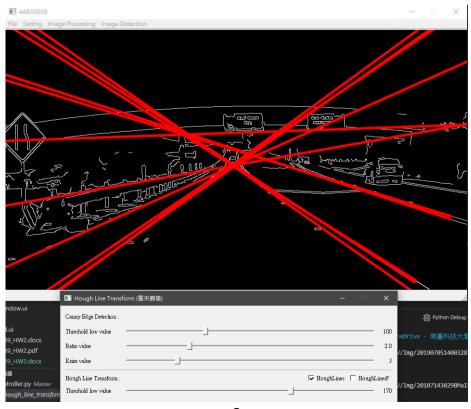
Threshold low value: 最低閥值



# HoughLinesP



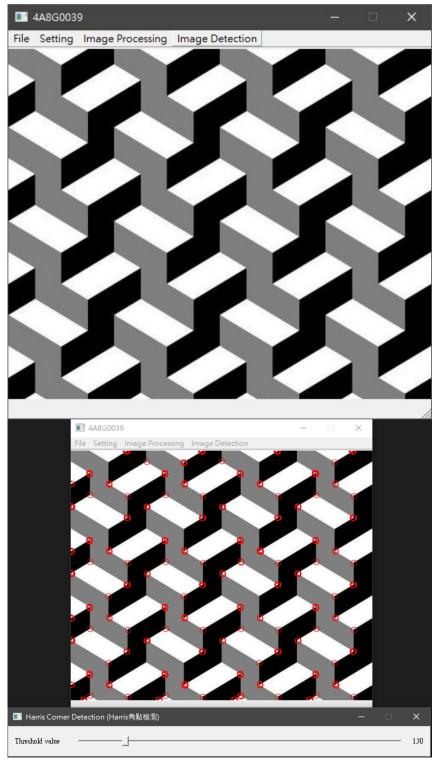
# HoughLines



# Harris Corner Detection (Harris 角點檢測)

使用 cv2.cornerHarris()找出圖中的角並圈出來。

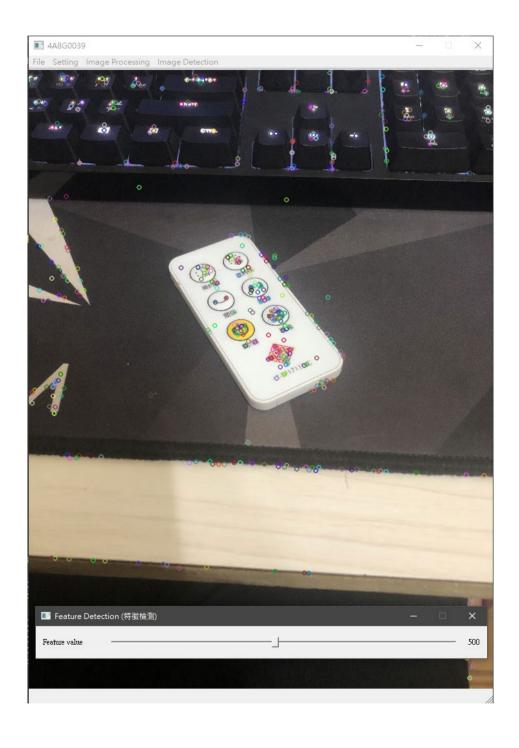
Threshold value: 閥值



# Feature Detection (特徵檢測)

使用 cv2.SIFT\_create()找出圖中的特徵點並圈出來。

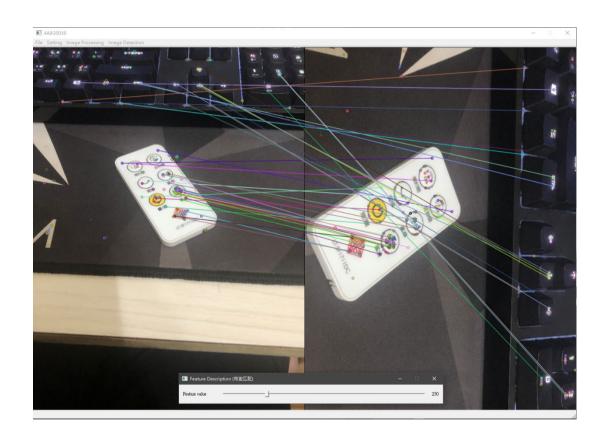
Feature value:特徵點數量



# Feature Description (特徵匹配)

使用 cv2.SIFT\_create()找出圖中的特徵點並圈出來,再用 cv2.BFMatcher()比對兩張圖的特徵點,最後再把權重較高的對應點連起來。

Feature value:特徵點數量



#### Finding contours (尋找輪廓)

使用 cv2.Canny()抓取物件邊緣後再使用 cv2.findContours() 找出物件的輪廓。

#### 找出輪廓後就可:

使用 cv2.convexHull()找出物件的凸包(最外框)。使用 cv2.boundingRect()找出物件的最小矩形框。使用 cv2.minEnclosingCircle()找出物件的最小圓形框。使用 cv2.minAreaRect()找出物件的最小旋轉矩形框。使用 cv2.fitEllipse()找出物件的最小橢圓形框。

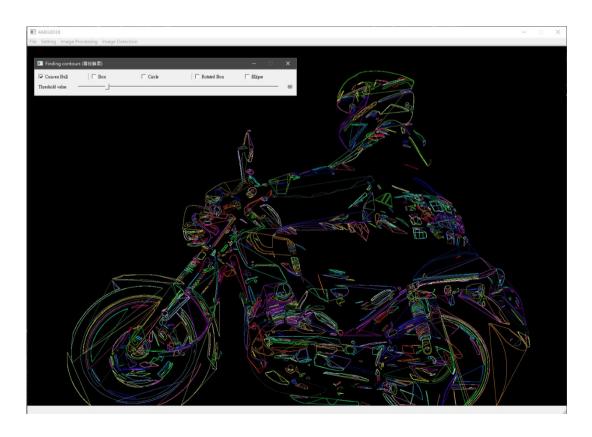
Threshold value: Canny 閥值



#### cv2.findContours



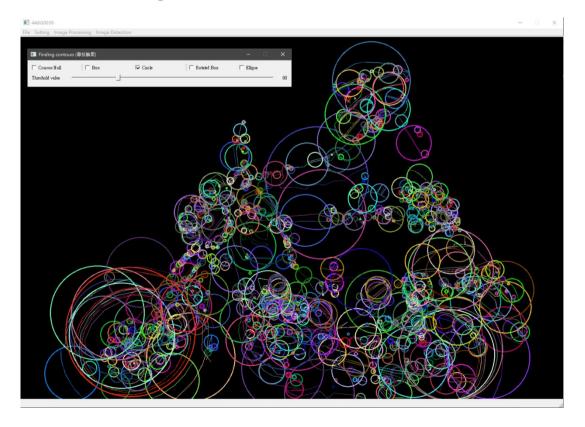
#### cv2.convexHull



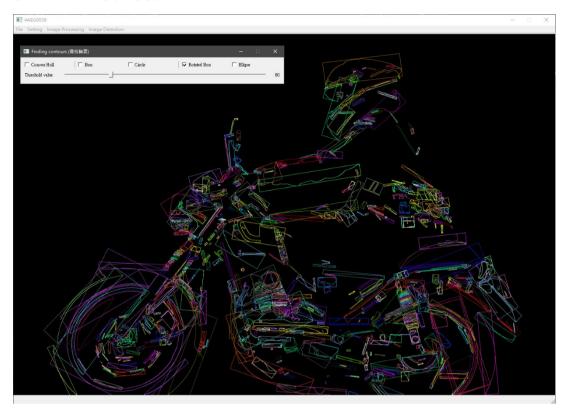
# cv2.boundingRect



# cv2.minEnclosingCircle



## cv2.minAreaRect



# cv2.fitEllipse



#### Morphology Transformations (形態轉換)

使用 cv2.MORPH ERODE 實作腐蝕圖像。

使用 cv2.MORPH\_DILATE 實作擴大圖像。

使用 cv2.MORPH\_OPEN 實作腐蝕圖像後擴大圖像。

使用 cv2.MORPH\_CLOSE 實作擴大圖像後腐蝕圖像。

使用 cv2. MORPH\_GRADIENT 實作擴大圖像 - 腐蝕圖像。

使用 cv2.MORPH\_TOPHAT 實作原圖像 - cv2.MORPH\_OPEN。

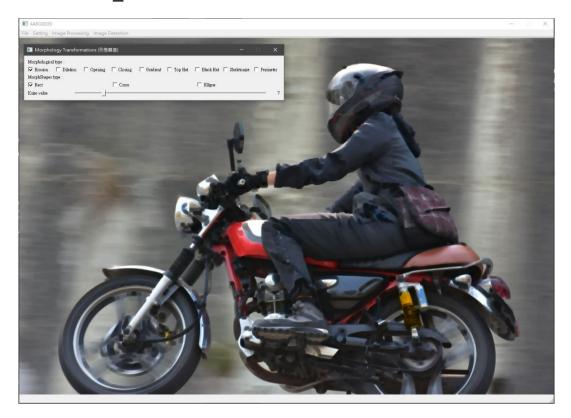
使用 cv2.MORPH\_BLACKHAT 實作

cv2.MORPH\_CLOSE - 原圖像。

Ksize value:模糊內核大小



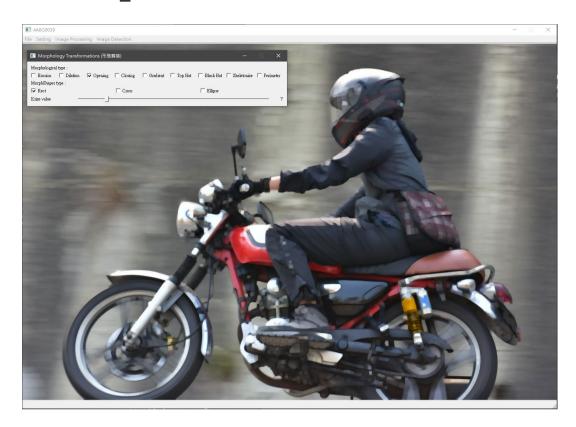
#### cv2.MORPH\_ERODE



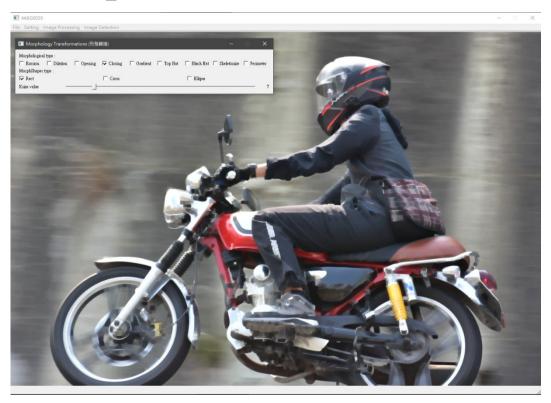
## cv2.MORPH\_DILATE



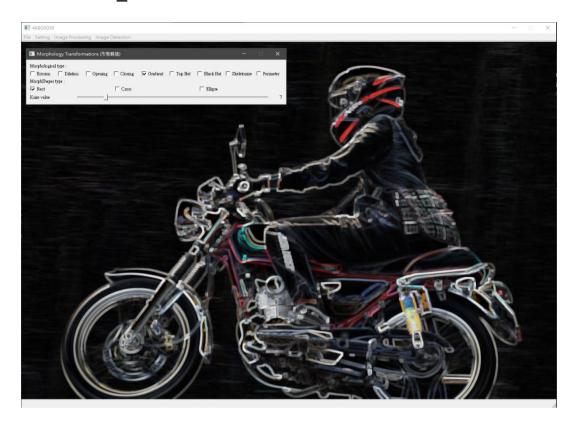
## cv2.MORPH\_OPEN



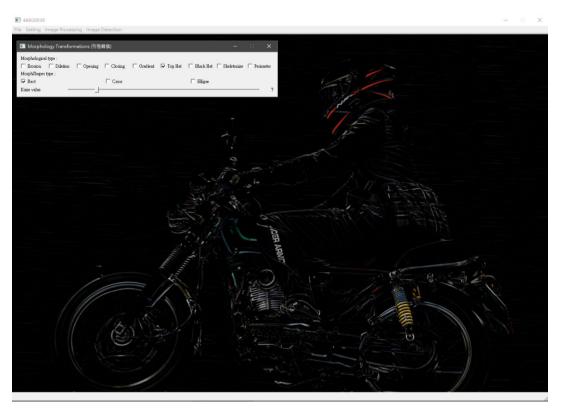
## cv2.MORPH\_CLOSE



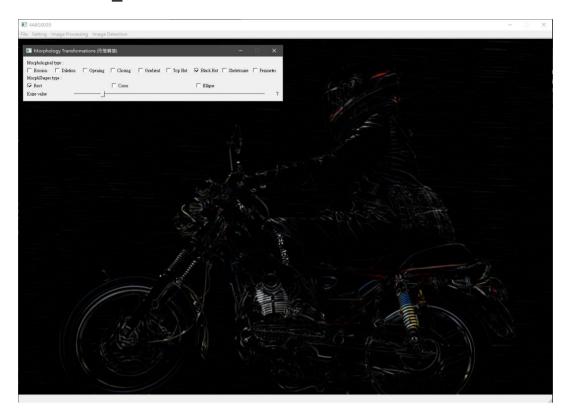
## cv2. MORPH\_GRADIENT



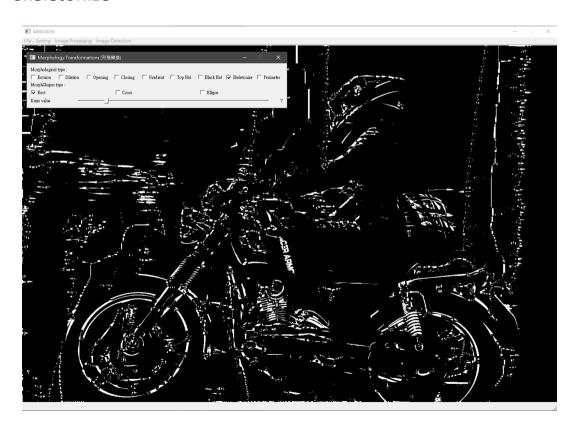
# cv2.MORPH\_TOPHAT



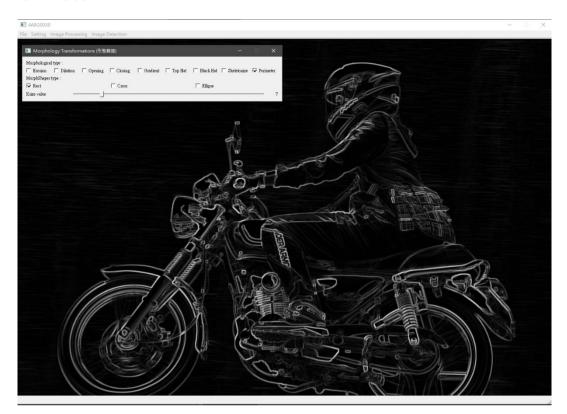
## cv2.MORPH\_BLACKHAT



## Skeletonize



#### Perimeter



# Final\_HW

# GitHub 連結

#### **Hand Detection**



#### **Face Detection**

```
self.mp_face_mesh = mp.solutions.face_mesh
self.mp_FaceMesh =
self.mp_face_mesh.FaceMesh(min_detection_confidence=0.5,
min_tracking_confidence=0.5) #設定臉部偵測數值
self.mp_drawing = mp.solutions.drawing_utils

face_mesh_result = self.mp_FaceMesh.process(imgRGB) #偵測臉部
if face_mesh_result.multi_face_landmarks:
    for face_mesh_Lms in face_mesh_result.multi_face_landmarks: #讀取臉部標記點
        self.mp_drawing.draw_landmarks(frame,face_mesh_Lms,self.mp_face
        _mesh.FACEMESH_CONTOURS,self.mp_drawing.DrawingSpec(color=(0,255,200), thickness=1, circle_radius=1),
        self.mp_drawing.DrawingSpec(color=(255,255,255), thickness=1, circle_radius=1)) #畫出臉部標記點
```



#### Pose Detection

```
self.mp_pose = mp.solutions.pose
self.mp_Pose = self.mp_pose.Pose(min_detection_confidence=0.5,
min_tracking_confidence=0.5) #設定驅幹偵測數值
self.mp_drawing = mp.solutions.drawing_utils

Pose_result = self.mp_Pose.process(imgRGB) #偵測驅幹
self.mp_drawing.draw_landmarks(frame, Pose_result.pose_landmarks,
self.mp_pose.POSE_CONNECTIONS,
elf.mp_drawing.DrawingSpec(color=(255,0,0), thickness=2,
circle_radius=3), self.mp_drawing.DrawingSpec(color=(0,255,0),
thickness=2)) #畫出驅幹標記點
```

