

Description of 4YP task or aspect being risk assessed here: <i>(Read the Guidance Notes before completing this form)</i>		4YP Project Number: 11060	
Creating Pressure Sensor Circuit with Arduino Microcontroller for Step Counting		Photo provided? NO	
Site, Building & Room Number: Thom Building, 5 th Floor, Electronics Lab	Approx size of equipment/apparatus used or built (in metres): Height: 0.2m Width: 0.2m Length: 1m		Date: 1/11/2016
Assessment undertaken by: Jamieson Brynes	Signed: Jamieson Brynes		Date: 9/11/16
Assessment Supervisor: <i>L. THAKSENKO</i>	Signed: <i>L. Tarasenko</i>		Date: 9/11/16

Assessing the Risk*

You can do this for each hazard as follows:

- Consequences: Decide how severe the outcome for each hazard would be if something went wrong (i.e. what are the Consequences?) Death would be "Severe", a minor cut to a finger could be regarded as "Insignificant".
- Likelihood: How likely are these Consequences to actually happen? Highly likely? Remotely likely, or somewhere in between?
- Risk Rating: Start at the left of the coloured Likelihood column for the hazard in row, read across until you are in the correct Likelihood column for the hazard in question. For example, an outcome with Severe consequences but with a Low probability of actually happening equates to a Medium risk overall. In this case "Medium" is what should be written in the Risk.

CONSEQUENCES	RISK MATRIX				LIKELIHOOD (or probability)			
				High				Remote
				High				Low
				High				Low
	Severe	High	High	High	High	Medium	Low	Low
	Moderate	High	High	High	High	Medium	Low	Low
	Insignificant	Medium/Low	Low	Medium	Medium	Low	Low	Effectively Zero
	Negligible	Effectively Zero	Effectively Zero	Effectively Zero	Effectively Zero	Effectively Zero	Effectively Zero	Effectively Zero

Hazard (potential for harm)	Persons at Risk	Risk Controls In Place (existing safety precautions)	Risk*	Further Actions Needed to Reduce Risk
Potential burns as soldering Iron is extremely hot	Person soldering	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Mounts available for placing the irons when not using them. Wear heat proof gloves when soldering. Use clamps or pliers to hold components when soldering to increase distance between the iron and the user. Turn off iron when not in use. 	Medium	Ensure the heat proof gloves are available.
Fumes from soldering can potentially be harmful	Those in close proximity to the soldering action	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Use lead-free solder Maintain a good distance from the soldering action to minimize the fumes inhaled If in an enclosed area, use fume extraction If possible, use an open area to allow for 	Low	Check on availability of fume extraction systems