CS 531: Fundamentals of Systems Programming Fall 2015

Instructor: Hal Greenwald Homework # 1

Design and implement a C language program based on the following specifications:

- 1. The user interface will prompt for ten unique *character strings* to be entered from the keyboard. The program sorts this series of ten character strings (based on ascii value), and reprints all ten strings in ascending OR descending order based on user specification. The program then prints and labels the character string with the lowest ascii value and that with the highest ascii value.
- 2. Include as much error checking as possible.
- 3. Include at least 2 user defined functions.
- 4. Program must be well commented.
- 5. Up to 10% extra credit will be given for successful utilization of dynamic memory allocation.
- 6. Students will work in groups (3 students per group), and each group will submit source code and Makefile Example:

Hals-iMac:~ halgreenwald\$./hw1	cont					
Enter 10 character strings:	Print character strings in A scending or D escending order: A					
Enter string 1: Test string 1 Enter string 2: Test string 1	Ascending order:					
Enter string 2: Test string 1 Enter string 3: hello world	CS 531					
Enter string 4: CS 531	George Mason University					
Enter string 5: George Mason University	Test string 1					
Enter string 6: abcedfg hijk	Test string 1					
Enter string 7: George Mason University	Test string 2					
Error: duplicate string – please re-enter	abcedfg hijk					
Enter string 7: kji	hello world					
Enter string 8: Test string 2	kji					
Enter string 9: test string 1	test String 1					
Enter string 10: test String 1	test string 1					
	String with lowest ascii value: CS 531					
	String with highest ascii value: test string 1					

c Hx Oct Char	Dec	Нх	Oct	Html	Chr	Dec	Нх	Oct	Html	Chr	Dec I	lx Oct	Html Chr
) 0 000 NUL (null)	32	20	040	a#32;	Space	64	40	100	a#64;	0	96 6	0 140	` `
l 1 001 <mark>SOH</mark> (start of heading)	33	21	041	@#33;	!	65	41	101	A ;	A	97 6	1 141	a a
<pre>? 2 002 STX (start of text)</pre>	34	22	042	@#3 4 ;	rr	66	42	102	%#66;	В	98 6	2 142	4#98; b
3 003 ETX (end of text)	35			# ;		67	43	103	%#67;	С	99 6	3 143	c €
1 4 004 EOT (end of transmission)	36	24	044	\$	ş	68	44	104	D	D	100 6	4 144	d d
5 5 005 ENQ (enquiry)	37			a#37;					%#69;				e €
5 6 006 <mark>ACK</mark> (acknowledge)	38			&					a#70;				۵#102; £
7 7 007 BEL (bell)	39			'		-			G				g g
3 8 010 <mark>BS</mark> (backspace)	40			a#40;					H				h h
9 011 TAB (horizontal tab)	41)					a#73;				i i
) A 012 LF (NL line feed, new line)	1			@# 4 2;					a#74;				j j
l B 013 <mark>VT</mark> (vertical tab)	43			a#43;					a#75;				k <u>k</u>
? C 014 FF (NP form feed, new page)	1			a#44;					a#76;				l <mark>1</mark>
3 D 015 CR (carriage return)				a#45;					6#77;				m <u>m</u>
ł E 016 <mark>SO</mark> (shift out)	46			a#46;					a#78;				n n
F 017 SI (shift in)	47			a#47;					a#79;		1		o o
5 10 020 DLE (data link escape)	48			a#48;		l .			6#8O;		ı		p p
7 11 021 DC1 (device control 1)	49			a#49;					4#81;	_			q q
3 12 022 DC2 (device control 2)				a#50;					6#82;				r r
) 13 023 DC3 (device control 3)				3					S				s 3
) 14 024 DC4 (device control 4)				4					a#84;				t t
l 15 025 <mark>NAK</mark> (negative acknowledge)				a#53;					a#85;				u u
? 16 026 SYN (synchronous idle)				a#54;					V				v V
3 17 027 ETB (end of trans. block)				6#55;					6#87;				w ₩
1 18 030 CAN (cancel)				8					X		1		x ×
5 19 031 EM (end of medium)	57			a#57;					6#89;				y ¥
5 lA 032 <mark>SUB</mark> (substitute)	58			:					Z				z Z
7 lB 033 ESC (escape)	59			;	-				[_	ı		{ {
3 1C 034 FS (file separator)	60			<					@#92;				
) 1D 035 GS (group separator)				=]	_	ı		} }
) 1E 036 RS (record separator)				>					a#94;				~ ~
l 1F 037 <mark>US</mark> (unit separator)	63	3F	077	%#63;	?	95	5F	137	<u>@</u> #95;	_	127 7	F 177	D

Source: www.LookupTables.c