Part 2 — Lecture 2

TECH2: Introduction to Programming, Data, and Information Technology

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1 Introduction to pandas

1.1 Motivation

So far, we have encountered built-in Python containers (list, tuple, dict) and NumPy arrays as the only way to store data. However, while NumPy arrays are great for storing *homogenous* data without any particular structure, they are somewhat limited when we want to use them for data analysis.

For example, we usually want to process data sets with

- 1. several variables;
- 2. multiple observations, which need not be identical across variables (some values may be missing);
- 3. non-homogenous data types: for examples, names need to be stored as strings, birthdays as dates and income as a floating-point number.

While NumPy can in principle handle such situations, it puts all the burden on the user. Most users would prefer to not have to deal with such low-level details.

Pandas was created to offer more versatile data structures that are straightforward to use for storing, manipulating and analysing heterogeneous data:

- 1. Data is clearly organized in *variables* and *observations*, similar to econometrics programs such as Stata and R.
- 2. Each variable is permitted to have a different data type.
- 3. We can use *labels* to select observations instead of having to use a linear numerical index as with NumPy.

We could, for example, index a data set using National Insurance Numbers.

4. Pandas offers many convenient data aggregation and reduction routines that can be applied to subsets of data.

For example, we can easily group observations by city and compute average incomes.

5. Pandas also offers many convenient data import / export functions that go beyond what's in NumPy.

Should we be using pandas at all times, then? No!

- For low-level tasks where performance is essential, use NumPy.
- For homogenous data without any particular data structure, use NumPy.
- On the other hand, if data is heterogeneous, needs to be imported from an external data source and cleaned or transformed before performing computations, use pandas.

There are numerous tutorials on pandas on the internet. Useful additional material includes:

- The official user guide.
- The official pandas cheat sheet which nicely illustrates the most frequently used operations.
- The official API reference with details on every pandas object and function.
- There are numerous tutorials (including videos) available on the internet. See here for a list.

1.2 Creating pandas data structures

Pandas has two main data structures:

- 1. Series represents observations of a single variable.
- 2. DataFrame is a container for several variables. You can think of each individual column of a DataFrame as a Series, and each row represents one observation.

The easiest way to create a Series or DataFrame is to create them from pre-existing data.

To access pandas data structures and routines, we need to import them first. The near-universal convention is to make pandas available using the name pd:

```
import pandas as pd
```

Example: Create Series from 1-dimensional NumPy array

```
[1]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd  # universal convention: import using pd

data = np.arange(5, 10)

# Create pandas Series from 1d array
pd.Series(data)
```

```
[1]: 0 5 1 6 2 7 3 8 4 9 dtype: int64
```

Example: Create DataFrame from NumPy array

We can create a DataFrame from a NumPy array:

```
[2]: # Create matrix of data
data = np.arange(15).reshape((-1, 3))

# Define variable (or column) names
```

```
varnames = ['A', 'B', 'C']

# Create pandas DataFrame from matrix
pd.DataFrame(data, columns=varnames)
```

```
[2]: A B C
0 0 1 2
1 3 4 5
2 6 7 8
3 9 10 11
4 12 13 14
```

This code creates a DataFrame of three variables called A, B and C with 5 observations each.

Example: Create from dictionary

Alternatively, we can create a DataFrame from non-homogenous data as follows:

```
[3]: # Names (strings)
names = ['Alice', 'Bob']

# Birth dates (datetime objects)
bdates = pd.to_datetime(['1985-01-01', '1997-05-12'])

# Incomes (floats)
incomes = np.array([35000, np.nan]) # code missing income as NaN

# create DataFrame from dictionary
pd.DataFrame({'Name': names, 'Birthdate': bdates, 'Income': incomes})
[3]: Name Birthdate Income
```

```
[3]: Name Birthdate Income
o Alice 1985-01-01 35000.0
1 Bob 1997-05-12 NaN
```

If data types differ across columns, as in the above example, it is often convenient to create the DataFrame by passing a dictionary as an argument. Each key represents a column name and each corresponding value contains the data for that variable.

1.3 Importing data

1.3.1 Loading text data with NumPy

We often use files that store data as text files containing character-separated values (CSV) since virtually any application supports this data format. The most important functions to read text data are:

- np.loadtxt(): load data from a text file.
- np.genfromtxt(): load data from a text file and handle missing data.

There are a few other input/output functions in NumPy, for example to write arrays as raw binary data. We won't cover them here, but you can find them in the official documentation.

Example: Load character-separated text data

Imagine we have the following tabular data from FRED, where the first two rows look as follows:

Year	GDP	CPI	UNRATE	FEDFUNDS
1954	2877.7	26.9	5.6	1.0
1955	3083.0	26.8	4.4	1.8

These data are stored as character-separated values (CSV). To load this CSV file as a NumPy array, we use loadtxt(). It is advantageous to globally set the path to the data/ directory that can point either to the local directory or to the data/ directory on GitHub.

```
[4]: # Uncomment this to use files in the local data/ directory
DATA_PATH = '../data'

# Load data directly from GitHub
# DATA_PATH = 'https://raw.githubusercontent.com/richardfoltyn/TECH2-H24/main/data'
```

```
[5]: import numpy as np

# Path to CSV file
file = f'{DATA_PATH}/FRED.csv'

# load CSV
data = np.loadtxt(file, skiprows=1, delimiter=',')

data[:2] # Display first two rows
```

```
[5]: array([[1.9540e+03, 2.8777e+03, 2.6900e+01, 5.6000e+00, 1.0000e+00], [1.9550e+03, 3.0830e+03, 2.6800e+01, 4.4000e+00, 1.8000e+00]])
```

The default settings will in many cases be appropriate to load whatever CSV file we might have. However, we'll occasionally want to specify the following arguments to override the defaults:

- delimiter: Character used to separate individual fields (default: space).
- skiprows=n: Skip the first n rows. For example, if the CSV file contains a header with variable names, skiprows=1 needs to be specified as NumPy by default cannot process these names.
- encoding: Set the character encoding of the input data. This is usually not needed, but can be required to import data with non-latin characters that are not encoded using Unicode.

While loadtxt() is simple to use, it quickly reaches its limits with more complex data sets. For example, when we try to load the demo data set in missing.csv using loadtxt(), we get the following error:

```
[6]: file = f'{DATA_PATH}/missing.csv'
# Attempt to load CSV
data = np.loadtxt(file, skiprows=1, delimiter=';')

ValueError: could not convert string '' to float64 at row 1, column 3.
```

This code fails because loadtxt() does not support files with missing values. One can use the more flexible function np.genfromtxt() which allows us to parse files with missing values:

```
[7]: file = f'{DATA_PATH}/missing.csv'

# Load CSV file using genfromtxt() instead of loadtxt()
data = np.genfromtxt(file, skip_header=True, delimiter=';')

# Display first 2 rows
data[:2]
[7]: array([[0.6824, 0.0538, 0.2204],
```

[0.1844, 0.1759,

nan]])

However, it is usually not worthwhile to figure out how to load complex data with NumPy as this is much easier using pandas.

1.3.2 Loading data with Pandas

Pandas's input/output routines are more powerful than those implemented in NumPy:

- They support reading and writing numerous file formats.
- They support heterogeneous data without having to specify the data type in advance.
- They gracefully handle missing values.

For these reasons, it is often preferable to directly use pandas to process data instead of NumPy.

The most important routines are:

- read_csv(), to_csv(): Read or write CSV text files
- read_fwf(): Read data with fixed field widths, i.e., text data that does not use delimiters to separate fields.
- read_excel(), to_excel(): Read or write Excel spreadsheets
- read_stata(), to_stata(): Read or write Stata's .dta files.

For a complete list of I/O routines, see the official documentation.

To illustrate, we repeat the above examples using pandas's read_csv():

```
[8]: import pandas as pd

# relative path to CSV file
file = f'{DATA_PATH}/missing.csv'

df = pd.read_csv(file, sep=';')
df.head(2)  # Display the first 2 rows of data
```

```
[8]: Variable1 Variable2 Variable3
0 0.6824 0.0538 0.2204
1 0.1844 0.1759 NaN
```

Your turn. Use the pandas functions listed above to import data from the following files located in the data/ folder:

- FRED.xlsx
- 2. titanic.csv

To load Excel files, you need to have the package openpyxl installed.

1.4 Viewing data

With large data sets, you hardly ever want to print the entire DataFrame. Pandas by default limits the amount of data shown. You can use the head() and tail() methods to explicitly display a specific number of rows from the top or the end of a DataFrame.

To illustrate, we use a data set of passengers on board of the Titanic's maiden voyage stored in titanic.csv which contains the following columns:

- 1. PassengerId
- 2. Survived: indicator whether the person survived
- 3. Pclass: accommodation class (first, second, third)
- 4. Name: Name of passenger (last name, first name)
- 5. Sex: male or female
- 6. Age
- 7. Ticket: Ticket number
- 8. Fare: Fare in pounds
- 9. Cabin: Deck + cabin number

10. Embarked: Port at which passenger embarked: C - Cherbourg, Q - Queenstown, S - Southampton

Before we read in any data, it is convenient to define a variable pointing to the directory where the data resides. We can either use a relative local path ../data, or alternatively, we can use the full URL to the data file in the GitHub repository.

```
[9]: # Uncomment this to use files in the local data/ directory

DATA_PATH = '../data'

# Uncomment this to load data directly from GitHub

# DATA_PATH = 'https://raw.githubusercontent.com/richardfoltyn/TECH2-H24/main/data'
```

We can now read in the data stored in the file titanic.csv like this:

```
[10]: import pandas as pd

# URL to CSV file in GitHub repository
file = f'{DATA_PATH}/titanic.csv'

# Load sample data set of Titanic passengers. Individual fields are separated
# using a comma, which is the default.
df = pd.read_csv(file, sep=',')
```

We can now display the first and last three rows:

mean

std

446.000000

257.353842

0.383838

0.486592

```
df.head(3)
                        # show first three rows
[11]:
[11]:
          PassengerId
                        Survived
                                  Pclass
                    1
                               0
                                        3
       1
                     2
                               1
                                        1
       2
                     3
                               1
                                        3
                                                                   Sex
                                                          Name
                                                                          Age
                                      Braund, Mr. Owen Harris
                                                                  male
                                                                         22.0
       0
          Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs Th...
                                                                female
                                                                         38.0
       1
                                        Heikkinen, Miss Laina
       2
                                                                female
                     Ticket
                                 Fare Cabin Embarked
                 A/5 21171
                              7.2500
                                        NaN
                                                   S
       0
                   PC 17599
                             71.2833
                                        C85
                                                   С
          STON/02. 3101282
                              7.9250
                                        NaN
                                                   S
[12]: df.tail(3)
                        # show last three rows
            PassengerId
                          Survived
[12]:
                                     Pclass
       888
                     889
                                             Johnston, Miss Catherine Helen "Carrie"
                                 0
                                          3
       889
                     890
                                                                Behr, Mr. Karl Howell
                                 1
                                          1
       890
                     891
                                 0
                                          3
                                                                  Dooley, Mr. Patrick
               Sex
                      Age
                               Ticket
                                         Fare Cabin Embarked
                      NaN
                                        23.45
       888
            female
                           W./C. 6607
                                                NaN
                                                            S
                                               C148
                                                            С
       889
              male
                                        30.00
                    26.0
                               111369
                                                NaN
                                                            Q
              male
                    32.0
                               370376
                                        7.75
```

To quickly compute some descriptive statistics for the *numerical* variables in the DataFrame, we use describe():

```
[13]: df.describe()

[13]: PassengerId Survived Pclass Age Fare count 891.000000 891.000000 714.000000 891.000000
```

2.308642

0.836071

29.699118

14.526497

32.204208

49.693429

```
min
         1.000000
                   0.000000
                               1.000000
                                         0.420000
                                                    0.000000
25%
       223.500000 0.000000
                               2.000000 20.125000
                                                    7.910400
                               3.000000 28.000000 14.454200
50%
       446.000000 0.000000
75%
       668.500000
                    1.000000
                               3.000000
                                         38.000000
                                                   31.000000
max
       891.000000
                    1.000000
                               3.000000
                                         80.000000 512.329200
```

Note that this automatically ignores the columns Name, Sex, Ticket and Cabin as they contain strings, and computing the mean, standard deviation, etc. of a string variable does not make sense.

For categorical data, we can use value_counts() to tabulate the number of unique values of a variable. For example, the following code tabulates passengers by sex:

```
[14]: df['Sex'].value_counts()

[14]: Sex
    male    577
    female    314
    Name: count, dtype: int64
```

Lastly, to see low-level information about the data type used in each column and the number of non-missing observations, we call info():

```
[15]: df.info(show_counts=True)
```

```
RangeIndex: 891 entries, 0 to 890
Data columns (total 10 columns):
# Column
              Non-Null Count Dtype
    PassengerId 891 non-null
0
                                int64
    Survived 891 non-null
                                int64
1
    Pclass
                891 non-null
                                int64
2
3
    Name
                891 non-null
                                object
4
    Sex
                891 non-null
                                object
5
    Age
                714 non-null
                                float64
    Ticket
6
                891 non-null
                                object
7
    Fare
                891 non-null
                                float64
8
   Cabin
                204 non-null
                                object
    Embarked
                889 non-null
                                object
dtypes: float64(2), int64(3), object(5)
memory usage: 69.7+ KB
```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>

Pandas automatically discards missing information in computations. For example, the age column has several missing values, so the number of reported Non-Null values is lower than for the other columns.

1.5 Indexing

Pandas supports two types of indexing:

- 1. Indexing by position. This is basically identical to the indexing of other Python and NumPy containers.
- 2. Indexing by label, i.e., by the values assigned to the row or column index. These labels need not be integers in increasing order, as is the case for NumPy. We will see how to assign labels below.

Pandas indexing is performed either by using brackets [], or by using .loc[] for label indexing, or .iloc[] for positional indexing.

Indexing via [] can be somewhat confusing:

- specifying df['name'] returns the column name as a Series object.
- On the other hand, specifying a range such as df[5:10] returns the *rows* associated with the *positions* 5,...,9.

Example: Selecting columns

```
[16]: import pandas as pd
       # Load sample data of Titanic passengers
       df = pd.read_csv(f'{DATA_PATH}/titanic.csv')
       df['Name']
                                 # select a single column
                                         Braund, Mr. Owen Harris
[16]: 0
              Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs Th...
       1
       2
                                           Heikkinen, Miss Laina
                   Futrelle, Mrs. Jacques Heath (Lily May Peel)
       3
       4
                                        Allen, Mr. William Henry
                                                Moran, Mr. James
       5
       6
                                         McCarthy, Mr. Timothy J
       7
                                   Palsson, Master Gosta Leonard
       8
              Johnson, Mrs. Oscar W (Elisabeth Vilhelmina Berg)
       9
                            Nasser, Mrs. Nicholas (Adele Achem)
       881
                                              Markun, Mr. Johann
                                     Dahlberg, Miss Gerda Ulrika
       882
       883
                                   Banfield, Mr. Frederick James
       884
                                          Sutehall, Mr. Henry Jr
       885
                           Rice, Mrs. William (Margaret Norton)
       886
                                           Montvila, Rev. Juozas
       887
                                     Graham, Miss Margaret Edith
       888
                        Johnston, Miss Catherine Helen "Carrie"
       889
                                           Behr, Mr. Karl Howell
       890
                                             Dooley, Mr. Patrick
       Name: Name, Length: 891, dtype: object
[17]: df[['Name', 'Sex']]
                                # select multiple columns using a list
[17]:
                                                                    Sex
                                       Braund, Mr. Owen Harris
       0
                                                                   male
            Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs Th...
       1
                                                                 female
                                         Heikkinen, Miss Laina
       2
                                                                 female
                 Futrelle, Mrs. Jacques Heath (Lily May Peel)
       3
                                                                 female
       4
                                      Allen, Mr. William Henry
                                                                   male
                                              Moran, Mr. James
       5
                                                                   male
       6
                                       McCarthy, Mr. Timothy J
                                                                   male
       7
                                 Palsson, Master Gosta Leonard
                                                                   male
       8
            Johnson, Mrs. Oscar W (Elisabeth Vilhelmina Berg)
                                                                 female
       9
                          Nasser, Mrs. Nicholas (Adele Achem)
       881
                                            Markun, Mr. Johann
                                                                   male
                                   Dahlberg, Miss Gerda Ulrika
       882
                                                                female
       883
                                 Banfield, Mr. Frederick James
                                                                   male
       884
                                        Sutehall, Mr. Henry Jr
                                                                   male
       885
                         Rice, Mrs. William (Margaret Norton)
                                                                female
       886
                                         Montvila, Rev. Juozas
                                                                   male
       887
                                   Graham, Miss Margaret Edith
                                                                 female
       888
                      Johnston, Miss Catherine Helen "Carrie"
                                                                 female
       889
                                         Behr, Mr. Karl Howell
                                                                   male
       890
                                           Dooley, Mr. Patrick
                                                                   male
       [891 rows x 2 columns]
```

Note: In order to select multiple columns you *must* specify these as a list, not a tuple.

Example: Selecting rows by position

To return the rows at positions 1, 2 and 3 we use

```
[18]: df[1:4]
                                 Pclass
[18]:
          PassengerId
                      Survived
       1
                   2
                             1
                                      1
       2
                   3
                              1
                                      3
       3
                    4
                              1
                                      1
                                                       Name
                                                                Sex
                                                                      Age
       1
         Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs Th...
                                      Heikkinen, Miss Laina
               Futrelle, Mrs. Jacques Heath (Lily May Peel) female
       3
                               Fare Cabin Embarked
                    Ticket
                  PC 17599
                                                 C
                            71.2833
                                      C85
         STON/02. 3101282
                                                 S
       2
                            7.9250
                                      NaN
                            53.1000 C123
                                                 S
                    113803
```

Pandas follows the Python convention that indices are 0-based, and the endpoint of a slice is not included.

1.5.1 Creating and manipulating indices

Pandas uses *labels* to index and align data. These can be integer values starting at 0 with increments of 1 for each additional element, which is the default, but they need not be. The three main methods to create/manipulate indices are:

- Create a new Series or DataFrame object with a custom index using the index= argument.
- set_index(keys=['column1', ...]) uses the values of column1 and optionally additional columns as indices, discarding the current index.
- reset_index() resets the index to its default value, a sequence of increasing integers starting at 0.

Creating custom indices

2 30 dtype: int64

First, consider the following code with creates a Series with three elements [10, 20, 30] using the default index [0,1,2]:

We can use the index= argument to specify a custom index, for example one containing the lower-case characters a, b, c as follows:

```
[20]: # Create Series with custom index [a, b, c]
    pd.Series([10, 20, 30], index=['a', 'b', 'c'])

[20]: a     10
          b     20
          c     30
          dtype: int64
```

Manipulating indices

To modify the index of an *existing* Series or DataFrame object, we use the methods set_index() and reset_index(). Note that these return a new object and leave the original Series or DataFrame unchanged. If we want to change the existing object, we need to pass the argument inplace=True.

For example, we can replace the row index and use the Roman lower-case characters a, b, c, ... as labels instead of integers:

```
[21]: import pandas as pd
       # Read in Titanic passenger data
       df = pd.read_csv(f'{DATA_PATH}/titanic.csv')
       # For demo purposes, restrict sample to first 26 observations
       df = df.iloc[:26]
       # Create list of lower-case letters which has same
       # length as the number of observations.
       index = [chr(97+i) for i in range(len(df))] # len(df) returns number of obs.
       index
[21]: ['a',
        'b',
        'c',
        'd',
        'e',
        'f',
        'g',
        'h',
        'i',
        'j',
        'k',
        'l',
        'm',
        'n',
        'o',
        'p',
        'q',
        'r',
        's',
        't',
        'v',
        'w',
        'x',
        'y',
```

We now add these values as a new column index and use it as the index of the DataFrame:

We can now use these new labels to select records in the DataFrame:

0

1

3

1

a

b

```
[23]: # print first 3 rows using labels
df['a':'c'] # This is the same as df[:3]

[23]: PassengerId Survived Pclass \
index
```

```
С
                3
                        1
                                  3
                                                                 Age \
                                                   Name
                                                           Sex
index
                                Braund, Mr. Owen Harris
                                                          male 22.0
b
      Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs Th...
                                                        female
С
                                  Heikkinen, Miss Laina female
                Ticket
                           Fare Cabin Embarked
index
             A/5 21171
                                  NaN
                                             S
a
                         7.2500
h
              PC 17599
                        71.2833
                                  C85
                                             C
      STON/02. 3101282
C
                         7.9250
                                  NaN
                                             S
```

Note that when specifying a range in terms of labels, the last element *is* included! Hence the row with index c in the above example is shown.

We can reset the index to its default integer values using the reset_index() method:

```
[24]: # Reset index labels to default value (integers 0, 1, 2, ...) and print
      # first three rows
      df.reset_index(drop=True).head(3)
         PassengerId Survived Pclass \
[24]:
            1 0
      0
                                    3
                  2
                            1
      1
                                    1
      2
                  3
                                    3
                            1
                                                    Name
                                                            Sex
                                                                  Age \
      0
                                  Braund, Mr. Owen Harris
                                                            male
                                                                 22.0
      1
         Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs Th... female
                                    Heikkinen, Miss Laina female
                             Fare Cabin Embarked
                  Ticket
                A/5 21171
                                              S
      0
                           7.2500
                                    NaN
                                              C
                PC 17599 71.2833
                                    C85
      1
         STON/02. 3101282
                                              S
                           7.9250
                                    NaN
```

The drop=True argument tells pandas to throw away the old index values instead of storing them as a column of the resulting DataFrame.

Your turn. Read in the following data files from the data/ folder and manipulate the dataframe index:

- 1. Read in the file FRED.csv and set the column Year as the index.
- 2. Read in the file FRED-monthly.csv and set the columns Year and Month as the index

Experiment what happens if you use the inplace=True and append=True options of set_index(). Restore the original (default) index after you are done.

1.5.2 Selecting elements

To more clearly distinguish between selection by label and by position, pandas provides the .loc[] and .iloc[] methods of indexing. To make your intention obvious, you should therefore adhere to the following rules:

- 1. Use df['name'] only to select *columns* and nothing else.
- 2. Use .loc[] to select by label.
- 3. Use .iloc[] to select by position.

Selection by label

To illustrate, using .loc[] unambiguously indexes by label:

With .loc[] we can even perform slicing on column names, which is not possible with the simpler df[] syntax:

```
[26]: df.loc['d':'f', 'Name':'Age']
[26]:
                                                      Name
                                                                Sex
                                                                      Age
       index
              Futrelle, Mrs. Jacques Heath (Lily May Peel)
       d
                                                            female
                                                                    35.0
                                  Allen, Mr. William Henry
       е
                                                              male
                                                                    35.0
       f
                                          Moran, Mr. James
                                                              male
                                                                     NaN
```

This includes all the columns between Name and Age, where the latter is included since we are slicing by label.

Trying to pass in positional arguments will return an error for the given DataFrame since the index labels are a, b, c,... and not 0, 1, 2...

```
TypeError: cannot do slice indexing on Index with these indexers [0] of type int
```

However, we can reset the index to its default value. Then the index labels are integers and coincide with their position, so that .loc[] works:

```
[28]: df = df.reset_index(drop=True)
                                            # reset index labels to integers,
                                            # drop original index
       df.loc[0:4]
                                 Pclass
          PassengerId
                       Survived
[28]:
                    1
                              0
                                      3
       1
                    2
                              1
                                      1
       2
                    3
                              1
                                      3
       3
                    4
                              1
                                      1
                    5
                              0
       4
                                      3
                                                        Name
                                                                 Sex
                                                                       Age
                                    Braund, Mr. Owen Harris
          Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs Th...
                                                                      38.0
       2
                                       Heikkinen, Miss Laina female
                                                                      26.0
               Futrelle, Mrs. Jacques Heath (Lily May Peel) female
       3
                                                                      35.0
                                   Allen, Mr. William Henry
       4
                                                                male 35.0
                               Fare Cabin Embarked
                    Ticket
                             7.2500
                                                  S
                 A/5 21171
                                      NaN
       0
                 PC 17599
                            71.2833
                                       C85
                                                  C
       1
                                                  S
       2
          STON/02. 3101282
                            7.9250
                                      NaN
                                                  S
       3
                    113803
                            53.1000
```

S

Again, the end point with label 4 is included because we are selecting by label.

NaN

8.0500

373450

4

Indexing via .loc[] supports a few more types of arguments, see the official documentation for details.

Selection by position

Conversely, if we want to select items exclusively by their position and ignore their labels, we use .iloc[]:

```
[29]: df.iloc[0:4, 0:2]
                                     # select first 4 rows, first 2 columns
[29]:
          PassengerId
                       Survived
       0
                    1
                               0
       1
                    2
                               1
       2
                    3
                               1
                               1
       3
```

Again, .iloc[] supports a multitude of other arguments, including boolean arrays. See the official documentation for details.

Boolean indexing

Similar to NumPy, pandas allows us to select a subset of rows in a Series or DataFrame if they satisfy some condition. The simplest use case is to create a column of boolean values (True or False) as a result of some logical operation:

This even works without explicitly using the .loc[] attribute:

```
[30]: import pandas as pd
       # Read in Titanic passenger data
       df = pd.read_csv(f'{DATA_PATH}/titanic.csv')
       # Check whether passenger embarked in Southampton
       df['Embarked'] == "S"
[30]: 0
               True
       1
              False
               True
       2
               True
       3
               True
       4
       5
              False
       6
               True
       7
               True
       8
               True
              False
               . . .
       881
               True
       882
               True
       883
               True
       884
               True
       885
              False
       886
               True
       887
               True
       888
               True
       889
              False
       890
              False
       Name: Embarked, Length: 891, dtype: bool
      Such boolean arrays can be used to select a subset of entries:
```

```
Allen, Mr. William Henry
                                                            male 35.0
4
6
                                McCarthy, Mr. Timothy J
                                                            male
                                                                   54.0
                          Palsson, Master Gosta Leonard
7
                                                            male
                                                                   2.0
8
     Johnson, Mrs. Oscar W (Elisabeth Vilhelmina Berg)
                                                          female
                                                                   27.0
10
                         Sandstrom, Miss Marguerite Rut
                                                          female
                                                                   4.0
                                Bonnell, Miss Elizabeth
11
                                                          female
                                                                   58.0
12
                         Saundercock, Mr. William Henry
                                                            male
                                                                   20.0
                                                             . . .
877
                                   Petroff, Mr. Nedelio
                                                            male
                                                                   19.0
                                     Laleff, Mr. Kristo
878
                                                            male
                                                                   NaN
          Shelley, Mrs. William (Imanita Parrish Hall)
880
                                                          female
                                                                   25.0
                                     Markun, Mr. Johann
881
                                                            male
                                                                   33.0
                            Dahlberg, Miss Gerda Ulrika
                                                          female
882
                                                                   22.0
883
                          Banfield, Mr. Frederick James
                                                            male
                                                                   28.0
884
                                 Sutehall, Mr. Henry Jr
                                                            male
                                                                   25.0
886
                                  Montvila, Rev. Juozas
                                                            male
                                                                   27.0
887
                            Graham, Miss Margaret Edith
                                                          female
                                                                   19.0
888
               Johnston, Miss Catherine Helen "Carrie"
                                                          female
                                                                    NaN
```

[644 rows x 3 columns]

Boolean indexing also works directly with [] without having to specify .loc[]:

```
[32]: | df[df['Embarked'] == 'S']
             PassengerId
                          Survived
                                      Pclass
                                              \
[32]:
                                  0
       0
                       1
                                           3
       2
                       3
                                  1
                                           3
       3
                       4
                                  1
                                           1
       4
                       5
                                  0
                                           3
       6
                       7
       7
                       8
                                           3
       8
                       9
                                           3
       10
                      11
                                  1
       11
                      12
                                  1
                                           1
                                  0
       12
                      13
                                           3
       . .
                     . . .
                     878
       877
                                  0
                                           3
       878
                     879
                                  0
                                           3
       880
                     881
                                  1
                                           2
       881
                     882
                                  0
                                           3
       882
                     883
                                           3
       883
                     884
                                  0
                                           2
       884
                     885
                                  0
                                           3
       886
                     887
                                  0
                                           2
                     888
       887
                                  1
                                           1
       888
                     889
                                  0
                                           3
                                                              Name
                                                                        Sex
                                                                              Age
       0
                                         Braund, Mr. Owen Harris
                                                                       male
                                                                             22.0
                                           Heikkinen, Miss Laina
       2
                                                                    female
                                                                             26.0
                  Futrelle, Mrs. Jacques Heath (Lily May Peel)
       3
                                                                    female
                                                                             35.0
                                        Allen, Mr. William Henry
                                                                       male
       4
                                                                             35.0
       6
                                         McCarthy, Mr. Timothy J
                                                                       male
                                                                             54.0
       7
                                  Palsson, Master Gosta Leonard
                                                                       male
                                                                              2.0
       8
             Johnson, Mrs. Oscar W (Elisabeth Vilhelmina Berg)
                                                                    female
                                                                             27.0
                                 Sandstrom, Miss Marguerite Rut
       10
                                                                    female
                                                                              4.0
                                                                             58.0
       11
                                         Bonnell, Miss Elizabeth
                                                                    female
                                 Saundercock, Mr. William Henry
       12
                                                                      male
                                                                             20.0
       . .
                                                                       . . .
                                                                              . . .
                                            Petroff, Mr. Nedelio
       877
                                                                       male
                                                                             19.0
       878
                                               Laleff, Mr. Kristo
                                                                       male
                                                                              NaN
       880
                  Shelley, Mrs. William (Imanita Parrish Hall) female 25.0
```

```
881
                                     Markun, Mr. Johann
                                                            male 33.0
882
                            Dahlberg, Miss Gerda Ulrika female
                                                                  22.0
883
                          Banfield, Mr. Frederick James
                                                            male
                                                                   28.0
884
                                 Sutehall, Mr. Henry Jr
                                                            male
                                                                   25.0
886
                                  Montvila, Rev. Juozas
                                                            male
                                                                   27.0
887
                            Graham, Miss Margaret Edith
                                                          female
                                                                   19.0
888
               Johnston, Miss Catherine Helen "Carrie"
                                                          female
               Ticket
                           Fare Cabin Embarked
            A/5 21171
0
                         7.2500
                                  NaN
                                             S
     STON/02. 3101282
                                             S
2
                        7.9250
                                  NaN
                                             S
3
               113803 53.1000
                                 C123
                                              S
4
               373450
                        8.0500
                                  NaN
6
                17463 51.8625
                                  E46
                                              S
                                              S
7
               349909
                       21.0750
                                  NaN
8
               347742
                       11.1333
                                  NaN
                                              S
10
              PP 9549
                       16.7000
                                   G6
                                              S
               113783 26.5500
                                 C103
                                              S
12
            A/5. 2151
                        8.0500
                                  NaN
                                              S
877
               349212
                        7.8958
                                  NaN
                                             S
878
               349217
                        7.8958
                                  NaN
                                             S
880
               230433 26.0000
                                  NaN
                                             S
881
                        7.8958
                                  NaN
                                              S
               349257
882
                       10.5167
                                  NaN
                                              S
                 7552
883
    C.A./SOTON 34068
                       10.5000
                                  NaN
                                              S
884
      SOTON/OQ 392076
                        7.0500
                                  NaN
                                              S
886
               211536
                       13.0000
                                  NaN
                                              S
887
               112053
                        30.0000
                                  B42
                                              S
888
           W./C. 6607 23.4500
                                  NaN
                                              S
```

[644 rows x 10 columns]

8

13

14

18

21

22

24

7

12

13

17

20

21

Multiple conditions can be combined using the & (logical and) or | (logical or) operators:

```
[33]: # Select men who embarked in Southampton
       df[(df['Embarked'] == 'S') & (df['Sex'] == 'male')]
            PassengerId
                         Survived
                                   Pclass
                                                                       Name
                                                                              Sex
[33]:
       0
                      1
                                0
                                                   Braund, Mr. Owen Harris
                                                                             male
                                         3
       4
                      5
                                0
                                         3
                                                  Allen, Mr. William Henry
                                                                             male
       6
                      7
                                0
                                         1
                                                   McCarthy, Mr. Timothy J
```

Palsson, Master Gosta Leonard

Andersson, Mr. Anders Johan

Fynney, Mr. Joseph J

Beesley, Mr. Lawrence

Williams, Mr. Charles Eugene

Sloper, Mr. William Thompson

Saundercock, Mr. William Henry

male

male

male

male

male

male

male

. . .

male

0

0

0

1

0

1

1

3

3

3

2

2

2

1

```
NaN
                                                              S
4
     35.0
                       373450
                                8.0500
6
                       17463 51.8625
                                                  E46
     54.0
                                                              S
                       349909
      2.0
                                                  NaN
7
                               21.0750
                                                              S
12
     20.0
                   A/5. 2151
                                8.0500
                                                  NaN
                                                              S
                                                              S
13
     39.0
                       347082
                               31.2750
                                                  NaN
                                                  NaN
                                                              S
17
      NaN
                       244373
                               13.0000
20
     35.0
                       239865
                               26.0000
                                                  NaN
                                                              S
21
     34.0
                       248698
                               13.0000
                                                  D56
                                                              S
23
     28.0
                       113788
                               35.5000
                                                   Α6
                                                              S
                          ...
870
     26.0
                                                  NaN
                                                              S
                       349248
                                7.8958
872
                          695
                                         B51 B53 B55
                                                              S
     33.0
                                5.0000
873
     47.0
                       345765
                                9.0000
                                                  NaN
                                                              S
876
     20.0
                                9.8458
                                                  NaN
                                                              S
                         7534
                                7.8958
                                                              S
877
     19.0
                       349212
                                                  NaN
878
      NaN
                       349217
                                7.8958
                                                  NaN
                                                              S
881
     33.0
                       349257
                                7.8958
                                                  NaN
                                                              S
883
     28.0
            C.A./SOTON 34068
                               10.5000
                                                  NaN
                                                              S
884
     25.0
             SOTON/OQ 392076
                                7.0500
                                                  NaN
                                                              S
886
    27.0
                       211536
                               13.0000
                                                  NaN
                                                              S
```

[441 rows x 10 columns]

If we want to include rows where an observation takes on one of multiple values, the isin() method can be used:

```
[34]: # Select passengers who embarked in Southampton or Queenstown df[df['Embarked'].isin(('S', 'Q'))]
```

```
PassengerId
                              Survived
                                         Pclass
[34]:
        0
                          1
                                       0
                                                 3
        2
                          3
                                       1
                                                 3
        3
                          4
                                       1
                                                 1
        4
                          5
                                       0
                                                 3
        5
                          6
                                                 3
        6
                          7
                                       0
                                                 1
                          8
        7
                                       0
                                                 3
        8
                          9
                                       1
                                                 3
        10
                         11
                                       1
                                                 3
                         12
        11
                                       1
                                                 1
        . .
                        . . .
                                               . . .
        880
                        881
                                       1
                                                 2
        881
                        882
                                       0
                                                 3
        882
                        883
                                       0
                                                 3
        883
                        884
                                       0
                                                 2
        884
                        885
                                       0
                                                 3
        885
                        886
                                       0
                                                 3
        886
                        887
                                       0
                                                 2
        887
                        888
                                       1
                                                 1
        888
                        889
                                       0
                                                 3
        890
                        891
                                       0
                                                 3
        0
```

```
Name
                                                             Sex
                                                                    Age
                                Braund, Mr. Owen Harris
                                                            male
                                                                   22.0
2
                                  Heikkinen, Miss Laina
                                                          female
3
          Futrelle, Mrs. Jacques Heath (Lily May Peel)
                                                          female
                                                                   35.0
4
                               Allen, Mr. William Henry
                                                            male
                                                                   35.0
5
                                       Moran, Mr. James
                                                            male
                                                                   NaN
6
                                McCarthy, Mr. Timothy J
                                                            male
                                                                   54.0
                          Palsson, Master Gosta Leonard
7
                                                            male
                                                                   2.0
8
     Johnson, Mrs. Oscar W (Elisabeth Vilhelmina Berg)
                                                          female
                                                                   27.0
10
                         Sandstrom, Miss Marguerite Rut
                                                          female
                                                                   4.0
11
                                Bonnell, Miss Elizabeth
                                                          female
                                                                   58.0
```

```
. . .
880
          Shelley, Mrs. William (Imanita Parrish Hall)
                                                             female
                                                                     25.0
881
                                       Markun, Mr. Johann
                                                               male
                                                                     33.0
                             Dahlberg, Miss Gerda Ulrika
882
                                                             female
                                                                     22.0
                           Banfield, Mr. Frederick James
883
                                                               male
                                                                     28.0
884
                                   Sutehall, Mr. Henry Jr
                                                               male
                                                                     25.0
885
                   Rice, Mrs. William (Margaret Norton)
                                                             female
                                                                     39.0
886
                                   Montvila, Rev. Juozas
                                                               male
887
                             Graham, Miss Margaret Edith
                                                             female
                                                                     19.0
                Johnston, Miss Catherine Helen "Carrie"
888
                                                             female
                                                                      NaN
                                      Dooley, Mr. Patrick
890
                                                               male
                                                                     32.0
                            Fare Cabin Embarked
                Ticket
0
             A/5 21171
                          7.2500
                                   NaN
                                                S
     STON/02. 3101282
                                                S
2
                          7.9250
                                   NaN
3
                113803
                         53.1000
                                   C123
                                                S
4
                373450
                          8.0500
                                   NaN
                                                S
5
                330877
                          8.4583
                                   NaN
                                                Q
6
                 17463
                         51.8625
                                   E46
                                                S
7
                349909
                         21.0750
                                   NaN
                                                S
8
                347742
                         11.1333
                                   NaN
                                                S
10
               PP 9549
                         16.7000
                                    G6
                                                S
                113783
                         26.5500
                                  C103
                                                S
11
. .
                   . . .
                             . . .
                                    . . .
880
                230433
                        26.0000
                                   NaN
                                               S
881
                349257
                         7.8958
                                   NaN
                                                S
882
                  7552
                         10.5167
                                   NaN
                                                S
883
     C.A./SOTON 34068
                                   NaN
                                                S
                         10.5000
884
      SOTON/OQ 392076
                         7.0500
                                   NaN
                                                S
885
                382652
                         29.1250
                                   NaN
                                                Q
886
                                                S
                211536
                         13.0000
                                   NaN
887
                                   B42
                                                S
                112053
                         30.0000
888
            W./C. 6607
                                   NaN
                                                S
                         23.4500
890
                370376
                         7.7500
                                   NaN
                                                Q
```

[721 rows x 10 columns]

Finally, DataFrame implements a query() method which allows us to combine multiple conditions in a single string in an intuitive fashion. Column names can be used directly within this string to put restrictions on their values.

```
[35]: # Select passangers who embarked in Southampton and were above age 70
       df.query('Embarked == "S" & Age > 70')
[35]:
            PassengerId
                         Survived
                                   Pclass
                                                                              Name
       630
                    631
                                 1
                                         1
                                            Barkworth, Mr. Algernon Henry Wilson
                                                              Svensson, Mr. Johan
       851
                    852
                                 0
                                         3
                        Ticket
                                   Fare Cabin Embarked
                   Age
            male
                  80.0
                         27042
                                 30.000
                                          A23
                                                     S
       630
                                                      S
            male
                  74.0
                        347060
                                  7.775
                                          NaN
```

Your turn. Load the Titanic passenger data set data/titanic.csv and select the follow subsets of data:

- 1. Select all passengers with passenger IDs from 10 to 20
- 2. Select the 10th to 20th (inclusive) row of the dataframe
- 3. Using query(), select the sub-sample of female passengers aged 30 to 40. Display only the columns Name, Age, and Sex (in that order)
- 4. Repeat the last exercise without using query()
- 5. Select all men who embarked in Queenstown or Cherbourg