CS204: Algorithms

Mid Semester, Autumn 2017, IIT Patna

Duration:2 Hours

Full Marks: 30

1

a. Solve following recurrence relation

[4x1.5=6]

[10]

i. $T(n) = \sqrt{n} T(\sqrt{n}) + n$

ii. $T(n)=2T(n/4)+\sqrt{n}$

iii. $T(n) = T(n/4)+T(n/2)+cn^2$

iv. $T(n) = 5T(n/5) + \sqrt{n}$, T(1) = 1, T(0) = 0

b. Arrange entries of the following table to match

[4x1=4]

Algorithm	Recurrence	Run Time
Binary Search	T(n) = 2 T(n/2) + O(n)	O(2^n)
Merge sort	T(n) = T(n-1) + n-1	O(log n)
Insertion sort	T(n) = 2T(n-1) + 1	O(n log n)
Tower of Hanoi	T(n) = T(n/2) + O(1)	O(n^2)

2. True/False with very brief justification

[5x2=10]

- a. Comparison sort can be done in O(n) time
- Randomized partition algorithm partition the array in more balanced than 1:3 with 0.5 probability
- c. Quick sort is a stable sort
- d. A binary tree which is not full cannot represent any optimal prefix coding
- e. At most n/2 times partition procedure may be called in quick sort when n is the size of input.
- A subsequence is defined as a sequence that appears in the same relative order, but not necessarily contiguous. For example "ace" is a subsequence of sequence "abcde". Answer any one of the following questions.
 - a. The Longest Increasing Subsequence (LIS) problem is to find the length of the longest subsequence of a given sequence such that all elements of the subsequence are sorted in increasing order. For example, the length of LIS for {10, 22, 9, 33, 21, 50, 41, 60, 80} is 6 and LIS is {10, 22, 33, 50, 60, 80}.

 [1+2+1+5+1=10]
 - i. Show that brute force algorithm is exponential
 - ii. Show that problem satisfy the optimal sub-structure property
 - iii. Show that sub-problems are overlapping
 - iv. Propose a dynamic programming algorithm (top-down/bottom up) to solve this problem
 - v. Discuss about run time complexity of the proposed algorithm

- b. Longest common subsequence problem is to find the length of a sequence which is a subsequence of two given sequences. [1+2+1+5+1=10]
 - i. Show that brute force algorithm is exponential
 - ii. Show that problem satisfy the optimal sub-structure property
 - iii. Show that sub-problems are overlapping
 - iv. Propose a dynamic programming algorithm (top-down/bottom up) to solve this
 - v. Discuss about run time complexity of the proposed algorithm