CS 547: Foundation of Computer Security

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An appeal

- Punctuality!!
- Participation

Please Keep your notebook and pen with you

Why this 'Computer Security' course is?

 Can one complete a Civil Engineering degree without learning anything about safety of the infrastructure (civil)?

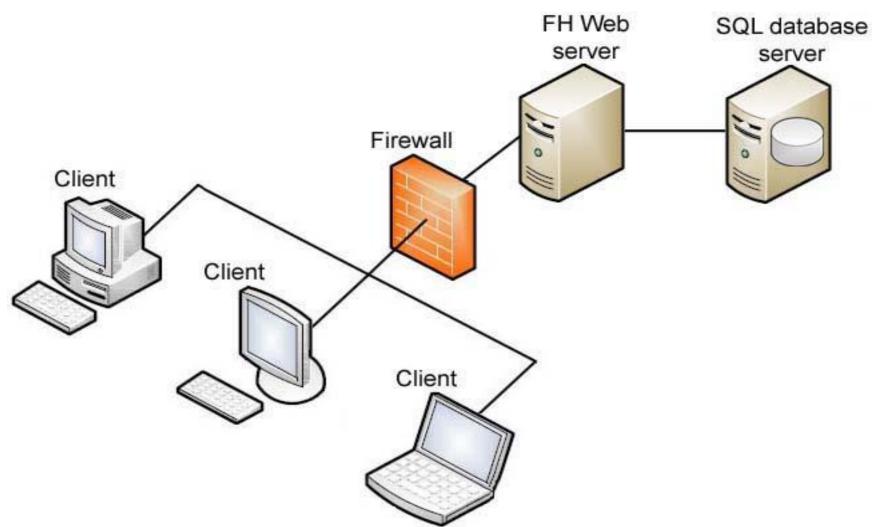
You can complete a Computer Science degree without learning anything about critical infrastructure, security and safety!!!!

Course Objective

· Goal:

- Primary goal is to be able to identify security and privacy issues in various aspects of computing, including:
 - Programs
 - Operating systems
 - Networks
 - Applications and Databases
- Secondarily, to be able to use this ability to design systems that are more protective of security and privacy.
- NB.: Familiarity with CS 341 Operating Systems and CS 101 Programming in C, is desirable

Foundation of Computer Security



Ex.: Web Server Application

Syllabus

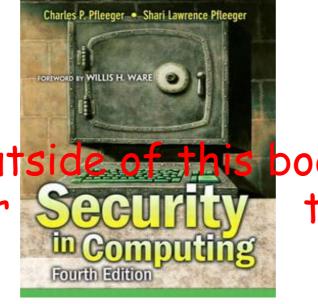
Familiarity with CS 341 Operating Systems and CS 101 Programming in C, is desirable

- Introduction to Computer Security and Privacy: security and privacy;
 types of threats and attacks; methods of defense
- Program Security: Secure programs; nonmalicious program errors; malicious code; controls against program threats
- Operating System Security: Methods of protection; access control; user authentication
- Network Security: Network threats; firewalls, intrusion detection systems
- Application Security and Privacy: Basics of cryptography; security and privacy for Internet applications (email, instant messaging, web browsing); privacy-enhancing technologies. Database Security and Privacy: Security and privacy requirements; reliability, integrity, and privacy; inference;

Required textbook

Security in Computing, 4th edition Charles P. Pfleeger and Shari Lawrence Pfleeger Prentice-Hall, 2007 or later

I would follow outside of this book most often. So please be regular



to all the classes.

Slides & Assignments will be uploaded/posted.

Course mechanics

Course webpage

Googledocs in our group

- Evaluation
 - Assignments, Quiz-tests. Term Project (35-30%)
 - Midterm (25%)
 - Final (35%)
 - Class participation/ Attendance 5-10%

- Attendance: Full attendance is expected being an Elective course
- Your participation in the class has major value

For Discussion

- You can reach me
 - som@iitp.ac.in
 - Text/call/ WhatsApp:8084717331
- T.A.:
 - Mr. Harsh
 - "harsh 1921cs01" <harsh_1921cs01@iitp.ac.in>;
 - Mr. Narendra

Course Outcomes

- Will make you to realize\ understand
 - think like an attacker
 - Be informed of the issues.
 - Because many developers don't even consider security in software.
 - the tradeoffs
- This Course Is NOT
 - Forensic and anti-forensics
 - Social engineering
 - Reverse engineering
 - Security management
 - Hack all things
 - Privacy
 - Cryptographic Algorithms

Pl note

You are not to test the security of, break into, compromise, or otherwise attack, any system or network without the express consent of the owner

Caution!!!!

Kevin Mitnick

- First hacker on FBI's Most Wanted list
- Hacked into many networks
 - including FBI
- Stole intellectual property
 - including 20K credit card numbers
- In 1995, caught 2nd time
 - served five years in prison



Recent Indian context



2014:

- Amit Vikram Tiwari, Global hacker arrested
- He was nabbed in 2003 as well.
- compromises 950 foreign email accounts and 171 Indian;

. 2019:

- 33-year-old Indian man has been sentenced to three months in prison followed by deportation for hacking 15 websites,
- May 2020
 - Facebook hackers arrested by Azamgarh Police

Whoever without permission of the owner of the computer:

- > Secures Access;
- > Downloads, Copies or extracts any data, computer database or any information;
 - > Introduce or causes to be introduce any Virus or Contaminant;
 - Disrupts or causes disruption;
 - > Tampering with or Manipulating any Computer, Computer System, or Computer Network;

Shall be liable to pay damages by way of compensation.

Cyber Law is represented by Indian IT ACT 2008

Computer Security

What is Computer Security?

 Computer Security is the protection of computing systems and the data that they store or access.

• Why is Computer Security Important?

 Computer Security allows the organization to carry out its mission by Protecting personal data and sensitive information

Why Computer Security?

- The Internet is a dangerous place
 - We are constantly being scanned for vulnerable systems
 - new unpatched systems will be exploited within minutes.

- Lab (Govt. or Industry) is an attractive target
 - High network bandwidth is useful for attackers who take over lab computers
 - Publicity value of compromising a .gov site
 - Attackers may not realize we have no information useful to them

Source of Danger

We need to protect

- Our data
- Our ability to use our computers (denial of service attacks)
- Our reputation with Congress and the general public

Major sources of danger

- Running malicious code on your machine due to system or application vulnerabilities or improper user actions
- Carrying infected machines (laptops) in from off site

Defining Security

 Security: Ability to avoid being harmed by any risk, danger or threat (Cambridge dictionary)

- The security of a system, application, or protocol is always relative to
 - A set of desired properties
 - An adversary with specific capabilities
- Security is achieving some goals in presence of Adversary

Thanks