Sum Sensitivity Proofs

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Definition 1. A sum query on database x of size n is defined to be

$$s(x) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i.$$

1 NEIGHBORING DEFINITION: CHANGE ONE

1.1 ℓ_1 -sensitivity

Theorem 1. Say the space of datapoints \mathcal{X} is bounded above by M and bounded below by m. Then s over \mathcal{X}^n has ℓ_1 -sensitivity bounded above by M-m.

Proof. Say X and X' are neighboring databases which differ at data-point x_j . Then

$$\begin{split} \Delta s &= \max_{X,X'} \left| s(X) - s(X)' \right| \\ &= \max_{X,X'} \left| \left(\sum_{\{i \in [n] | i \neq j\}} x_i \right) + x_j - \left(\sum_{\{i \in [n] | i \neq j\}} x_i' \right) + x_j' \right| \\ &= \max_{X,X'} \left| x_j - x_j' \right| \\ &\leq M - m. \end{split}$$

1.2 ℓ_2 -sensitivity

Theorem 2. Say the space of datapoints \mathcal{X} is bounded above by M and bounded below by m. Then s over \mathcal{X}^n has ℓ_1 -sensitivity bounded above by $(M-m)^2$.

Proof. Say X and X' are neighboring databases which differ only at index j. Then

$$\Delta \bar{X} = \max_{X,X'} (s(X) - s(X)')^2$$

$$= \max_{X,X'} \left(\left(\sum_{i \in [n] | i \neq j} x_i \right) + x_j - \left(\sum_{i \in [n] | i \neq j} x_i' \right) - x_j' \right)^2$$

$$= \max_{X,X'} (x_j - x_j')^2$$

$$\leq (M - m)^2.$$

2 NEIGHBORING DEFINITION: ADD/DROP ONE

2.1 ℓ_1 -sensitivity

Theorem 3. Say the space of datapoints \mathcal{X} is bounded above by M and bounded below by m. Then s has ℓ_1 -sensitivity bounded above by $\max(|m|, |M|)$.

Proof. For notational ease, let n always refer to the size of database x. We must consider both adding and removing an element from x. First, consider adding a point:

Let $X' = X \cup x$. Without loss of generality, assume the point added is the $(n+1)^{\text{th}}$ element of database x'. Note that

$$|s(X) - s(X')| = \left| \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i - \sum_{i=1}^{n+1} x_i \right|$$

$$= \left| \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i - \left(\sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i \right) - x \right|$$

$$= x$$

$$\leq \max(|m|, |M|).$$

Second, consider removing a point:

Let $X' = X \setminus \{x\}$. Without loss of generality assume that the point subtracted is the n^{th} element of database x.

$$|s(X) - s(X')| = \left| \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i - \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} x_i \right|$$

$$= \left| \left(\sum_{i=1}^{n-1} x_i \right) + x - \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} x_i \right|$$

$$= x$$

$$\leq \max(|m|, |M|).$$

2.2 ℓ_2 -sensitivity

Theorem 4. Say the space of datapoints \mathcal{X} is bounded above by M and bounded below by m. Then s has ℓ_2 -sensitivity bounded above by $\max(m^2, M^2)$.

Proof. For notational ease, let n always refer to the size of database x. We must consider both adding and removing an element from x. First, consider adding a point:

Let $X' = X \cup x$. Without loss of generality, assume the point added is the $(n+1)^{\text{th}}$ element of database x'. Note that

$$(s(X) - s(X'))^{2} = \left(\sum_{i=1}^{n} x_{i} - \sum_{i=1}^{n+1} x_{i}\right)^{2}$$
$$= \left(\sum_{i=1}^{n} x_{i} - \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_{i} - x\right)^{2}$$
$$= x^{2}$$
$$\leq \max(m^{2}, M^{2}).$$

Second, consider removing a point:

Let $X' = X \setminus \{x\}$. Without loss of generality assume that the point subtracted is the n^{th} element of database x. Then,

$$(s(X) - s(X'))^{2} = \left(\sum_{i=1}^{n} x_{i} - \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} x_{i}\right)^{2}$$
$$= \left(\sum_{i=1}^{n-1} x_{i} + x - \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} x_{i}\right)^{2}$$
$$= x^{2}$$
$$\leq \max(m^{2}, M^{2}).$$