



gen4 Internet of Displays Arduino Libraries

Document Date: 8th July 2017 Document Revision: 1.1

Contents

| 1. | Libraries Introduction | 5 |
|----|----------------------------------|----|
| | 1.1. Include the Libraries | 5 |
| | 1.2. Create a GFX4D Object | 5 |
| | 1.3. Initialize the Display | 6 |
| | 1.4. Create a SOMOIoD Object | 6 |
| | 1.5. Initialize the Sound Module | 6 |
| 2. | Display Functions | 7 |
| | 2.1. Orientation | 8 |
| | 2.1.1. Set Orientation | 8 |
| | 2.1.2. Get Orientation | 8 |
| | 2.2. BacklightOn | 9 |
| | 2.3. FillScreen | 10 |
| | 2.4. Cls | 11 |
| | 2.5. MoveTo | 12 |
| | 2.6. getX | 13 |
| | 2.7. getY | 14 |
| | 2.8. getWidth | 15 |
| | 2.9. getHeight | 16 |
| | 2.10. Invert | 17 |
| 3. | Primitive Shapes | 18 |
| | 3.1. PutPixel | 19 |
| | 3.2. Hline | 20 |
| | 3.3. Vline | 21 |
| | 3.4. Line | 22 |
| | 3.5. Circle | 23 |
| | 3.6. CircleFilled | 24 |
| | 3.7. Ellipse | 25 |
| | 3.8. EllipseFilled | |
| | 3.9. Rectangle | |
| | 3.10. RectangleFilled | |
| | 3.11. RoundRect | |
| | 3.12. RoundRectFilled | 30 |
| | 3.13. Triangle | |
| | | |
| | 3.14. TriangleFilled | 32 |
| 1 | 3.14. TriangleFilled | |
| 4. | Primitive Objects | 33 |
| 4. | Primitive Objects | 33 |
| 4. | Primitive Objects | 33 |

| 4.4. ButtonDown | 37 |
|--------------------------|----|
| 4.5. ButtonActive | 38 |
| 4.6. DeleteButton | 39 |
| 4.7. CheckButtons | 40 |
| 4.8. Panel | 41 |
| 4.9. PanelRecessed | 42 |
| 4.10. Slider | 43 |
| 5. Text Functions | 44 |
| | 45 |
| 5.1.1. Set Font | 45 |
| 5.1.2. Get Font | 45 |
| 5.2. TextSize | 46 |
| 5.3. TextColor | 47 |
| 5.4. TextWrap | 48 |
| 5.5. print | 49 |
| 5.6. println | 50 |
| 5.7. UserCharacter | 51 |
| 5.8. UserCharacterBG | 52 |
| 6. Text Window Functions | 53 |
| | 54 |
| | 55 |
| | 56 |
| | 57 |
| | 58 |
| · | 59 |
| • | 60 |
| | 61 |
| | |
| 7. Scroll Functions | |
| | 63 |
| · | 64 |
| | 65 |
| 7.4. getScrollOffset | 66 |
| 8. 4D Graphics Functions | 67 |
| 8.1. CheckSD | 68 |
| 8.2. Open4dGFX | 69 |
| 8.3. UserImage | 70 |
| 8.4. UserImageDR | 71 |
| 8.5. UserImages | 72 |
| 8.6. UserImagesDR | 73 |
| 8.7. Printlmage | 74 |
| 8.8 PrintlmageFile | 75 |

| 8.9. LedDigitsDisplay | 76 |
|------------------------------|-----|
| 8.10. LedDigitsDisplaySigned | 77 |
| 9. Touch Functions | 78 |
| 9.1. touch_Set | 79 |
| 9.2. touch_Update | 80 |
| 9.3. touch_GetPen | 81 |
| 9.4. touch_GetX | 82 |
| 9.5. touch_GetY | 83 |
| 9.6. imageTouchEnable | 84 |
| 9.7. imageTouched | 85 |
| 9.8. XYposToDegree | 86 |
| 10. Wi-Fi Functions | 87 |
| 10.1. DownloadFile | 88 |
| 10.2. PrintlmageWifi | |
| 11. GRAM Functions | 90 |
| 11.1. setGRAM | 91 |
| 11.2. WrGRAM | 92 |
| 11.3. WrGRAM16 | 93 |
| 11.4. WrGRAMs | 94 |
| 11.5. WrGRAMs16 | 95 |
| 12. Sound Module Functions | 96 |
| 12.1. Command | 97 |
| 12.2. LastCommand | 98 |
| 13. Revision History | 99 |
| 14. Legal Notice | 100 |
| 15. Contact Information | 100 |

1. Libraries Introduction

The GFX4D and SOMOIoD libraries are provided by 4D Systems for use with gen4-IoD product series.

The GFX4D library provides users access to the graphics, touch, and WiFi functionalities of gen4-IoD products.

The SOMOIOD library, on the other hand, is for controlling a **SOMO-II** or a **MOTG-MP3** interfaced to a gen4-IoD display module through the pin GPIO16.

The GFX4D and SOMOIOD libraries include a large collection of useful functions that provides the user easy access to the following:

- Basic Graphics
- 4D Graphics Files (GCI and DAT files)
- Text Functions
- Touch Control
- Wi-Fi / Internet Download
- SOMO-II Control

The libraries are installed automatically to the Arduino library directory when Workshop4 IDE is installed. Please take note that Arduino IDE must be installed prior to the Workshop4 installation for this work.

Workshop4 is a Windows-only application so for those who are using a different operating system, the GFX4D library can be downloaded here while the SOMOIOD library can be found here.

1.1. Include the Libraries

To use the library, the user must first include the library to his code.

```
#include "GFX4d.h"
#include "SOMOIoD.h"
```

For those who want to use the Wi-Fi functionality with ease, the user needs to include the recommended ESP8266WiFi library.

```
#include "ESP8266WiFi.h"
```

The library is automatically downloaded when you install the ESP8266 board package through the Boards Manager of the Arduino IDE. Please refer to the *gen4-loD Quick Start Guide* for a more detailed discussion regarding this.

1.2. Create a GFX4D Object

Once the GFX4D library is included to the project the user needs to create a GFX4D object.

```
GFX4d gfx = GFX4d();
```

In this example, the GFX4d object is named qfx. This document will use the same object name in the examples.

1.3. Initialize the Display

The display is initialized during setup using the GFX4D function begin. Other GFX4D functions can also be included during setup. Here's an example of a setup function.

1.4. Create a SOMOIoD Object

The SOMOIOD library allows the users to easily interface a SOMO-II or a MOTG-MP3 to the gen4-IoD module. Once the SOMOIOD library is included to the project the user needs to create a SOMOIOD object.

```
SOMOIOD sound;
```

In this example, the SOMOIoD object is named **sound**. This document will use the same object name in the examples.

1.5. Initialize the Sound Module

The sound module is initialized during setup using the SOMOloD function begin.

2. Display Functions

These functions allows to set the displays mode of operation and check the properties of the screen.

- Orientation
 - Set Orientation
 - o Get Orientation
- BacklightOn
- FillScreen
- Cls
- MoveTo
- getX
- getY
- getWidth
- getHeight
- Invert

2.1. Orientation

2.1.1. Set Orientation

| Syntax | Orientation (mode) | | | |
|-------------|--------------------|-----------------------|------------------|---|
| | | | | |
| Arguments | mode | | | |
| | mode S | Specifies the orient | ation | |
| | | | | |
| Returns | none | | | |
| | | | | |
| Description | Sets the orientati | on of the display th | e the moc | le specified. |
| - | | | | · |
| | Constant Defi | nitions V | /alue | \neg |
| | LANDSCA | .PE | 0 | |
| | LANDSCAP | E_R | 1 | |
| | PORTRA | IT | 2 | |
| | PORTRAIS | Г R | 3 | 7 |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | Note: The curso | r position is not alt | ered in any | way by changing the orientation. |
| | Note: The curso | r position is not alt | ered in any | y way by changing the orientation. |
| Example | | · | | y way by changing the orientation. ets Orientation to PORTRAIT |

2.1.2. Get Orientation

| Syntax | Orientation () | |
|-------------|---|--|
| | | |
| Arguments | none | |
| | _ _ | |
| Returns | <pre>int8_t Orientation</pre> | |
| | | |
| Description | Get the current display orientation | |
| | | |
| Example | <pre>gfx.Orientation(PORTRAIT); int8_t orientation = gfx.Orientation(); // Get orientation then print its value gfx.print("orientation: "); gfx.println(orientation);</pre> | |

2.2. BacklightOn

| Syntax | BacklightOn (mode) | | | |
|-------------|--------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | | |
| Arguments | mode | | | |
| | mode | Use true to turn ON and false to turn OFF | | |
| | • | | | |
| Returns | none | | | |
| | | | | |
| Description | Turns the b | acklight ON if mode is true otherwise turns the backlight OFF | | |
| | | | | |
| Example | delay(30 | <pre>clightOn(false); // Turns the backlight OFF 000); // Wait for approx. 3 seconds clightOn(true); // Turns the backlight ON</pre> | | |

2.3. FillScreen

| Syntax | FillScreen | FillScreen (colour) | |
|-------------|---|--|--|
| | | | |
| Arguments | colour | | |
| | colour 16 bit colour to fill the screen | | |
| | | | |
| Returns | none | | |
| | | | |
| Description | Fills the screen with the specified colour. | | |
| | | | |
| Example | gfx.Fil | lScreen(LIME); // Fills the screen with LIME | |

2.4. Cls

| Syntax | Cls () or Cls (colour) | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| | | | |
| Arguments | | | |
| | colour | Specifies the colour to clear the screen with | |
| | | | |
| Returns | none | | |
| <u> </u> | | | |
| Description Clear the screen and fill with the specified colour . If no colour value | | reen and fill with the specified colour . If no colour value was specified, the | |
| function will use BLACK. | | ll use BLACK. | |
| | | | |
| | This function also brings some settings back to default. | | |
| Cursor position is reset to (0, 0) | | rsor position is reset to (0, 0) | |
| | Scroll is set to 0 pixels. | | |
| | I | | |
| Example | gfx.Cls(); // Clears the screen with BLACK | | |
| • | | | |
| | gfx.Cls(| LIME); // Clears the screen with LIME | |
| | | | |

2.5. MoveTo

| Syntax | MoveTo (x, y) | | |
|-------------|--|--|--|
| Arguments | х, у | | |
| Aiguments | Specifies the new cursor position | | |
| Returns | none | | |
| Description | Moves the cursor to the specified position. | | |
| Example | <pre>gfx.MoveTo(50, 30); int16_t CursorX = gfx.getX(); int16_t CursorY = gfx.getY();</pre> | | |
| | gfx.prir | cursor X and Y positions then print their values at ("X-Position: "); gfx.println(CursorX); at ("Y-Position: "); gfx.println(CursorY); | |

2.6. getX

| Syntax | getX () |
|-------------|---|
| Arguments | none |
| Returns | int16_t Cursor X Position |
| Description | Returns the current X position of the cursor |
| Example | <pre>gfx.MoveTo(50, 30); int16_t CursorX = gfx.getX();</pre> |
| | <pre>// Get cursor X position then print its value gfx.print("X-Position: "); gfx.println(CursorX);</pre> |

2.7. getY

| Syntax | getY () | |
|-------------|---|--|
| Arguments | none | |
| Returns | int16_t Cursor Y Position | |
| Description | Returns the current Y position of the cursor | |
| Example | <pre>gfx.MoveTo(50, 30); int16_t CursorY = gfx.getY();</pre> | |
| | <pre>// Get cursor Y position then print its value gfx.print("Y-Position: "); gfx.println(CursorY);</pre> | |

2.8. getWidth

| Syntax | getWidth () | |
|-------------|---|--|
| Arguments | none | |
| Returns | int16_t Display Width | |
| Description | Returns the width of the display in pixels | |
| Example | <pre>gfx.Orientation(PORTRAIT); int16 t displayWidth = gfx.getWidth();</pre> | |
| | <pre>// Get display Width then print its value gfx.print("Width: "); gfx.println(displayWidth);</pre> | |

2.9. getHeight

| Syntax | getHeight () |
|-------------|--|
| Arguments | none |
| Returns | int16_t Display Height |
| Description | Returns the height of the display in pixels |
| Example | <pre>gfx.Orientation(LANDSCAPE); int16_t displayHeight = gfx.getHeight();</pre> |
| | <pre>// Get display height then print its value gfx.print("Height: "); gfx.println(displayHeight);</pre> |

2.10. Invert

| Syntax | Invert (mode) | | |
|-------------|---|--|--|
| Arguments | mode | | |
| | mode | Use true to invert display colours and false to display original | |
| Returns | none | | |
| Description | If mode is true, this will invert the colours displayed on the screen otherwise this will display original colours. | | |
| Example | <pre>gfx.RectangleFilled(0, 0, 50, 50, BLACK); gfx.RectangleFilled(100, 100, 150, 150, BLUE);</pre> | | |
| | <pre>delay(2000); gfx.Invert(true); // Inverts colours displayed on screen</pre> | | |
| | delay(200 gfx.Inver | 00); ct(false); // Revert back to original colours | |

3. Primitive Shapes

These functions allow easy generation of basic shapes.

- PutPixel
- Hline
- Vline
- Line
- Arc
- ArcFilled
- Circle
- CircleFilled
- Ellipse
- EllipseFilled
- Rectangle
- RectangleFilled
- RoundRect
- RoundRectFilled
- Triangle
- TriangleFilled

3.1. PutPixel

| Syntax | PutPixel (x, y, colour) | | |
|-------------|---|---|--|
| Arguments | x, y, colour | • | |
| | х, у | 10.10.11.11.11 | |
| | colour | 16 bit colour to be drawn to the specified position | |
| | | | |
| Returns | none | | |
| | | | |
| Description | Writes the pixel colour to the specified position | | |
| | | | |
| Example | gfx.PutI | Pixel(5,10,RED); // Draws a RED pixel at (5,10) | |

3.2. Hline

| Syntax | Hline (x, y, wi | Hline (x, y, width, colour) | | |
|-----------|-----------------|---|---|--|
| Arguments | x, y, width, co | our | | |
| | x, y | Starting position of the line | | |
| | width | Length in pixels of the horizontal line | | |
| | colour | 16 bit colour of the line | | |
| | | | | |
| Returns | none | | | |
| | colour. Direct | on is specified by the sign of width . | | |
| | Sign | Drawing Direction | | |
| | | | | |
| | | Drawing Direction | | |
| | Sign - | Drawing Direction | | |
| Example | Sign - + | Drawing Direction | t | |

3.3. Vline

| Syntax | Vline (x, y, height, colour) | | |
|-----------|------------------------------|--|--|
| Arguments | x, y, height, colour | | |
| | х, у | Starting position of the line | |
| | height | Length in pixels of the vertical line | |
| | colour | 16 bit colour of the line | |
| | | | |
| Returns | none | | |
| | colour . Direct | on is specified by the sign of height . | |
| | colour. Direct | on is specified by the sign of height . | |
| | | | |
| | Sign | Drawing Direction | |
| | | | |
| | Sign - | Drawing Direction up | |
| | Sign - | Drawing Direction up | |
| Example | Sign - + | Drawing Direction up | |

3.4. Line

| Syntax | Line (x, y, x | Line (x, y, x1, y1, colour) | | |
|-------------|--|---|--|--|
| Arguments | x, y, x1, y1, colour | | | |
| | х, у | Starting position of the line | | |
| | x1,y1 | 1,y1 Ending position of the line | | |
| | colour | | | |
| | | | | |
| Returns | none | | | |
| | | | | |
| Description | Draws a line from point (x,y) to point (x1,y1) using the specified colour. | | | |
| | | | | |
| Example | _ | e(0,0,50,50,RED); s a RED line from (0,0) to (50,50) | | |

3.5. Circle

| Syntax | Circle (x, y, | Circle (x, y, radius, colour) | | | |
|-------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| Arguments | x, y, radius, colour | | | | |
| | x, y | Center of the circle | | | |
| | radius | Radius of the circle | | | |
| | colour | colour 16 bit colour of the circle | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Returns | none | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Description | Draws a circle with the specified radius and colour with the center at (x,y) | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Example | _ | cle(50,50,10,RED); s a RED circle w/ radius of 10 and center at (50,50) | | | |

3.6. CircleFilled

| Syntax | CircleFilled | CircleFilled (x, y, radius, colour) | |
|-------------|---------------------------------|---|--|
| | | | |
| Arguments | x, y, radius | , colour | |
| | х, у | Center of the filled circle | |
| | radius | Radius of the filled circle | |
| | colour | 16 bit colour of the filled circle | |
| | | | |
| Returns | none | | |
| | | | |
| Description | Draws a so | Draws a solid-coloured circle with the specified radius and colour with the center at | |
| | (x,y) | | |
| | | | |
| Example | gfx.CircleFilled(50,50,10,RED); | | |
| • | // Draws | // Draws a RED filled circle with: | |
| | // radiu | us of 10 and center @(50,50) | |
| | | | |

3.7. Ellipse

| Syntax | Ellipse (x, y, radx, rady, colour) | | |
|-------------|------------------------------------|---|--|
| | | | |
| Arguments | x, y, radx, r | ady, colour | |
| | x, y | Center of the elllipse | |
| | radx | Radius of the ellipse along the x-axis | |
| | rady | Radius of the ellipse along the y-axis | |
| | colour | 16 bit colour of the elllipse | |
| | | | |
| Returns | none | | |
| | | | |
| Description | Draws an e | Draws an ellipse with the specified x radius (radx), y radius (rady), and colour with the | |
| | center at (x,y) | | |
| | | | |
| Example | gfx.Elli | gfx.Ellipse(50,50,10,5,RED); | |
| • | // Draws | s a RED ellipse with: | |
| | // x-rad | dius of 10, y-radius of 5 and center @(50,50) | |
| | | | |

3.8. EllipseFilled

| Syntax | EllipseFille | EllipseFilled (x, y, radx, rady, colour) | | |
|-------------|---------------------------------|---|--|--|
| | | | | |
| Arguments | x, y, radx, r | ady, colour | | |
| | x, y | Center of the filled elllipse | | |
| | radx | Radius of the filled ellipse along the x-axis | | |
| | rady | Radius of the filled ellipse along the y-axis | | |
| | colour | 16 bit colour of the filled elllipse | | |
| | • | · | | |
| Returns | none | | | |
| | | | | |
| Description | Draws a so | lid coloured ellipse with the specified x radius (radx), y radius (rady), and | | |
| | colour with the center at (x,y) | | | |
| | • | | | |
| Example | gfx.Elli | ipseFilled(50,50,10,5,RED); | | |
| | // Draws | s a RED filled ellipse with: | | |
| | // x-rad | dius of 10, y-radius of 5 and center @(50,50) | | |
| | | | | |

3.9. Rectangle

| Syntax | Rectangle | Rectangle (x, y, x1, y1, colour) | | |
|-------------|---------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | | |
| Arguments | x, y, x1, y1, | , colour | | |
| | х, у | Specifies an endpoint of one diagonal of the rectangle | | |
| | x1, y1 | Specifies the other endpoint the same diagonal of the rectangle | | |
| | colour | 16 bit colour of the rectangle | | |
| | | | | |
| Returns | none | | | |
| | | | | |
| Description | Draws a red | Draws a rectangle having a diagonal with endpoints at (x, y) and (x1, y1). | | |
| | | | | |
| Example | gfx.Rectangle(0,0,50,50,CYAN); | | | |
| | // Draws a CYAN rectangle with: | | | |
| | // a dia | agonal whose end points are (0,0) and (50,50) | | |
| | | | | |

3.10. RectangleFilled

| Syntax | RectangleFilled (x, y, x1, y1, colour) | | | |
|-------------|--|--|--|--|
| Arguments | x, y, x1, y1, | , colour | | |
| | х, у | Specifies an endpoint of one diagonal of the rectangle | | |
| | x1, y1 | 1 Specifies the other endpoint the same diagonal of the rectangle | | |
| | colour | 16 bit colour of the rectangle | | |
| | | · | | |
| Returns | none | | | |
| | | | | |
| Description | Draws a so | Draws a solid rectangle having a diagonal with endpoints at (x, y) and (x1, y1). | | |
| | | | | |
| Example | // Draws | tangleFilled(0,0,50,50,YELLOW); s a YELLOW solid rectangle with: agonal whose end points are (0,0) and (50,50) | | |

3.11. RoundRect

| Syntax | RoundRect (x, y, x1, y1, radius, colour) | | | | |
|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Arguments | V V V1 V1 colour | | | | |
| Aiguments | | x, y, x1, y1, colour | | | |
| | x, y | Specifies an endpoint of one diagonal of the round-cornered rectangle | | | |
| | x1, y1 | Specifies the other endpoint the same diagonal of the round-cornered rectangle | | | |
| | radius | Specifies the corner radius. This is the distance in pixels extending from | | | |
| | | the corners of the inner rectangle. | | | |
| | colour | 16 bit colour of the rectangle | | | |
| Datama | T | | | | |
| Returns | none | | | | |
| Description | | radius | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Example | // Draws | adRect(0,0,50,50,10,GREEN); a GREEN round-cornered rectangle with: agonal whose end points are (0,0) and (50,50) corner radius of 10 | | | |

3.12. RoundRectFilled

| Syntax | RoundRectFilled (x, y, x1, y1, radius, colour) | | | | | | |
|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Arguments | x, y, x1, y1, colour | | | | | | |
| | х, у | Specifies an endpoint of one diagonal of the round-cornered filled rectangle | | | | | |
| | x1, y1 | Specifies the other endpoint the same diagonal of the round-cornered filled rectangle | | | | | |
| | radius | Specifies the corner radius. This is the distance in pixels extending from the corners of the inner rectangle. | | | | | |
| | colour | 16 bit colour of the round-cornered filled rectangle | | | | | |
| Returns | none | | | | | | |
| Description | | id round-cornered rectangle having a diagonal with endpoints at (x, y) and with a corner radius of radius. X, Y radius | | | | | |
| Example | // Draws | adRectFilled(0,0,50,50,10,RED); s a solid RED round-cornered rectangle with: agonal whose end points are (0,0) and (50,50) and a corner radius of 10 | | | | | |

3.13. Triangle

| Syntax | Triangle (x, y, x1, y1, x2, y2, colour) | | | |
|-------------|---|--|--|--|
| | | | | |
| Arguments | x, y, x1, y1, x2, y2, colour | | | |
| | х, у | Specifies the first vertex of the triangle. | | |
| | x1, y1 | Specifies the second vertex of the triangle. | | |
| | x2, y2 | Specifies the third vertex of the triangle. | | |
| | colour | 16 bit colour of the rectangle | | |
| | | | | |
| Returns | none | | | |
| | | | | |
| Description | Draws a triangle outline between vertices (x,y), (x1,y1), and (x2,y2) using the specified | | | |
| - | colour. | | | |
| | • | | | |
| Example | <pre>gfx.Triangle(0,0,10,50,50,50,CYAN); // Draws a CYAN triangle with:</pre> | | | |
| | // the v | vertices (0,0), (10,50), and (50,50) | | |

3.14. TriangleFilled

| Syntax | TriangleFilled (x, y, x1, y1, x2, y2, colour) | | | |
|-------------|--|--|--|--|
| Arguments | x, y, x1, y1, x2, y2, colour | | | |
| | x, y Specifies the first vertex of the triangle. | | | |
| | x1, y1 | Specifies the second vertex of the triangle. | | |
| | x2, y2 | Specifies the third vertex of the triangle. | | |
| | colour | 16 bit colour of the rectangle | | |
| | • | <u> </u> | | |
| Returns | none | | | |
| | • | | | |
| Description | Draws a solid triangle between vertices (x,y), (x1,y1), and (x2,y2) using the specified | | | |
| | colour. | | | |
| | • | | | |
| Example | <pre>gfx.TriangleFilled(0,0,10,50,50,CYAN); // Draws a solid CYAN triangle with: // the vertices (0,0), (10,50), and (50,50)</pre> | | | |

4. Primitive Objects

These functions allows easy generation of primitive objects for basic user interface.

- Button
- Buttonx
- ButtonUp
- ButtonDown
- ButtonActive
- DeleteButton
- Panel
- PanelRecessed
- Slider

4.1. Button

| Syntax | Button (state, x, y, buttonColour, txtColour, fontID, txtWidth, txtHeight, text) | | | | | |
|-------------|---|---|------------------|---|--|--|
| _ | 1 | | | . Marital a sur i la ca | | |
| Arguments | state, x, y, buttonColour, txtColour, fontID, txtWidth, txtHeight, text | | | | | |
| | state | Specifies whether the button is pressed or raised | | | | |
| | x, y | Specifies the top left corner position of the button on the screen | | | | |
| | buttonColour | Button colour | | | | |
| | txtColour | Text Colour | | | | |
| | fontID | Specifies the Font ID. For more information, refer to this <u>section</u> . | | | | |
| | txtWidth | Specifies the width of the text. This value is the font width multiplier | | | | |
| | | and minimum value must be 1 | | | | |
| | txtHeight | Specifies the | height of the te | ext. This value is the font height multiplier | | |
| | | and minimum value must be 1 | | | | |
| | text | Specifies the text string. The text string must be within the range of | | | | |
| | printable ascii character set | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Returns | none | | | | | |
| | - | | | | | |
| Description | Draws a 3-dimensional Text Button at screen location defined by (x, y) parameters (top | | | | | |
| - | left corner). The size of the button depends on the font, width, height and length of the | | | | | |
| | text. | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | Constant Definitions | | Value | | | |
| | Relea | sed | 0 | | | |
| | Pressed | | 1 | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | l | | | | | |
| Example | gfx.Button(Pressed, 50, 50, RED, BLACK, 2, 1, 1, "TOGGLE"); | | | | | |
| LAGIIIPIC | // Draws a "Pressed" RED button @(50,50) | | | | | |
| | // Labelled "TOGGLE" (font color is BLACK) | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

4.2. Buttonx

| Syntax | Buttonx (hndl, x, y, w, h, buttonColour, text, fontID, txtColour) | | | | |
|-------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Arguments | hndl, x, y, w, h, buttonColour, text, fontID, txtColour | | | | |
| | hndl | Specifies the handle for the button | | | |
| | x, y | Specifies the top left corner position of the button on the screen | | | |
| | w, h | Specifies the width and height of the button | | | |
| | buttonColour | Button colour | | | |
| | text | Specifies the text string. The text string must be within the range of printable ASCII character set | | | |
| | fontID | Specifies the Font ID. For more information, refer to this <u>section</u> . | | | |
| | txtColour | Text Colour | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Returns | none | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Description | Draws a 3-dimensional Text Button at screen location defined by (x, y) parameters (to left corner). The user needs to specify a handler for the button that will be used by th functions: ButtonUp ButtonDown ButtonActive | | | | |
| | DeleteButton | | | | |
| | CheckButtons | | | | |
| | • Check | DULLUIS | | | |
| Example | // Draws a | x(BtnA, 50,50, 200,90, RED, "TOGGLE", 1, BLACK); RED button with a handle BtnA @(50,50) d "TOGGLE" (font color is BLACK) | | | |

4.3. ButtonUp

| Syntax | ButtonUp (hndl) | | | |
|-------------|--|---|--|--|
| | | | | |
| Arguments | hndl | | | |
| | hndl | Specifies the selected button to display as a raised button | | |
| | | • | | |
| Returns | none | | | |
| | | | | |
| Description | Displays the specified button as raised. | | | |
| | | | | |
| Example | gfx.But | tonUp(BtnA); // Redraws BtnA as a Raised button | | |

4.4. ButtonDown

| Syntax | ButtonDo | ButtonDown (hndl) | | |
|-------------|-------------|--|--|--|
| Arguments | hndl | | | |
| | hndl | Specifies the selected button to display as a pressed button | | |
| | | | | |
| Returns | none | none | | |
| | | | | |
| Description | Displays th | Displays the specified button as pressed. | | |
| | | | | |
| Example | gfx.But | tonDown(BtnA); // Redraws BtnA as a Pressed button | | |

4.5. ButtonActive

| Syntax | ButtonActi | ButtonActive (hndl, mode) | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|---|--|--|
| | | | | |
| Arguments | hndl, mode | | | |
| | hndl | Specifies the selected button to enable or disable | | |
| | mode | Use true to turn ON and false to turn OFF | | |
| | | | | |
| Returns | none | | | |
| | | | | |
| Description | Enable or [| Disable the specified button. | | |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | • | · | | |
| Example | | tonActive(BtnA, false); // Disable BtnA tonActive(BtnA, true); // Enable BtnA | | |

4.6. DeleteButton

| Syntax | DeleteButton (hndl) or DeleteButton (hndl, colour) | | | | |
|-------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Arguments | hndl, colou | hndl. colour | | | |
| | hndl | Specifies the handle of the button to be deleted | | | |
| | colour | Specifies the colour to cover the button | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Returns | none | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Description | Deleles the button specified by covering the button area with the specified colour . The handle for the button is removed making the button non-existent. | | | | |
| | Note : If no colour was specified, the button will be covered with its background colour. | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Example | <pre>gfx.DeleteButton(BtnA); // Delete the button and remove its handle gfx.DeleteButton(BtnA, BLUE); // Delete the button by covering it with BLUE and // remove its handle</pre> | | | | |

4.7. CheckButtons

| Syntax | CheckButtons () | | | |
|-------------|---|--|--|--|
| Arguments | none | | | |
| Returns | uint8_t CheckButtons | | | |
| Description | Checks the status of the buttons. This function automatically displays the button as pressed or released button depending on the touch status. Note: Before using this function, it is required to enable touch. For more information, please refer to this section. | | | |
| Example | uint8 t btn; | | | |
| Example | <pre>btn = gfx.CheckButtons(); // Check if a button was touched if (btn != -1) { gfx.MoveTo(0,0); gfx.print("Button "); gfx.print(btn); gfx.println(" was pressed. "); }</pre> | | | |

4.8. Panel

| Syntax | Panel (x, y, w, h, colour) | | |
|---|---|---|--|
| | | | |
| Arguments | x, y, w, h, c | colour | |
| | х, у | Specifies the top left corner position of the panel on the screen | |
| | w, h | Specifies the width and height of the panel | |
| | colour | 16 bit colour of the panel | |
| | | | |
| Returns | none | | |
| | | | |
| Description Draws a raised 3 dimensional rectangular panel at a screen local | | ised 3 dimensional rectangular panel at a screen location defined by x, y | |
| | parameters (top left corner). The size of the panel is set with the w and h parameters. | | |
| | The colour is defined by colour . | | |
| | | | |
| Example | gfx.Panel (100, 50, 100, 30, ORANGE); | | |
| | | s an ORANGE panel @(100,50) with: | |
| | // width | n of 100 and height of 30 | |
| | | | |

4.9. PanelRecessed

| Syntax | PanelRecessed (x, y, w, h, colour) | | |
|--|--|---|--|
| | | | |
| Arguments | x, y, w, h, c | olour | |
| | х, у | Specifies the top left corner position of the panel on the screen | |
| | w, h | Specifies the width and height of the panel | |
| | colour | 16 bit colour of the panel | |
| | | · | |
| Returns | none | | |
| | , | | |
| Description Draws a recessed 3 dimensional rectangular panel at a | | cessed 3 dimensional rectangular panel at a screen location defined by x, y | |
| | parameters (top left corner). The size of the panel is set with the w and h parameters | | |
| | The colour is defined by colour . | | |
| | | | |
| Example | gfx.PanelRecessed(100,150,100,30,YELLOW); | | |
| | // Draws | s a YELLOW recessed panel @(100,150) with: | |
| | // width | n of 100 and height of 30 | |
| | | | |

4.10. Slider

| Syntax | Slider (mode | e, x, y, x1, y <mark>1,</mark> b | gColour, thColour, | scale, value) | |
|-------------|---|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Arguments | mode, x, y, x1, y1, bgColour, thColour, scale, value | | | | |
| J | mode | | ne type of slider to k | | |
| | х, у | Top left co | rner position of the | slider on the screen | |
| | x1, y1 | Bottom rig | ht corner position o | f the slider on the screen | |
| | bgColour | Specifies a | 16 bit colour for the | e background of the slider | |
| | thColour | Specifies a | 16 bit colour for the | e thumb of the slider | |
| | scale | Sets the fu | ll scale range of the | slider for the thumb | |
| | value | Relative po | sition of the thumb | on the slider bar | |
| | | • | | | |
| Returns | none | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Description | Draws a slider with the top left corner at (x,y) and bottom right corner (x1,y1). The thumb will be drawn depending on the specified scale and value. | | | | |
| | Constant Definitions | | Value | | |
| | SLIDEF | SLIDER RAISED | | 7 | |
| | SLIDEF | SUNKEN | 1 | | |
| | | | I. | | |
| | | | | | |
| Example | * * | | raised slider RAISED,50,50,1 | .50,100,SILVER,BLACK,10,5); | |
| | <pre>// Draws a GREEN sunken slider gfx.Slider(SLIDER_SUNKEN,50,150,150,200,GREEN,BLACK,20,15);</pre> | | | | |

5. Text Functions

This section contains functions allow setting and checking of text properties. This section also includes functions for displaying text on the screen.

- Font
 - Set Font
 - o Get Font
- TextSize
- TextColor
- TextWrap
- print
- println
- UserCharacter
- UserCharacterBG

5.1. Font

5.1.1. Set Font

| Syntax | Font (fontID) | | | |
|-------------|--|--------------|---------------------|---------------|
| Arguments | its fontID | | | |
| 3 | fontID | Specifies th | ne font to use (FON | T1 or FONT2) |
| | , | | | |
| Returns | none | | | |
| Description | Sets the font to Constant De | • | Value | |
| | FONT | | 1 (default) | |
| | FONT | 2 | 2 | |
| | Note: Does nothing if fontID is not equal to FONT1 or FONT2 | | | ONT1 or FONT2 |
| | | | | |
| Example | <pre>gfx.Font(FONT2); // Sets FONT2 as font to be used for printing text</pre> | | | |

5.1.2. Get Font

| Syntax | Font () | |
|-------------|---|--|
| | | |
| Arguments | none | |
| | | |
| Returns | int8_t Font | |
| | | |
| Description | Get the currently set text font | |
| | | |
| Example | <pre>gfx.Font(FONT2); // Sets FONT2 as font to be used for printing text</pre> | |
| | <pre>// Get current font then print its value int8_t fontID = gfx.Font(); gfx.print("Current Font: "); gfx.println(fontID);</pre> | |

5.2. TextSize

| Syntax | TextSize (multiplier) | | |
|-------------|---|--|--|
| | | | |
| Arguments | multiplier | | |
| | multiplier | Specifies the text width and height multiplier | |
| | • | · | |
| Returns | none | | |
| | | | |
| Description | Sets the text width and height multiplier. Text will be printed magnified horizontally and vertically by this factor. | | |
| | | | |
| Example | gfx.TextS // Sets t | Size(1); The current text width and height multiplier to 1 | |

5.3. TextColor

| Syntax | TextColor (fgColour) or TextColor (fgColour, bgColour) | | | | |
|-------------|--|---|--|--|--|
| Arguments | fgColour, bg | fgColour, bgColour | | | |
| | fgColour | Specifies the text foreground colour | | | |
| | bgColour | Specifies the text background colour | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Returns | none | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Description | Sets the text | foreground and background colour for printing text. | | | |
| | Note : If background colour is not specified, this function will treat it as transparent. | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Example | <pre>gfx.TextColor(WHITE); // sets the text foreground colour to WHITE</pre> | | | | |
| | <pre>gfx.TextColor(WHITE, BLACK); // sets the text foreground colour to WHITE // and the text background colour to BLACK</pre> | | | | |

5.4. TextWrap

| Syntax | TextWrap (| TextWrap (mode) | | |
|-------------|--|---|--|--|
| | | | | |
| Arguments | mode | | | |
| | mode | Use true to ENABLE and false to DISABLE | | |
| | | | | |
| Returns | none | | | |
| | | | | |
| Description | Text wrapping is ENABLED if mode is true otherwise text wrapping is DISABLED | | | |
| | | | | |
| | Note: The default mode is ENABLED. | | | |
| | | | | |
| Example | gfx.Text | Wrap(false); // Disable text wrapping | | |
| | _ | | | |
| | gfx.Text | Wrap(true); // Enable text wrapping | | |
| | | | | |

5.5. print

| Syntax | print (string) | | |
|-------------|---------------------|--|--|
| | | | |
| Arguments | string | | |
| | string | Specifies a string to print | |
| | | | |
| Returns | none | | |
| | | | |
| Description | Prints the s | pecified string to the current cursor position | |
| | <u>.</u> | | |
| Example | gfx.MoveTo(50, 50); | | |
| | gfx.prin | <pre>gfx.print("gen4-IoD");</pre> | |
| | | | |

5.6. println

| Syntax | println (string) | |
|-------------|---|-----------------------------|
| | | |
| Arguments | string | |
| | string | Specifies a string to print |
| | • | |
| Returns | none | |
| | | |
| Description | Prints the specified string to the current cursor position then moves the curs | |
| | to the next line | |
| | | |
| Example | gfx.MoveTo(50, 50); | |
| | gfx.pri | ntln("gen4-IoD"); |
| | | |

5.7. UserCharacter

| Syntax | UserCharacter | (32bitArray, arraySize, x, y, fgColour, bgColour) | | |
|-------------|-----------------|---|--|--|
| A | | | | |
| Arguments | | raySize, x, y, fgColour, bgColour | | |
| | 32bitArray | Specifies the array containing the character information | | |
| | arraySize | Specifies the size of the Array | | |
| | х, у | Specifies the top left coordinates | | |
| | fgColour | Specifies the character foreground colour | | |
| | bgColour | Specifies the character backgroun colour | | |
| Returns | nono | | | |
| Returns | none | | | |
| Description | User character | rs are W pixels wide and H pixels high. | | |
| | | | | |
| | | acter function requires an array containing the width and <i>height</i> of the | | |
| | character follo | wed by <i>height</i> x 32bit values | | |
| | | 1 0 1001 | | |
| Example | uint32_t i | .nvader2a[20] = { | | |
| | 24, 18, | // Character Width (Max: 32) and Height | | |
| | 24, 10, | // character wruth (Max. 32) and herght | | |
| | 0x00000000, // | | | |
| | 0x00060060, // | | | |
| | 0x000300C0, // | | | |
| | | .86, // | | |
| | | 306, // | | |
| | | C6, // | | |
| | | E6, // | | |
| | | 37E, // | | |
| | | .7E, // | | |
| | | FE, // | | |
| | | FC, // | | |
| | | FC, // | | |
| | | | | |
| | | FF8, // | | |
| | | 060, // | | |
| | | 030, // | | |
| | | | | |
| | | 00C, // | | |
| | 0x000000 | 000 // | | |
| | }; | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | $x = -10; x < 250; x++) $ { | | |
| | | Character(invader2a, 20, x, 50, LIME, BLACK); | | |
| | delay(20 |)); | | |
| | } | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

5.8. UserCharacterBG

| Syntax | UserCharacter (32bitArray, arraySize, x, y, fgColour, redrawBG, bgColour) | | |
|-------------|---|---|--|
| A | | | |
| Arguments | 32bitArray, arraySize, x, y, fgColour, bgColour | | |
| | 32bitArray | Specifies the array containing the character information | |
| | arraySize | Specifies the size of the Array | |
| | х, у | Specifies the top left coordinates | |
| | fgColour | Specifies the character foreground colour | |
| | redrawBG | Specifies whether the background image should be redrawn or not | |
| | objectID | Specifies the background image (GCI object) to be restored | |
| Returns | none | | |
| Description | User character | s are W pixels wide and H pixels high. | |
| Description | Oser character | s are w pixels wide and 11 pixels riigh. | |
| | The user chara | cter function requires an array containing the width and height of the | |
| | | wed by <i>height</i> x 32bit values | |
| | | | |
| | Note: This fur | nction does nothing is the character or a part of the character will be | |
| | | the display area. | |
| | | | |
| Example | uint32_t i | nvader[20] = { | |
| | | // 61 | |
| | 24, 18, | // Character Width (Max: 32) and Height | |
| | 0000000 | 00 // | |
| | | 00, // | |
| | | C0, // | |
| | | 86, // <mark>11</mark> <mark>11</mark> <mark>11</mark> . | |
| | | 06, // | |
| | | C6, // | |
| | | E6, // | |
| | | 7E, // | |
| | | 7E, // <mark>111111</mark> <mark>111111</mark> . | |
| | | FE, // <mark>111111111111111111111111</mark> | |
| | | FC, // <mark>.1111111111111111111</mark> | |
| | 0x003FFF | FC, // <mark>11111111111111111111</mark> | |
| | 0x001FFF | F8, // <mark>1111111111111111</mark> | |
| | | 60, // | |
| | 0x000C00 | 30, // | |
| | 0x001800 | 18, // | |
| | 0x003000 | OC, // | |
| | 0x000000 | 00 // | |
| | }; | | |
| | gfx.PrintI | <pre>mageFile("Bkground.Gci");</pre> | |
| | | | |
| | | x = 0; x < 240-24; x++) | |
| | | CharacterBG(invader, 20, x, 50, LIME, true, 0); | |
| | delay(20 |); | |
| | } | | |
| | 1 | | |

6. Text Window Functions

This section contains functions that allows generation of a text window object and set its properties. Included as well are functions that allows printing of text inside the text window and clearing of text.

- TextWindow
- TextWindowRestore
- TWcolor
- TWwrite
- TWprint
- TWprintln
- TWcls

6.1. TextWindow

| Syntax | TextWindow (x, y, w, h, txtColour, bgColour) or | | |
|-------------|---|--|--|
| | TextWindow (x, y, w, h, txtColour, bgColour, frameColour) | | |
| | <u>.</u> | | |
| Arguments | x, y, w, h, txtCo | olour, bgColour, frameColour | |
| | х,у | Specifies the coordinates of the top-left corner of the text window | |
| | w,h | Specifies the width and height of the text window | |
| | txtColour | Specifies the text foreground colour | |
| | bgColour | Specifies the text background colour | |
| | frameColour | Specifies the frame colour | |
| | | | |
| Returns | none | | |
| | 1 | | |
| Description | colour bgColo u | Creates a text window at x , y , with dimensions w , h , text colour txtColour , background colour bgColour , and frame in colour frameColour . | |
| | Note. II IIO II ai | meColour is specified, then no frame will not be rendered. | |
| Example | <pre>gfx.TextWindow(25,25, 190,270, BLACK, SILVER, DARKGRAY); // Creates a SILVER text window @(25,25) with: // width of 190 and height of 270 pixels // and DARKGRAY frame // The text printed in this text window is colour BLACK gfx.TextWindow(25,25, 190,270, BLACK, SILVER); // Creates a SILVER text window @(25,25) with: // width of 190 and height of 270 pixels // The text printed in this text window is colour BLACK</pre> | | |

6.2. TextWindowRestore

| Syntax | none none | | |
|-------------|---|--|--|
| Arguments | | | |
| Returns | | | |
| Description | Restore a previously created text window and its contents. | | |
| | Note: Contents cleared using gfx.TWcls will not be restored. | | |
| Example | <pre>gfx.TextWindow(25,25, 190,270, BLACK, SILVER, DARKGRAY); // Creates a SILVER text window @(25,25) with: // width of 190 and height of 270 pixels // and DARKGRAY frame // The text printed in this text window is colour BLACK</pre> | | |
| | gfx.Cls(); delay(1000); | | |
| | <pre>// Retrieve deleted text window gfx.TextWindowRestore();</pre> | | |

6.3. TWcolor

| Syntax | TWcolor (fgColour) or | | | |
|-------------|---|--|--|--|
| | TWcolor (fgC | TWcolor (fgColour, bgColour) | | |
| | | | | |
| Arguments | fgColour, bg(| | | |
| | fgColour | Specifies the colour of the text printed inside the text window | | |
| | bgColour | Specifies the background colour of the text window | | |
| Returns | none | | | |
| Description | Sets the specified foreground colour (fgColour) and background colour (bgColour) the colours of the text in the text window. | | | |
| | Note: If background colour is not specified, this function will treat it as transparent. Additionally, when gfx. TextWindowRestore is used, the text window background colour will match the background colour set by this function. | | | |
| Example | gfx.TextW // Create // width // The te | ntation(LANDSCAPE); Window(25, 25, 270, 190, BLACK, SILVER, BROWN); es a SILVER text window @(25,25) with: of 190 and height of 270 pixels and BROWN frame ext printed in this text window is colour BLACK untln("1. gen4-IoD"); | | |
| | _ | <pre>.or(BROWN); ext that will be printed next will be colour BROWN</pre> | | |
| | gfx.TWpri | <pre>.ntln("2. gen4-IoD");</pre> | | |
| | // The te | or(LIME, GRAY); ext that will be printed next will be: LIME with GRAY background | | |
| | gfx.TWpri | <pre>ntln("3. gen4-IoD");</pre> | | |

6.4. TWwrite

| Syntax | TWwrite (character) character | |
|-------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Arguments | | |
| | character | Specifies a single character to write on the text window |
| Returns | none | |
| Description | Write a singl | e character to the text window |
| Example | gfx.TWwri | ite('4'); |

6.5. TWprint

| Syntax | TWprint (string) | | |
|-------------|------------------|--|--|
| | | | |
| Arguments | string | | |
| | string | Specifies a string to print on the text window | |
| | | · | |
| Returns | none | | |
| | | | |
| Description | Write a str | ing to the text window | |
| | | | |
| Example | gfx.TWp: | rint("gen4-IoD"); | |

6.6. TWprintln

| Syntax | TWprintln (string) | |
|-------------|--------------------|--|
| | | |
| Arguments | string | |
| | string | Specifies a string to print on the text window |
| | | |
| Returns | none | |
| | | |
| Description | Write a str | ing to the text window then move the text window cursor to a new line. |
| | | |
| Example | gfx.TWp: | rintln("gen4-IoD"); |

6.7. TWcls

| Syntax | TWcls () |
|-------------|---|
| | |
| Arguments | none |
| | |
| Returns | none |
| | |
| Description | Clears the contents of text window area. |
| | Note : Text windows contents cleared this way can not be retrieved using gfx.TextWindowRestore |
| | |
| Example | gfx.TWcls(); |

6.8. GetCommand

| Syntax | GetCommand () | |
|--|--|--|
| Arguments none | | |
| Returns | String Text/Command | |
| Description Retrieves the text entered in text window since previous carriage return | | |
| Example | <pre>String command = gfx.GetCommand(); // Get the last entered command from the Text Window</pre> | |

7. Scroll Functions

These functions are used to perform a scrolling animation and to set parameters for scrolling effect for the display.

- ScrollEnable
- SmoothScrollSpeed
- Scroll
- getScrollOffset

Note: These functions are only available when in PORTRAIT orientation

7.1. ScrollEnable

| Syntax | ScrollEnab | ScrollEnable (mode) | | |
|--|------------|---|--|--|
| | | | | |
| Arguments | mode | | | |
| | mode | Use true to enable and false to disable | | |
| | | | | |
| Returns | none | | | |
| | | | | |
| Description | Enables ha | Enables hardware scrolling if mode is true otherwise disables it | | |
| | | | | |
| | Note: This | Note: This is disabled by default. | | |
| | | | | |
| Example gfx.Orientation(PORTRAIT); // Sets Orientation to | | entation(PORTRAIT); // Sets Orientation to PORTRAIT | | |
| | | | | |
| | gix.Scr | ollEnable(false); // Disables Hardware Scrolling | | |
| | afx Scr | ollEnable(true); // Enables Hardware Scrolling | | |
| | 9111.001 | TIBRADIO (CLAC), // Enabled Halawale deloliling | | |

7.2. SmoothScrollSpeed

| Syntax | SmoothScrollSpeed (delay) | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| Arguments | delav | | |
| Arguments | delay | Specifies a short delay for scrolling | |
| Returns | none | | |
| Description | Smoothens the scroll animation for the automatic scrolling that occurs when the text being printed is going outside of the display area. | | |
| | Note: Default delay is 5 | | |
| | | | |
| Example gfx.Orientation(PORTRAIT); // Sets Orientation | | <pre>entation(PORTRAIT); // Sets Orientation to PORTRAIT</pre> | |
| | gfx.Smo | othScrollSpeed(7); // Change Scroll Speed to 7 | |

7.3. Scroll

| Syntax | Scroll (pixe | Scroll (pixels) | |
|-------------|----------------|---|--|
| | | | |
| Arguments | pixels | | |
| | pixels | pixels Specifies the number of pixels | |
| | | | |
| Returns | none | | |
| | | | |
| Description | If scroll is e | enabled, this function scrolls the display by the specified number of pixels. | |
| | | | |
| Example | gfx.Scr | oll(10); // Scroll the screen by 10 pixels | |

7.4. getScrollOffset

| Syntax | getScrollOffset () | |
|-------------|---|--|
| Arguments | none | |
| Returns | int16_t Scroll Offset | |
| Description | Returns the scroll offset from the last gfx.Scroll command | |
| Example | <pre>gfx.Scroll(20); int16_t scrollOffset = gfx.getScrollOffset();</pre> | |
| | <pre>// Get scroll offset then print its value gfx.print("Scroll Offset: "); gfx.println(scrollOffset);</pre> | |

8. 4D Graphics Functions

This section contains advanced graphics functions that utilizes 4D Graphics files.

- CheckSD
- Open4dGFX
- Userimage
- UserImageDR
- Userimages
- UserImagesDR
- PrintImage
- PrintImageFile
- LedDigitsDisplay
- LedDigitsDisplaySigned

Note: It is advisable to use Workshop4 IDE for its WYSIWYG environment when using these functions but with sufficient knowledge on 4D Graphics files, these can still be used with Arduino IDE.

8.1. CheckSD

| Syntax | CheckSD () | | |
|-------------|--|--|--|
| Arguments | | | |
| | | | |
| Returns | boolean SD Card Status | | |
| Description | Check if a uSD card is properly mounted to the display module. If the uSD Card is properly mounted during the execution of gfx.begin, this function will return true. Otherwise, this will return false. | | |
| | | | |
| Example | <pre>if(!gfx.CheckSD()) { gfx.print("uSD Card not mounted."); gfx.print("Please insert uSD Card and restart module"); while(1); } // Check if the uSD is mounted</pre> | | |

8.2. Open4dGFX

| Syntax | Open4dGFX (file4d) | | |
|-------------|---|--|--|
| | | | |
| Arguments | file4d | | |
| | file4d | Specifies the filename of the 4D Graphics file (DAT and GCI files) | |
| | | | |
| Returns | none | | |
| | | | |
| Description | Opens 4D Graphics files. The DAT file is opened for parsing while the GCI file is opened for reading. | | |
| | Note : file4d should have no extension. Both GCI and DAT file should share the same | | |
| | filename. Also, 4D Graphics files follow the 8.3 DOS format | | |
| | | | |
| Example | <pre>gfx.Open4dGFX("filename"); // Opens filename.dat and filename.gci</pre> | | |

8.3. Userlmage

| Syntax | UserImage (objectID) or UserImage (objectID, frame, nx, ny) | | |
|-------------|--|---|--|
| | | | |
| | | | |
| Arguments | objectID | | |
| | objectID | Specifies the object ID | |
| | | | |
| Returns | none | | |
| | | | |
| Description | Userlmage (d | objectID) displays the target GCI object objectID at its set position | |
| | determined l | by the 4D DAT file. | |
| | UserImage (objectID, frame, nx, ny) displays the target GCI object objectID | | |
| | | | |
| | These function | ons are normally used when displaying single-frame objects such as an | |
| | image or a static text. When used with multiple-frame objects, they dis | | |
| | frame. | | |
| | | | |
| | Note : The GCI and DAT files should have been previously opened with the function gfx.Open4dGFX | | |
| | • | | |
| Example | gfx.UserI | <pre>mage(iImage1);</pre> | |
| | // Show i | Image1 | |
| | | | |
| | afy IIsari | <pre>Emage (iImage1, 50, 50);</pre> | |
| | _ | Image1 at (50,50) | |
| | , , 5115 | | |

8.4. UserlmageDR

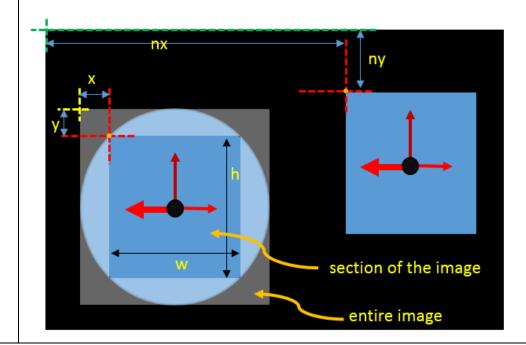
| Syntax | UserImageDR (objectID, x, y, w, h, nx, ny) | |
|--------------|--|--|
| Arguments | objectID, x, y, v | v. h. nx. nv |
| Aiguillellus | objectID | Specifies the object ID |
| | х, у | Specifies the top left position of the section of the image to be |
| | | drawn. This is relative to the position of the entire image. |
| | w, h | Specifies the width and height of the section of the image to be |
| | | drawn |
| | nx, ny | Specifies the top left position at which the partial image will be |
| | | drawn. This is relative to the origin (0,0). |

Returns none

Description

Draws a section of image **objectID** at new co-ordinates **nx**, **ny**. The section starts at **x** and **y** and has a width of **w** and height of **h**.

Note: The GCI and DAT files should have been previously opened with the function gfx.Open4dGFX



Example

```
gfx.UserImageDR(iImage1, 10, 5, 50, 50, 15, 10);
// Partially draw iImage1 at (15,10)
// The part drawn starts at (10,5) and
```

// has a width and height of 50 pixels

8.5. UserImages

| Syntax | UserImages (objectID, frame) or UserImages (objectID, frame, xOffset) | | |
|--------------|--|--|--|
| | UserImages (objectID, frame, nx, ny) | | |
| Arguments | objectID, frame, nx, ny | | |
| Al Bulliones | objectID | Specifies the object ID | |
| | frame | Specifies the object is Specifies the frame number of the target Userimage | |
| | xOffset | Specifies the offset of the position of the image along the x-axis | |
| | nx, ny | Specifies the new position of the image | |
| | ,, | opening and non-position of the mage | |
| Returns | none | | |
| Description | Displays fran | ne frame of the target GCI object objectID . | |
| Description | Displays fran | ne name of the target oci object objectio. | |
| | When using UserImages (objectID, frame) , the frame is displayed at its set position determined by the 4D DAT file. | | |
| | When using UserImages (objectID, frame, xOffset) , the frame is displayed with the x position offset by xOffset . | | |
| | When using UserImages (objectID, frame, nx, ny) , the frame is displayed at (nx,ny) . | | |
| | These functions are used when displaying multiple-frame objects such as a slider or a gauge. | | |
| | Note : The GCI and DAT files should have been previously opened with the function gfx.Open4dGFX. | | |
| Examples | | <pre>Images(iUserimage1, 10); frame 10 of iUserimage1.</pre> | |
| | // The position is taken from the DAT file. | | |
| | // Show the position of the po | Images (iUserimage1, 10, 5); frame 10 of iUserimage1. position is taken from the DAT file, he x-position is offset by 5 pixels | |
| | _ | Images(iUserimage1, 10, 50, 50); frame 10 of iUserimage1 at (50,50) | |

8.6. UserlmagesDR

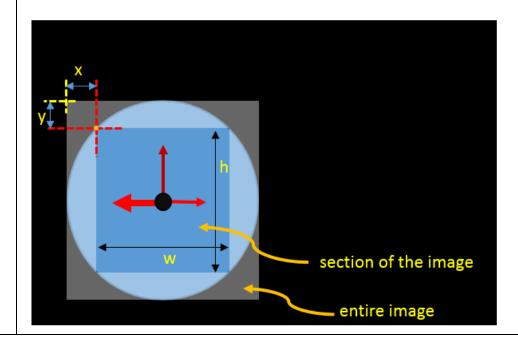
| Syntax | UserimagesDR (objectID, frame, x, y, w, h) | | | |
|-----------|--|--|--|--|
| Arguments | objectID, frame, x, y, w, h | | | |
| | objectID Specifies the object ID | | | |
| | frame | Specifies the frame of the user image | | |
| | х, у | Specifies the top left position of the section of the image to be drawn. This is relative to the position of the entire image. | | |
| | w, h | Specifies the width and height of the part of the image to be drawn. | | |

Returns none

Description

Draws a section of frame **frame** of image **objectID**. The section starts at **x** and **y** and has a width of **w** and height of **h**

Note: The GCI and DAT files should have been previously opened with the function gfx.Open4dGFX.



Example

```
gfx.UserImagesDR(iUserimage1, 4, 10, 5, 50, 50);
// Partially draw frame 4 of iUserimage1
// The part drawn starts at (10,5) (relative to the position
// of the entire image) and has a width and height
```

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// of 50 pixels

8.7. PrintImage

| Syntax | PrintImage (objectOffset) | | |
|-------------|--|--|--|
| Arguments | objectOffset | | |
| | objectOffset | Specifies the offset of the GCI object to be printed | |
| Returns | none | | |
| Description | Prints the object specified by objectOffset from GCI file with its top left corner at the current cursor position | | |
| Example | gfx.MoveTo(50, 50); gfx.PrintImage(0x81EC00); // Prints image found at offset 0x81EC00 // with its top left corner @(50,50) | | |

8.8. PrintImageFile

| Syntax | PrintImageFile (filename) | | | |
|-------------|--|--|--|--|
| Arguments | filename | | | |
| | filename Specifies the GCI file containing the image to be printed | | | |
| | 1 | | | |
| Returns | none | | | |
| Description | Prints the first frame of the first object from the specified GCI file at the current cursor position Note: Unlike the function gfx.Open4dGFX, this function requires the extension of the file | | | |
| | | | | |
| Example | gfx.Prin | <pre>To(50, 50); tImageFile("filename.GCI"); s the 1st frame of the 1st object from filename.GCI</pre> | | |

8.9. LedDigitsDisplay

| Syntax | LedDigitsDisplay (value, index, maxDigits, minDigits, widthDigit, leadingBlanks) or LedDigitsDisplay (value, index, maxDigits, minDigits, widthDigit, leadingBlanks, x, y) | | | |
|-----------|---|---|--|--|
| | Leabigitsbispia | y (value, iliuex, iliaxbigits, ililibigits, widthbigit, leadiligbialiks, x, y) | | |
| Arguments | value, index, maxDigits, minDigits, widthDigit, leadingBlanks | | | |
| | value New value to display on the LED digits display | | | |
| | index | Specifies which LedDigits object to modify | | |
| | digits | Maximum number of digits in the object | | |
| | minDigits | Minimum number of digits in the object. See note in the description for more information. | | |
| | widthDigit | Width of each digit image | | |
| | leadingBlanks | Specifies whether to display leading blanks or not | | |
| | х, у | Specifies the position at which the entire object will be displayed | | |
| | , , , | | | |
| Returns | none | | | |
| | | | | |
| | Customdigits object of a Workshop4 gen4-IoD project. Each of the Leddigits objects and Customdigits objects is composed of 2 GCI objects. A Leddigits object at index 1 is composed of GCI objects named iLeddigits1 and iiLeddigits1. The first one being a single frame containing the whole digits area as seen in Workshop4's WYSIWYG. The other GCI object is composed of multiple frames containing the digits 0-9, a blank space and a negative sign depending on the setting enabled in the project. It is ideal to simply let Workshop4 generate this code using the Paste Code functionality. | | | |
| Example | <pre>// Writes t int ix = if gfx.LedDigit // Writes t</pre> | LitsDisplay(50, iiLeddigits1, 4, 3, 20, false); the value 50 to the iLedDigits1 object LitsDisplay(50, ix, 4, 3, 20, false, 5, 50); the value 50 to the iLeddigits1 object. ect will then be shown at (5,50) | | |

8.10. LedDigitsDisplaySigned

| Syntax | LedDigitsDisplaySigned (value, index, maxDigits, minDigits, widthDigit, leadingBlanks) | | | | | |
|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Sylican | or | | | | | |
| | | ySigned (value, index, maxDigits, minDigits, widthDigit, leadingBlanks, | | | | |
| | x, y) | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Arguments | value, index, m | axDigits, minDigits, widthDigit, leadingBlanks | | | | |
| | value | New value to display on the LED digits display | | | | |
| | index | Specifies which LedDigits object to modify | | | | |
| | digits | Maximum number of digits in the object | | | | |
| | minDigits | Minimum number of digits in the object. See note in the description for more information. | | | | |
| | widthDigit | Width of each digit image | | | | |
| | leadingBlanks | Specifies whether to display leading blanks or not | | | | |
| | х,у | Specifies the position at which the entire object will be displayed | | | | |
| | [^) 7 | population at which the chille object will be displayed | | | | |
| Returns | none | | | | | |
| | 1.101.10 | | | | | |
| Description | This function handles displaying signed values to the Leddigits object and Customdigits object of a Workshop4 gen4-IoD project. | | | | | |
| | Each of the Leddigits objects and Customdigits objects is composed of 2 GCI objected Leddigits object at index 1 si composed of GCI objects named iLeddigits1 and iiLeddigits1. The first one being a single frame containing the whole digits area as in Workshop4's WYSIWYG. The other GCI object is composed of multiple frames containing the digits 0-9, a blank space and a negative sign depending on the set enabled in the project. | | | | | |
| | It is ideal to sim functionality. | It is ideal to simply let Workshop4 generate this code using the Paste Code functionality. | | | | |
| Example | gfx.LedDig: // Writes t | iLeddigits1; itsDisplaySigned(-50, ix, 4, 3, 20, false); the value -50 to the iLeddigits1 object | | | | |
| | // Writes | itsDisplaySigned(50, ix, 4, 3, 20, false, 5, 50); the value 50 to the iLeddigits1 object. ect will then be shown at (5,50) | | | | |

9. Touch Functions

This section discusses about touch functions. These includes functions for checking the properties of touch as well as for evaluating the current touch action.

- touch_Set
- touch_Update
- touch_Get
- touch_GetPen
- touch_GetX
- touch_GetY
- imageTouchEnable
- imageTouched
- XYposToDegree

9.1. touch_Set

| Arguments mode | Syntax | touch_Set (mode) | | |
|--|-------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------|
| mode Use true to enable and false to disable touch None Enables/Disables touch functionality. Constant Definitions TOUCH_ENABLE TOUCH_DISABLE TOUCH_DISABLE false (default) | | | | |
| Returns none Enables/Disables touch functionality. Constant Definitions Value TOUCH_ENABLE true TOUCH_DISABLE false (default) | Arguments | mode | | |
| Description Enables/Disables touch functionality. Constant Definitions Value TOUCH_ENABLE true TOUCH_DISABLE false (default) | | mode U | se true to enable and fal | se to disable touch |
| Description Enables/Disables touch functionality. Constant Definitions Value TOUCH_ENABLE true TOUCH_DISABLE false (default) | | | | |
| Constant Definitions Value TOUCH ENABLE true TOUCH_DISABLE false (default) | Returns | none | | |
| Constant Definitions Value TOUCH ENABLE true TOUCH_DISABLE false (default) | | T = | | |
| TOUCH_ENABLE true TOUCH_DISABLE false (default) | Description | Enables/Disables t | ouch functionality. | |
| TOUCH_ENABLE true TOUCH_DISABLE false (default) | | | | |
| TOUCH_DISABLE false (default) | | Constant Defin | itions Value | |
| Tarse (actions) | | | | |
| | | TOUCH_ENA | BLE true | |
| Example gfx.touch_Set(TOUCH_ENABLE); // Enable Touch | | _ | | |
| Example gfx.touch_Set(TOUCH_ENABLE); // Enable Touch | | _ | | |
| Liverifie grandout gr | | _ | | |
| | Evample | TOUCH_DISA | false (default) | Enable Touch |

9.2. touch_Update

| Syntax | touch_Update () | | | |
|-------------|---|-----------------------|---|--|
| | | | | |
| Arguments | none | none | | |
| | | | | |
| Returns | Boolean New Update | | | |
| Description | Updates the value of touch parameters which can be retrieved by the following functions. | | | |
| | Functions | Touch Parameter | 7 | |
| | gfx.touch_GetPen | Pen Value | | |
| | gfx.touch_GetX X Coordinate of Touch | | | |
| | gfx.touch_GetY | Y Coordinate of Touch | | |
| | gfx.imageTouched Object ID of Touched Image | | | |
| | se, this function will | | | |
| Example | <pre>if (gfx.touch_Update()) { // Update touch parameter values // Evaluate touch if successful</pre> | | | |
| | } | | | |

9.3. touch_GetPen

| Arguments Returns Description Example | none uint8_t Touch Status This function returns the perexecution. Constant NOTOUCH TOUCH_PRESSED TOUCH_RELEASED | en/touch sta | Meaning No touch detected. | |
|--|--|------------------------------------|--|--|
| Description | This function returns the perexecution. Constant NOTOUCH TOUCH_PRESSED | Value 0 | Meaning No touch detected. | |
| · | Constant NOTOUCH TOUCH_PRESSED | Value 0 | Meaning No touch detected. | |
| | NOTOUCH TOUCH_PRESSED | 0 | No touch detected. | |
| | TOUCH_PRESSED | | | |
| | _ | 1 | | |
| | TOUCH_RELEASED | | The touch panel is pressed. | |
| | | 2 | The touch panel has been released. | |
| | <pre>gfx.touch_Set(TOUCH if (gfx.touch_Updat) // Get Pen/Touch touchStatus = gf if (touchStatus</pre> | te()) { n Status fx.touch == NOTO | <pre>// Update touch parameter va _GetPen();</pre> | |
| | <pre>else if (touchStatus == TOUCH_PRESSED) { // Do something here } else if (touchStatus == TOUCH_RELEASED) {</pre> | | | |

9.4. touch_GetX

| Syntax | touch_GetX () |
|-------------|---|
| Arguments | none |
| Returns | uint16_t X Coordinate Touched Position |
| Description | This function returns the X coordinate of the position touched on the screen from the last gfx.touch_Update execution |
| Example | int touchXpos; |
| LAUMPIC | <pre>gfx.touch_Set(TOUCH_ENABLE); // Enable Touch if (gfx.touch Update()) { // Update touch parameter values</pre> |
| | <pre>// Get X Coordinate of touch position touchXpos = gfx.touch_GetX();</pre> |
| | } |

9.5. touch_GetY

| Syntax | touch_GetY () |
|-------------|---|
| Arguments | none |
| Returns | uint16_t Y Coordinate Touched Position |
| Description | This function returns the X coordinate of the position touched on the screen from the last gfx.touch_Update execution |
| Example | <pre>int touchYpos;</pre> |
| | <pre>gfx.touch_Set(TOUCH_ENABLE); // Enable Touch</pre> |
| | <pre>if (gfx.touch_Update()) { // Update touch parameter values</pre> |
| | <pre>// Get Y Coordinate of touch position touchYpos = gfx.touch_GetY();</pre> |
| | } |

9.6. imageTouchEnable

| Syntax | imageTouchEn | able (object | :ID, mode) | | |
|-------------|---|---------------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| | | | | | |
| Arguments | objectID, mode | е | | | |
| | objectID | Specifies the target GCI object | | | |
| | mode | Use true | to enable touch for t | he object and false to disable | |
| | | • | | | |
| Returns | none | | | | |
| | • | | | | |
| Description | Enable or disables touch for the specified object using mode as true or | | | using mode as true or false | |
| | Constant D | efinitions | Value |] | |
| | TOUCH E | NABLE | true | 1 | |
| | TOUCH_D | ISABLE | false (default) | | |
| | | | , , | _ | |
| | 1 | | | | |
| Example | | | | <pre>true); // Enable Button 1 true); // Enable Button 2</pre> | |

9.7. imageTouched

| Syntax | imageTouched () |
|-------------|--|
| Arguments | none |
| Returns | uint8_t Touched Image |
| Description | Returns the object ID of the last touched GCI object from the last gfx.touch_Update |
| Example | <pre>gfx.touch_Set(TOUCH_ENABLE); // Enable Touch if (gfx.touch Update()) { // Update touch parameter values</pre> |
| | <pre>if (gfx.touch_GetPen() == TOUCH_PRESSED) { switch(gfx.imageTouched()) { case iWinbutton1: gfx.println("Button 1 was touched"); break; case iWinbutton2: gfx.println("Button 2 was touched"); break;</pre> |
| | } } |

9.8. XYposToDegree

| Syntax | XYposToDegree (xOffset, yOffset) | | | |
|-------------|---|--|--|--|
| A | | | | |
| Arguments | none | | | |
| Returns | int16_t degrees | | | |
| Description | This function returns the angular equivalent of the offset of x and y position from the center of the object | | | |
| Example | <pre>int touchXpos, touchYpos, deg;</pre> | | | |
| | <pre>if (gfx.touch_Update()) { // Update touch parameter values // Get X Coordinate of touch position touchXpos = gfx.touch_GetX(); // Get Y Coordinate of touch position touchYpos = gfx.touch_GetY(); deg = gfx.XYposToDegree(x-242,y-70); // OffsetX, OffsetY if (deg < 45) // anything in the first 'dead zone' is minvalue deg = 0; else if (deg > 315) // anything in the last 'dead zone' is maxvalue</pre> | | | |
| | <pre>deg = 270 ; else deg -= 45 ; // offset by -baseangle } // convert degrees to position posit = degrees * 100 / 270 ; gfx.UserImages(iKnob1, posit); }</pre> | | | |

10. Wi-Fi Functions

These functions allows the users to download and use files from the internet or local network.

- DownloadFile
- PrintImageWifi

10.1. DownloadFile

| Syntax | DownloadFile | DownloadFile (Addr, Fname) | | | |
|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | DownloadFile (Addr, port, hFile, Fname) | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Arguments | Addr, port, h | • | | | |
| | Addr | Specifies the web address or local server hosting the file | | | |
| | port | Specifies the port number to use when accessing the file from the local server | | | |
| | hFile | Specifies the filename of the file to download | | | |
| | Fname | Specifies the filename to used when saving the file to the uSD Card | | | |
| | ľ | | | | |
| Returns | none | | | | |
| | T | | | | |
| Description | Mode 1: Addr, Fname | | | | |
| | Downloads the file from the specified web address and save it with the specified filename. | | | | |
| | Mada 2. Add | | | | |
| | Mode 2: Addr, port, hFile, Fname Downloads the file from the local server through the specified port and save it with the specified filename. | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | Note: It is advisable to follow the 8.3 DOS format | | | | |
| | 1 | | | | |
| Examples | String i; | | | | |
| | | ://www.4dsystems.com.au/downloads/RAW/conectd.gci"; | | | |
| | grx.pownr | <pre>oadFile(i, "conectd.gci");</pre> | | | |
| | String localServer = "http://192.168.0.35"; | | | | |
| | gfx.DownloadFile(localServer, 9969, "space.gci", "space.gci"); | | | | |
| | | ad the file "space.gci" from a local server | | | |
| | // The file "space.gci" is then created on the uSD card. | | | | |

10.2. PrintlmageWifi

| Syntax | PrintImageWifi (Addr) or PrintImageWifi (Addr, port, hFile) | | | | |
|-------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | | |
| Arguments | Addr, port, | hFile | | | |
| J | Addr | Specifies the URL of the GCI file or the local server hosting the file | | | |
| | port | Specifies the port to be used when accessing the local server | | | |
| | hFile | Specifies the file from the local server | | | |
| Returns | nono | | | | |
| Returns | lione | none | | | |
| Description | Prints the f | ile at the current cursor position | | | |
| | Mode 1: Addr Prints the file from the specified web address at the current cursor position. Mode 2: Addr, port, hFile Access the local server through the specified port and print the specified file at the current cursor position. | | | | |
| Example | gfx.MoveTo(50, 50); String i; i="http://www.4dsystems.com.au/downloads/RAW/conectd.ggfx.PrintImageWifi(i); // If the display module is connected to the internet, // Display the image from the web gfx.PrintImageWifi("http://192.168.0.35",9969,"space.gg// Print the image inside the file "space.gci" // from a local server | | | | |

11. GRAM Functions

These functions allow direct display access for fast blitting operations:

- setGRAM
- WrGRAM
- WrGRAM16
- WrGRAMs
- WrGRAMs16

11.1. setGRAM

| Syntax | setGRAM (x0, y0, x1, y1) | | | |
|-------------|----------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Arguments | x0, y0, x1, y1 | | | |
| J | x0, y0 | Specifies the top left of GRAM window | | |
| | x1, y1 | Specifies the bottom right of GRAM window | | |
| | | | | |
| Returns | none | | | |
| | | | | |
| Description | Prepares th | ne GRAM area for access | | |
| | | | | |
| Example | gfx.setGRAM(101, 101, 200, 200); | | | |
| | // Sets | // Sets a 20 by 20 display area as GRAM | | |
| | for (in | for (int i = 0; i < 200; i++) { | | |
| | int color = rand(); | | | |
| | | j = 0; j < 200; j++ | | |
| | gfx.WrGRAM16(color); | | | |
| | } | } | | |
| | } | | | |

11.2. WrGRAM

| Syntax | WrGRAM (colours) | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|---|--|--|
| Arguments | colours | | | |
| | colours | 32 bit value containing two 16 bit colour values | | |
| Returns | none | | | |
| Description | Writes two 16 bit colours from a 32 bit value to the current pixel position | | | |
| | Note: The position is moved by two pixels. | | | |
| Example | gfx.Cls(| YELLOW); // Clear the screen with YELLOW | | |
| gfx.setGRAM(101, 101, 200, 200); | | | | |
| | for (i | i = 0; i < 200; i++) { nt j = 0; j < 100; j++) { WrGRAM(BLACK << 16 WHITE); | | |
| | } // Cre | ate 200 vertical lines of BLACK and WHITE on GRAM | | |

11.3. WrGRAM16

| Syntax | WrGRAM16 (colour) | | | |
|-------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | |
| Arguments | nts colour | | | |
| | colour | 16 bit colour value | | |
| | | | | |
| Returns | none | | | |
| Description | Writes a 16 bit colour to the current pixel position | | | |
| | Note: The position is moved by one pixel. | | | |
| Example | gfx.setG | RAM(101, 101, 200, 200); | | |
| | <pre>int co for (i gfx. }</pre> | <pre>i = 0; i < 200 ; i++) { lor = rand(); nt j = 0; j < 200 ; j++) { WrGRAM16(color); ate 200 horizontal lines w/ random colors on GRAM</pre> | | |

11.4. WrGRAMs

| Syntax | WrGRAMs (coloursArray, length) | | | | |
|-------------|--|---|--|--|--|
| | | | | | |
| Arguments | coloursArray, length | | | | |
| | coloursArray | Pointer to a 32 bit data array | | | |
| | length | Length of 32 bit data to write to GRAM | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Returns | none | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Description | | er (2 * length) of 16 bit colours from a 32 bit data array to the current | | | |
| | cursor position | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | Note: The pos | sition is moved by (2 * length) pixels. | | | |
| | | ata[E] = (| | | |
| Example | uint32_t d | | | | |
| | WHITE << 16 RED, GREEN << 16 YELLOW, | | | | |
| | BROWN << 16 LIME, | | | | |
| | BLACK << 16 ORANGE, | | | | |
| | CYAN << 16 MAGENTA | | | | |
| | }; | | | | |
| | 757 11 CD W (101 101 200 200) | | | | |
| | gix. SetGRA | gfx.setGRAM(101, 101, 200, 200); | | | |
| | for (int i = 0; i < 200; i++) { | | | | |
| | for (int j = 0; j < 20; j++) { | | | | |
| | gfx.WrGRAMs(data, 5); | | | | |
| | // Writes colours from 32bit array | | | | |
| | } | | | | |
| | } | | | | |

11.5. WrGRAMs16

| Syntax | WrGRAMs16 (colourArray, length) | | | | |
|-------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| Arguments | colourArray, length | | | | |
| · · | colourArray | Pointer to a 16 bit data array | | | |
| | length | Length of 16 bit data to write to GRAM | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Returns | none | | | | |
| | • | | | | |
| Description | Writes a numb | per (length) of 16 bit colours from a 16 bit data array to the current cursor | | | |
| | position | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | Note: The position is moved by (length) pixels. | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Example | uint16_t data[10] = { | | | | |
| | WHITE, RED, GREEN, YELLOW, BROWN, | | | | |
| | LIME, BLACK, ORANGE, CYAN, MAGENTA | | | | |
| | }; | | | | |
| | gfx.setGRAM(101, 101, 200, 200); | | | | |
| | gix. 30001/M1(101, 101, 200, 200), | | | | |
| | for (int i = 0; i < 200; i++) { | | | | |
| | for (int j = 0; j < 20; j++) { | | | | |
| | gfx.WrGRAMs16(data, 10); | | | | |
| | // Writes colours from 16 bit array | | | | |
| | } | | | | |
| | } | | | | |

12. Sound Module Functions

The following are functions from the SOMOIoD library.

- Command
- LastCommand

12.1. Command

| Syntax | Command (cmd) or Command (cmd, value1) or Command (cmd, value1, value2) | | | |
|-------------|---|--|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| Arguments | cmd, value1, value2 | | | |
| | cmd Specif | fies the action/comm | and for the sound mo | dule |
| | value1, value2 Specif | fies the value(s) to be | sent with the comma | nd being used |
| | , , | , , | | |
| Returns | none | | | |
| | | | | |
| Description | Sends a command for the commands that can be corresponding datashed | used with SOMO-II ar | | |
| | Command | First Value | Second Value | |
| | PLAY | | | |
| | STOP | | | |
| | PREVIOUS | | | |
| | NEXT | | | |
| | SOURCE SD | | | |
| | SOURCE USB | | | |
| | EQ BASS | | | |
| | VOLUMEMAX | | | |
| | VOLUMEMIN | | | |
| | VOLUMEUP | | | |
| | VOLUMEDOWN | | | |
| | CONTINUOUS | | | |
| | RANDOM | | | |
| | PAUSE | | | |
| | EQ NORMAL | | | |
| | EQ POP | | | |
| | EQ ROCK | | | |
| | EQ JAZZ | | | |
| | EQ CLASSIC | | | |
| | REPEAT | | | |
| | SINGLE | | | |
| | SLEEP | | | |
| | RESET | | | |
| | SPECIFY_TRACK | Track Number | | |
| | VOLUME | Volume (0-30) | | |
| | REPEAT_A_TRACK | Track Number | | |
| | FOLDER_TRACK | Folder Number | Track Number | |
| | VOLUME REPEAT_A_TRACK FOLDER_TRACK Note: The command | Volume (0-30) Track Number Folder Number | | e totally the same |
| Example | sound.Command(PI delay(10000); | | the first track he track play f | |
| | sound.Command(PAdelay(2000); | uuse); // Pause // Wait | | |
| | sound.Command(PL | . <mark>AY);</mark> // Resum | e Playing | |

12.2. LastCommand

| Syntax | LastCommand () |
|-------------|--|
| Arguments | none |
| Returns | uint8_t Last Command |
| Description | This function returns the last command sent to the sound module using the sound. Command function. |
| Example | <pre>sound.Command(PLAY); // Play the first track delay(10000); // Let the track play for 10s sound.Command(PAUSE); // Pause</pre> |
| | <pre>delay(2000);</pre> |
| | // Get Last Command Sent |

13. Revision History

| Revision No. | Description | Revision Date |
|--------------|---|---------------|
| 1.0 | Initial document release | 30/05/2017 |
| 1.1 | Updated discussion and examples with touch Update | 08/07/2017 |

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