

```

1  #!/usr/bin/env lua
2  ---
3  
4  ---
5  --- duo.lua
6  ---
7  local fun=require"fun"
8  local the=fun.init[[
9
10 ./duo.lua [OPTIONS]
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12
13
14 Data miners using/used by optimizers.
15 Understand N items after log(N) probes, or less.
16
17 OPTIONS:
18 -ample when enough is enough = 512
19 -enough use (#t)^enough = .5
20 -far how far to go = .9
21 -file read data from file = data/auto93.csv
22 -help show help = false
23 -p distance coefficient = 2
24 -seed random number seed = 10019
25 -task start up actions = donothing]]
26
27 local _,EGS, NUM, RANGE, SYM = fun, {}, {}, {}, {}
28 local map,fmt,new,sort,push,o,oo = _map,_.fmt,_.new,_.sort,_.push,_.oo,_.oo
29
30 function RANGE.new(k,col,lo,hi,b,B,r,R)
31   return new(k,{col=col,lo=lo,hi=hi or lo,b=b,B=B,r=r,R=R}) end
32
33 function RANGE.__lt(i,j) return i:val() < j:val() end
34 function RANGE.merge(i,j,k, lo,hi)
35   lo = math.min(i.lo, j.lo)
36   hi = math.max(i.hi, j.hi)
37   k = RANGE:new(i.col,lo,hi,i.b+j.b,i.B+j.B,i.r+j.r, i.R+j.R)
38   if k:val() > i:val() and j:val() then return k end end
39
40 function RANGE.__tostring(i)
41   if i.lo == i.hi then return fmt("%s==%", i.col.txt, i.lo) end
42   if i.lo == -math.huge then return fmt("%s<%", i.col.txt, i.hi) end
43   if i.hi == math.huge then return fmt("%s>=", i.col.txt, i.lo) end
44   return fmt("%s<=%s<%", i.lo, i.col.txt, i.hi) end
45
46 function RANGE.val(i, z,B,R)
47   z=1E-31; B,R = 1.B+z, 1.R+z; return (i.b/B)^2/( i.b/B + i.r/R) end
48
49 function RANGE.selects(i,row, x)
50   x=row.has[col.at]; return x=="?" or i.lo<=x and x<i.hi end
51
52 function NUM.new(k,at,s)
53   return new(k,{at=at,txt=s,w=s:find"- " and -1 or 1,_has={},
54     ok=false, lo=math.huge, hi=-math.huge}) end
55
56 function NUM.add(i,x)
57   if x=="?" then
58     i.ok = false
59     push(i._has, x)
60     if x < i.lo then i.lo = x end
61     if x > i.hi then i.hi = x end end
62   return x end
63
64 function NUM.dist(i,a,b)
65   if a=="?" and b=="?" then a,b=1,0
66   elseif a=="?" then b = inorm(b); a=b>.5 and 0 or 1
67   elseif b=="?" then a = inorm(a); b=a>.5 and 0 or 1
68   else
69     a,b = i:norm(a), i:norm(b) end
70   return math.abs(a-b) end
71
72 function NUM.has(i)
73   if not i.ok then sort(i._has); i.ok=true end; return i._has end
74
75 function NUM.norm(i,x)
76   return i.hi - i.lo<1E-9 and 0 or (x - i.lo)/(i.hi - i.lo) end
77
78 -- compare to old above
79 function NUM.ranges(i,j,lo,hi)
80   local z,is,js,lo,hi,m0,m1,m2,n0,n1,n2,step,most,best,r1,r2
81   is,js = i:has(), j:has()
82   lo,hi = lo or is[1], hi or js[1]
83   gap,max = (hi - lo)/16, -1
84   if hi-lo < 2*gap then
85     z = 1E-32
86     m0, m2 = fun.search(is, lo),fun.bsearch(is, hi+z)
87     n0, n2 = fun.bsearch(js, lo),fun.bsearch(js, hi+z)
88     -- col,lo hi,b B r R
89     best = nil
90     for mid in lo,hi,gap do
91       if mid > lo and k < hi then
92         m1 = bsearch(is, mid+z)
93         n1 = bsearch(js, mid+z)
94         -- col, lo hi, b B r R
95         r1 = RANGE:new(i, lo,mid,m1-m0,i.n,m2-(m1+1),j.n)
96         r2 = RANGE:new(i, mid+z,hi, n1-n0,i.n,n2-(n1+1),j.n)
97         if r1:val() > max then best, max = r1, r1:val() end
98         if r2:val() > max then best, max = r2, r2:val() end end end end
99   if best
100   then return i:ranges(j, best.lo, best.hi)
101   else return RANGE:new(i, lo,hi,m2-m0,i.n,n2-n0,j.n) end end
102
103 function SYM.new(k,at,s) return new(k,{at=at,txt=s,_has={}}) end
104 function SYM.add(i,x)
105   if x=="?" then i._has[x]=1+(i._has[x] or 0)end;return x end
106
107 function SYM.dist(i,a,b) return a=="?" and b=="?" and 1 or a==b and 0 or 1 end
108 function SYM.has(i) return i.has end
109 function SYM.ranges(i,j)
110   return i:b.mapp(i._has,
111     function(x,n) return RANGE:new(i,x,x,n,i.n, (j._has[k] or 0),j.n) end) end
112
113 function EGS.new(k,file, i)
114   i = new(k,{_rows={}, cols=nil, x={}, y={}})
115   if file then for row in fun.rows(file) do i:add(row) end end
116   return i end
117
118 function EGS.add(i,t)
119   local add,now,where = function(col) return col:add(t[col.at]) end
120   if i.cols
121     then push(i._rows, map(i.cols, add))
122     else i.cols = {}
123     for n,x in pairs(t) do
124       now = (x:find"^[A-Z]" and NUM or SYM):new(n,x)
125       push(i.cols, now)
126       if not x:find"." then
127         where = (x:find"+" or x:find"-") and i.y or i.x
128         push(where, now) end end end
129
130 function EGS.clone(i,init, j)
131   j = EGS:new()
132   j:add(map(i.cols, function(col) return col.txt end))
133   for _,row in pairs(init or {}) do j = j:add(row) end
134   return j end
135
136 function EGS.cluster(i,top,lvl, tmp1,tmp2,left,right)
137   top = top or i
138   lvl = lvl or 0
139   print(fmt("%s%s", string.rep(" ",lvl),#i._rows))
140   if #i._rows >= 2*(#top._rows)^the.enough then
141     tmp1, tmp2 = top:half(i._rows)
142     if #tmp1._rows < #i._rows then left = tmp1:cluster(top,lvl+1) end
143     if #tmp2._rows < #i._rows then right = tmp2:cluster(top,lvl+1) end
144   end
145   return (here=i, left=left, right=right) end
146
147 function EGS.dist(i,r1,r2)
148   local d,n,inc = 0, (#i.x)+1E-31
149   for _,col in pairs(i.x) do
150     inc = col:dist(r1[col.at], r2[col.at])
151     d = d + inc^the.p end
152   return (d/n)^(1/the.p) end
153
154 function EGS.far(i,r1,rows, fun,tmp)
155   fun = function(r2) return (r2, i:dist(r1,r2)) end
156   print(l1,#rows)
157   tmp = sort(map(rows,fun), seconds)
158   return table.unpack(tmp[#tmp*the.far//1] ) end
159
160 function EGS.half(i,rows)
161   print(l1)
162   local some,left,right,c,cosine,lefts,rights
163   rows = rows or i._rows
164   some = #rows > the.ample and fun.many(rows, the.ample) or rows
165   left = i:far(fun.any(rows), some)
166   right,c = i:far(left, some)
167   function cosine(r, a,b)
168     a, b = i:dist(r,left), i:dist(r,right); return {(a^2+c^2-b^2)/(2*c),r} end
169   lefts,rights = i:clone(), i:clone()
170   for n,pair in pairs(sort(map(rows,cosine), firsts)) do
171     (n <= #rows/2 and lefts or rights):add(pair[2] ) end
172   return lefts,rights,left,right,c end
173
174 local no,go={},{}
175 local asserts=fun.asserts
176
177 function go.any( t,x,n)
178   t={}; for i=1,10 do t[1+#t] = i end
179   n=0; for i=1,5000 do x=fun.any(t); n = 1 <= x and x <=10 and n+1 or 0 end
180   asserts(n==5000,"any") end
181
182 function no.bsearch( t,z)
183   -- 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
184   z,t=1E-16, {10,10,10,20,20,30,30,40,50,200}
185   print(fun.brange(t,200)) end
186
187 function go.oo( u) oo={10,20,30} end
188 function go.rows() for row in fun.rows(the.file) do oo(row) end end
189 function go.egs( i) i=EGS:new(the.file); map(i.y,oo) end
190 function go.dist( i) i=EGS:new(the.file)
191   for _,x in pairs(
192     sort(
193       map(i._rows, function(row) return i:dist(i._rows[1],row) end)))
194   do
195     print(x) end end
196
197 function go.half( a,b) a,b=EGS:new(the.file):half() end
198
199 the(go)

```