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Step 1: Create a workspace.

Create the directory structure:

mkdir C:\PUG 2023

mkdir C:\PUG_2023\WebhandlerWorkshop

mkdir C:\PUG_2023\WebhandlerWorkshop\Eclipse

mkdir C:\PUG_2023\WebhandlerWorkshop\DB

mkdir C:\PUG 2023\WebhandlerWorkshop\src

Create a Sports2000 database

Start a proenv and navigate to:

C:\PUG 2023\WebhandlerWorkshop\DB

Execute a procopy to copy the sports2000 DB

procopy %DLC%\sports2000 Sports2000

Serve the database on port 20000.

_mprosrv Sports2000 -S 20000

Setup Developer Studio workspace

Start OpenEdge Developer Studio

Choose the C:\PUG_2023\WebhandlerWorkshop\Eclipse

as workspace directory.

Click on Workbench

Create Project

In project explorer (on the left of the Developer Studio) click

Create new OpenEdge project.

Project Name: WebhandlerWorkshop

Project type: General OpenEdge Project

The location must be:

C:\PUG 2023\WebhandlerWorkshop\src

Database connection

Now configure the Developer Studio database connection

Window -> Preferences -> Progress OpenEdge -> Database connections

Connection Name: Sports2000

Physical Name: Sports2000

Port: 20000

Then we need to add the DB to the project.

In the project explorer right mouse click on the

WebHandler project -> Properties -> Progres OpenEdge -> Database connections

Select Sports2000 -> Apply and Close.

You could make your life a bit easier by

Windows -> Prefences -> Progress OpenEdge -> Editor

And set your preferred configuration for casing, auto complete etc.

Creating a PASOE

Now go back to the proenv console, go to *C:\PUG_2023\WebhandlerWorkshop* and use:

%DLC%\servers\pasoe\bin\tcman create -p 30000 -P 30001 -s 30002 .\Pasoe

To create a PASOE in the folder: C:\PUG_2023\WebhandlerWorkshop\Pasoe

Configuring a PASOE

Go to: $C:\PUG_2023\WebhandlerWorkshop\Pasoe\conf$

And open openedge.properties with an editor

To create a working PASOE with Webhandlers we need to:

- Set the PROPATH
- Connect the database
- Configure the WebHandlers

PROPATH

Go to the section:

AppServer.Agent.Pasoe

Find the PROPATH entry and add: $C:\PUG_2023\WebhandlerWorkshop\sr c$ to the PROPATH while leaving the rest of the PROPATH intact.

Database Connection

Then we need to configure the PASOE database connection. We go to the section:

AppServer.SessMgr.Pasoe

And we add: (case sensitive)

```
agentStartupParam=-db Sports2000 -H localhost -S 20000
```

This will enable the PASOE to connect to the sports2000 database.

Webhandlers

Now we need to configure the webhandlers:

Go to the section: Pasoe.ROOT.WEB And add

```
handler1=Webhandler.CustomerWebhandler: /Customers/{CustNum}
handler2=Webhandler.CustomerWebhandler: /Customers
```

Testing the PASOE

We can now start the PASOE to test the configuration:

C:\PUG_2023\WebhandlerWorkshop\Pasoe\bin>tcman start

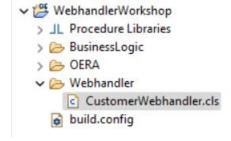
Wait some seconds (depending on your hardware specs) and check

C:\PUG_2023\WebhandlerWorkshop\Pasoe\logs for the agent log. Open the agent log with your favorite tail program and check if the database is connected.

```
-16T21:47:24.225+0200 027348 017288 1 AS-Aux-0 mtapsy:-:? MSAS Agent Starting Up -- Progress OpenEdge Release 12.2 build 1271.
-16T21:47:24.225+0200 027348 017288 1 AS-Aux-0 mtapsy:-:? -- Log qing level set to = 2
-16T21:47:24.225+0200 027348 017288 2 AS-Aux-0 mtapsy:-:? -- Log qing level set to = 2
-16T21:47:24.225+0200 027348 017288 2 AS-Aux-0 mtapsy:-:? -- Log qing MSAS Session for Pasoe.
-16T21:47:24.231+0200 027348 017288 2 AS-Aux-0 mtapsy:-:? AS MSAS Session Startup. (5473)
-16T21:47:24.238+0200 027348 017288 2 AS-Listener mtapsy:-:? AS MSAS Session Startup. (5473)
-16T21:47:24.238+0200 027348 017288 2 AS-Listener mtapsy:-:? AS MSAS Session for Pasoe.
-16T21:47:24.238+0200 027348 017288 2 AS-Listener mtapsy:-:? AS MSAS Session Startup. (5473)
-16T21:47:24.238+0200 027348 017288 2 AS-Listener mtapsy:-:? AS MSAS Session Startup. (5473)
-16T21:47:24.243+0200 027348 037464 1 AS-ResourceMgr mtapsy:-:? -- Log entry types activated: ASFlumbing,DB.Connects
-16T21:47:24.243+0200 027348 037464 2 AS-ResourceMgr mtapsy:-:? -- Log entry types activated: ASFlumbing,DB.Connects
-16T21:47:24.234+0200 027348 037464 2 AS-ResourceMgr mtapsy:-:? AS MSAS Session Startup. (5473)
-16T21:47:24.33+0200 027348 037464 2 AS-ResourceMgr mtapsy:-:? AS MSAS Session Startup. (5473)
-16T21:47:24.33+0200 027348 037464 2 AS-ResourceMgr mtapsy:-:? AS MSAS Session Startup. (5473)
-16T21:47:24.324+0200 027348 037464 2 AS-ResourceMgr mtapsy:-:? CONN Disconnecting from database Sports2000, user number 2. (9543)
-16T21:47:24.324+0200 027348 037464 2 AS-ResourceMgr mtapsy:-:? CONN Disconnecting from database Sports2000, user number 2. (9545)
-16T21:47:24.324+0200 027348 037464 2 AS-ResourceMgr mtapsy:-:? CONN Disconnecting from database Sports2000, user number 2. (9545)
-16T21:47:24.324+0200 027348 037464 2 AS-ResourceMgr mtapsy:-:? CONN Disconnecting from database Sports2000, user number 2. (9545)
-16T21:47:24.324+0200 027348 037464 2 AS-ResourceMgr mtapsy:-:? CONN Disconnecting from database Sports2000, user number 2. (9545)
-16T21:47:24.324+02
```

Let's first test the principal of the Webhandler.

Create CustomerWebhandler.cls in the Webhandler folder:



```
: CustomerWebhandler
    File
   Purpose
    Syntax
    Description :
    Author(s) : Daniel
Created : Thu Sep 14 12:12:02 CEST 2023
Notes :
                      */
USING Progress.Lang.*.
USING OpenEdge.Web.* FROM PROPATH.
USING Progress.Json.ObjectModel.* FROM PROPATH.
USING OpenEdge.Net.HTTP.* FROM PROPATH.
BLOCK-LEVEL ON ERROR UNDO, THROW.
CLASS Webhandler.CustomerWebhandler INHERITS WebHandler:
           Purpose: Handler for unsupported methods. The request being serviced and
             an optional status code is returned. A zero or null value means
                    this method will deal with all errors.
    METHOD OVERRIDE PROTECTED INTEGER HandleNotAllowedMethod( INPUT poRequest AS
OpenEdge.Web.IWebRequest ):
        UNDO, THROW NEW Progress.Lang.AppError("METHOD NOT IMPLEMENTED").
    END METHOD.
            Purpose: Handler for unknown methods. The request being serviced and an
                   optional status code is returned. A zero or null value means
                    this method will deal with all errors.
    METHOD OVERRIDE PROTECTED INTEGER HandleNotImplemented( INPUT poRequest AS OpenEdge.Web.IWebRequest
):
        UNDO, THROW NEW Progress.Lang.AppError("METHOD NOT IMPLEMENTED").
    END METHOD.
           Purpose: Default handler for the HTTP GET method. The request being
                    serviced and an optional status code is returned. A zero or
                    null value means this method will deal with all errors.
           Notes:
    METHOD OVERRIDE PROTECTED INTEGER HandleGet( INPUT poRequest AS OpenEdge.Web.IWebRequest ):
        DEFINE VARIABLE oJson
                               AS JsonObject
                                                NO-UNDO .
        DEFINE VARIABLE oResponse AS IHttpResponse NO-UNDO .
        oJson = NEW JsonObject() .
        oJson:Add ("Message", "Hello EMEA PUG 2023!").
        ASSIGN
                                = NEW WebResponse ()
            /* HTTP messages require a content type */
            oResponse:ContentType = 'application/json':U
                               = oJson
           oResponse:Entity
        THIS-OBJECT: WriteResponse (oResponse).
        RETURN 0.
    END METHOD.
```

```
METHOD PROTECTED VOID WriteResponse (poResponse AS IHttpResponse):

DEFINE VARIABLE oWriter AS WebResponseWriter NO-UNDO.

oWriter = NEW WebResponseWriter (poResponse).
oWriter:Open ().
oWriter:Close ().

END METHOD.

END CLASS.
```

Save and compile the class.

restart the PASOE by killing the Java console (cross) and execute a toman start in

C:\PUG_2023\WebhandlerWorkshop\Pasoe\bin> tcman start

Then open the browser and go to:

http://localhost:3000/web/Customers

The result must be:

The goal of this workshop

Write a webhandler which handles read and write access to the CustomerBusinessEntity for some basic functions for obtaining single records or collections.

The application is built on the Sports2000 database with the help of CCS /OERA compliant code.

In the OERA folder you will find base classes like BusinessEntity.cls.

In the BusinessLogic\Customer folder you will find the CustomerBusinessEntity which we will use today to fetch and save data. A BusinessEntity lives as a Service in the session and it can be addressed by using the ServiceManager.

Requesting data is done by a getDataTableRequest which is a JsonSerializable parameter class. This class has a number of properties to instruct the BusinessEntity which data and how much data to fetch. The code which handles the communication with the BusinessEntity is included.

Rebuilding the webhandler

Basic Cleanup

Let's replace the method WriteResponse by the code below. For the ease of the workshop we will always return Json.

```
METHOD PROTECTED VOID WriteResponse (poBody
                                                     AS OpenEdge.Core.String,
                                    piStatusCode
                                                     AS INTEGER):
    DEFINE VARIABLE oResponse AS IHttpResponse
                                                  NO-UNDO.
    DEFINE VARIABLE oWriter AS WebResponseWriter NO-UNDO.
    ASSIGN
       oResponse
                              = NEW OpenEdge.Web.WebResponse()
       oResponse:StatusCode = piStatusCode
                              = poBody
        oResponse:Entity
        oResponse:ContentType = 'application/json':u
       oResponse:ContentLength = poBody:Size
    /* dump to stream */
    oWriter = NEW WebResponseWriter (oResponse).
    oWriter:Open ().
    oWriter:Close ().
            DELETE OBJECT oResponse NO-ERROR.
            DELETE OBJECT oWriter NO-ERROR.
    END FINALLY.
END METHOD.
```

Then empty the complete HandleGet method except for the RETURN 0.

```
METHOD OVERRIDE PROTECTED INTEGER HandleGet( INPUT poRequest AS OpenEdge.Web.IWebRequest ):

RETURN 0.

END METHOD.
```

Remove all the test code.

Communicating with the BusinessEntity

First of all for ease of developing we need to include the dataset include into the CustomerWebhandler class.

CLASS Webhandler.CustomerWebhandler INHERITS WebHandler:

```
{BusinessLogic\Customer\dsCustomer.i}
```

Next we must insert the following methods, which handle querying for a collection of records or a single record.

```
Purpose: Get Data from the Business Entity
   -----*/
   \begin{array}{cccc} \text{METHOD PUBLIC VOID} & \text{GetData(pcQueryString} & \text{AS CHARACTER,} \\ & & \text{pcPagingContext} & \text{AS CHARACTER,} \end{array}
                               piNumRecords AS INTEGER,
                               OUTPUT pcNextBatch AS CHARACTER,
                               OUTPUT pcPrevBatch AS CHARACTER):
       DEFINE VARIABLE oRequest
                                   AS GetDataRequest
                                                          NO-UNDO.
       DEFINE VARIABLE oTableRequests AS IGetDataTableRequest NO-UNDO EXTENT.
       DEFINE VARIABLE oTableRequest AS GetDataTableRequest NO-UNDO.
       DEFINE VARIABLE oResponse AS IGetDataResponse NO-UNDO. DEFINE VARIABLE oService AS IBusinessEntity NO-UNDO.
       oService = CAST (ServiceManager:GetService
("BusinessLogic.Customer.CustomerBusinessEntity"), IBusinessEntity).
       oTableRequest = NEW GetDataTableRequest ().
       oTableRequest:NumRecords = piNumRecords.
       oTableRequest:TableName = "Customer".
       oTableRequest:QueryString = pcQueryString.
       oTableRequest:PagingContext = pcPagingContext.
       EXTENT (oTableRequests) = 1.
       oTableRequests[1] = oTableRequest.
       oRequest = NEW GetDataRequest ().
       oRequest:TableRequests = oTableRequests.
       oResponse = oService:getData(oRequest, OUTPUT DATASET dsCustomer).
   END METHOD.
   /*-----
    Purpose: Get a Single Record from the Business Entity by using the unique key
    -----*/
   METHOD PUBLIC HANDLE GetUniqueRecord(piCustNum AS INT64):
       DEFINE VARIABLE cDummy1 AS CHARACTER NO-UNDO.
       DEFINE VARIABLE cDummy2 AS CHARACTER NO-UNDO.
       DEFINE VARIABLE cQuery AS CHARACTER NO-UNDO.
       cQuery = SUBSTITUTE ("WHERE Customer.CustNum = &1",
                           piCustNum).
       THIS-OBJECT:GetData(cQuery,
                          ?,
```

```
OUTPUT cDummy1,
OUTPUT cDummy2).

FIND FIRST eCustomer WHERE CustNum = piCustNum NO-ERROR.

END METHOD.
```

Get a Single Record

We first want to get this part working:

handler1=Webhandler.CustomerWebhandler: /Customers/{CustNum}

Which results in the URL: <a href="http://localhost:30000/web/Customers/<number">http://localhost:30000/web/Customers/<number>

To achieve that, let's first start with formulating the reply, we will need 4 variables, a JsonObject, a Longchar, an OpenEdge. Core. String for the reply and an integer for the Status. Like this successful operations can be nicely 200 OK.

We can use

```
iCustomerNumber = INT64 ( poRequest:GetPathParameter ("CustNum":U) ).
To obtain the CustomerNumber from the URL
```

When it's not equal to zero or ? we can fetch the data from the BusinessEntity with 1 line of code:

```
IF iCustomerNumber > 0 THEN DO:
    GetUniqueRecord(iCustomerNumber).
END.
```

The data is delivered tot the Webhandler in the form of a dataset and a temp-table. The temp-table we need to convert to a JsonObject.

```
IF AVAILABLE eCustomer THEN DO:
    hTempTable = TEMP-TABLE eCustomer:HANDLE.
    hTempTable:WRITE-JSON("JsonObject", oJsonObject).
    iStatusCode = INTEGER( StatusCodeEnum:OK ).
END.
```

Then we can add some error handling too:

```
oJsonObject:Add ("Error", SUBSTITUTE ("Customer with CustNum &1 is not found.", iCustomerNumber)).
   iStatusCode = INTEGER( StatusCodeEnum:NotFound ).
oJsonObject = NEW JsonObject().
iCustomerNumber = INT64 ( poRequest:GetPathParameter ("CustNum":U) ).
IF iCustomerNumber > 0 THEN DO:
   MESSAGE "Finding Customer with Custnum = " iCustomerNumber
    VIEW-AS ALERT-BOX.
     * Request a Unique record from the business entity by primary key
    GetUniqueRecord(iCustomerNumber).
    IF AVAILABLE eCustomer THEN DO:
        hTempTable = TEMP-TABLE eCustomer: HANDLE.
        hTempTable:WRITE-JSON("JsonObject", oJsonObject).
        iStatusCode = INTEGER( StatusCodeEnum:OK ).
        oJsonObject:Add ("Error", SUBSTITUTE ("Customer with CustNum &1 is not found.", iCustomerNumber)).
        iStatusCode = INTEGER( StatusCodeEnum:NotFound ).
    END.
END.
```

When the code is saved we can have a first try if we exposed our Single Customer record via REST by using a Webhandler.

http://localhost:30000/web/Customers/1

Getting a collection of records

First of all we need to add some new variables to the method HandleGet.

```
DEFINE VARIABLE cQuery AS CHARACTER NO-UNDO.

DEFINE VARIABLE iBatchSize AS INTEGER NO-UNDO.

DEFINE VARIABLE cNextBatch AS CHARACTER NO-UNDO.

DEFINE VARIABLE cPrevBatch AS CHARACTER NO-UNDO.
```

cQuery will be the database query executed by the BusinessEntity. The iBatchSize determines the number of returned records. The cPrevBatch and cNextBatch will contain the row-id values of any records in a next or previous batch.

```
When INT64 ( poRequest:GetPathParameter ("CustNum":U) ) = 0
```

Then we do not seem to handle a single unique record, so we can conclude we handle a collection, therefor we can just use ELSE DO:.

END.

Afther the getData when the Temp-Table is filled, we can again, convert the Temp-Table to a JsonObject:

```
IF CAN-FIND (FIRST eCustomer) THEN DO:
    hTempTable = TEMP-TABLE eCustomer:HANDLE.
    hTempTable:WRITE-JSON( "JsonObject", oJsonObject ).
    iStatusCode = INTEGER( StatusCodeEnum:OK ).
END.
```

And afterwards we do some error handling again:

```
ELSE DO:
    oJsonObject:Add ("Error", "No Customers found").
    iStatusCode = INTEGER( StatusCodeEnum:NotFound ).
END.
```

After we finished coding this we can test this:

http://localhost:30000/web/Customers

Set a filter, select the fields and set the batch size.

First of all the batch size. Most REST clients determine the size of the batches in which data is transferred.

The same counts for the fields which are returned. When a REST client does not need certain fields, then it would be a waste of bandwidth to send those.

Finally a REST client would like to filter on the data.

We will implement those three topics, so it can be used like this:

http://localhost:30000/web/Customers?Filter=Custnum%3E10&BatchSize=20&Fields=CustNum,Name,Country

To the method HandleGet we need to add two new variables:

```
DEFINE VARIABLE cFilterFields AS CHARACTER NO-UNDO.
DEFINE VARIABLE cWebQuery AS CHARACTER NO-UNDO.
```

```
IF iBatchSize = ? OR iBatchSize = 0 THEN iBatchSize = 100. Just above this line we can now insert the following lines of code:
```

```
ASSIGN

cWebQuery = poRequest:URI:GetQueryValue('Filter')

cFilterFields = poRequest:URI:GetQueryValue('Fields')

iBatchSize = INTEGER (

poRequest:URI:GetQueryValue('BatchSize') )

NO-ERROR.
```

http://localhost:30000/web/Customers?Fields=CustNum,Name,Country

To make sure that this URL only selects the chosen fields as intended we have to walk all the fields in the Temp-Table and set the property SERIALIZE-HIDDEN to TRUE or FALSE.

We can create a method FilterFields:

```
METHOD PUBLIC VOID FilterFields( phTempTable AS HANDLE, pcFields AS CHARACTER ):
```

END METHOD.

Then add the code to walk the Temp-Table fields and set SERIALIZE-HIDDEN.

```
DEFINE VARIABLE i AS INTEGER NO-UNDO.
```

Just before we convert the Temp-Table into a Json, we can execute the method to show or hide the fields, we have to pass the TEMP-TABLE HANDLE to the method.

```
IF CAN-FIND (FIRST eCustomer) THEN DO:
    IF cFilterFields <> ? AND cFilterFields <> "" THEN
        FilterFields(TEMP-TABLE eCustomer:HANDLE, cFilterFields).

hTempTable = TEMP-TABLE eCustomer:HANDLE.
hTempTable:WRITE-JSON( "JsonObject", oJsonObject ).
    iStatusCode = INTEGER( StatusCodeEnum:OK ).
END.
END.
```

Filtering the Query using the operators: =,<>,<,>,<=,=>:

Since developing those filters would take a bit long for the workshop, we can use the querybuilder object. Replace cQuery = "". By:

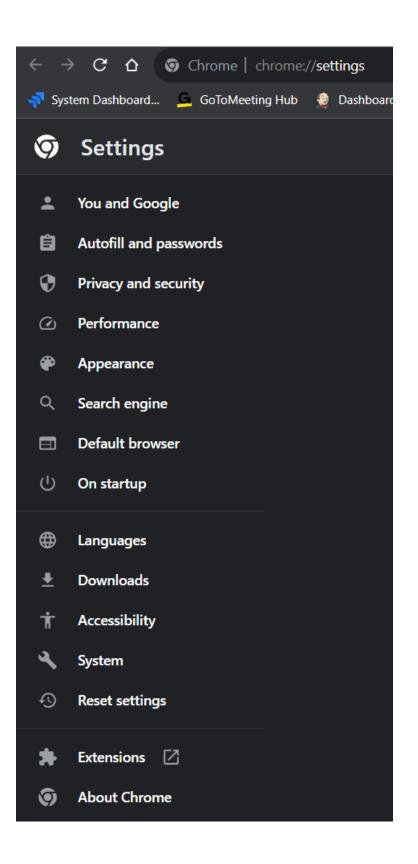
```
cQuery = QueryBuilder:SimpleConvertWebQueryToOpenEdgeQuery(TEMP-TABLE eCustomer:HANDLE, cWebQuery).
```

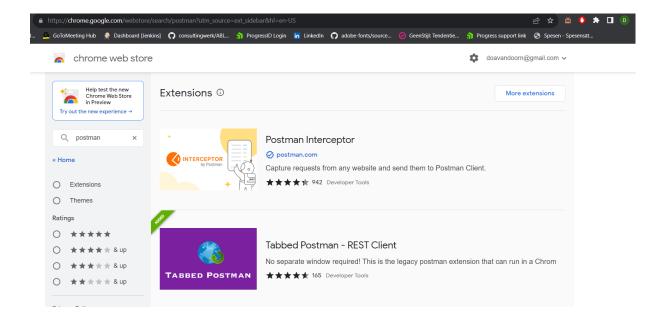
This will convert the REST Query into an OpenEdge query.

 $\frac{http://localhost:30000/web/Customers?Filter=Custnum\%3E10,City=Austin\&BatchSize=20\&Fields=Custnum,Name,Country,City}{stNum,Name,Country,City}$

Updating Data-HandlePost

Download a postman plugin for your webbrowser.





The plan is to get a unique record with a http GET.

Then update the Json data and use a http POST to update the data in the database.

First of all let's create a HandlePost method:

```
\begin{tabular}{llll} {\tt METHOD\ OVERRIDE\ PUBLIC\ INTEGER\ HandlePost(\ INPUT\ poRequest\ AS\ OpenEdge.Web.IWebRequest\ ): \end{tabular}
```

END.

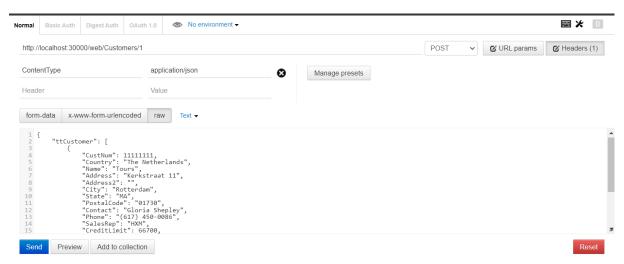
We will need a number of variables in this method:

```
DEFINE VARIABLE oService
                              AS IBusinessEntity
                                                                                 NO-UNDO.
DEFINE VARIABLE oUpdateRequest AS UpdateDataRequest
                                                                                 NO-UNDO.
DEFINE VARIABLE oJson
                             AS JsonObject
                                                                                 NO-UNDO.
DEFINE VARIABLE oBody
                              AS Progress.Lang.Object
                                                                                 NO-UNDO.
DEFINE VARIABLE oResponseBody AS OpenEdge.Core.String
                                                                                 NO-UNDO.
DEFINE VARIABLE oEntityWriter AS OpenEdge.Net.HTTP.Filter.Payload.MessageWriter NO-UNDO.
DEFINE VARIABLE lcData
                              AS LONGCHAR
                                                                                 NO-UNDO.
DEFINE VARIABLE iStatusCode
                              AS INTEGER
                                                                                 NO-UNDO.
DEFINE VARIABLE 1cJson
                              AS LONGCHAR
                                                                                 NO-UNDO.
```

Then we need to get our payload out of poRequest: Entity, that can be a bit tricky so just insert this code:

```
ELSE
     lcData = oBody:ToString().

MESSAGE STRING(lcData)
VIEW-AS ALERT-BOX.
```



And we can already see the Json in our logfile viewer when tailing the agent log in the Pasoe/logs directory:

```
'HandlePost Webhandler.CustomerWebhandler' Line:301) {
 'HandlePost Webhandler.CustomerWebhandler'
                                                                                                    "ttCustomer": [
                                                                          Line: 301)
'HandlePost Webhandler.CustomerWebhandler' Line:301)
'HandlePost Webhandler.CustomerWebhandler' Line:301)
                                                                                                                "CustNum": 11111111,
"Country": "The Netherlands",
"Name": "Tours",
"Address": "Kerkstraat 11",
"Address2": "",
'HandlePost Webhandler.CustomerWebhandler' Line:301
 'HandlePost Webhandler.CustomerWebhandler'
                                                                          Line:301)
'HandlePost Webhandler.CustomerWebhandler' Line:301)
'HandlePost Webhandler.CustomerWebhandler' Line:301)
                                                                                                                "Address2": "",
"City": "Rotterdam",
"State": "MA",
"PostalCode": "01730",
"Contact": "Gloria Shepley",
"Phone": "(617) 450-0086",
"SalesRep": "HXM",
"CreditLimit": 66700,
"Balance": 903.64,
"Terms": "Net30",
"Discount": 35,
'HandlePost Webhandler.CustomerWebhandler' Line:301)
                                                                                                                 "Discount": 35,
'HandlePost Webhandler.CustomerWebhandler' Line:301)
'HandlePost Webhandler.CustomerWebhandler' Line:301)
                                                                                                                 "Comments": "This customer is on credit hold.",
"Fax": "",
                                                                                                                 "Fax":
'HandlePost Webhandler.CustomerWebhandler' Line:301)
                                                                                                                 "EmailAddress": ""
'HandlePost Webhandler.CustomerWebhandler' Line:301)
'HandlePost Webhandler.CustomerWebhandler' Line:301
                                                                                                   1
'HandlePost Webhandler.CustomerWebhandler' Line:301) }
```

On top of the class define a new temp-table:

```
DEFINE TEMP-TABLE ttCustomer LIKE eCustomer.

Now in the HandlePost method, after the message lcData, place the following code:
```

```
/*
  * Replace eCustomer by ttCustomer as a hack
  */
lcData = REPLACE(lcData, "eCustomer", "ttCustomer").

TEMP-TABLE ttCustomer:READ-JSON ("longchar", lcData, "MERGE").
```

We read the records into a separate Temp-Table, to be able to use the TRACKING-CHANGES and Before and After buffer options of the Temp-Table. Now we have the data in ttCustomer, we should obtain the data from the database in the eCustomer Temp-Table.

```
FOR EACH ttCustomer:
    GetUniqueRecord(ttCustomer.CustNum).
END.
```

That fills the eCustomer table with the original values of the records.

Now we can use TRACKING-CHANGES on the eCustomer Temp-Table:

```
TEMP-TABLE eCustomer:TRACKING-CHANGES = TRUE.
```

And now we can update the table with the new or modified records:

```
FOR EACH ttCustomer:
    FIND eCustomer WHERE eCustomer.CustNum = ttCustomer.CustNum NO-ERROR.
    IF AVAILABLE eCustomer THEN DO:
        BUFFER-COPY ttCustomer TO eCustomer.
        iStatusCode = INTEGER (StatusCodeEnum:Accepted).
    END.
    ELSE DO:
        CREATE eCustomer.
        BUFFER-COPY ttCustomer TO eCustomer.
        iStatusCode = INTEGER (StatusCodeEnum:Created).
    END.
END.
```

After updating the data the BusinessEntity must save it, we request the ServiceManager for the BusinessEntity. The updateData method is not part of the IBusinessEntity interface, therefore we will need to cast oService as BusinessLogic.Customer.CustomerBusinessEntity to be able to access updateData.

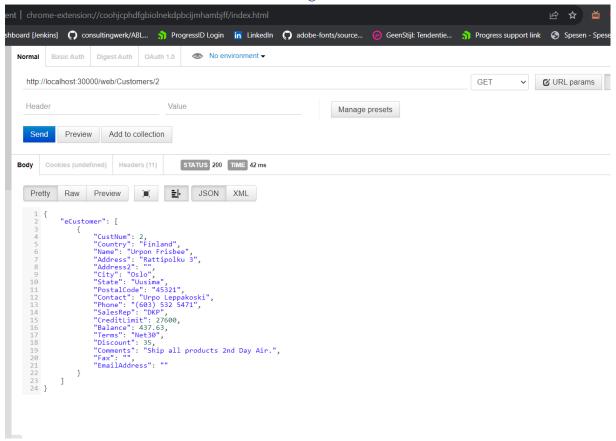
```
oService = CAST (ServiceManager:GetService
("BusinessLogic.Customer.CustomerBusinessEntity"), IBusinessEntity).
    oUpdateRequest = NEW UpdateDataRequest().
        CAST
(oService,BusinessLogic.Customer.CustomerBusinessEntity):updateData(DATASET dsCustomer, oUpdateRequest).
```

Finally, we can respond to the request with success:

It should look like this:

```
lcData = REPLACE(lcData, "eCustomer", "ttCustomer").
TEMP-TABLE ttCustomer:READ-JSON ("longchar", lcData, "MERGE").
FOR EACH ttCustomer:
    {\tt GetUniqueRecord(ttCustomer.CustNum).}
TEMP-TABLE eCustomer:TRACKING-CHANGES = TRUE.
FOR EACH ttCustomer:
    FIND eCustomer WHERE eCustomer.CustNum = ttCustomer.CustNum NO-ERROR.
    IF AVAILABLE eCustomer THEN DO:
        BUFFER-COPY ttCustomer TO eCustomer.
        iStatusCode = INTEGER (StatusCodeEnum:Accepted).
    END.
    ELSE DO:
        CREATE eCustomer.
        BUFFER-COPY ttCustomer TO eCustomer.
        iStatusCode = INTEGER (StatusCodeEnum:Created).
END.
oService = CAST (ServiceManager:GetService ("BusinessLogic.Customer.CustomerBusinessEntity"), IBusinessEntity). oUpdateRequest = NEW UpdateDataRequest().
CAST (oService, BusinessLogic.Customer.CustomerBusinessEntity):updateData(DATASET dsCustomer, oUpdateRequest).
oJson = NEW JsonObject().
oJson:Add ("Success", SUBSTITUTE ("Customer table updated")).
ASSIGN
    lcJson = oJson:GetJsonText()
    oResponseBody = NEW OpenEdge.Core.String(lcJSON)
WriteResponse(oResponseBody, iStatusCode).
RETURN 0.
```

First use Postman with a GET to obtain a single Customer record:



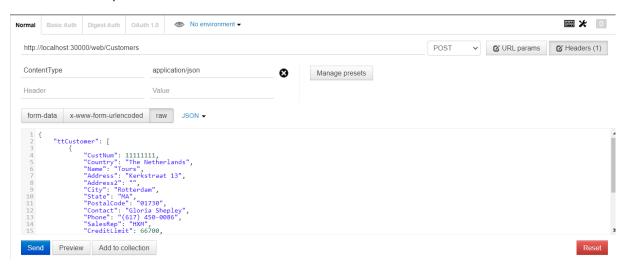
Copy the Json,

Create a new Request of the POST type:

Select raw, and after raw, JSON.

Paste the Json.

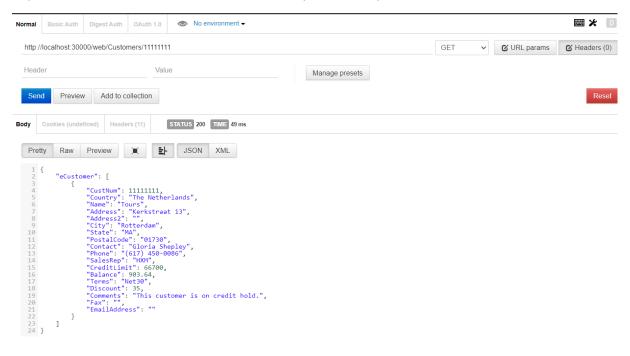
Use the URL http://localhost:30000/web/Customers



Notice the status in the response:



Repeat the GET and confirm that the record really has been updated.



Check the PASOE agent logfile too:

```
| Procedure: | HandlePost Webhandler.CustomerWebhandler! Line: 302) | "EmailAddress": "" | Procedure: | HandlePost Webhandler.CustomerWebhandler! Line: 302) | "EmailAddress": "" | Procedure: | HandlePost Webhandler.CustomerWebhandler! Line: 302) | Procedure: | GetDataInternal OERA.BusinessEntity' Line: 91) | Fetching data: FOR EACH Customer WHERE Customer.CustNum = 1111111 | Procedure: | HandlePost Webhandler.CustomerWebhandler' Line: 201) | Finding Customer with Customer WHERE Customer.CustNum = 1111111 | Procedure: | GetDataInternal OERA.BusinessEntity' Line: 91) | Fetching data: FOR EACH Customer WHERE Customer.CustNum = 1111111 | Procedure: | GetDataInternal OERA.BusinessEntity' Line: 91) | Fetching data: FOR EACH Customer WHERE Customer.CustNum = 1111111 | Procedure: | HandlePost Webhandler.CustomerWebhandler: Line: 302) | Tutous | Tu
```

SalesRepWebhandler

When you are really fast, you could create a WebHandler for SalesRep. Which uses the SalesRep BusinessEntity. Adapt the code above to make it work.

In your SalesRepWebHandler, facilitate the uploading of a SalesRep picture, the picture can be saved into the SESSION:TEMP-DIR.

Workshop Fin

We hope you enjoyed the workshop!

Please keep in mind that for the sake of the workshop we have taken some shortcuts.

All re occurring code in the WebHandler could be moved to a different (base) class. The literal strings like "Customer" and "BusinesLogic.Customer.CustomerBusinessEntity" could have been passed as properties. Only that would have taken away the fun of coding / copying and trying the code yourself.

Of course the SmartComponent Library offers the exposure of BusinessEntity data via the REST API out of the box. Next to that the SmartComponent Library is more