### Diziler





### Suhap SAHIN Onur GÖK

#### Dizi Tanımı



#### Dizi Gösterimi



```
isim

tip

isim

tip

int dizi[10]={35,33,42,10,14,19,27,44,26,31};

boyu
boyu
tip

tip
```

#### Dizi Gösterimi





index: 0'dan baslar

Dizinin Boyutu: Sakladıgı eleman kadardır

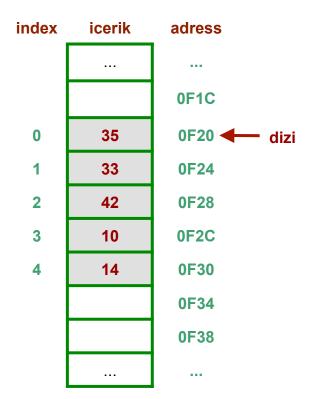
Erisim: Dizile elemanına erisim için index numarası kullanılır

### Bellek yerlesimi

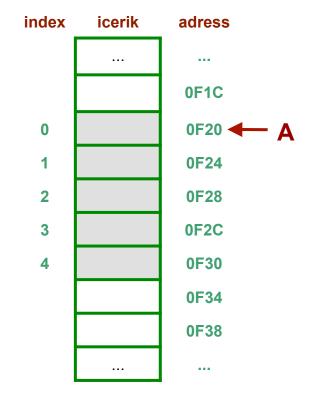
```
int dizi[5]={35,33,42,10,14};

0 1 2 3 4

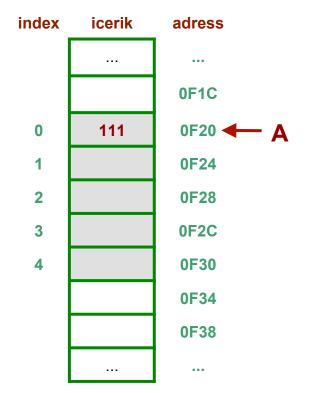
35 33 42 10 14
```



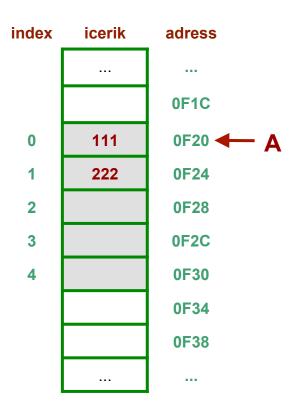
```
#include <stdio.h>
void main() {
  int A[5];
```



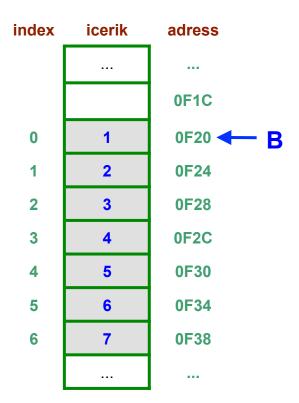
```
#include <stdio.h>
void main() {
  int A[5];
  A[0] = 111;
  printf("A dizisinin 1. elemani: %d\n", A[0]);
```



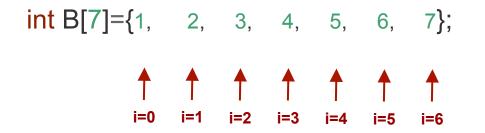
```
#include <stdio.h>
void main() {
  int A[5];
  A[0] = 111;
  printf("A dizisinin 1. elemani: %d\n", A[0]);
  A[1] = 222;
  printf("A dizisinin 2. elemani: %d\n", A[1]);
```

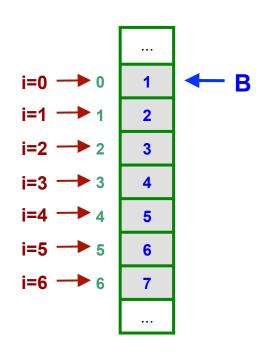


```
#include <stdio.h>
void main() {
  int A[5];
  A[0] = 111;
  printf("A dizisinin 1. elemani: %d\n", A[0]);
  A[1] = 222;
  printf("A dizisinin 2. elemani: %d\n", A[1]);
  int B[7] = \{1,2,3,4,5,6,7\};
```

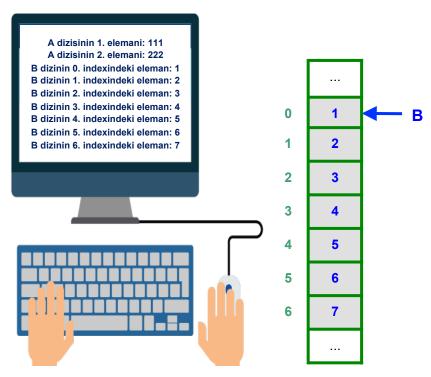


## Dizi içinde dolasma

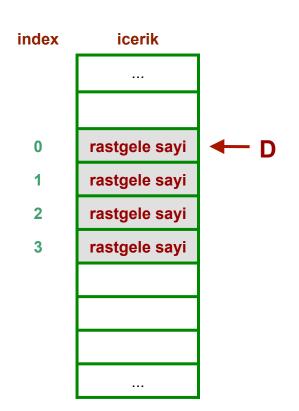




```
#include <stdio.h>
void main() {
  int A[5];
  A[0] = 111;
  printf("A dizisinin 1. elemani: %d\n", A[0]);
  A[1] = 222;
  printf("A dizisinin 2. elemani: %d\n", A[1]);
  int B[7] = \{1,2,3,4,5,6,7\};
  int i;
  for (i = 0 ; i < 7 ; i++)
     printf("B dizinin %d. indexindeki eleman: %d\n", i, B[i]);
```



### rastgele sayilar [0,100)



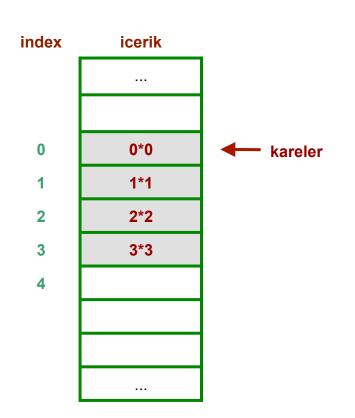


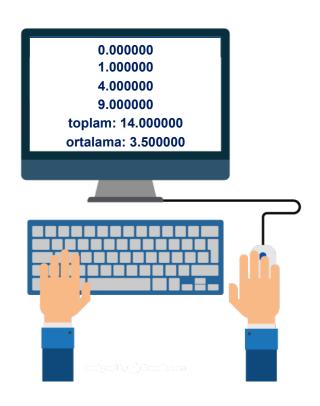
## rastgele sayilar [0,100)

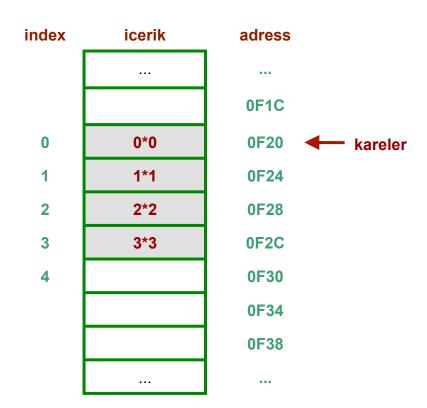
```
#include <time.h>
void main() {
            int D[4];
            srand(time(NULL));
            int i:
            printf("--- Rastgele 4 sayı üretiliyor [0,100) ----\n");
            for (i = 0 ; i < 4 ; i++) 
                         D[i] = rand() \% 100;
             printf("--- Üretilen sayılar bir dizide saklandı ----\n");
            for (i = 0 ; i < 4 ; i++) {
                         printf("Üretilen %d. sayı = %d\n",i+1,D[i]);
```

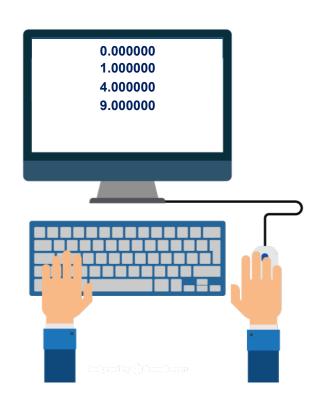
Üretilen 1. sayı = 39 Üretilen 2. sayı = 50 Üretilen 3. sayı = 8 Üretilen 4. sayı = 25



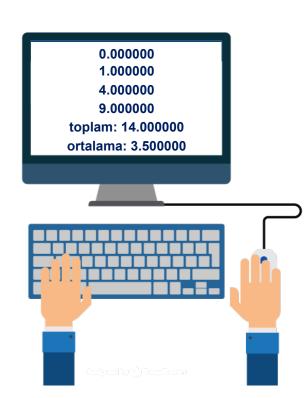






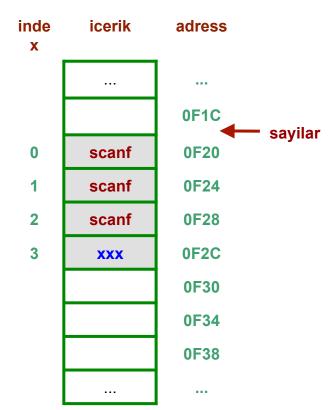


```
#include <stdio.h>
void main() {
              int i;
              float kareler[4];
              for (i = 0 ; i < 4 ; i++) {
                            kareler[i] = i*i;
              for (i = 0 ; i < 4 ; i++) {
                            printf("%f\n", kareler[i]);
              float toplam = 0;
              for (i = 0 ; i < 4 ; i++)
                            toplam += kareler[i];
              float ortalama = toplam / 4.0;
              printf("toplam: %f\n", toplam);
              printf("ortalama: %f\n",
ortalama);
```



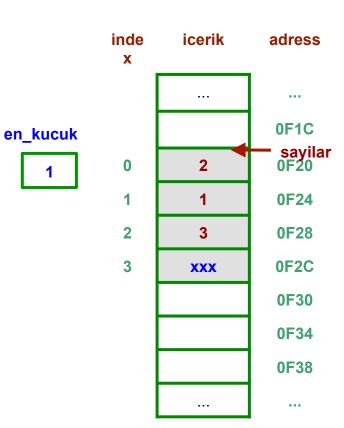
## Dizideki en küçük sayı





# Dizideki en küçük sayı

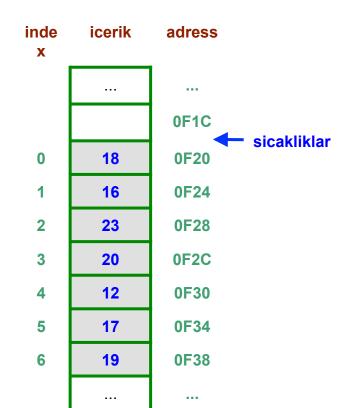
```
#include <stdio.h>
void main() {
              int sayilar[4];
              int i, N;
              do {
                             printf("kac sayi gireceksiniz? (max:4) ");
                             scanf("%d", &N);
              } while (N > 4);
              for (i = 0 ; i < N ; i++) {
                             printf("sayi girin: ");
                             scanf("%d", &sayilar[i]);
              int en kucuk = sayilar[0];
              for (i = 1 ; i < N ; i++) {
                             if (sayilar[i] < en kucuk) {</pre>
                                            en kucuk = sayilar[i];
              printf("en kucuk eleman: %d\n", en kucuk);
```



#### Ortalama sıcaklık







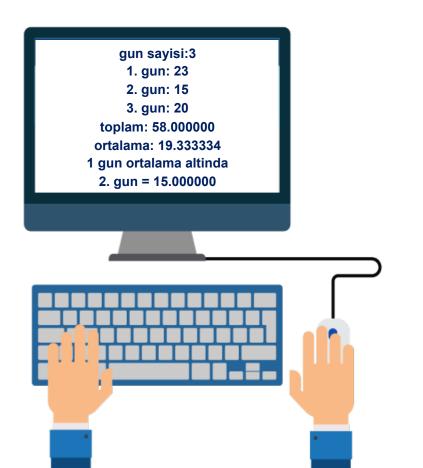
#### Ortalama sıcaklık

```
#include <stdio.h>
float dizi toplam(float d[], int eleman say) {
  int i:
  float toplam = 0;
  for (i = 0; i < eleman say; i++) {
     toplam += d[i];
                   return toplam:
void main() {
  float sicakliklar[7];
  int i:
  for (i = 0 ; i < 7 ; i++) {
     printf("%d. gun: ", i+1);
     float x:
     scanf("%f", &x);
     sicakliklar[i] = x;
  float toplam = dizi toplam(sicakliklar, 7);
  printf("toplam: %f\n", toplam);
  float ortalama = toplam / 7.0;
  printf("ortalama: %f\n", ortalama);
  for (i = 0 ; i < 7 ; i++) {
     if (sicakliklar[i] < ortalama) {
        printf("%d. gun = %f\n", i+1, sicakliklar[i]);
```

```
1. gun: 18
2. gun: 16
3. gun: 23
4. gun: 20
5. gun: 12
6. gun: 17
7. gun: 19
toplam: 125.000000
ortalama: 17.857143
2. gun = 16.000000
5. gun = 12.000000
6. gun = 17.000000
```



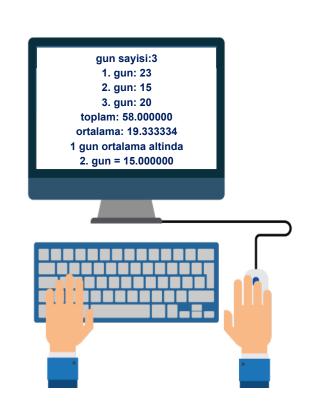
#### Ortalama altındaki sıcaklık



inde	icerik	adress	
X		•	sicaklikla
0	23	0F1C	r
1	15	0F20	
2	20	0F24	
3	xxx	0F28	
4	xxx	0F2C	
5	xxx	0F30	
6	xxx	0F34	
7	xxx	0F38	
8	xxx	0F40	
9	xxx	0F44	

#### Ortalama altındaki sıcaklık

```
#include <stdio.h>
float dizi toplam(float d[], int eleman say);
void main() {
                     float sicakliklar[10];
                     int N. i:
                     printf("gun sayisi:");
                     scanf("%d", &N);
                     for (i = 0; i < N; i++) {
                                            printf("%d. gun: ", i+1);
                                           scanf("%f", &sicakliklar[i]);
                     float toplam = dizi_toplam(sicakliklar, N);
                     printf("toplam: %f\n", toplam);
                     float ortalama = toplam / (float)N;
                     printf("ortalama: %f\n", ortalama);
                     int sayac = 0;
                     for (i = 0 ; i < N ; i++)
                                           if (sicakliklar[i] < ortalama)</pre>
                                                                  savac++;
                     printf("%d gun ortalama altinda\n", savac);
                     for (i = 0; i < N; i++)
                                           if (sicakliklar[i] < ortalama)</pre>
                                                                 printf("%d. gun =
%f\n", i+1, sicakliklar[i]);
float dizi toplam(float d[], int eleman say) {
                     int i;
                     float toplam = 0;
                     for (i = 0; i < eleman say; i++)
                                           toplam += d[i];
                     return toplam;
```

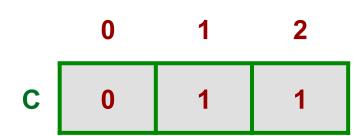


# Örnek: Taban çevrimi

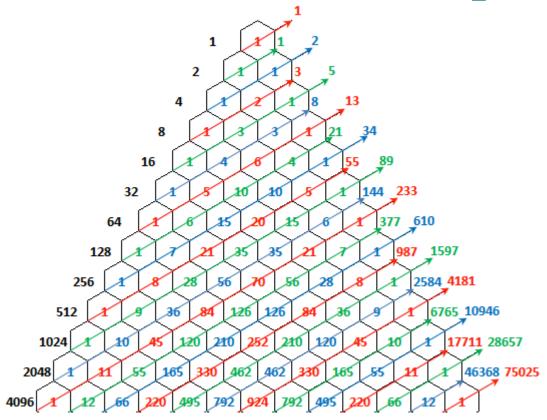
sayi1 = 5	taban =2
	bolum1= 2
<u>kalan1 = 1</u>	

# Örnek: Taban çevrimi

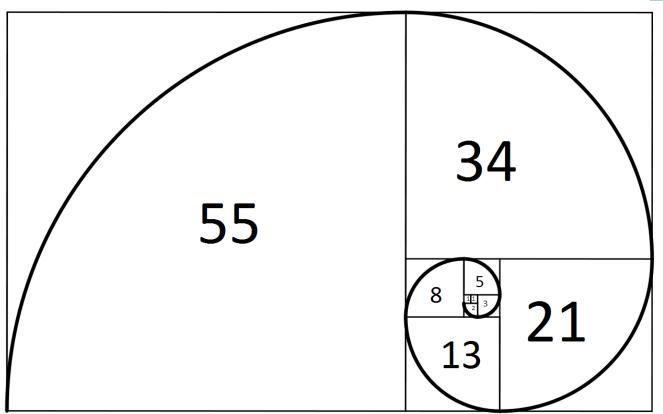
```
#include <stdio.h>
void main()
  int sayi, taban, k;
  sayi = 6;
  taban = 2;
  int C[3];
  int i = 0;
  while(sayi>0){
     kalan = sayi % taban;
     sayi = sayi / taban;
     C[i] = kalan;
     i = i+1;
  for(i=2;i >-1;i--){
     printf("%d",C[i]);
```



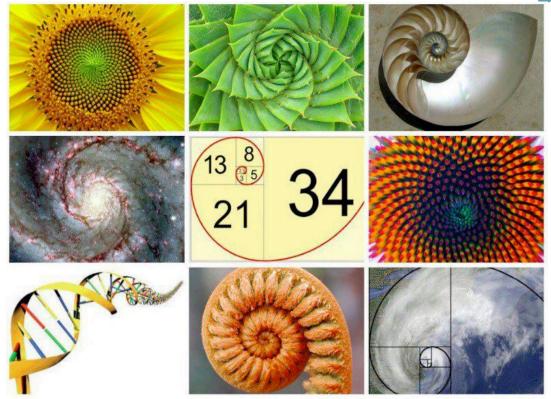
## Örnek: Fibonacci Sayıları



## Örnek: Fibonacci Sayıları



# Ornek: Fibonacci Sayıları



### Örnek: Fibonacci Sayıları

int  $A[10] = \{0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34\};$ 

### Örnek: ilk 10 fibonacci

```
#include <stdio.h>
void main()
  int A[10];
  A[0]=0;
  A[1]=1;
  int i;
  for(i=2;i<10;i++){
     A[i] = A[i-1] + A[i-2];
  for(i=0;i < 10;i++){}
     printf("%d,",A[i]);
```

#### sayıları

```
i = 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
A 0 1 2 3 5 8 3 24 34
```

$$A[i=2] = A[i=1] + A[i=0]$$

### Örnek: ilk 10 fibonacci

```
#include <stdio.h>
void main()
  int A[10];
  A[0]=0;
  A[1]=1;
  int i;
  for(i=2;i<10;i++){
     A[i] = A[i-1] + A[i-2];
  for(i=0;i < 10;i++)
     printf("%d,",A[i]);
```

#### sayıları

```
i = 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
A 0 1 2 2 3 5 6 7 8 9
```

$$A[i=2] = A[i=1] + A[i=0]$$

### Örnek: ilk 10 fibonacci

```
#include <stdio.h>
void main()
  int A[10];
  A[0]=0;
  A[1]=1;
  int i;
  for(i=2;i<10;i++){
     A[i] = A[i-1] + A[i-2];
  for(i=0;i < 10;i++)
     printf("%d,",A[i]);
```

#### sayıları

```
i = 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
A 0 1 1 2 3 5 8 13 21 34
```

$$A[i=2] = A[i=1] + A[i=0]$$

## Örnek: Diziyi tersine çevir



### Örnek: Diziyi tersine çevir

int 
$$A[4] = \{1,3,2,4\};$$

int A[4]=
$$\{4,3,2,1\}$$
;

int 
$$A[4] = \{4, 2, 3, 1\};$$

# Örnek: Diziyi tersine çevir

```
#include <stdio.h>
void main()
  int N,S,gecici;
  N=4;
  int A[]=\{1,3,2,4\};
  S=N/2;
  int i;
  for(i=0;i<S;i++){
     gecici=A[i];
     A[i]=A[N-i-1];
     A[N-i-1]=gecici;
  for(i=0;i < N;i++){}
     printf("%d,",A[i]);
```

#### Örnek: En küçük ve en büyük



#### Örnek: En küçük ve en büyük

```
#include <stdio.h>
void main()
  int N, max, min;
  N=4;
  int A[]=\{1,3,2,4\};
  min = A[0];
  max = A[0];
  int i;
  for(i=0;i<N;i++){}
     if(A[i]>max){
        max = A[i];
     }else if(A[i]<min){</pre>
        min = A[i];
  printf("%d %d",min, max);
```

#### Örnek: Dizi1 + Dizi2

```
int A[5] = \{1,2,3,4,5\}; elde =1

+ int B[5] = \{9,0,0,3,7\};

int C[6] = \{1,0,2,3,8,2\};
```

elde =1; 
$$A[4] = 5;$$
  
 $+B[4] = 7;$   
 $C[5] = 2;$ 

```
C[i+1] = (A[i] + B[i] + elde) %10;
elde = (A[i] + B[i] + elde)/10;
```

### Örnek: Dizi1 + Dizi2

```
#include <stdio.h>
void main()
  int N,T,elde;
  N=5;
  int A[]=\{1,2,3,4,5\};
  int B[]=\{9,0,0,3,7\};
  int C[6];
  elde = 0:
  int i;
  for(i=N-1;i>-1;i--){
     gecici = A[i] + B[i] + elde;
     C[i+1] = gecici %10;
     elde = gecici/10;
  C[0]=elde;
  for(i=0;i<N+1;i++){}
     printf("%d",C[i]);
```

#### Sorular

