Pointer & Dizi





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Diziler

```
....
<u>304</u>
305
                 100
306
307
<u>308</u>
309
                 500
310
311
<u>312</u>
313
                1500
314
315
```

```
int dizi_b[3] = \{100, 500, 1500\};
```

$$sizeof(int) = 4$$

Diziler

```
<u>304</u>
305
                 100
306
307
<u>308</u>
309
                 500
310
311
<u>312</u>
313
                1500
314
315
```

```
int dizi_b[3] = \{100, 500, 1500\};
```

```
dizi_b[2]
= 304 + 2 * sizeof(int)
= 304 + 2 * 4
= 312
```

Diziler

```
<u>304</u>
305
                100
306
307
<u>308</u>
309
                500
310
311
312
313
               1500
314
315
```

```
int dizi b[3] = \{100, 500, 1500\};
printf("%c", dizi_b[2]);
   1500
printf("%d", &dizi_b[2]);
   312
```

Diziler & isaretçiler

```
....
<u>304</u>
305
                  100
306
307
<u>308</u>
309
                  500
310
311
<u>312</u>
313
                1500
314
315
```

```
int dizi b[3] = \{100, 500, 1500\};
dizi b + 1
              = 304 + 1 * sizeof(int)
              = 304 + 1 * 4
              = 308
printf("%d\n", dizi b+1);
   308
```

Diziler & isaretçiler



```
int dizi_b[3] = \{100, 500, 1500\};
```

```
printf("%d\n", *(dizi_b+1));
500
```

Diziler & isaretçiler



....

```
int dizi_b[3] = \{100, 500, 1500\};
```

x: tamsayi

$$dizi[x] == *(dizi + x);$$

$$&dizi[x] == (dizi + x);$$

sizeof

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
printf("sizeof(short) : %d\n", sizeof(short));
printf("sizeof(int) : %d\n", sizeof(int));
printf("sizeof(long) : %d\n", sizeof(long));
printf("sizeof(char) : %d\n",sizeof(char));
printf("sizeof(char) : %d\n", sizeof(float));
printf("sizeof(char) : %d\n", sizeof(double));
printf("sizeof(char) : %d\n", sizeof(long double));
return 0;
```



sizeof

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
            short a;
            int b;
            long c;
            char d;
            printf("sizeof(a) : %d\n", sizeof(a));
            printf("sizeof(b) : %d\n", sizeof(b));
            printf("sizeof(c) : %d\n", sizeof(c));
            printf("sizeof(d): %d\n", sizeof(d));
            return 0;
```



sizeof

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
         int dizi[5];
         int *ptr;
         printf("sizeof(dizi) : %d\n", sizeof(dizi));
         printf("sizeof(ptr) : %d\n", sizeof(ptr));
         return 0;
}
```



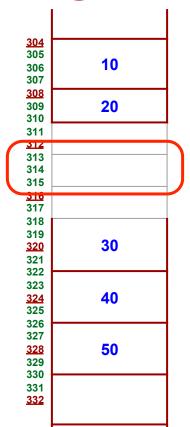
isaretci aritmatigi

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int a=5:
  int * a ptr = &a;
  printf("a'nin baslangictaki adres degeri: %u\n\n", a ptr);
  a ptr++;
  printf("1 eklendikten sonra adres degeri: %u\n\n", a_ptr);
  a ptr -= 2;
  printf("2 cikarildiktan sonra adres degeri: %u\n\n", a_ptr);
  a ptr--;
  printf("1 cikarildiktan sonra adres degeri: %u\n\n", a ptr);
  printf("a'nin 2 sonraki adresi: %u\n", (&a) +2);
                                                                          <u>312</u>+2
  printf("a'nin 1 onceki adresi: %u\n", (&a) -1);
                                                                           <u>312</u>-1
  return 0:
```

<u>304</u>	
305	?
306	f
307	
<u>308</u>	0
309	?
310	
311	
312 313	
314	
315	
316	
317	
318	
319	
320	5
321	
322	
323	
324	?
325	
326	
327	
	?
	304
	JU4

isaretci & diziler

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
int i:
int a[5] = \{10, 20, 30, 40, 50\};
                int *aptr;
                aptr = a;
               // aptr = &a[0]
                // dizinin 2. elemanini yazdiriyoruz
                printf("a[2]: %d\n", a[2]);
                // pointer'in 2 sonraki adresinin degerini yazdiriyoruz
                printf("*(aptr+2): %d\n", *(aptr+2));
                printf("\n");
                // pointer dizi yazim sekliyle kullanilabilir
                printf("aptr[2]: %d\n", aptr[2]);
                // dizi pointer yazim sekliyle kullanilabilir
                printf("*(a+2): %d\n", *(a+2));
                printf("\n");
                // dizinin 2. indexteki elemaninin adresi
                printf("&a[2]: %d\n", &a[2]);
                printf("a+2: %d\n", a+2);
                return 0:
```



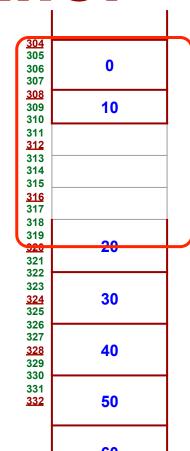
isaretci & diziler

```
#include <stdio.h>
void ekrana_yaz(int d[], int N) {
                int i;
                for (i = 0 ; i < N ; i++)
                                printf("%d\n", d[i]);
                printf("\n");
void ekrana_yaz_2(int *d, int N) {
                int i;
                for (i = 0 ; i < N ; i++)
                                printf("%d\n", d[i]);
                printf("\n");
int main() {
                int dizi[7] = \{0, 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60\};
                ekrana_yaz(dizi, 2);
                ekrana_yaz_2(dizi, 2);
                ekrana_yaz(&dizi[2], 3);
                ekrana_yaz(dizi+2, 3);
                return 0;
```



isaretci & diziler

```
#include <stdio.h>
void ekrana yaz 3(int *baslangic, int *son) {
              int * p;
  for (p = baslangic; p \le son; p++)
     printf("%d\n", *p);
  printf("\n");
int main() {
              int dizi[7] = \{0, 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60\};
              ekrana yaz 3(dizi, &dizi[5]);
              ekrana yaz 3(dizi, &dizi[3]);
              ekrana yaz 3(dizi, dizi+3);
       return 0;
```



Sorular

