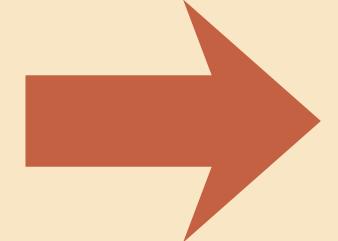


SPANISH FOR BEGINNERS

¡Bienvenidos!
Welcome!



Course Overview

- This 2-credit elective subject and it provides an introduction to the fundamentals of the Spanish language and its cultural contexts.
- It focuses on developing essential communication skills for everyday interactions, while promoting an informed understanding of the cultures of the Spanish-speaking world.
- The course emphasizes practical usage, combining listening, speaking, reading, and writing activities aligned with real-life situations.



SEMANA 1

- Introduction to the Spanish Language
- Spanish speaking countries
- The Alphabet & Vowels
- Phonic Rules
- Cognates



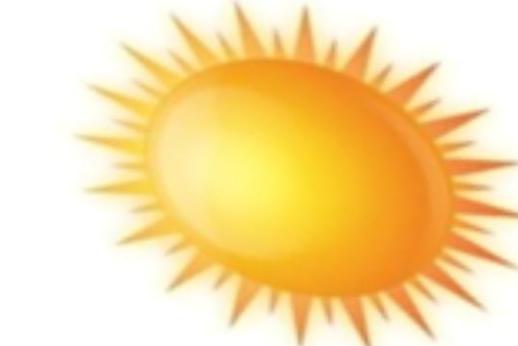
¡Saludos! - Greetings



¡Hola!

GREETINGS!

Buenas Noches



Buenas Tardes



YO SOY LA PROFESORA YELANDHY

Mi nombre completo es **Yelandhy Emilia Rodríguez Natera de O'Hara**

Let talk about Spanish names and the culture behind it:

MY DAD'S 1ST SURNAME

MY MOM'S 1ST SURNAME

MY HUSBAND'S 1ST SURNAME

First Name: Yelandhy

Middle Name: Emilia

First Surname: Rodriguez

Second Surname: Natera

Married Surname: O'Hara

de

The culture behind the Spanish names

Famous Spanish people and their names



Shakira Isabel Mebarak Ripoll



Jennifer Lynn López Rodríguez



Rafael Nadal Parera



Luis Alfonso Rodríguez López-Cepero



Luis Lionel Andres Messi

¿QUIÉN?

Shakira's family's name is:
“Mebarak Ripoll”

La madre de Shakira es:
Nidia Ripoll de Mebarak

First Name:

Middle Name:

First Surname:

Second Surname:

Married Surname:

de

DAD'S 1ST SURNAME

MOM'S 1ST SURNAME

(if married)

HUSBAND'S 1ST SURNAME



Materials en



NOTAS DE LA CLASE

LAS HOJAS DE TRABAJO / EJERCICIOS (WORKSHEETS)

UN CUADERNO o ALGO PARA ESCRIBIR

Primero hablemos de
las evaluaciones

**First... Lets talk about
assessments**

100%
coursework



- ✓ **Listening test = 20%**
- ✓ **Reading test = 20%**
- ✓ **Writing test = 20%**
- ✓ **Assignment = 40%**

**ALL TEST
WILL BE CONDUCTED
ONLINE**



It's going to be a long class
today!

Spanish-Speaking Countries - Países de habla hispana



¡ATENCIÓN!
¡ATENCIÓN!

- Native Speakers: ~484 million
- Global Ranking: 2nd most spoken language in the world
- Total Speakers : 580 million
- Spoken on: 6 continents

¿QUÉ?

- 2nd most used language on Wikipedia, Facebook, Twitter, LinkedIn
- By 2050, the USA will have the largest Spanish-speaking population
- 21.8 million learners study Spanish as a foreign language worldwide.

Let's begin by saying our names in Spanish and by asking & answering the questions below

1. ¿Cómo te llamas?

2. ¿Cuál es tu nombre?

3. ¿Quién eres?

4. ¿Cómo se llama la chica/el chico?

5. ¿Cuál es su nombre?

6. ¿Quién es?

Me llamo

Mi nombre es

Soy

Se llama

Su nombre es

Es



PHONICS, PRONUNCIATION, & THE ALPHABET

The key to perfecting your Spanish pronunciation is to really focus on those five vowels!

EL ABECEDARIO / THE ABC

A a	H hache	Ñ eñe	U u
B be	I i	O o	V uve
C ce	J jota	P pe	W uve
D de	K ka	Q cu	doble
E e	L ele	R erre	X equis
F efe	M eme	S ese	Y ye
G ge	N ene	T te	Z zeta

¡ATENCIÓN!
¡ATENCIÓN!

- EL ALFABETO: LETRAS /
THE ALPHABET: LETTERS
- CONSONANTES Y VOCALES /
CONSONANTS AND VOWELS

PHONICS, PRONUNCIATION, & THE ALPHABET

LAS VOCALES / THE VOWELS

A	CASA/ HOUSE	a is pronounced like the "a" in the word "father."
E	RECTO/ STRAIGHT	e is most often pronounced like the "a" in the word "date," except that it is shorter and crisper.
I	VINO/ WINE	i is pronounced like the "ee" in the word "see," except that the sound is shorter.
O	COMO/HOW	o is pronounced like the "o" in the word "no," except that the sound is shorter.
U	GUSTAR/TO LIKE	u is pronounced like the "ue" in the word "due," except that the sound is shorter

PHONICS, PRONUNCIATION, & THE ALPHABET

EL ALFABETO FONÉTICO / THE PHONETIC ALPHABET

a	ah	n	eneh
b	beh	ñ	enyeh
c	theh	o	oh
ch	cheh	p	peh
d	deh	q	cuh
e	eh	r	ere
f	efeh	rr	erre
g	heh	s	eseh
h	acheh	t	teh
i	ee	u	uuh
j	hota	v	uuveh
k	kah	w	uuveh dobleh
l	eleh	x	ekis
ll	elyeh	y	ee griegah
m	emeh	z	theta



These letters are not longer part of
the Spanish / Castilian language

Ch - CH

Ll - LL

Rr - RR

Although Ch, Ll, and Rr are no longer considered separate letters in the Spanish alphabet, they continue to play an important role in Spanish phonetics.

PHONICS, PRONUNCIATION, & THE ALPHABET

- In Spanish, all words are made up by syllables (*sílabas*).
- These syllables are the key point for pronunciation.
- In Spanish, all letters must be pronounced.

- Word must be broken down by syllables.
- Please, always count and separate the syllables when you read.

No.	LETRA (Letter)	+	No.	LETRA (Letter)	Examples
1	CONSONANTE	+	1	VOCAL	Ca-ma (cama) = bed
2	CONSONANTES	+	1	VOCAL	Lá-piz (lápiz) = pencil, Ca-rro (carro) = car
1	CONSONANTE	+	2	VOCALES	Tía (tía) = aunt, Día = day
2	COMSONANTES	+	2	VOCALES	Cam-bio (cambio) = change



**BE
BÉ**



**RO
PA**

*Ejemplo: BA BE BI BO BU
RA RE RI RO RU*

PHONICS, PRONUNCIATION, & THE ALPHABET

Stress without = ACENTO

- Definition: "Stress" refers to the loudness of a syllable.
- General Rule (If there is no acento): In Spanish, stress is located at the second last syllable.
- Examples (No written accent mark):
 - matrimonio
 - escuela
 - bailando

Stress with = ACENTO

- Definition: "Stress" with acento refers to the loudness of a syllable.
 - In Spanish, one syllable of a word is usually louder than the others.
 - Importance: Stress is important because it can completely change the meaning of a word.
-
- Examples for Stressed Syllable Location (sílaba acentuada):
 - papá (father) vs. papa (potato)
 - compró (he bought) vs. compro (I buy)

Diphthongs

- Definition: Diphthongs occur when an unstressed "i", "u", or "y-ending" appears next to another vowel in the same syllable.
- Sound: Their vowel sounds do not change, but they blend together to form a single syllable.
- Examples:
 - Río
 - Televisión
 - Agua
 - Estudiante

Linguistic Facts: Cognates

- Cognates are words in different languages that have similar or same spelling, and their meanings can be same, similar or different.
- These are categorized in three different groups according to their meaning's terms.
- They can help second-language learners with vocabulary expansion and reading comprehension tasks.

FULL TIME : *words with similar or same spelling and SAME MEANINGS (ie policia, hospital, piano...)*

PART TIME : *words with same or similar spelling and two meanings: one meaning is the same and the other it is different (ie asistir...)*

FALSE : *words with similar or same spelling and DIFFERENT MEANINGS (ie PIE, FIEBRE, EXITO...)*

PERFECT	EXACTOS	NEAR PERFECT	SEMIEXACTOS	FALSE	FALSOS	
Spelled exactly the same.		Some conversion rules.	Written and sound similar but do not mean the same. (Se escriben y suenan parecido, pero no significan lo mismo.)			
chocolate		nouns ending in -ist convert to -ista tourist-turista	avocado	fruta (fruit)	exit	salida (an exit)
soda		Words ending in -ty convert to -dad activity-actividad	abogado	lawyer	éxito	success
doctor		adjectives ending in -ce convert to -cia intelligence-inteligencia	ancient	antiguo	library	biblioteca
actor		adjectives ending -ive convert to -ivo/iva attractive-attractivo	anciano	old person	librería	bookstore
animal		nouns ending in -nt convert to -nte important-importante	soap	jabón	rope	cuerda
auto		Nouns ending -cy convert to -cia/cio emergency-emergencia	sopa	soup	ropa	clothes



- Universidad
- Música
- Chocolate
- Error
- Plástico
- Cristal
- Doctor
- Actor
- Piano
- Formal
- Artificial
- Ideal
- Hospital
- Similar
- Televisión
- Computadora
- Animal
- Principal
- Director
- Color
- Hotel

English or Spanish?



- Librería
- Ropa
- Letra
- Sopa
- Fiebre
- Pie
- Vocales
- Carta
- Recordar
- ÉXITO
- Grabar
- Abogado
- Embarazada

LAS DESPEDIDAS (farewell)

Adiós



Hasta Luego



Chao / Ciao



**Hasta
mañana**



Hasta la próxima clase



Hasta pronto Jenifer



**Hasta la
Vista baby**



¡El Fin de la session 1!



See you on next class!

Contact Me

Email Address

yelandhy.ohara@mmu.edu.my

Feedback and consultation:

Please email – upon appointment



Every week we will get a glance of a Spanish speaking country.

This week is: ESPAÑA



ESPAÑA

Capital: Madrid

Gentilicio: español/-a

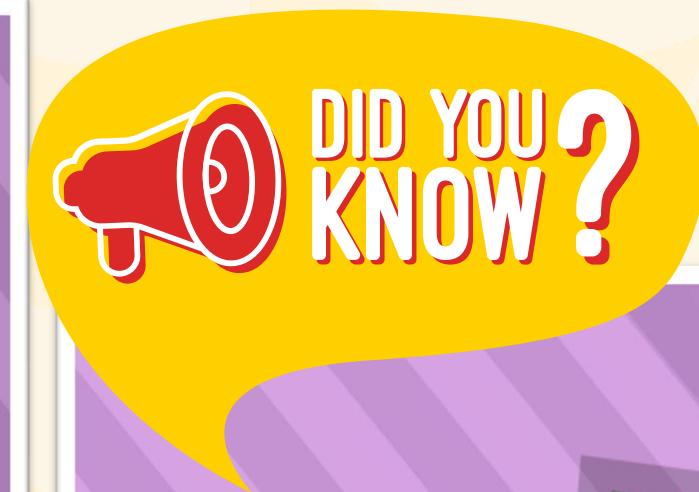
Habitantes: 47.000.000*

Moneda: euro

datos aproximados de 2020*

PROFE de ELE

The infographic provides basic information about Spain, including its capital (Madrid), gentilicio (Spanish/-a), population (47 million), and currency (euro). It also includes a map of Europe highlighting Spain and several images of Spanish landmarks: El Teide (Tenerife), Sagrada Familia (Barcelona), Alhambra (Granada), and Madrid (Plaza Mayor). A camera icon indicates where to click for more information. The source is PROFE de ELE.



Spain's official
tourism website

Learn more
about Spain

<https://www.spain.info/en/>

PROFE de ELE

GRACIAS

Barcelona, Spain

